## q 02

## i. 2.0

[1]: import numpy as np

from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

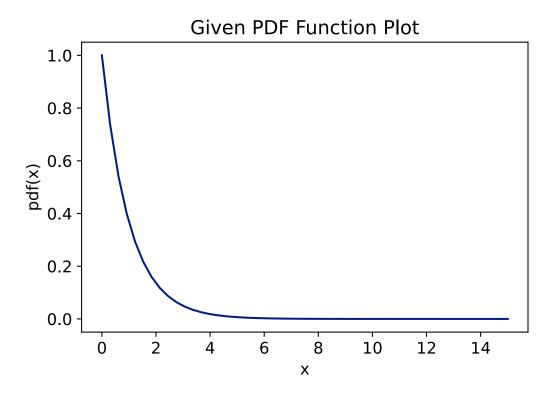
#### December 28, 2020

```
import seaborn as sns
                                                              Where is the code? Did not find anything uploaded
     import random as rnd
     plt.style.use('seaborn-dark-palette')
     plt.rcParams.update({'font.size':12})
     #np.random.seed(3435333422)
     rnd.seed(945526237263)
[2]: import numpy as np
     def pdf_const_bin(x, bins):
         generate Probability distribution function corresponding
         to given samples of random variables x
         against bins
         111
         x = np.asarray(x)
         v_{\min} = np.amin(x)
         v_{max} = np.amax(x)
         h = (v_max-v_min)/bins
         tot_length = len(x)
         #print(v_min , v_max)
         hist = []
         x_axis = []
         for i in range(bins):
             temp_min = v_min+i*h
             temp_max = v_min+(i+1)*h
             #print(temp_min, temp_max)
             temp = [x_val for x_val in x if ((x_val>temp_min) and(x_val<=temp_max))]
             #print(temp)
             count = (len(temp)/tot_length)/h
             hist.append(count)
             x_axis.append((temp_min+temp_max)/2)
         return(hist , x_axis)
     def histogram(x,bins):
```

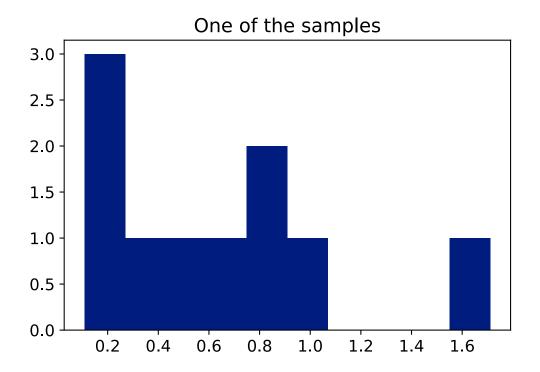
```
def histogram_const_bin(x, bins):
       x = np.asarray(x)
       v_{\min} = np.amin(x)
       v_{max} = np.amax(x)
       h = (v_max-v_min)/bins
            #print(v_min , v_max)
       hist = []
       x axis = []
       for i in range(bins):
           temp_min = v_min+i*h
           temp_max = v_min+(i+1)*h
                #print(temp_min, temp_max)
           temp = [x_val for x_val in x if ((x_val>temp_min) and_
\rightarrow (x_val<=temp_max))]
                #print(temp)
           count = len(temp)
           hist.append(count)
           x_axis.append((temp_min+temp_max)/2)
       return(hist , x_axis)
   def histogram_given_bin(x, bins):
       x = np.asarray(x)
       v_{\min} = np.amin(x)
       v_{max} = np.amax(x)
       h = (v_max-v_min)/bins
           \#print(v_min, v_max)
       hist = []
       x_axis = []
       for i in range(len(bins)):
           temp = [x_val for x_val in x if ((x_val>bins[i]) and_
\hookrightarrow (x_val<=bins[i+1]))]
                #print(temp)
           count = len(temp)
           hist.append(count)
                #x_axis.append((temp_min+temp_max)/2)
       return(hist, bins)
   if(type(bins)==int):
       hist , bins = histogram_const_bin(x,bins)
   else:
       hist , bins = histogram_given_bin(x,bins)
   return(hist, bins)
```

```
[3]: def gen_rand_n(x_min ,x_max , n):
#import random as rnd
```

```
x = []
         n = int(n)
         for i in range(n):
             mu = rnd.uniform(0,1)
             xi = x_min + mu*(x_max-x_min)
             x.append(xi)
         if (len(x)==1):
             return x[0]
         else:
             return x
     def gen_samples(f,x_min , x_max , y_max , N):
         #import numpy as np
         x_acc = []
         i = 0
         while(i<N):</pre>
             x = gen_rand_n(x_min, x_max, 1)
             y = gen_rand_n(0, y_max, 1)
             if(y<=f(x)):
                 x_acc.append(x)
                 i+=1
         return x_acc
[4]: def pdf(lmd):
         def f(x):
             val = lmd*np.exp(-lmd*x)
             return val
         return f
[5]: x= np.linspace(0,15)
     plt.plot(x, pdf(1)(x))
     plt.title('Given PDF Function Plot')
     plt.xlabel('x')
     plt.ylabel('pdf(x)')
     plt.show()
```



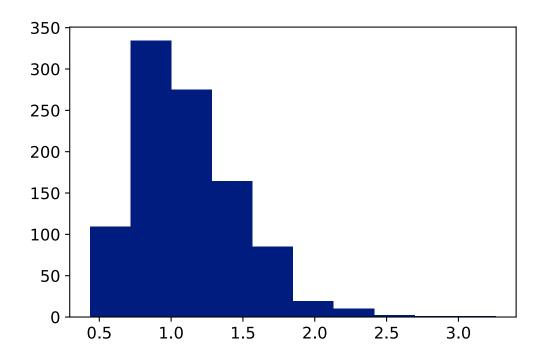
```
[6]: lmd = 1
  y_max = lmd
  samples = gen_samples(pdf(lmd) , 0,15 ,y_max ,10)
  plt.hist(samples)
  plt.title('One of the samples')
  plt.show()
```



### 0.0.1 Generating 1000 samples for n=10

```
[7]: N = 1000
    lmd = 1
    samples = []
    n = 10
    for i in range(N):
        s = gen_samples(pdf(lmd) , 0,15 ,y_max , n)
        samples.append(s)

[8]: lmd_estim = []
    for s in samples:
        lm =len(s)/sum(s)
        lmd_estim.append(lm)
[9]: plt.hist(lmd_estim)
    plt.show()
```



```
[10]: mean_lambda = sum(lmd_estim)/len(lmd_estim)
    var_lmd = np.var(lmd_estim)
    print("Mean of lambda:" , mean_lambda)
    print("Variance of lambda:" , var_lmd)
```

Mean of lambda: 1.1125262252856571 Variance of lambda: 0.1347435341403754

ii. 3.0

# Mark is based on pr

```
[11]: N = 1000
lmd = 1
def calc_mean_lambda(n):
    #n = 10
    samples = []
    for i in range(N):
        s = gen_samples(pdf(lmd) , 0,15 ,y_max , n)
        samples.append(s)
lmd_estim = []
for s in samples:
    lm =len(s)/sum(s)
    lmd_estim.append(lm)
    mean_lambda = sum(lmd_estim)/len(lmd_estim)
    var_lmd = np.var(lmd_estim)
    return mean_lambda , var_lmd

Instruction | Instru
```

```
[35]: n = [2,5,10,20,30]
mean_lambda = []
for n in n:
    mean_l , _ = calc_mean_lambda(n)
    mean_lambda.append(mean_lambda)
    print(mean_lambda)
    plt.plot(n, mean_lambda)
    plt.show()
No plot! No results
```

1.0