<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>CS23333-OOPUJ-2023</u> / <u>Lab-09-Exception Handling</u> / <u>Lab-09-Logic Building</u>

| Status | Finished |
|-----------|----------------------------------|
| Started | Monday, 21 October 2024, 5:06 PM |
| Completed | Monday, 21 October 2024, 5:38 PM |
| Duration | 31 mins 52 secs |

```
Question 1
Correct
Marked out of 5.00
```

Write a Java program to handle ArithmeticException and ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException.

Create an array, read the input from the user, and store it in the array.

Divide the 0th index element by the 1st index element and store it.

if the 1st element is zero, it will throw an exception.

if you try to access an element beyond the array limit throws an exception.

Input:

5

10 0 20 30 40

Output:

java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero I am always executed

Input:

3

10 20 30

Output

java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: Index 3 out of bounds for length 3 I am always executed

For example:

| Test | Input | Result |
|------|------------------|--|
| 1 | 6 1 0 4 1 2 8 | <pre>java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero I am always executed</pre> |

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v import java.util.*;
 2 v public class Exception{
 3 •
        public static void main(String [] args){
 4
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 5
            int n=sc.nextInt();
 6
            try
 7
             {
 8
                 int [] arr = new int[n];
 9
                 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
10
                 arr[i]=sc.nextInt();
11
                 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
12
13
                     arr[i]=arr[i]/arr[i+1]; //throws an error exception class object
14
15
16
                // System.out.println("I am always executed");
17
18
             catch(ArithmeticException e){
                 System.out.println("java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero");
19
20
             catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e){
21
22
                 System.out.println("java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: Index "+n+" out of bounds for
23
24
            System.out.println("I am always executed");
25
26
27
```

| | Test | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|------|---------------------|--|--|---|
| ~ | 1 | 6 1 0 4 1 2 8 | java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero I am always executed | java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero I am always executed | ~ |
| ~ | 2 | 3 10 20 30 | <pre>java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: Index 3 out of bounds for length 3 I am always executed</pre> | <pre>java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: Index 3 out of bounds for length 3 I am always executed</pre> | ~ |

Passed all tests! 🗸

```
Question 2
Correct
Marked out of 5.00
```

Write a Java program to create a method that takes an integer as a parameter and throws an exception if the number is odd.

Sample input and Output:

```
82 is even.
Error: 37 is odd.
```

Fill the preloaded answer to get the expected output.

For example:

```
Result

82 is even.
Error: 37 is odd.
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 v class prog {
 2
      public static void main(String[] args) {
 3
        int n = 82;
 4
        trynumber(n);
 5
        n = 37;
        // call the trynumber(n);
 6
 7
        trynumber(n);
 8
 9
10
      }
11
      public static void trynumber(int n) {
12
13
        try {
14
            //call the checkEvenNumber()
15
                          checkEvenNumber(n);
          System.out.println(n + " is even.");
16
17
        } catch (Exception e) {
          System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
18
19
        }
20
      }
21
      public static void checkEvenNumber(int number) {
22
23
        if (number % 2 != 0) {
          throw new IllegalArgumentException(number + " is odd.");
24
25
26
      }
27
28
```

| | Expected | Got | |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| ~ | 82 is even. Error: 37 is odd. | 82 is even. Error: 37 is odd. | ~ |

Passed all tests! 🗸

```
Question 3
Correct
Marked out of 5.00
```

In the following program, an array of integer data is to be initialized.

During the initialization, if a user enters a value other than an integer, it will throw an InputMismatchException exception.

On the occurrence of such an exception, your program should print "You entered bad data."

If there is no such exception it will print the total sum of the array.

/* Define try-catch block to save user input in the array "name"

If there is an exception then catch the exception otherwise print the total sum of the array. */

Sample Input:

Sample Output:

8

Sample Input:

2

1 g

Sample Output:

You entered bad data.

For example:

| Input | Result |
|------------|-----------------------|
| 3 5 2 1 | 8 |
| 2 1 g | You entered bad data. |

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 | import java.util.Scanner;
    import java.util.InputMismatchException;
 3 ▼
     class prog {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
 4
 5
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 6
        int length = sc.nextInt();
 7
        // create an array to save user input
 8
        int[] name = new int[length];
9
        int sum=0;//save the total sum of the array.
10
        /* Define try-catch block to save user input in the array "name"
11
       If there is an exception then catch the exception otherwise print
12
13
       the total sum of the array. */
14
         try
15
               for(int i=0;i<length;i++)</pre>
16
17
18
                   name[i]=sc.nextInt();
19
                   sum+=name[i];
20
21
              System.out.println(sum);
22
           }
23
          catch(InputMismatchException e)
24
         {
25
             System.out.println("You entered bad data.");
26
```

27 } 28 }

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| ~ | 3 5 2 1 | 8 | 8 | ~ |
| ~ | 2 1 g | You entered bad data. | You entered bad data. | ~ |

Passed all tests! 🗸

■ Lab-09-MCQ

Jump to...

The "Nambiar Number" Generator ►

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