LEAD SCORING CASE STUDY

Submitted by

Kumar Kanishka

Understanding the Problem

- Problem Statement
  - X education generates numerous leads, but their conversion rate is currently low at approximately 30%.
  - To streamline their sales process, the company aims to pinpoint the most promising leads, termed as 'Hot Leads'.
  - Management plans to implement a lead scoring system, ranking leads from 0 to 100 based on their likelihood of conversion.
  - The company's goal is to boost the lead conversion rate to 80%.
- Solution Objective
  - Our proposed solution must be able to assign every lead with a score based on the available features
  - Logistic Regression will the basis for our proposed solution

Proposed Solution Methodology

- We have arrived at our proposed solution using the below steps:
  - Understanding the data: shape, data types, number of missing values
  - Data cleaning including
    - Handling of missing values
    - Handling values marked ‘Select’
    - Dropping irrelevant columns
  - EDA
    - Univariate data analysis
    - Bivariate data analysis
    - Multivariate data analysis
  - Data preparation
    - Dummy variable creation for categorical data
    - Train-Test split of data
    - Feature Scaling
  - Creation of Model
    - RFE
    - Manual model building
    - VIF Analysis
  - Evaluation of Model
    - Accuracy, Sensitivity and Specificity
    - ROC curve
    - Finding the optimal cutoff point
    - Precision and recall tradeoff analysis
  - Final prediction on test set
  - Calculation of lead scores and listing of final factors

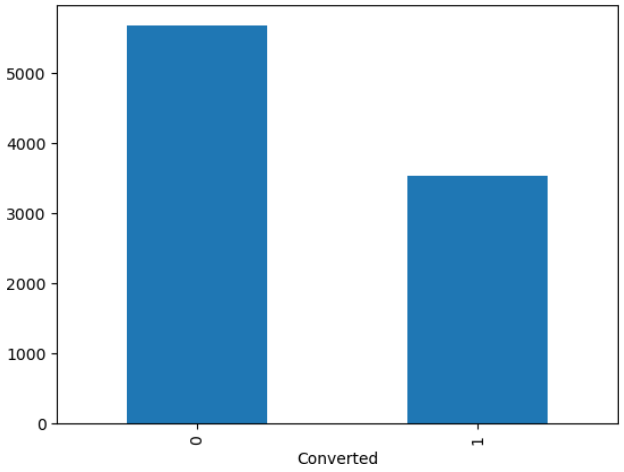
Understanding and cleaning the data

- Available data had 37 columns and 9240 rows initially
- Dropped columns which had unique values and single value
- Replaced ‘Select’ values with ‘NaN’ values
- Dropped columns with more than 40% of missing data
- Dropped Country column
- Imputed values in ‘What is your current occupation’, ‘Specialization’, and ‘City’
- Dropped Tags column as the data had many ambiguous values
- Standardizing columns having binary Yes/No data with 1/0

- **After cleaning, Data available: 37 columns and 9204 rows**

Exploratory Data Analysis - Univariate

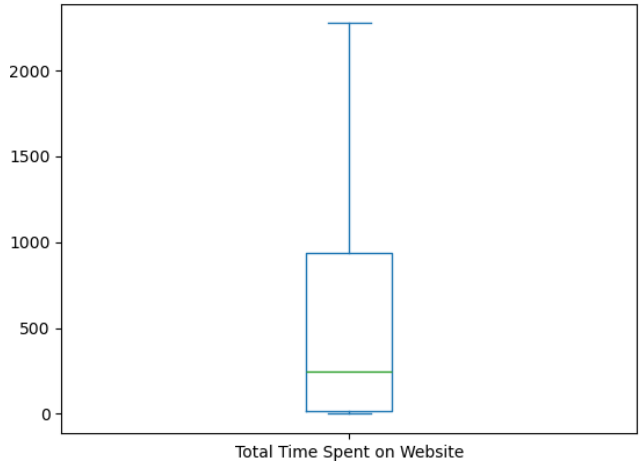
Converted



Inferences:

- The current conversion ratio for leads is 38%
- The target conversion ratio is 80%

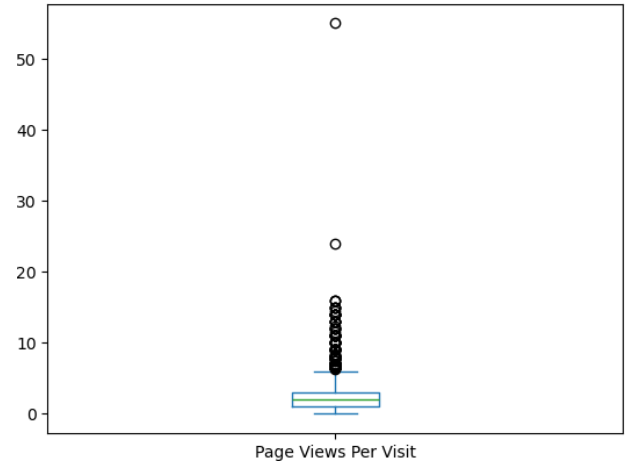
Total Time Spent on Website



Inferences:

- There are no outliers in the data
- 250 seconds is the median time spent on the company website

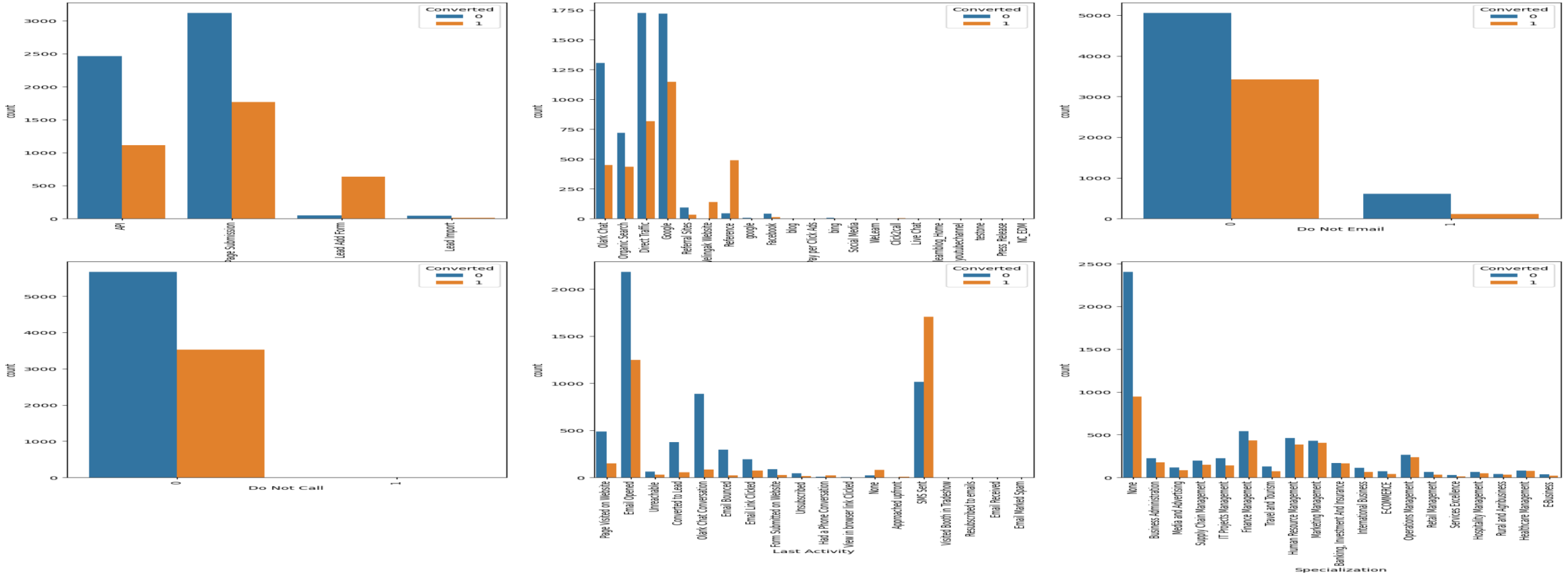
Page Views Per Visit



Inferences:

- There are many outliers in the data
- The median page views per visit on the company website is 2 pages

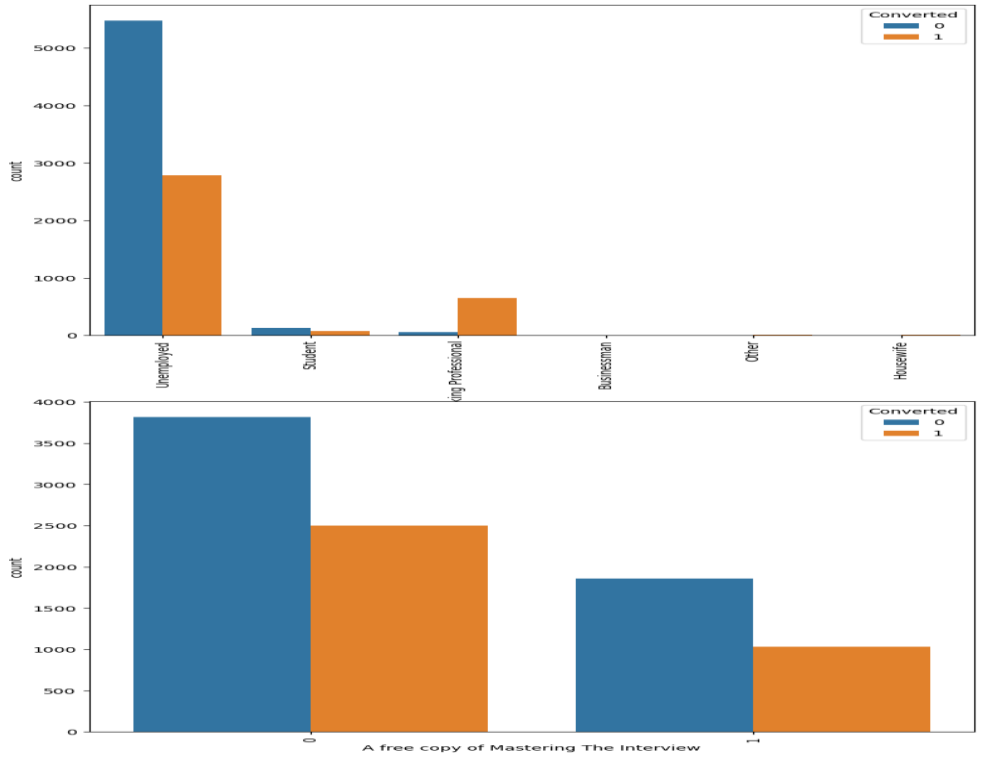
Exploratory Data Analysis – Bivariate (1/3)

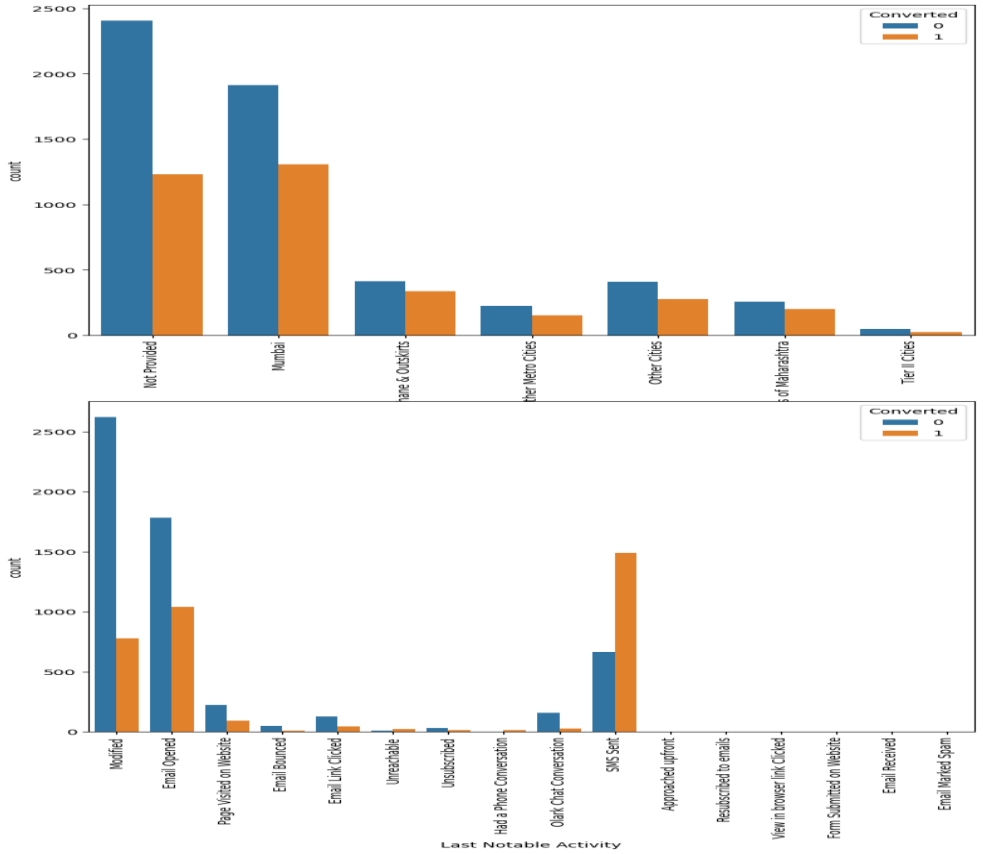


Inferences:

- Users who fill out the Lead Add Form or come through references show a high conversion rate
  Users opting for 'Do not Email' or 'Do not Call' have lower conversion rates

Exploratory Data Analysis – Bivariate (2/3)

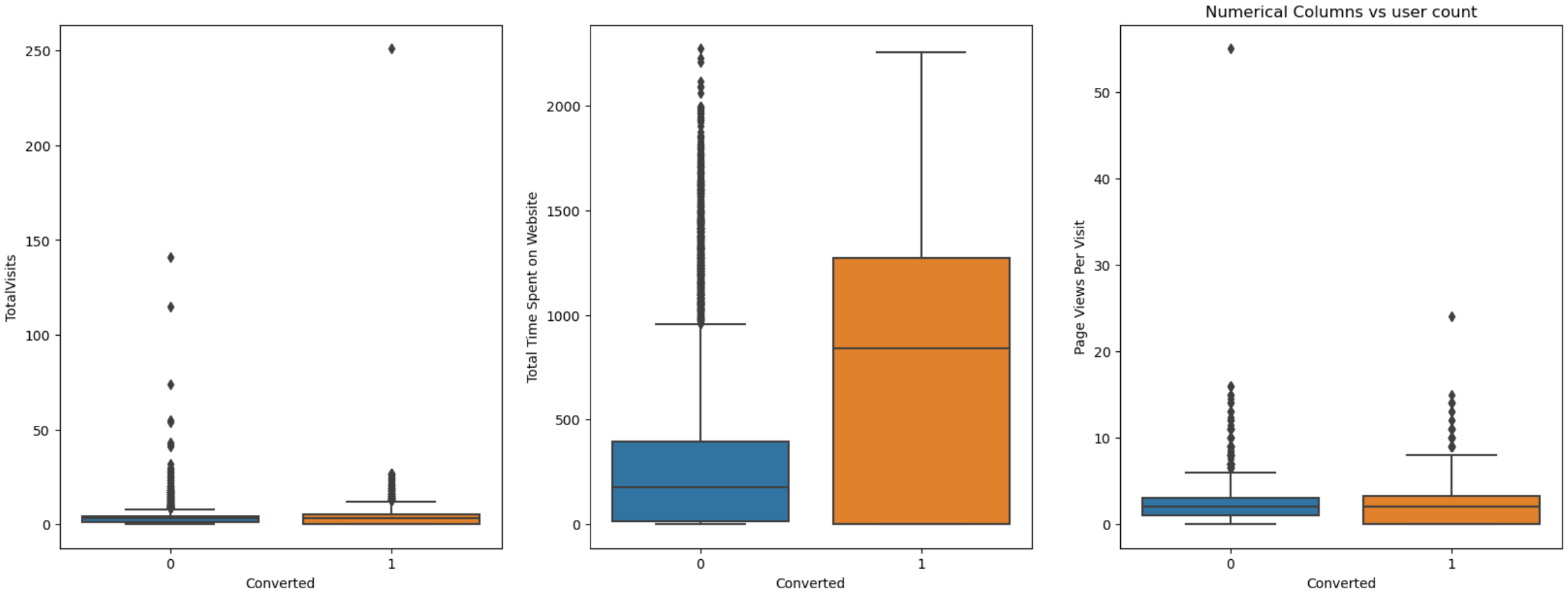




Inferences:

- Working professionals have a high conversion rate
- Other categories do not seem to a high correlation with conversion rate

Exploratory Data Analysis – Bivariate (3/3)



Inferences:

- Users who spend more time on the company website tend to convert at a higher rate
- Total visits and number of pages per visit do not significantly impact the conversion rate

Data Preparation

- Creation of dummy variables for categorical columns
- Creation of train test split (used 75% of data for train and 25% of data for test)
- Usage of standard scaler to standardize the numerical data columns

- **Total size of the data after data preparation is 96 columns and 9204 rows**

Model Building

- After RFE, the final model was arrived at after 4 iterations

Dep. Variable:	Converted	**No. Observations:**	6903
Model:	GLM	**Df Residuals:**	6891
Model Family:	Binomial	**Df Model:**	11
Link Function:	Logit	**Scale:**	1.0000
Method:	IRLS	**Log-Likelihood:**	-2935.8
Date:	Tue, 28 May 2024	**Deviance:**	5871.5
Time:	23:57:29	**Pearson chi2:**	7.18e+03
No. Iterations:	8	**Pseudo R-squ. (CS):**	0.3820
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	z	P>|z|	[0.025	0.975]
const	-0.9353	0.047	-19.747	0.000	-1.028	-0.842
Do Not Email	-1.4181	0.156	-9.069	0.000	-1.725	-1.112
Total Time Spent on Website	0.9635	0.034	28.513	0.000	0.897	1.030
Lead Source_Direct Traffic	-0.5598	0.075	-7.477	0.000	-0.707	-0.413
Lead Source_Welingak Website	2.7555	1.027	2.684	0.007	0.743	4.768
Last Activity_Converted to Lead	-1.3415	0.196	-6.836	0.000	-1.726	-0.957
Last Activity_None	-1.4534	0.494	-2.943	0.003	-2.421	-0.485
Last Activity_Olark Chat Conversation	-1.1006	0.146	-7.513	0.000	-1.388	-0.814
Lead Origin_Lead Add Form	3.4392	0.212	16.244	0.000	3.024	3.854
What is your current occupation_Working Professional	2.8267	0.183	15.486	0.000	2.469	3.184
Last Notable Activity_SMS Sent	1.4837	0.076	19.463	0.000	1.334	1.633
Last Notable Activity_Unreachable	1.3263	0.497	2.667	0.008	0.352	2.301

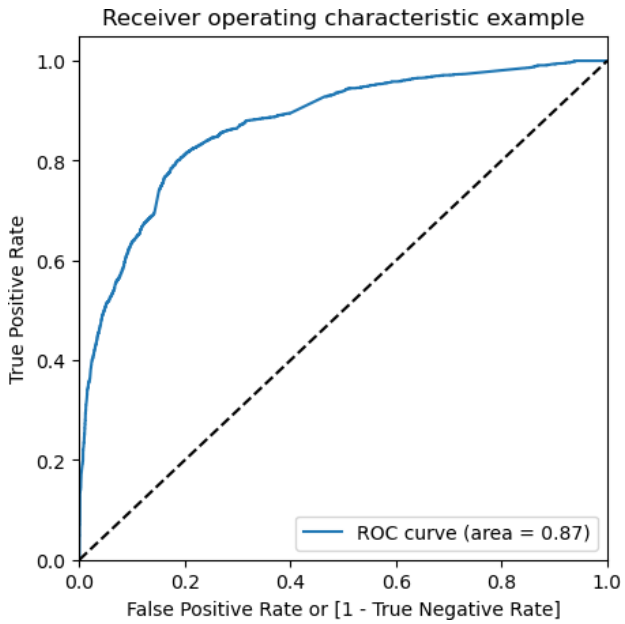
	Features	VIF
7	Lead Origin_Lead Add Form	1.60
3	Lead Source_Welingak Website	1.30
2	Lead Source_Direct Traffic	1.19
9	Last Notable Activity_SMS Sent	1.19
8	What is your current occupation_Working Profes...	1.16
5	Last Activity_None	1.14
1	Total Time Spent on Website	1.13
0	Do Not Email	1.07
4	Last Activity_Converted to Lead	1.04
6	Last Activity_Olark Chat Conversation	1.04
10	Last Notable Activity_Unreachable	1.00

Results:

- **The p-values and VIFs for all variables appear satisfactory**
- **Finally, we will proceed to use this model for making predictions based on the final set of features.**

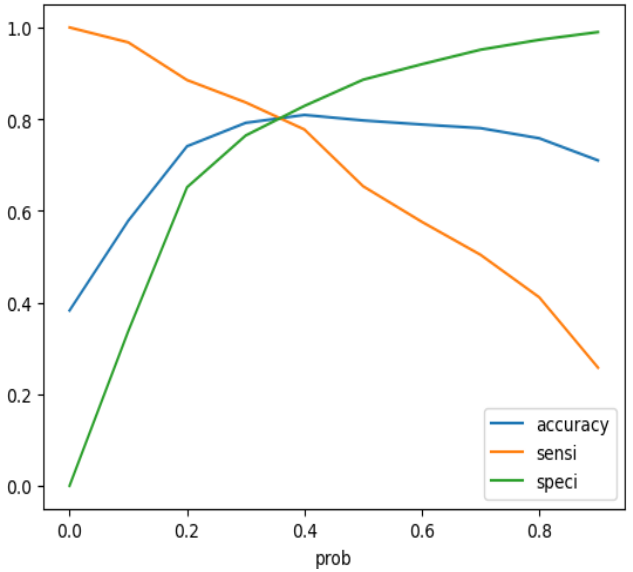
Model Evaluation

ROC Curve



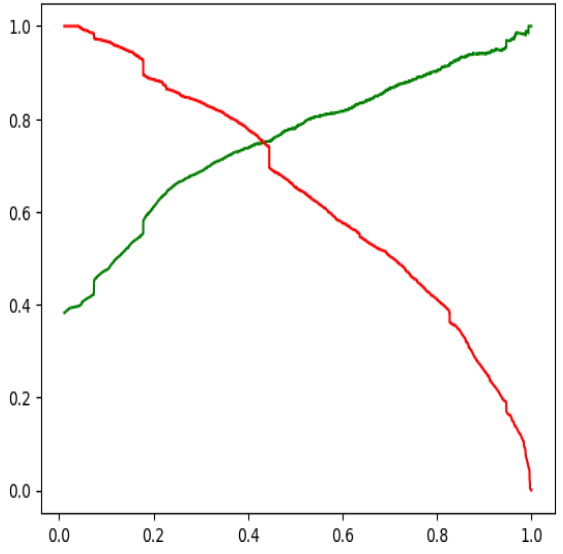
The area under the curve of the ROC is 0.87, which is a good indicator

Optimal cutoff



The optimal cutoff is at probability value of 0.37

Precision Recall Tradeoff



The optimal cutoff is at probability value of 0.43

Evaluation parameters

- Selected 0.43 as the optimal cutoff for conversion probability
- Parameters of model on train set are
  - Accuracy: 80%
  - Sensitivity: 74%
  - Specificity: 72%
- Parameters of model on test set are
  - Accuracy: 80%
  - Sensitivity: 74%
  - Specificity: 83%

Conclusion

Lead scores of all leads were calculated

Lead_Ref	
0	14
1	35
2	59
3	14
4	35
...	...
9235	38
9236	39
9237	13
9238	64
9239	48

Final list of coefficients of most important features

Do Not Email	-1.418059
Total Time Spent on Website	0.963550
Lead Source_Direct Traffic	-0.559833
Lead Source_Welingak Website	2.755532
Last Activity_Converted to Lead	-1.341549
Last Activity_None	-1.453436
Last Activity_Olark Chat Conversation	-1.100634
Lead Origin_Lead Add Form	3.439238
What is your current occupation_Working Professional	2.826707
Last Notable Activity_SMS Sent	1.483721
Last Notable Activity_Unreachable	1.326286

The below columns are used to predict if the lead is likely to be converted with approximately 80% accuracy.

- **Feature Correlation:**
  - Do Not Email
  - Total Time Spent on Website
  - Lead Source_Direct Traffic
  - Lead Source_Welingak Website
  - Last Activity_Converted to Lead
  - Last Activity_None
  - Last Activity_Olark Chat Conversation
  - Lead Origin_Lead Add Form
  - What is your current occupation_Working Professional
  - Last Notable Activity_SMS Sent
  - Last Notable Activity_Unreachable

Thank You.