



Experiment 2.1

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Branch: CSE

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Subject Name: Cloud Computing and
Distributed Systems Lab

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1. Aim: Simulate a cloud scenario using Matlab and run a scheduling algorithm.

2. Objective:

- i. To learn about scheduling algorithms.
- ii. To learn about cloud computing.

3. Input/Apparatus Used:Input:

- i. **Hardware Requirements:** - Minimum 4GB RAM, 120 GB hard Disk, processor with 2.1 MHz

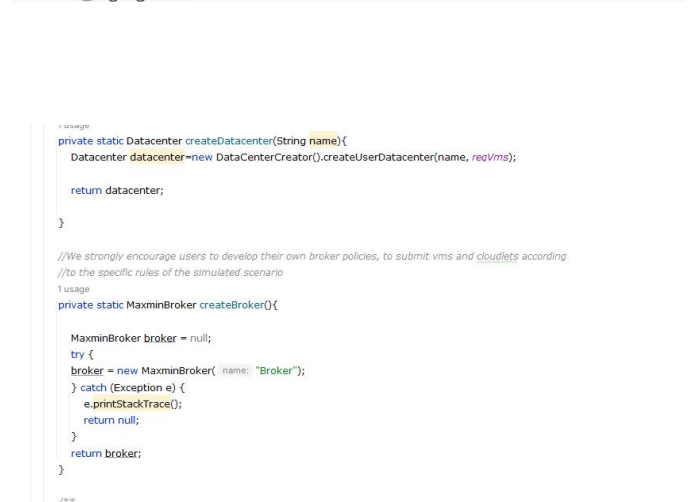
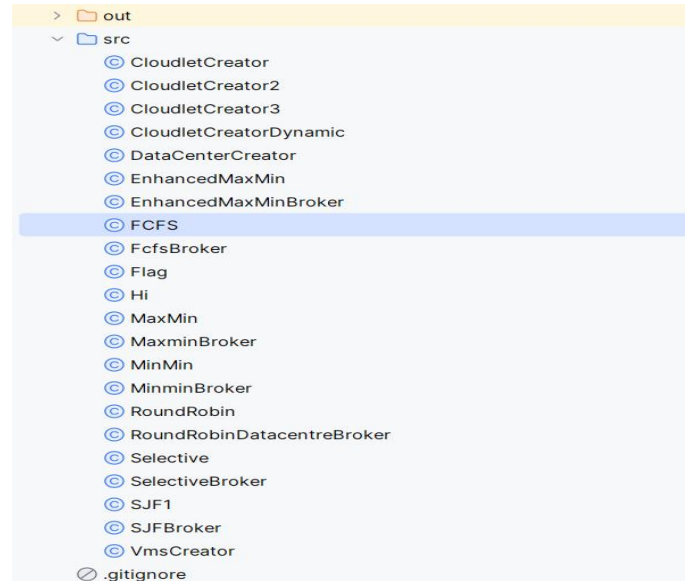
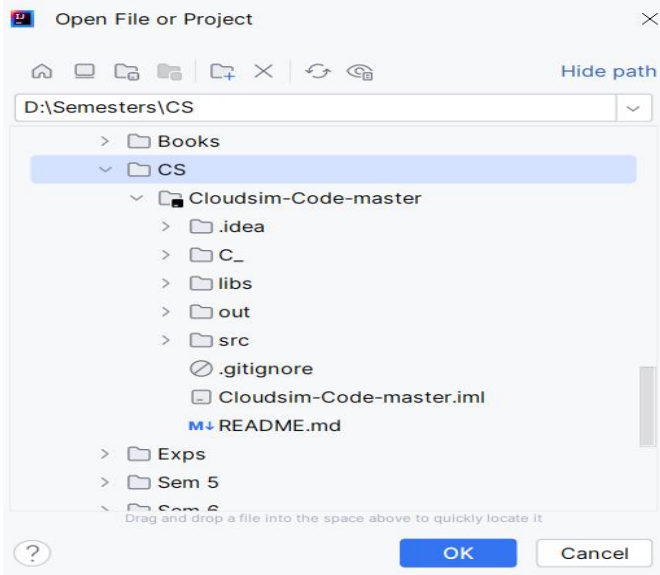
4. Theory:-

MATLAB: MATLAB is a high-level programming language and interactive environment primarily used for numerical computation, data analysis, and visualization. It offers powerful tools for matrix computation, numerical analysis, data visualization, algorithm development, and integration with other languages.

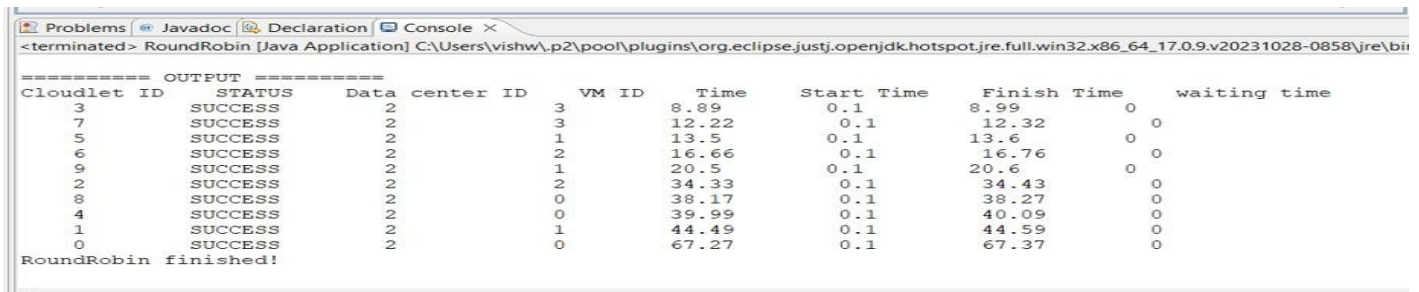
Scheduling Algorithms: Scheduling algorithms are essential in computer science and operating systems for managing tasks and resources efficiently. Common algorithms include FCFS, SJF, priority scheduling, round-robin, multi-level queues, and deadline-based scheduling. Each algorithm aims to optimize metrics like throughput, latency, fairness, and resource utilization based on specific system requirements and objectives.

5. PROCEDURE:

- i. Now first of all we need a few of the installations like IDE for JAVA(Eclipse), JDK, cloud sim package and JRE
- ii. open that installer now and wait for the installer to start other two things are jdk java development kit and the java runtime environment which is needed for running the java applications
- iii. click on the option for eclipse id for java developers it will automatically provide a workspace where that particular all the eclipse projects will be residing
- iv. You can choose any of the workspace which you have defined in your computer so choose that one eclipse id is starting
- v. create a new java project so you can name it sjf scheduler or anything you want and finish
- vi. Run the project.



6. Result: Thus the Scheduling algorithm is implemented.



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE's Console window. It displays the output of the 'RoundRobin' scheduling algorithm. The output is a table with the following columns: Cloudlet ID, STATUS, Data center ID, VM ID, Time, Start Time, Finish Time, and waiting time. The output shows that all cloudlets were successfully scheduled and executed.

Cloudlet ID	STATUS	Data center ID	VM ID	Time	Start Time	Finish Time	waiting time
3	SUCCESS	2	3	8.89	0.1	8.99	0
7	SUCCESS	2	3	12.22	0.1	12.32	0
5	SUCCESS	2	1	13.5	0.1	13.6	0
6	SUCCESS	2	2	16.66	0.1	16.76	0
9	SUCCESS	2	1	20.5	0.1	20.6	0
2	SUCCESS	2	2	34.33	0.1	34.43	0
8	SUCCESS	2	0	38.17	0.1	38.27	0
4	SUCCESS	2	0	39.99	0.1	40.09	0
1	SUCCESS	2	1	44.49	0.1	44.59	0
0	SUCCESS	2	0	67.27	0.1	67.37	0

RoundRobin finished!

7. Learning Outcomes:

- Learnt Scheduling algorithms.
- Learnt about cloud computing.
- Learnt about Cloud Sim.