## **Building Schemas**

```
create table users (
    id integer auto_increment primary key,
    username varchar(255) unique not null,
    created_at timestamp default now()
);
create table photos (
    id integer auto_increment primary key,
    image_url varchar(255) not null,
    user_id integer not null,
    created_at timestamp default now(),
    foreign key(user_id) references users(id)
);
create table comments (
    id integer auto_increment primary key,
    comment_text varchar(255) not null,
    photo_id integer not null,
    user_id integer not null,
    created_at timestamp default now(),
    foreign key(photo_id) references photos(id),
    foreign key(user_id) references users(id)
);
create table likes (
    user_id integer not null,
    photo_id integer not null,
```

```
created_at timestamp default now(),
    foreign key(user_id) references users(id),
    foreign key(photo_id) references photos(id),
    primary key(user_id, photo_id)
);
create table follows (
    follower_id integer not null,
    followee_id integer not null,
    created_at timestamp default now(),
    foreign key(follower_id) references users(id),
    foreign key(followee_id) references users(id),
    primary key(follower_id, followee_id)
);
create table tags (
  id integer auto_increment primary key,
  tag_name varchar(255) unique,
  created_at timestamp default now()
);
create table photo_tags (
    photo_id integer not null,
    tag_id integer not null,
    foreign key(photo_id) references photos(id),
    foreign key(tag_id) references tags(id),
    primary key(photo_id, tag_id)
);
```

# **Instagram Clone Queries (Check Views)**

#### 1. Finding 5 oldest Users

select \* from users order by created\_at limit 5;

#### 2. Weekday for most users registered

select dayname(created\_at) as weekday, count(\*) as count from users group by weekday order by count desc limit 1;

#### 3. Identify Inactive Users

select username from users
left join photos on photos.user\_id = users.id
where image\_url is null;

#### 4. Most liked Photo

select username, image\_url, count(\*) as likes from users
left join photos on photos.user\_id = users.id
join likes on likes.photo\_id = photos.id
group by image\_url, username order by likes desc
limit 1;

#### 5. Average user post

select (select count(\*) from photos) / (select count(\*) from users);

### 6. Top 5 Hashtags

select tag\_name, count(\*) as tagged from tags
join photo\_tags on photo\_tags.tag\_id = tags.id
group by tag\_name order by tagged desc
limit 5;

### 7. Find bots who like all photos

select username, count(\*) as likes from users
join likes on likes.user\_id = users.id
group by username
having likes = (select count(\*) from photos);