

athlete dt rf logggggggggg READY

August 6, 2023

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[3]: df=pd.read_csv('D:/DS/resume projects/athlete seaborn/athlete_events.csv')
```

```
[3]: df.shape
```

```
[3]: (271116, 15)
```

```
[4]: df
```

```
[4]:
```

	ID	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight	\
0	1	A Dijiang	M	24.0	180.0	80.0	
1	2	A Lamusi	M	23.0	170.0	60.0	
2	3	Gunnar Nielsen Aaby	M	24.0	NaN	NaN	
3	4	Edgar Lindenau Aabye	M	34.0	NaN	NaN	
4	5	Christine Jacoba Aaftink	F	21.0	185.0	82.0	
...	
271111	135569	Andrzej ya	M	29.0	179.0	89.0	
271112	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271113	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271114	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	30.0	185.0	96.0	
271115	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	34.0	185.0	96.0	

	Team	NOC	Games	Year	Season	City	\
0	China	CHN	1992 Summer	1992	Summer	Barcelona	
1	China	CHN	2012 Summer	2012	Summer	London	
2	Denmark	DEN	1920 Summer	1920	Summer	Antwerpen	
3	Denmark/Sweden	DEN	1900 Summer	1900	Summer	Paris	
4	Netherlands	NED	1988 Winter	1988	Winter	Calgary	
...	
271111	Poland-1	POL	1976 Winter	1976	Winter	Innsbruck	
271112	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi	
271113	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi	
271114	Poland	POL	1998 Winter	1998	Winter	Nagano	
271115	Poland	POL	2002 Winter	2002	Winter	Salt Lake City	

	Sport	Event	Medal
0	Basketball	Basketball Men's Basketball	NaN
1	Judo	Judo Men's Extra-Lightweight	NaN
2	Football	Football Men's Football	NaN
3	Tug-Of-War	Tug-Of-War Men's Tug-Of-War	Gold
4	Speed Skating	Speed Skating Women's 500 metres	NaN
...
271111	Luge	Luge Mixed (Men)'s Doubles	NaN
271112	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Individual	NaN
271113	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Team	NaN
271114	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	NaN
271115	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	NaN

[271116 rows x 15 columns]

```
[5]: df.size
```

```
[5]: 4066740
```

```
[6]: df
```

```
[6]:
```

	ID	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight	\
0	1	A Dijiang	M	24.0	180.0	80.0	
1	2	A Lamusi	M	23.0	170.0	60.0	
2	3	Gunnar Nielsen Aaby	M	24.0	NaN	NaN	
3	4	Edgar Lindenau Aabye	M	34.0	NaN	NaN	
4	5	Christine Jacoba Aaftink	F	21.0	185.0	82.0	
...	
271111	135569	Andrzej ya	M	29.0	179.0	89.0	
271112	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271113	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271114	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	30.0	185.0	96.0	
271115	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	34.0	185.0	96.0	

	Team	NOC	Games	Year	Season	City	\
0	China	CHN	1992 Summer	1992	Summer	Barcelona	
1	China	CHN	2012 Summer	2012	Summer	London	
2	Denmark	DEN	1920 Summer	1920	Summer	Antwerpen	
3	Denmark/Sweden	DEN	1900 Summer	1900	Summer	Paris	
4	Netherlands	NED	1988 Winter	1988	Winter	Calgary	
...	
271111	Poland-1	POL	1976 Winter	1976	Winter	Innsbruck	
271112	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi	
271113	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi	
271114	Poland	POL	1998 Winter	1998	Winter	Nagano	
271115	Poland	POL	2002 Winter	2002	Winter	Salt Lake City	

	Sport	Event	Medal
0	Basketball	Basketball Men's Basketball	NaN
1	Judo	Judo Men's Extra-Lightweight	NaN
2	Football	Football Men's Football	NaN
3	Tug-Of-War	Tug-Of-War Men's Tug-Of-War	Gold
4	Speed Skating	Speed Skating Women's 500 metres	NaN
...
271111	Luge	Luge Mixed (Men)'s Doubles	NaN
271112	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Individual	NaN
271113	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Team	NaN
271114	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	NaN
271115	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	NaN

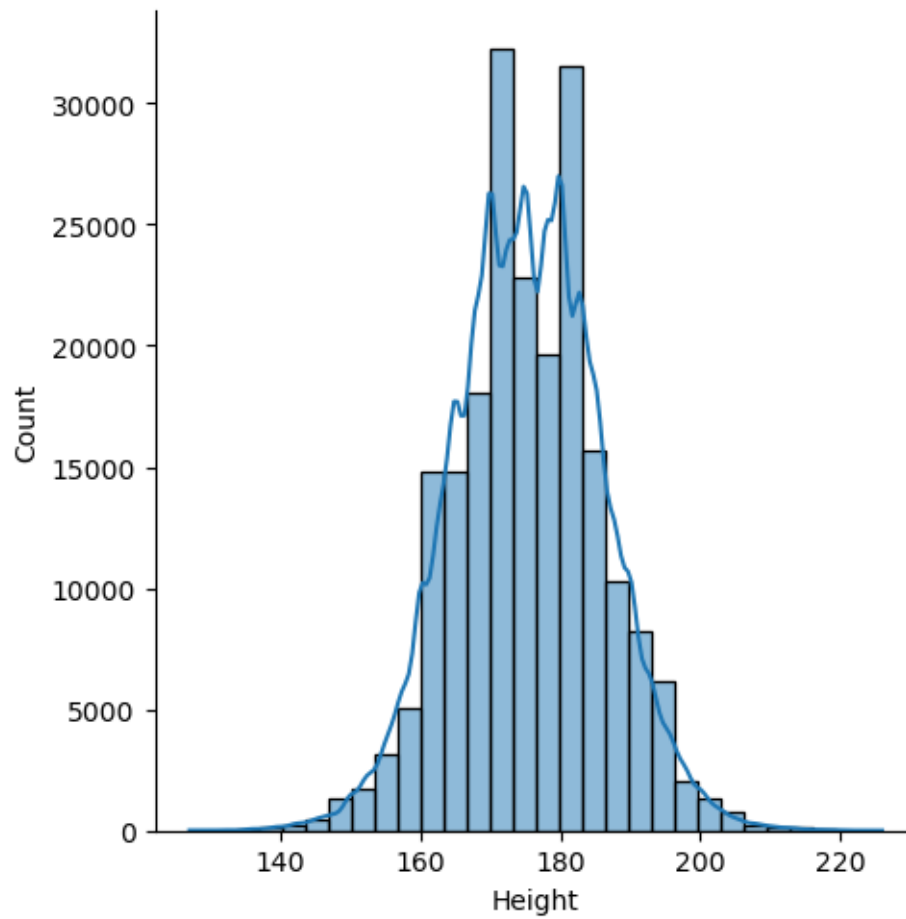
[271116 rows x 15 columns]

```
[7]: # athlete who won gold from Team US
c=len(df[(df['Team']=='United States') & (df['Medal']=='Gold')])
c
```

[7]: 2474

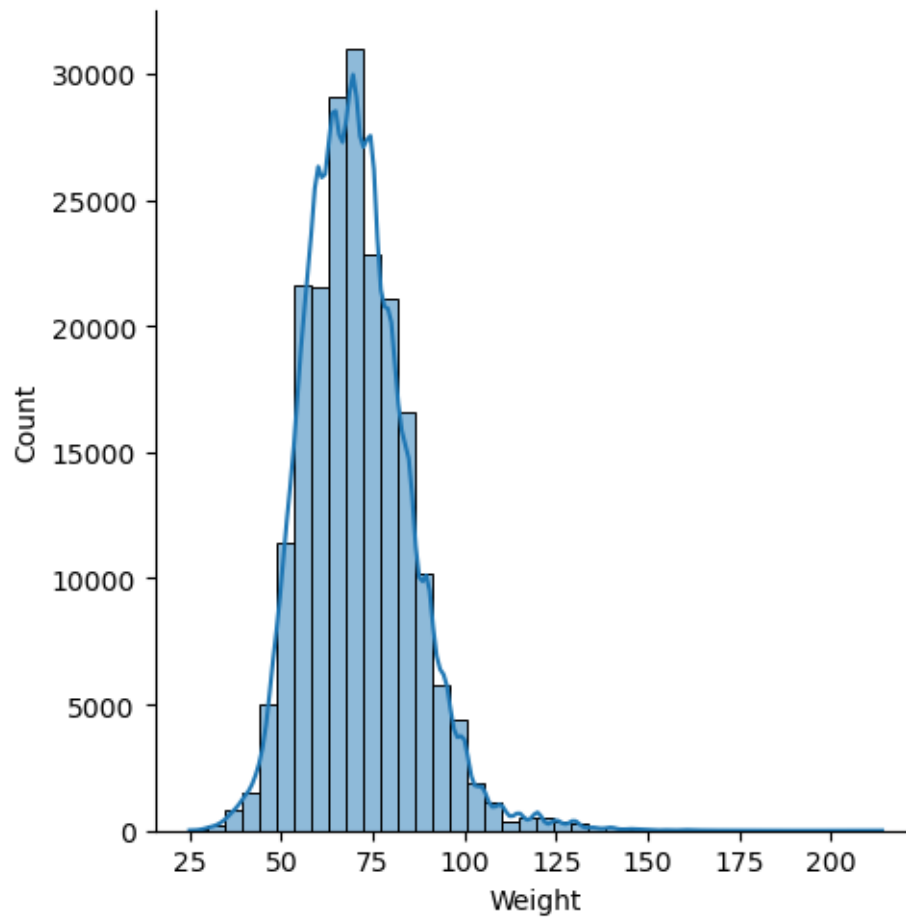
```
[8]: #Q1 analyse hight data by removing None
sns.displot(x=df.Height.dropna(),bins=30,kde=True)
```

[8]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1e18d73c4c0>



```
[9]: #Q1 analyse weight data by removing None
sns.displot(x=df.Weight.dropna(),bins=40,kde=True)
```

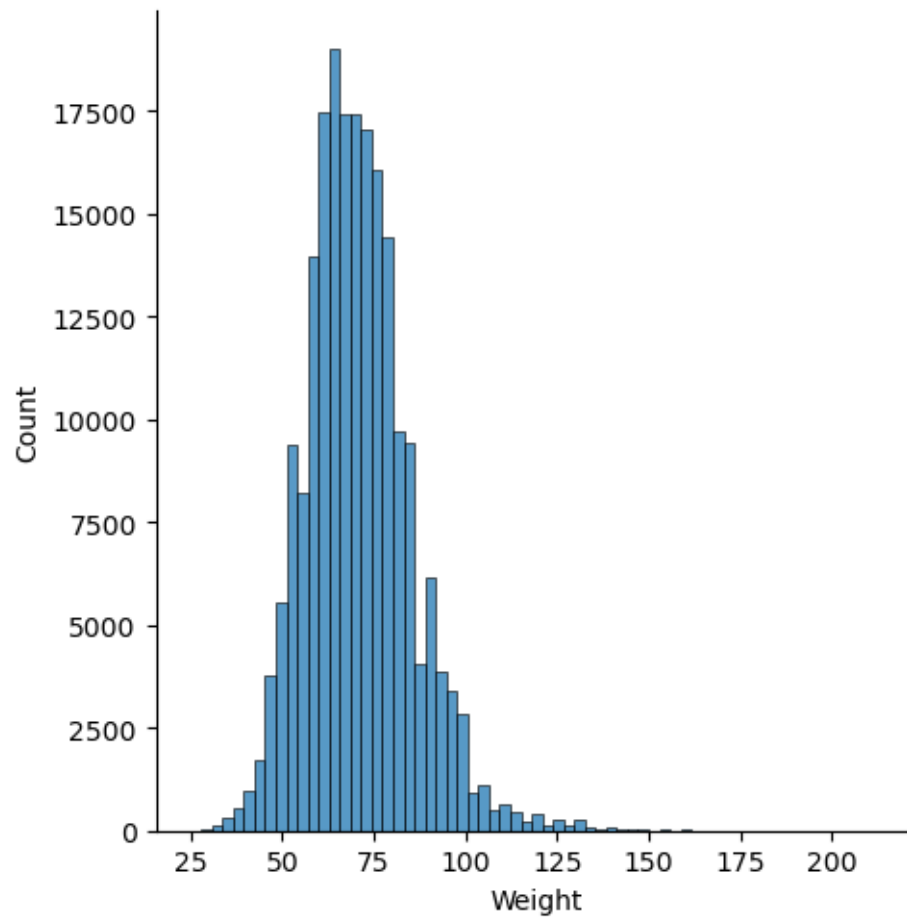
```
[9]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1e18d6e4820>
```



```
[10]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))  
sns.displot(x=df.Weight.dropna(),bins=65)
```

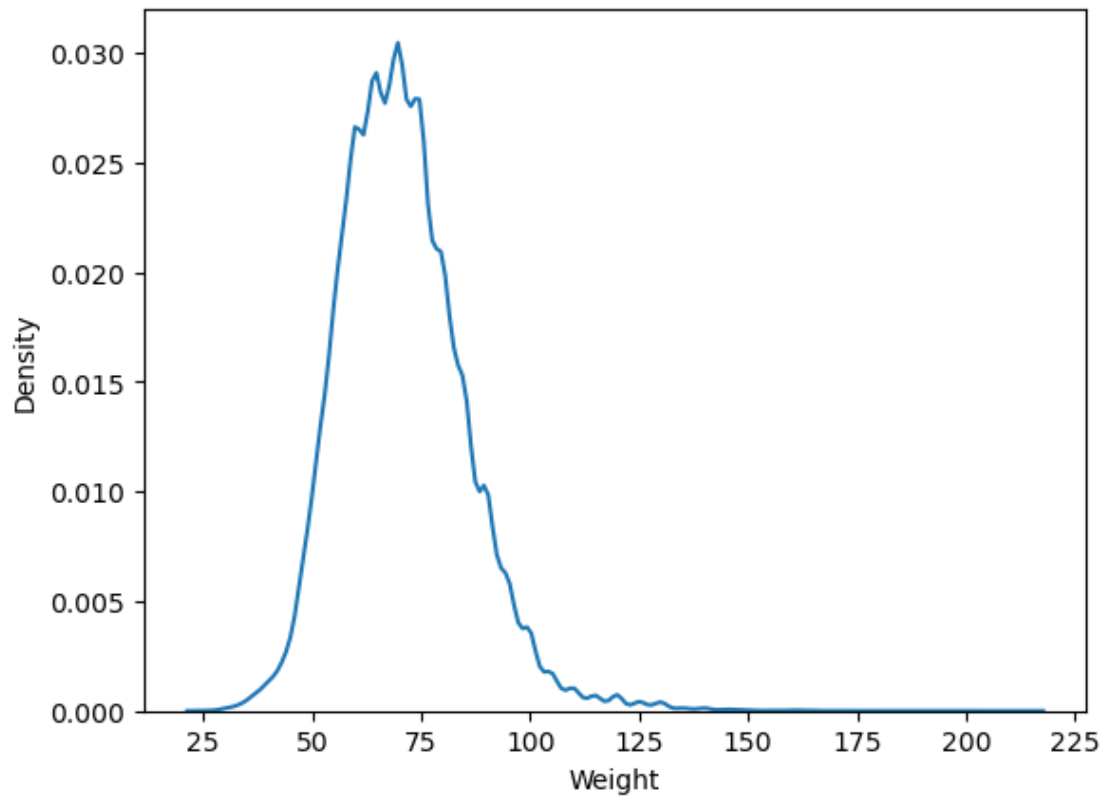
```
[10]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1e193a6e9e0>
```

```
<Figure size 1000x500 with 0 Axes>
```



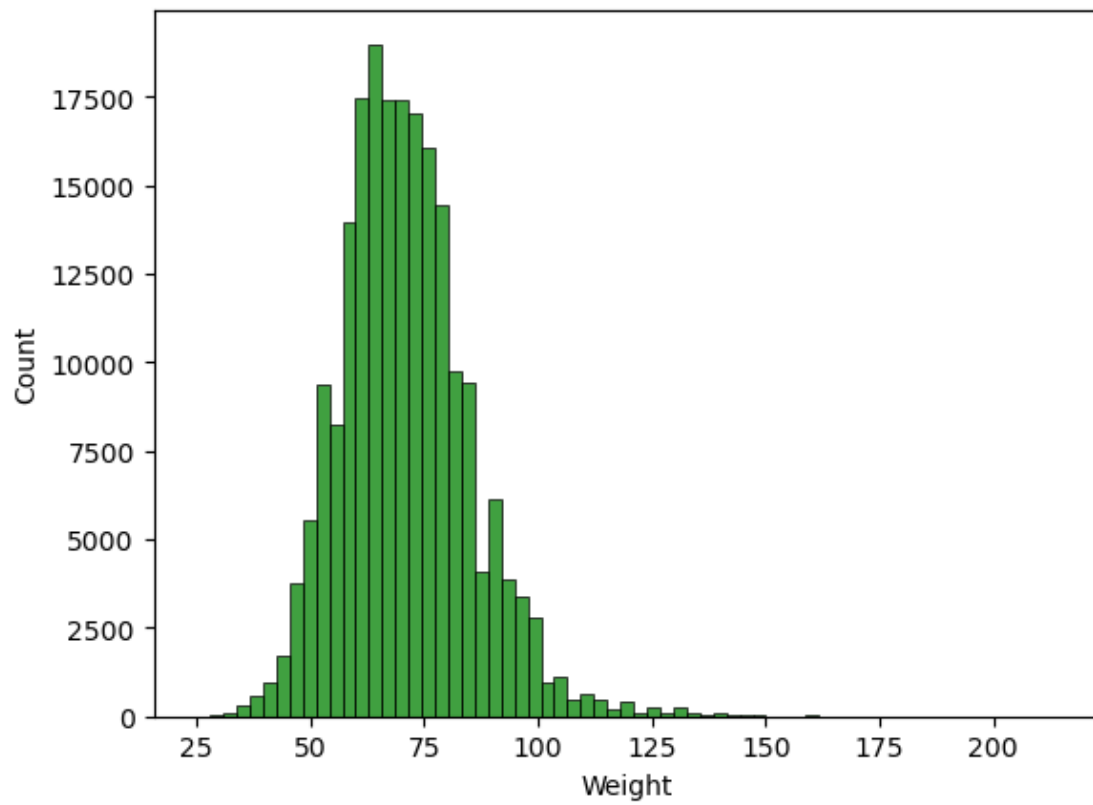
```
[11]: sns.kdeplot(x=df.Weight.dropna())
```

```
[11]: <Axes: xlabel='Weight', ylabel='Density'>
```



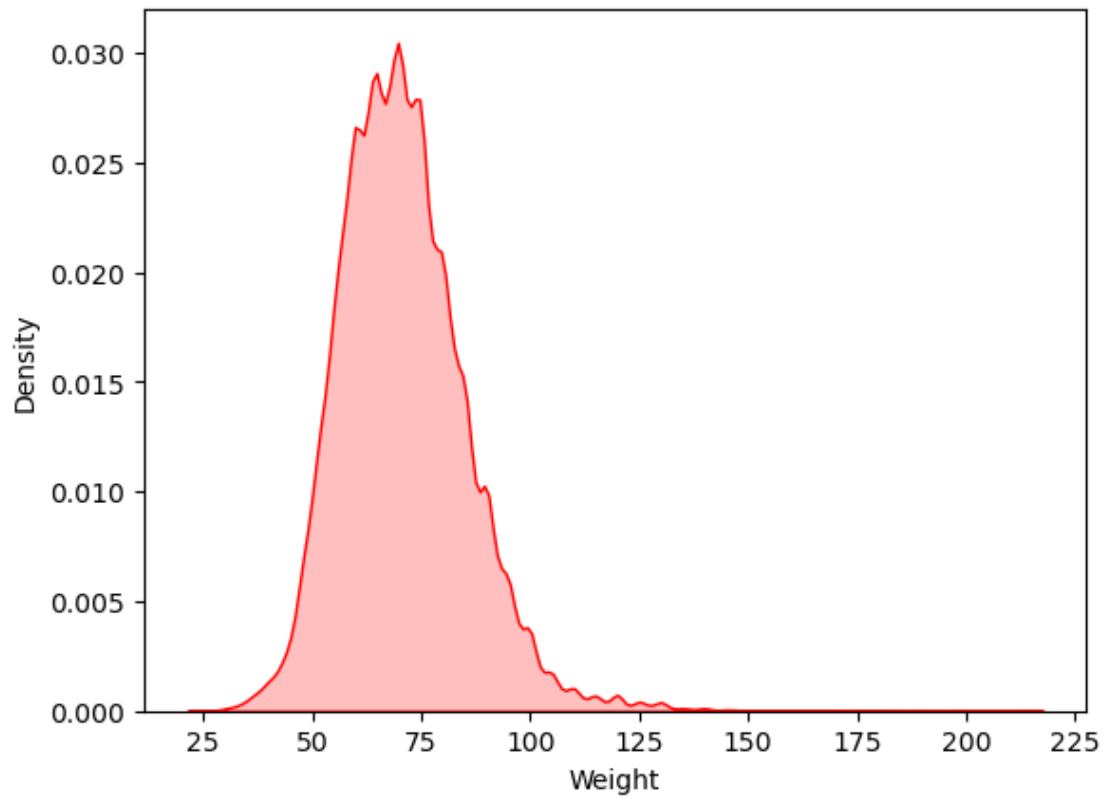
```
[12]: sns.histplot(x=df.Weight.dropna(),bins=65,color='green')
```

```
[12]: <Axes: xlabel='Weight', ylabel='Count'>
```



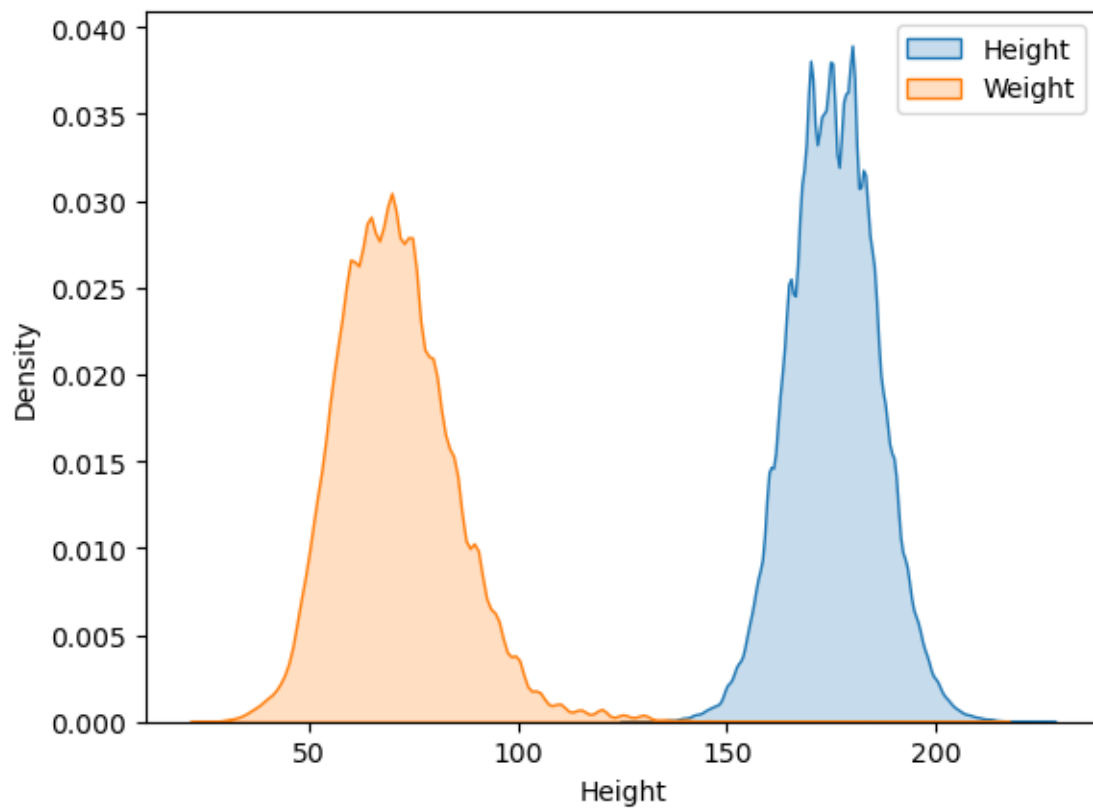
```
[13]: sns.kdeplot(x=df.Weight,color='red',fill='red')
```

```
[13]: <Axes: xlabel='Weight', ylabel='Density'>
```

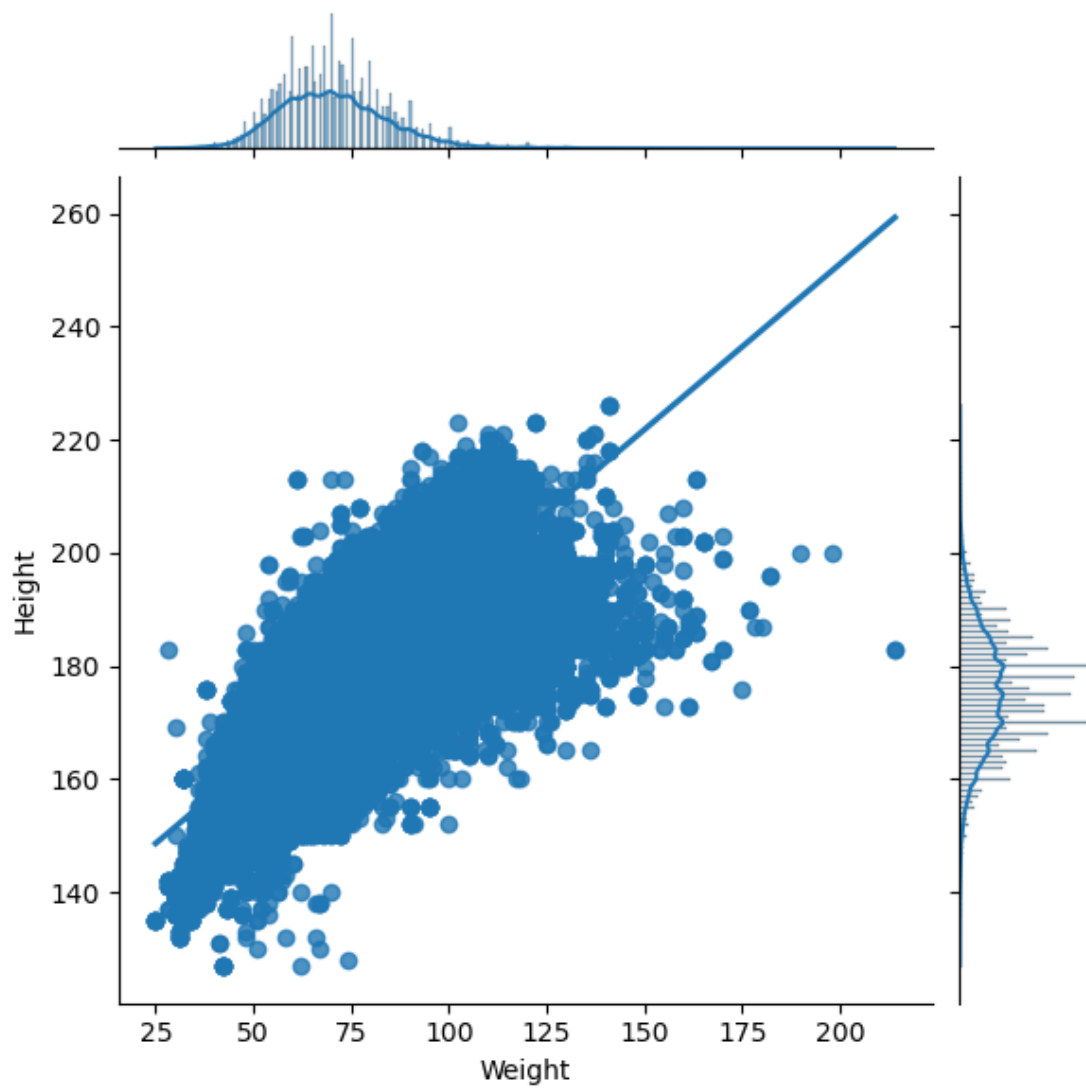
```
[14]: sns.kdeplot(x=df.Height.dropna(),label='Height',fill='red')  
sns.kdeplot(x=df.Weight.dropna(),label='Weight',fill='red')  
plt.legend()
```

```
[14]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x20cf87232b0>
```



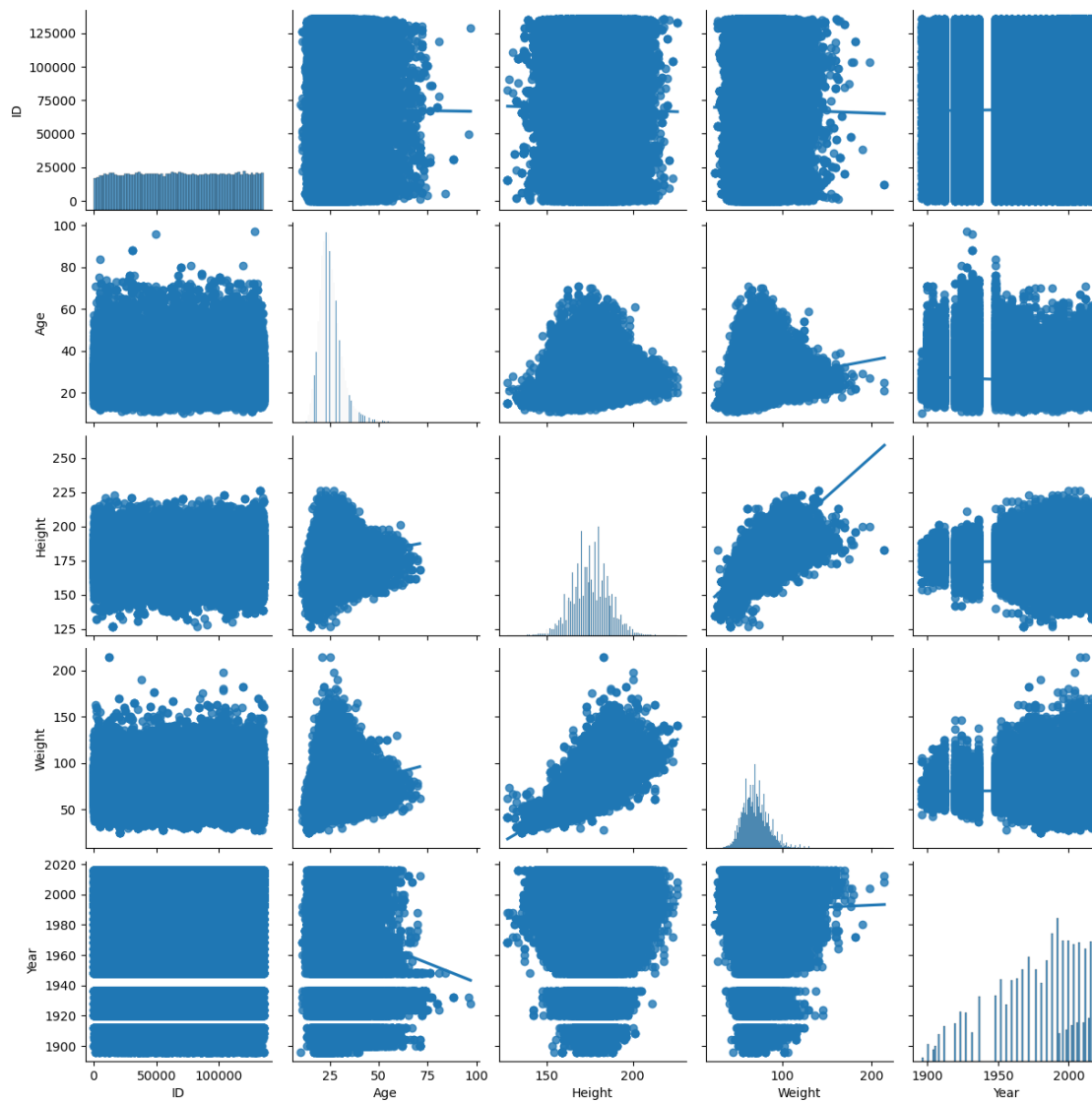
```
[15]: sns.jointplot(y=df.Height.dropna(), x=df.Weight.dropna(), kind='reg')
```

```
[15]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x20cf8723be0>
```



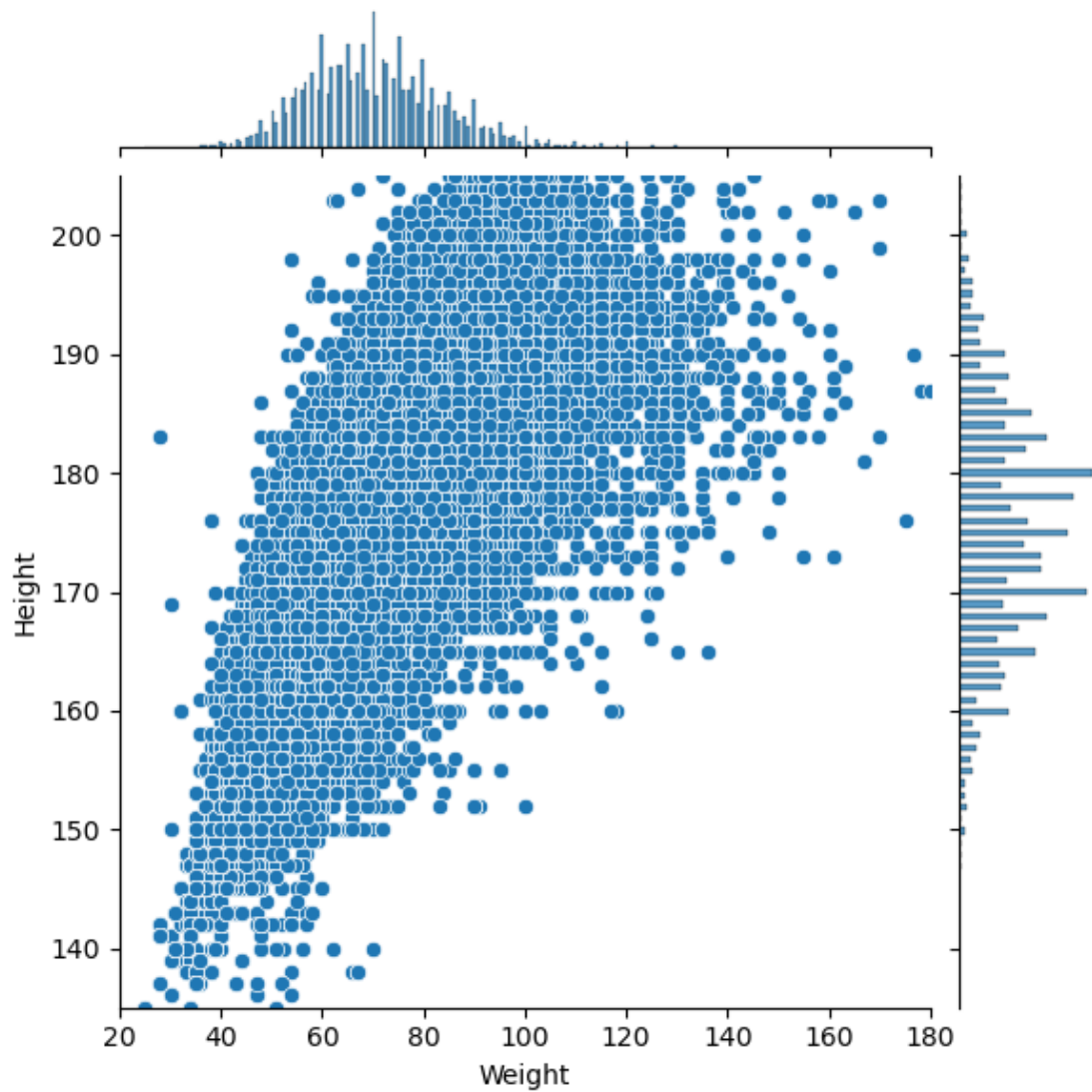
```
[16]: sns.pairplot(df,kind='reg')
```

```
[16]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x20cfce51db0>
```



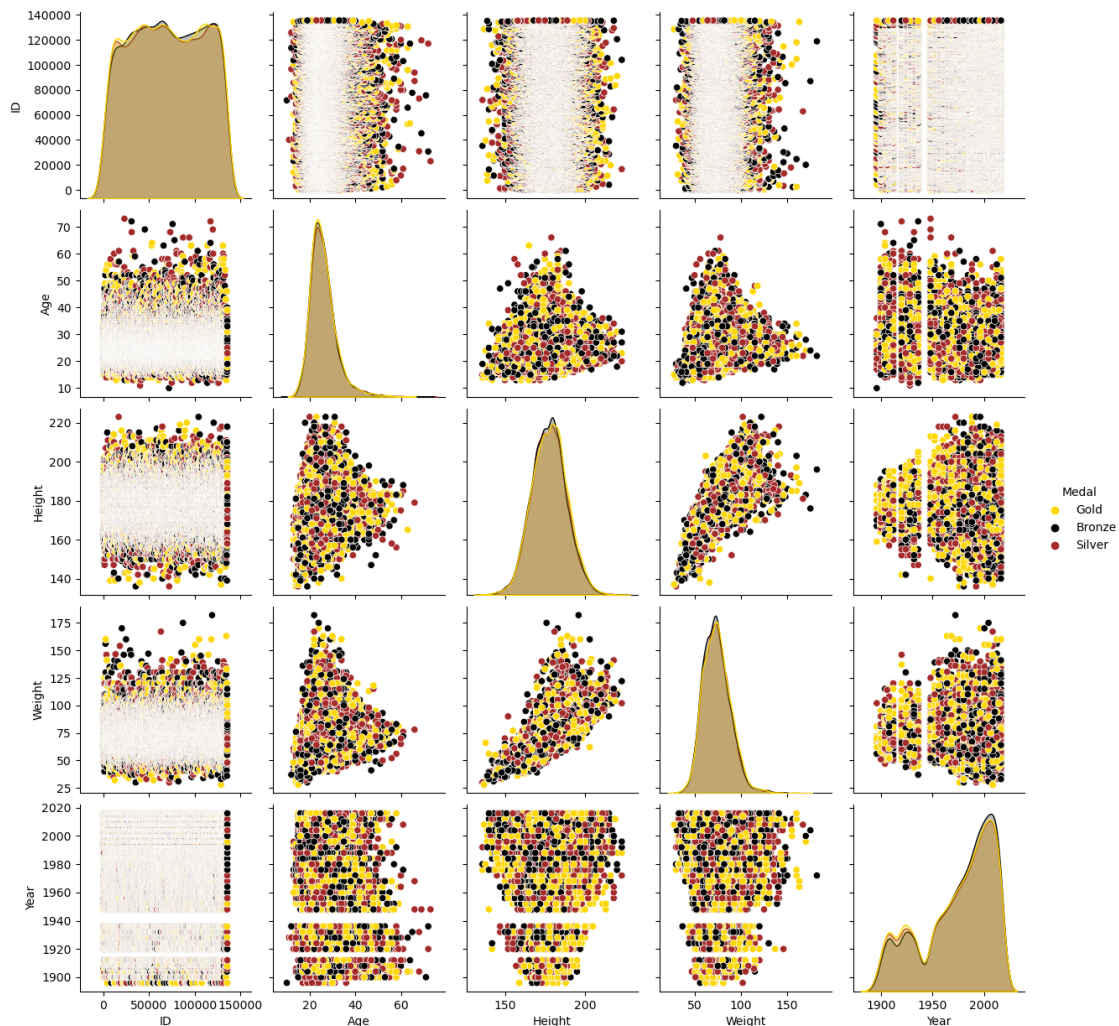
```
[17]: sns.jointplot(x=df.Weight.dropna(),y=df.Height.
↳dropna(),xlim=(20,180),ylim=(135,205))
```

```
[17]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x20c8301aec0>
```



```
[22]: sns.pairplot(df,hue='Medal',palette=['gold','black','brown'])
```

```
[22]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x26916042b20>
```



[16]: df

```
[16]:
```

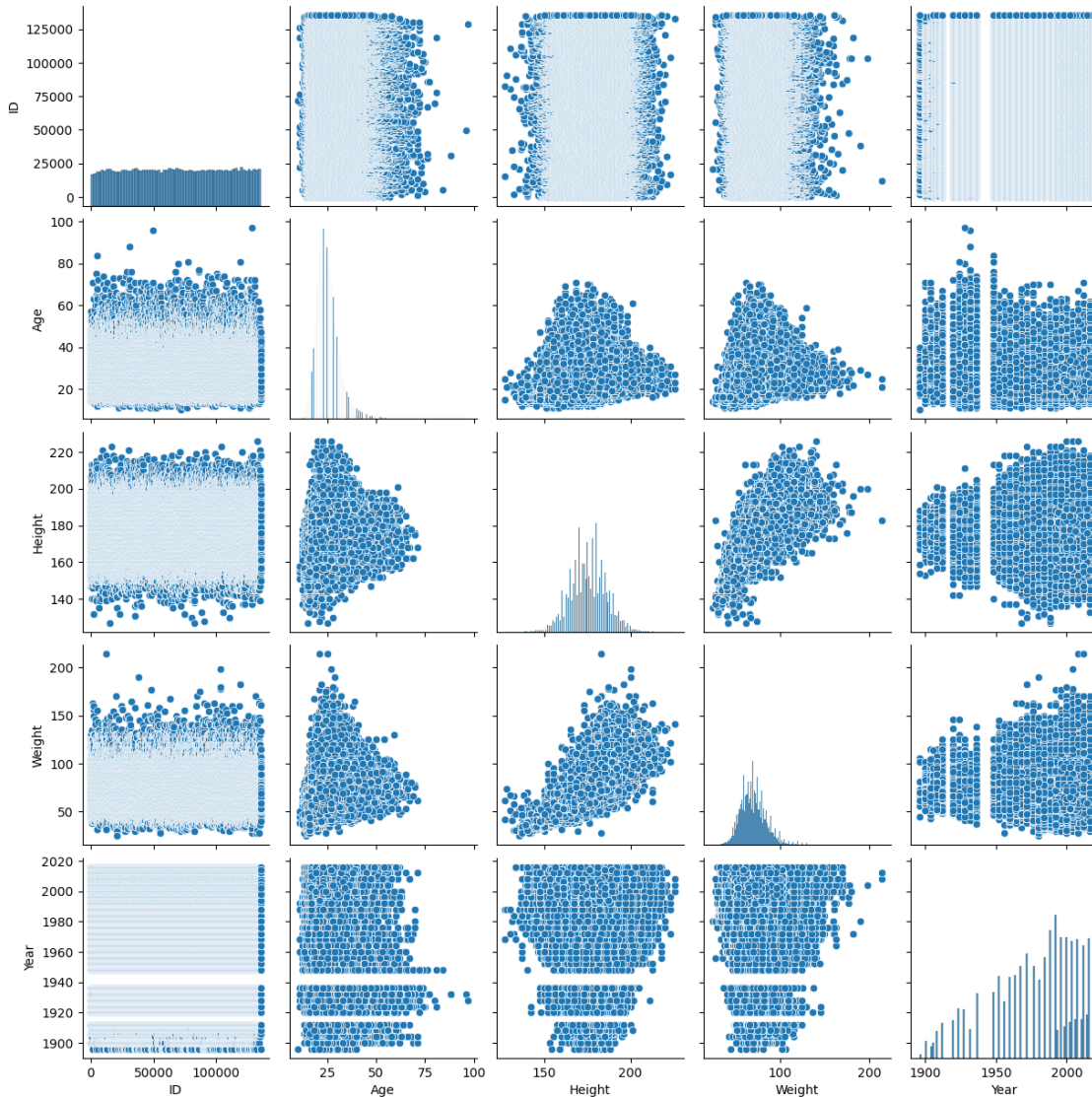
	ID	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight	\
0	1	A Dijiang	M	24.0	180.0	80.0	
1	2	A Lamusi	M	23.0	170.0	60.0	
2	3	Gunnar Nielsen Aaby	M	24.0	NaN	NaN	
3	4	Edgar Lindenau Aabye	M	34.0	NaN	NaN	
4	5	Christine Jacoba Aaftink	F	21.0	185.0	82.0	
...	
271111	135569	Andrzej ya	M	29.0	179.0	89.0	
271112	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271113	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271114	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	30.0	185.0	96.0	
271115	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	34.0	185.0	96.0	

	Team	NOC	Games	Year	Season	City \
0	China	CHN	1992 Summer	1992	Summer	Barcelona
1	China	CHN	2012 Summer	2012	Summer	London
2	Denmark	DEN	1920 Summer	1920	Summer	Antwerpen
3	Denmark/Sweden	DEN	1900 Summer	1900	Summer	Paris
4	Netherlands	NED	1988 Winter	1988	Winter	Calgary
...
271111	Poland-1	POL	1976 Winter	1976	Winter	Innsbruck
271112	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi
271113	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi
271114	Poland	POL	1998 Winter	1998	Winter	Nagano
271115	Poland	POL	2002 Winter	2002	Winter	Salt Lake City
	Sport				Event	Medal
0	Basketball		Basketball Men's	Basketball		NaN
1	Judo		Judo Men's	Extra-Lightweight		NaN
2	Football		Football Men's	Football		NaN
3	Tug-Of-War		Tug-Of-War Men's	Tug-Of-War		Gold
4	Speed Skating		Speed Skating Women's	500 metres		NaN
...
271111	Luge		Luge Mixed (Men)'s	Doubles		NaN
271112	Ski Jumping	Ski	Jumping Men's	Large Hill, Individual		NaN
271113	Ski Jumping		Ski Jumping Men's	Large Hill, Team		NaN
271114	Bobsleigh		Bobsleigh Men's	Four		NaN
271115	Bobsleigh		Bobsleigh Men's	Four		NaN

[271116 rows x 15 columns]

```
[18]: sns.pairplot(df)
```

```
[18]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2690f15bf10>
```



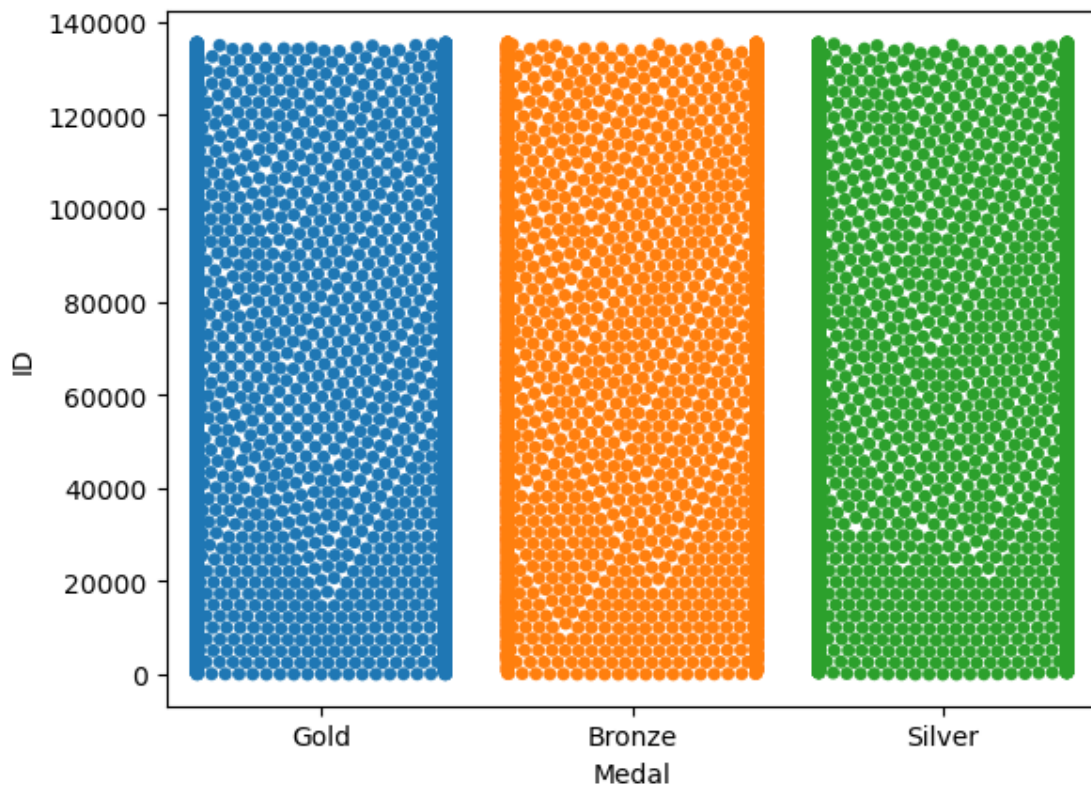
```
[24]: sns.swarmplot(x=df.Medal,y=df.ID)
```

```
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:1296:
UserWarning: 92.8% of the points cannot be placed; you may want to decrease the
size of the markers or use stripplot.
  warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:1296:
UserWarning: 92.7% of the points cannot be placed; you may want to decrease the
size of the markers or use stripplot.
  warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:1296:
UserWarning: 92.6% of the points cannot be placed; you may want to decrease the
size of the markers or use stripplot.
```



```
warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)
```

```
[24]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Medal', ylabel='ID'>
```

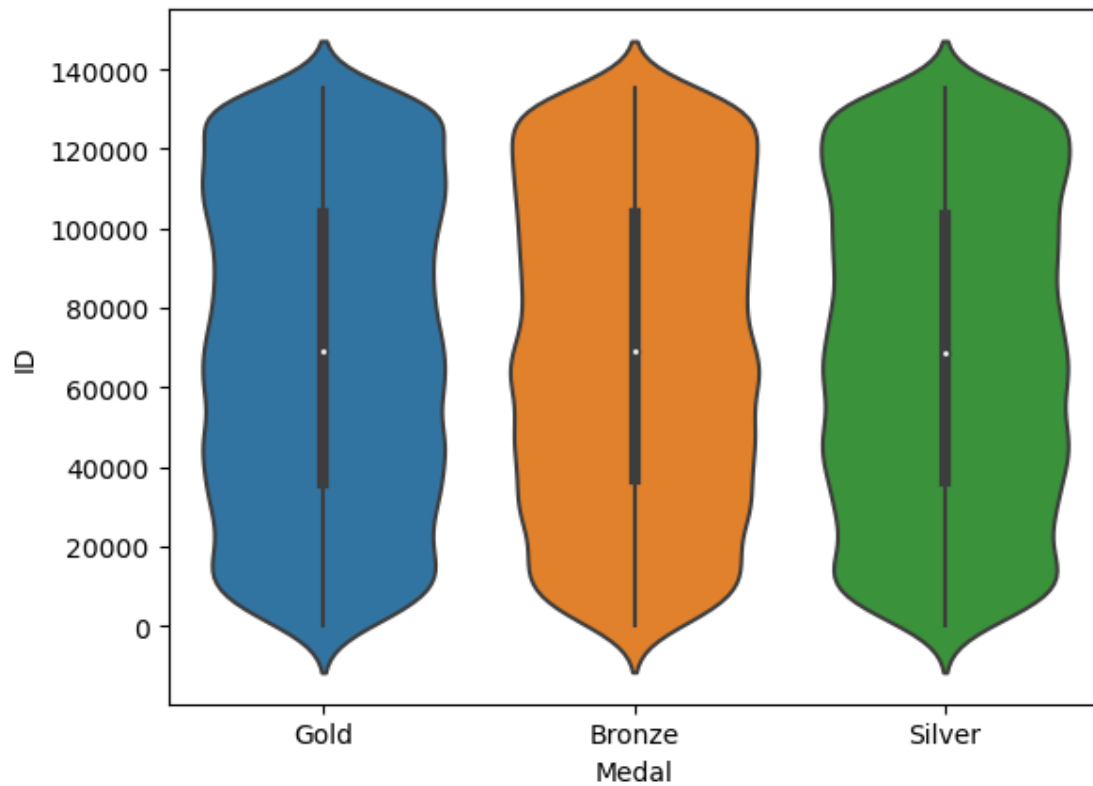


```
[26]: import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('D:/DS/resume projects/athlete seaborn/athlete_events.csv')

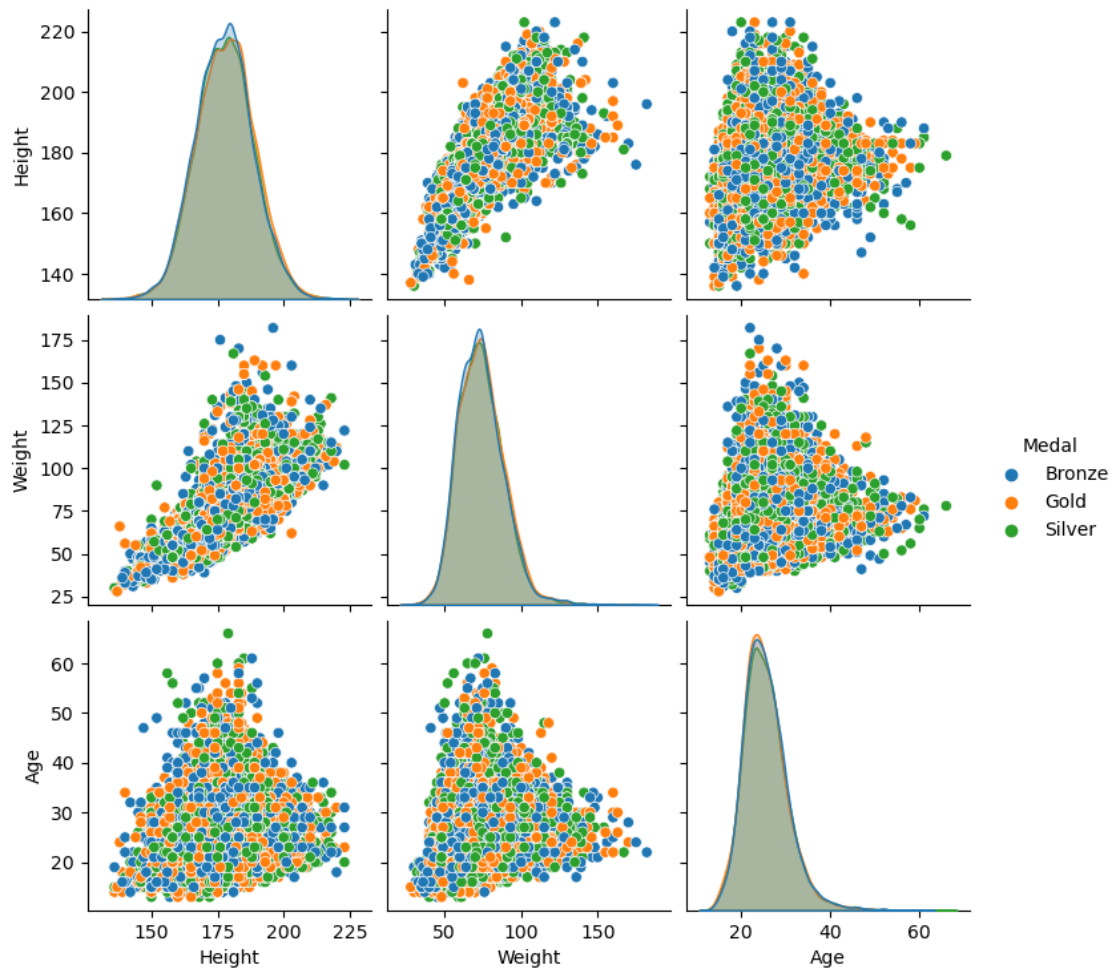
sns.violinplot(x='Medal', y='ID', data=df)
```

```
[26]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Medal', ylabel='ID'>
```



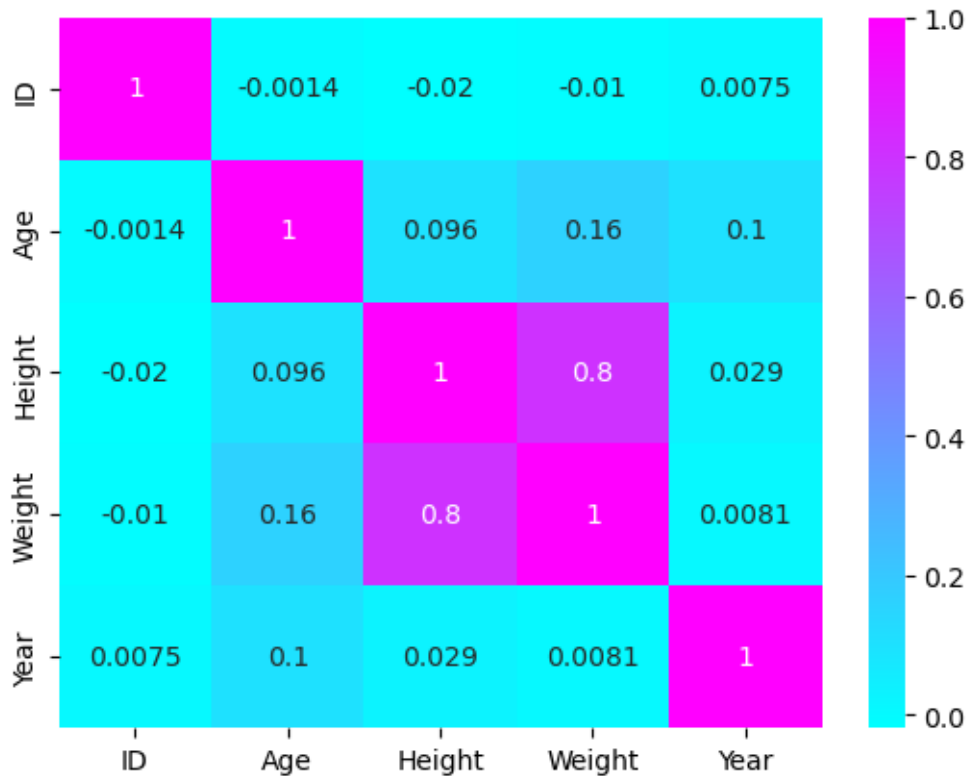
```
[28]: sns.pairplot(df[['Height', 'Weight', 'Age', 'Medal']].dropna(), hue='Medal')
```

```
[28]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2691c787a00>
```



```
[35]: sns.heatmap(df.dropna().corr(),annot=True,cmap='cool')
```

```
[35]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
[18]: sns.heatmap(df.dropna().corr(),annot=True,cmap='cool',
           ↳
           ↳x_var=['Age','Height','Weight','Year'],y_var=['Age','Height','Weight','Year'])
```

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_14416\1671216070.py:1:
FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.
sns.heatmap(df.dropna().corr(),annot=True,cmap='cool',

AttributeError

Traceback (most recent call last)

Cell In[18], line 1

```
----> 1 sns.heatmap(df.dropna().corr(),annot=True,cmap='cool',
```

```
      2 ↳
```

```
↳x_var=['Age','Height','Weight','Year'],y_var=['Age','Height','Weight','Year'])
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\matrix.py:459, in heatmap(data, vmin,

```
↳vmax, cmap, center, robust, annot, fmt, annot_kws, linewidths, linecolor,
```

```
↳cbar, cbar_kws, cbar_ax, square, xticklabels, yticklabels, mask, ax, **kwargs
```

```
457 if square:
```

```
458     ax.set_aspect("equal")
```

```
--> 459 plotter.plot(ax, cbar_ax, kwargs)
      460 return ax
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\matrix.py:306, in `_HeatMapper.`

```
→ plot(self, ax, cax, kws)
      303     kws.setdefault("vmax", self.vmax)
      305 # Draw the heatmap
--> 306 mesh = ax.pcolormesh(self.plot_data, cmap=self.cmap, **kws)
      308 # Set the axis limits
      309 ax.set(xlim=(0, self.data.shape[1]), ylim=(0, self.data.shape[0]))
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib__init__.py:1442, in `__`

```
→ preprocess_data.<locals>.inner(ax, data, *args, **kwargs)
      1439 @functools.wraps(func)
      1440 def inner(ax, *args, data=None, **kwargs):
      1441     if data is None:
-> 1442         return func(ax, *map(sanitize_sequence, args), **kwargs)
      1444     bound = new_sig.bind(ax, *args, **kwargs)
      1445     auto_label = (bound.arguments.get(label_namer)
      1446                  or bound.kwargs.get(label_namer))
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\axes_axes.py:6229, in `Axes.`

```
→ pcolormesh(self, alpha, norm, cmap, vmin, vmax, shading, antialiased, *args,
→ **kwargs)
      6225     C = C.ravel()
      6227 kwargs.setdefault('snap', mpl.rcParams['pcolormesh.snap'])
-> 6229 collection = mcoll.QuadMesh(
      6230     coords, antialiased=antialiased, shading=shading,
      6231     array=C, cmap=cmap, norm=norm, alpha=alpha, **kwargs)
      6232 collection._scale_norm(norm, vmin, vmax)
      6234 coords = coords.reshape(-1, 2) # flatten the grid structure; keep x, y
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\collections.py:1939, in `QuadMesh.`

```
→ __init__(self, coordinates, antialiased, shading, **kwargs)
      1936 self._bbox.update_from_data_xy(self._coordinates.reshape(-1, 2))
      1937 # super init delayed after own init because array kwarg requires
      1938 # self._coordinates and self._shading
-> 1939 super().__init__(**kwargs)
      1940 self.set_mouseover(False)
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib_api\deprecation.py:454, in `__`

```
→ make_keyword_only.<locals>.wrapper(*args, **kwargs)
      448 if len(args) > name_idx:
      449     warn_deprecated(
      450         since, message="Passing the %(name)s %(obj_type)s "
      451         "positionally is deprecated since Matplotlib %(since)s; the "
      452         "parameter will become keyword-only %(removal)s.",
      453         name=name, obj_type=f"parameter of {func.__name__}()")
```

```
--> 454 return func(*args, **kwargs)
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\collections.py:201, in `Collection`

```
↪ __init__(self, edgecolors, facecolors, linewidths, linestyle, capstyle, ↪
↪ joinstyle, antialiaseds, offsets, offset_transform, norm, cmap, pickradius, ↪
↪ hatch, urls, zorder, **kwargs)
    198 self._offset_transform = offset_transform
    200 self._path_effects = None
--> 201 self._internal_update(kwargs)
    202 self._paths = None
```

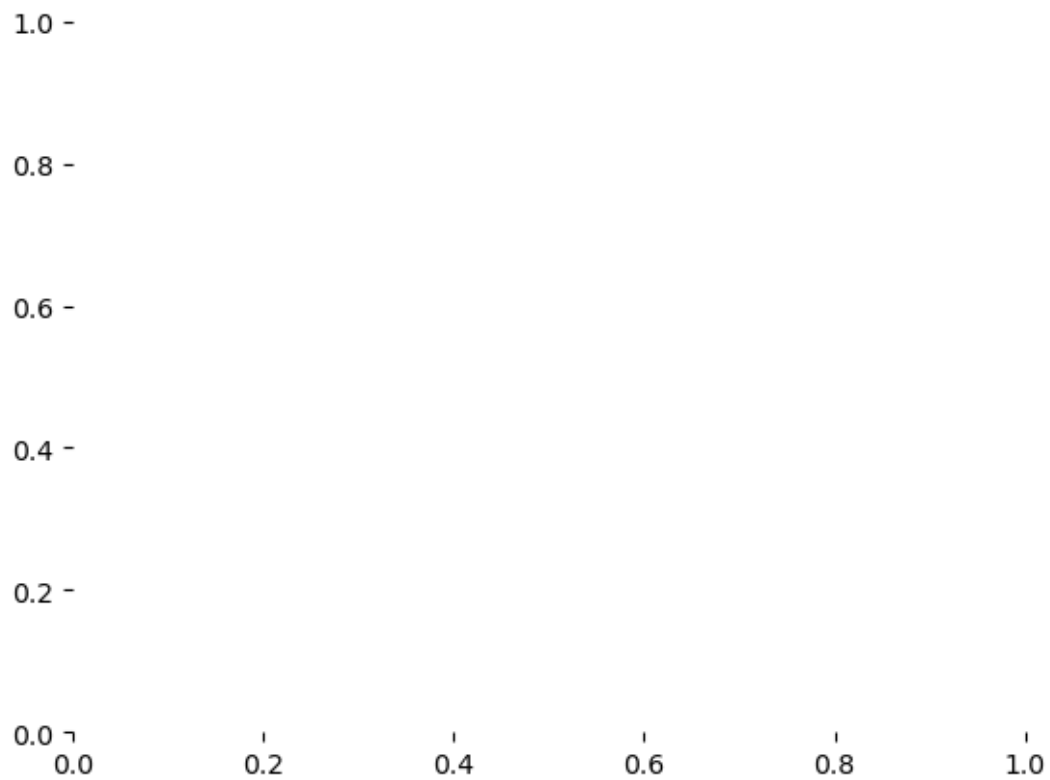
File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\artist.py:1223, in `Artist.`

```
↪ _internal_update(self, kwargs)
    1216 def _internal_update(self, kwargs):
    1217     """
    1218     Update artist properties without prenormalizing them, but generating
    1219     errors as if calling `set`.
    1220
    1221     The lack of prenormalization is to maintain backcompatibility.
    1222     """
-> 1223     return self._update_props(
    1224 ↪
↪     kwargs, "{cls.__name__}.set() got an unexpected keyword argument "
    1225             "{prop_name!r}")
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\artist.py:1197, in `Artist.`

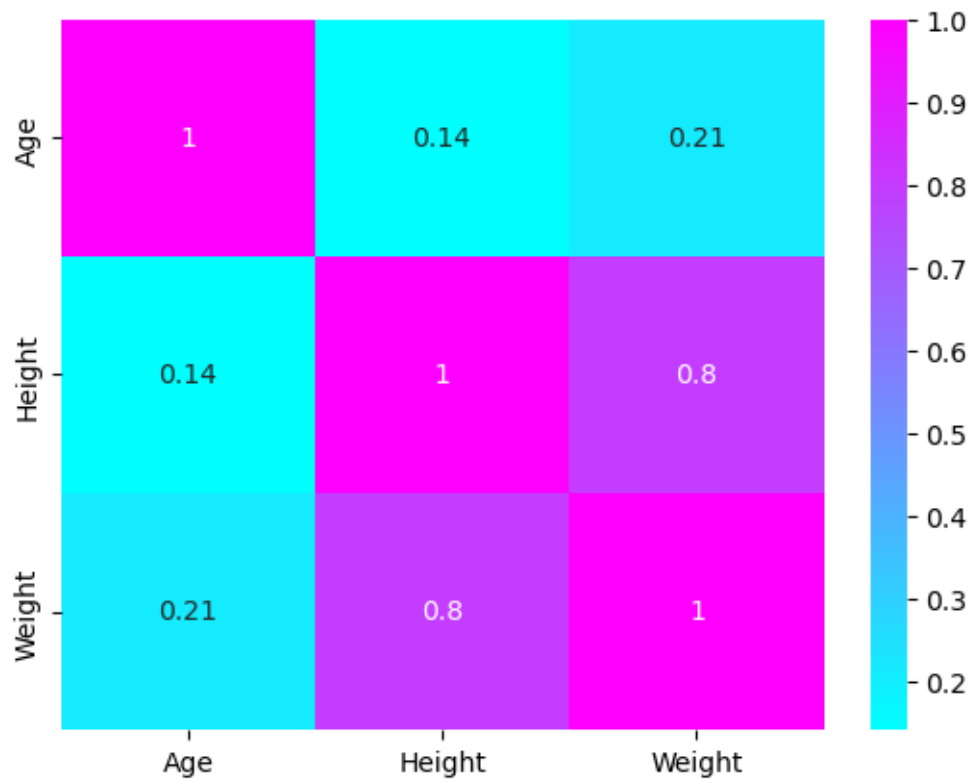
```
↪ _update_props(self, props, errfmt)
    1195         func = getattr(self, f"set_{k}", None)
    1196         if not callable(func):
-> 1197             raise AttributeError(
    1198                 errfmt.format(cls=type(self), prop_name=k))
    1199         ret.append(func(v))
    1200 if ret:
```

AttributeError: QuadMesh.set() got an unexpected keyword argument 'x_var'

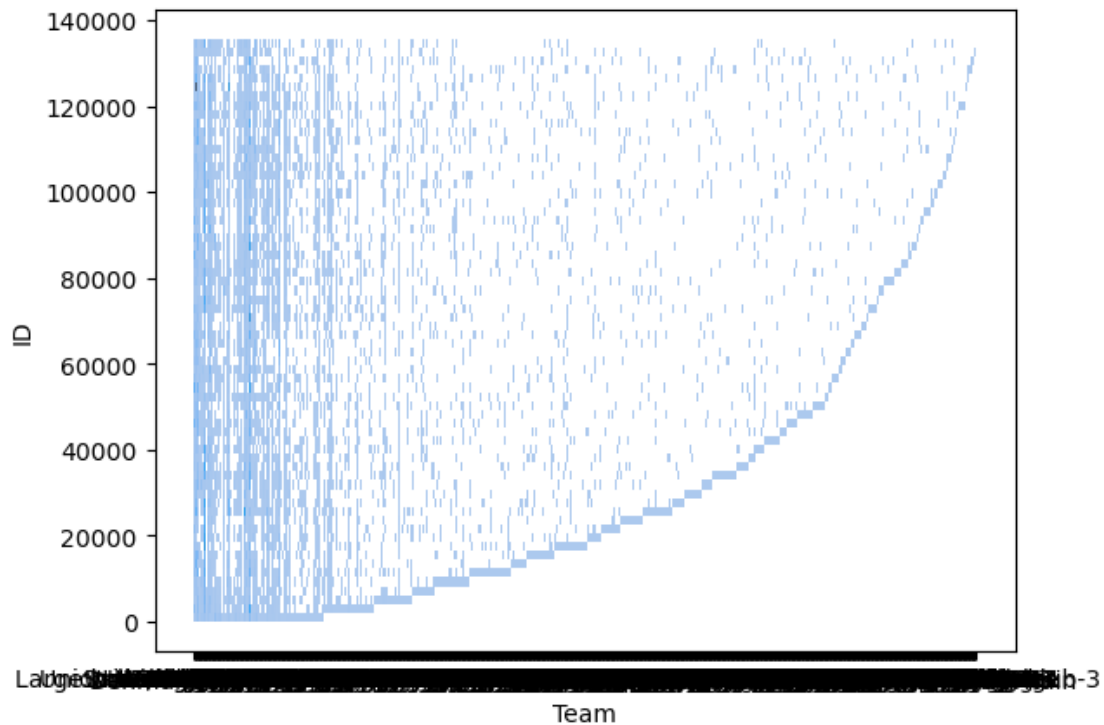


```
[19]: sns.heatmap(df[['Age', 'Height', 'Weight']].dropna().  
    ↪corr(),annot=True,cmap='cool')
```

```
[19]: <Axes: >
```



```
[17]: #medalistcount by top 20 country  
sns.histplot(x=df.Team,y=df.ID)  
plt.show()
```

[20]: df

```
[20]:
```

	ID	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight	\
0	1	A Dijiang	M	24.0	180.0	80.0	
1	2	A Lamusi	M	23.0	170.0	60.0	
2	3	Gunnar Nielsen Aaby	M	24.0	NaN	NaN	
3	4	Edgar Lindenau Aabye	M	34.0	NaN	NaN	
4	5	Christine Jacoba Aaftink	F	21.0	185.0	82.0	
...	
271111	135569	Andrzej ya	M	29.0	179.0	89.0	
271112	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271113	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271114	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	30.0	185.0	96.0	
271115	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	34.0	185.0	96.0	

	Team	NOC	Games	Year	Season	City	\
0	China	CHN	1992 Summer	1992	Summer	Barcelona	
1	China	CHN	2012 Summer	2012	Summer	London	
2	Denmark	DEN	1920 Summer	1920	Summer	Antwerpen	
3	Denmark/Sweden	DEN	1900 Summer	1900	Summer	Paris	
4	Netherlands	NED	1988 Winter	1988	Winter	Calgary	
...	
271111	Poland-1	POL	1976 Winter	1976	Winter	Innsbruck	

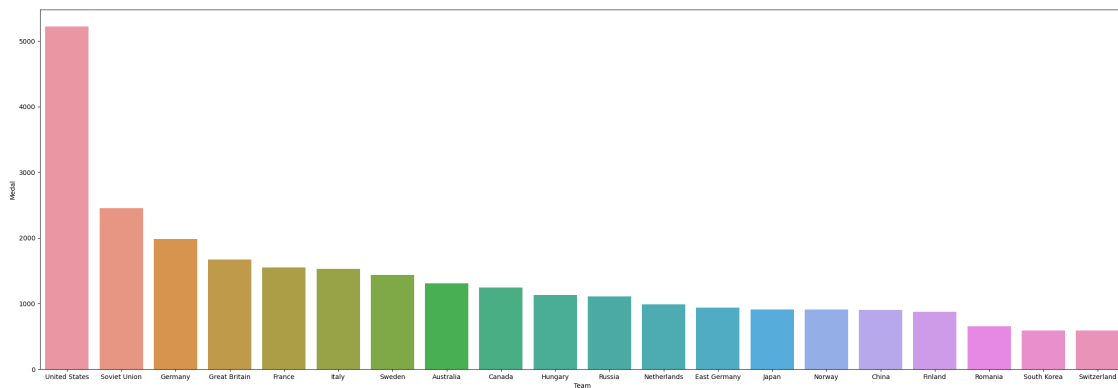
271112	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi
271113	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi
271114	Poland	POL	1998 Winter	1998	Winter	Nagano
271115	Poland	POL	2002 Winter	2002	Winter	Salt Lake City

	Sport	Event	Medal
0	Basketball	Basketball Men's Basketball	NaN
1	Judo	Judo Men's Extra-Lightweight	NaN
2	Football	Football Men's Football	NaN
3	Tug-Of-War	Tug-Of-War Men's Tug-Of-War	Gold
4	Speed Skating	Speed Skating Women's 500 metres	NaN
...
271111	Luge	Luge Mixed (Men)'s Doubles	NaN
271112	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Individual	NaN
271113	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Team	NaN
271114	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	NaN
271115	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	NaN

[271116 rows x 15 columns]

```
[21]: df1=df.groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].sort_values(ascending=False)
df1=df1[0:20]
df1=df1.reset_index()
```

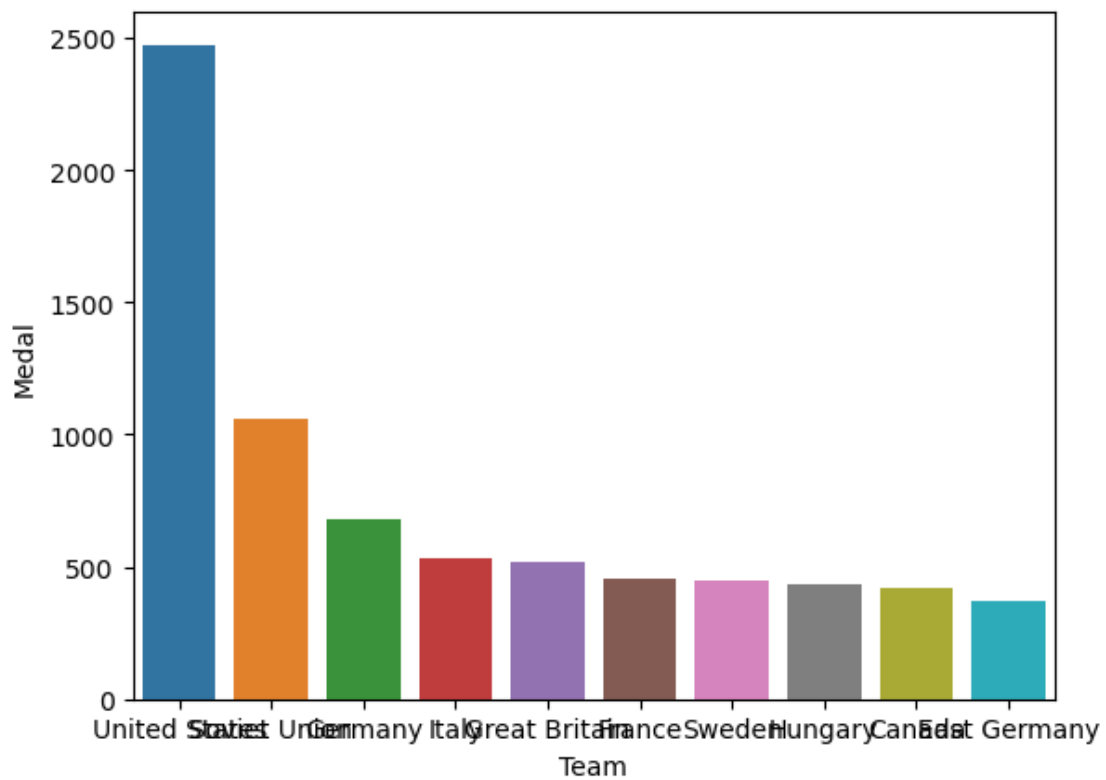
```
[22]: plt.figure(figsize=(30,10))
sns.barplot(x=df1.Team,y=df1.Medal)
plt.show()
```

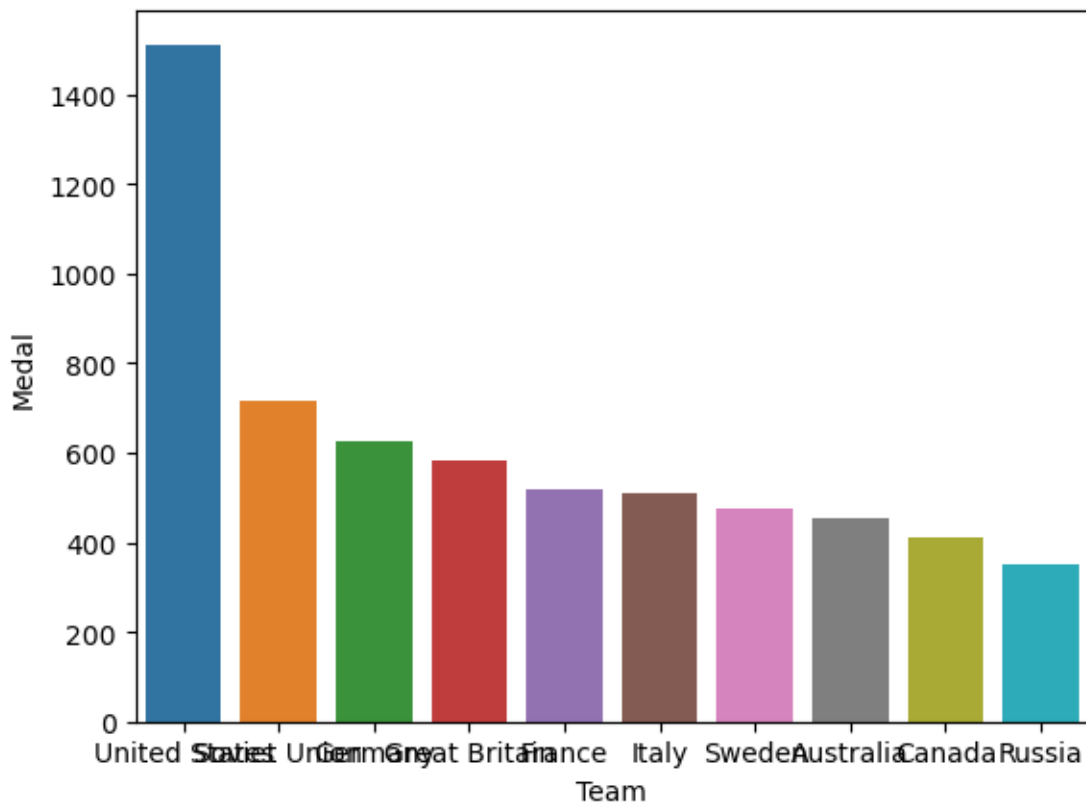


```
[23]: dfg=df[df['Medal']=='Gold'].groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].
      ↪sort_values(ascending=False).reset_index().head(10)
dfs=df[df['Medal']=='Silver'].groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].
      ↪sort_values(ascending=False).reset_index().head(10)
```

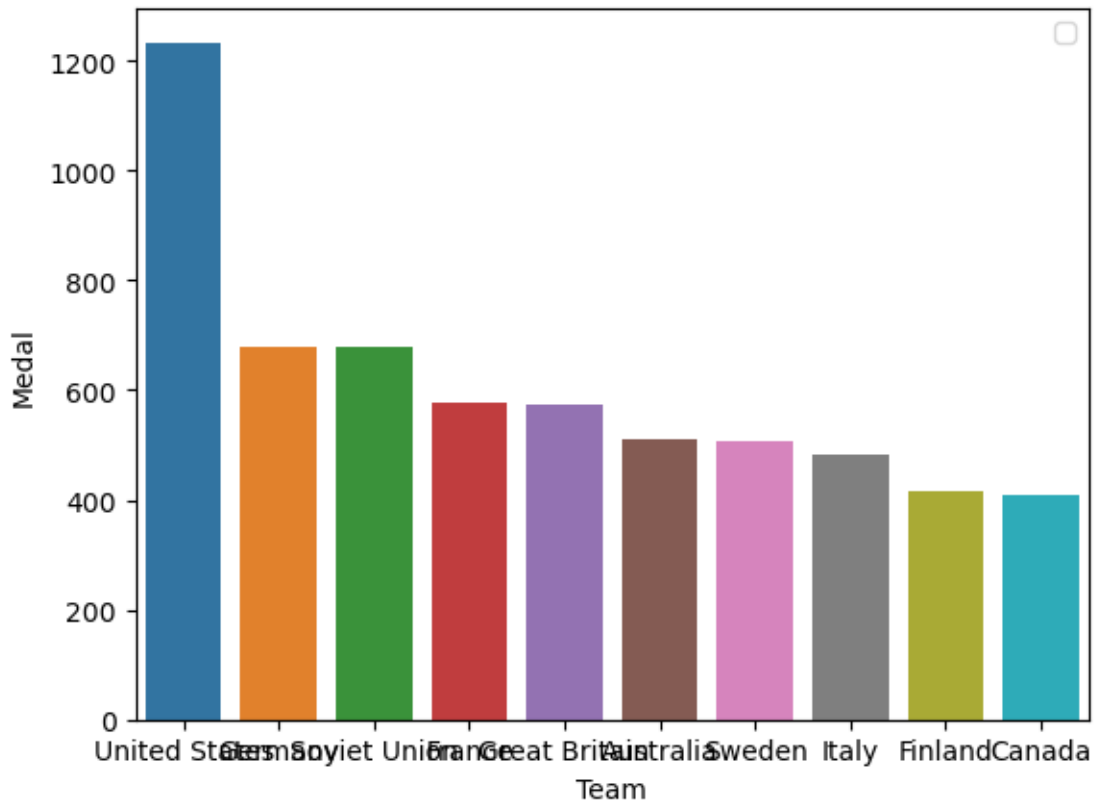
```
dfb=df[df['Medal']=='Bronze'].groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].
↳sort_values(ascending=False).reset_index().head(10)
```

```
[24]: sns.barplot(x=dfg.Team.dropna(),y=dfg.Medal.dropna())
plt.show()
sns.barplot(x=dfs.Team.dropna(),y=dfs.Medal.dropna())
plt.show()
sns.barplot(x=dfb.Team.dropna(),y=dfb.Medal.dropna())
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





No artists with labels found to put in legend. Note that artists whose label start with an underscore are ignored when legend() is called with no argument.



```
[25]: plt.bar(x=dfg.Team.dropna(),y=dfg.Medal.dropna(),width=0.5)
sns.barplot(x=dfs.Team.dropna(),y=dfs.Medal.dropna())
sns.barplot(x=dfb.Team.dropna(),y=dfb.Medal.dropna())
plt.show()
```

```
-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[25], line 1
----> 1 plt.bar(x=dfg.Team.dropna(),y=dfg.Medal.dropna(),width=0.5)
      2 sns.barplot(x=dfs.Team.dropna(),y=dfs.Medal.dropna())
      3 sns.barplot(x=dfb.Team.dropna(),y=dfb.Medal.dropna())

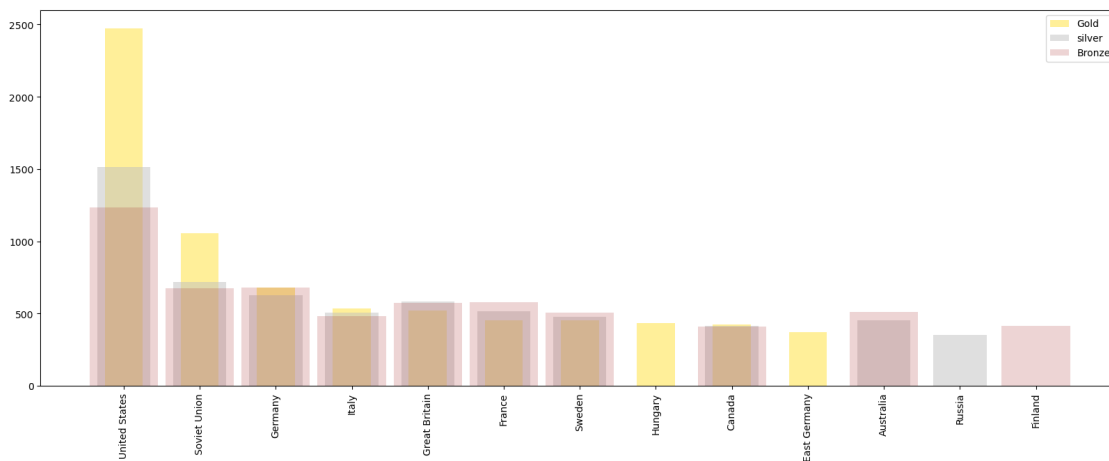
TypeError: bar() missing 1 required positional argument: 'height'
```

```
[173]: plt.bar(x=dfg.Team.dropna(),y=dfg.Medal.dropna(),width=5)
```

```
-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
~\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18752\4132119427.py in <module>
----> 1 plt.bar(x=dfg.Team.dropna(),y=dfg.Medal.dropna(),width=5)
```

```
TypeError: bar() missing 1 required positional argument: 'height'
```

```
[26]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,7))
plt.bar(x=dfg.Team, height=dfg.Medal, width=0.5,alpha=0.
↳4,color='Gold',label='Gold')
plt.bar(x=dfs.Team,height=dfs.Medal,width=0.7,alpha=0.
↳5,color='Silver',label='silver')
plt.bar(x=dfb.Team,height=dfb.Medal,width=0.9,alpha=0.
↳2,color='brown',label='Bronze')
plt.legend()
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()
```



```
[27]: plt.bar(x=dfg.Team.dropna(),y=dfg.Medal.dropna(),width=0.5)
```

```
-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[27], line 1
----> 1 plt.bar(x=dfg.Team.dropna(),y=dfg.Medal.dropna(),width=0.5)

TypeError: bar() missing 1 required positional argument: 'height'
```

```
[28]: g=np.arange(len(dfg))-0.2
s=np.arange(len(dfg))
b=np.arange(len(dfg))+0.2
```

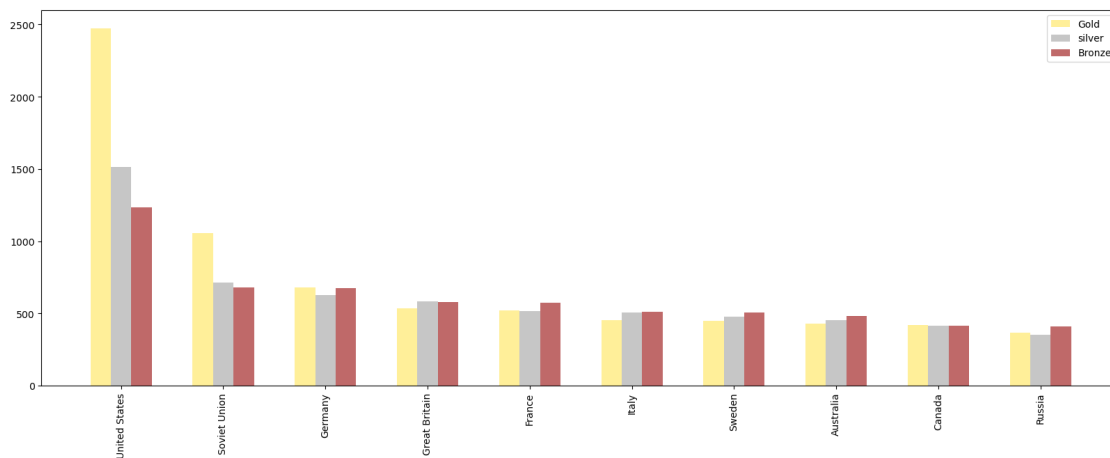
```
[29]: g
```

```
[29]: array([-0.2,  0.8,  1.8,  2.8,  3.8,  4.8,  5.8,  6.8,  7.8,  8.8])
```

```
[30]: b
```

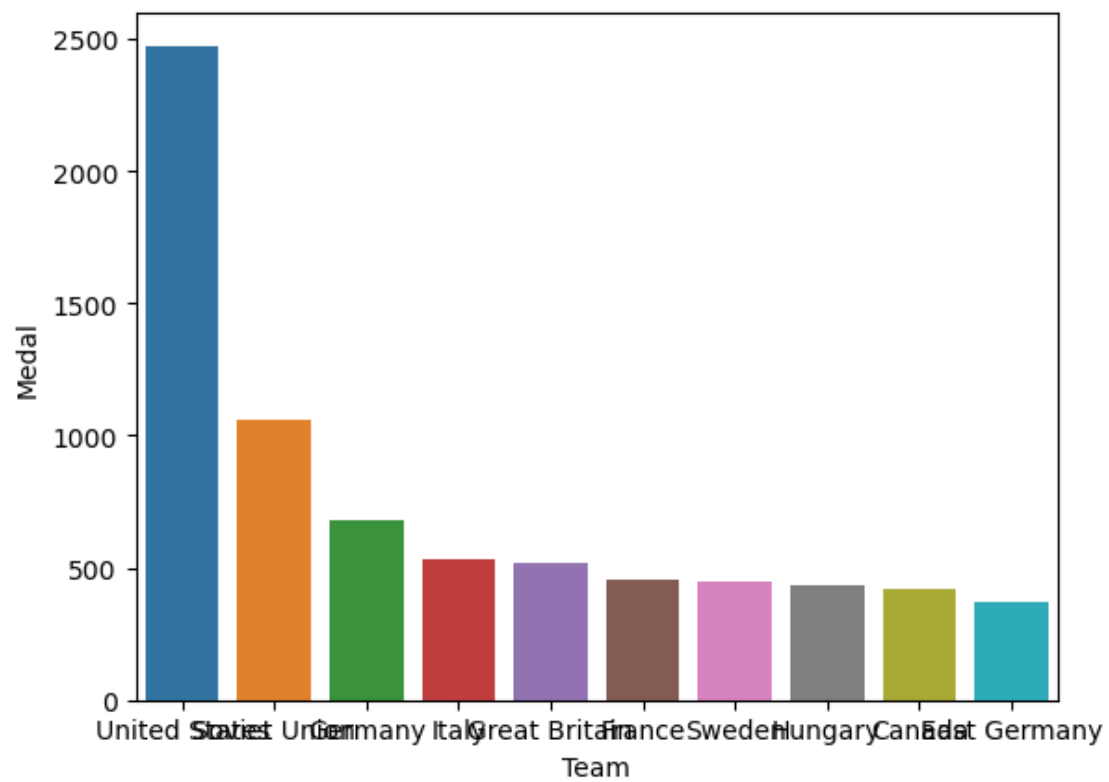
```
[30]: array([0.2, 1.2, 2.2, 3.2, 4.2, 5.2, 6.2, 7.2, 8.2, 9.2])
```

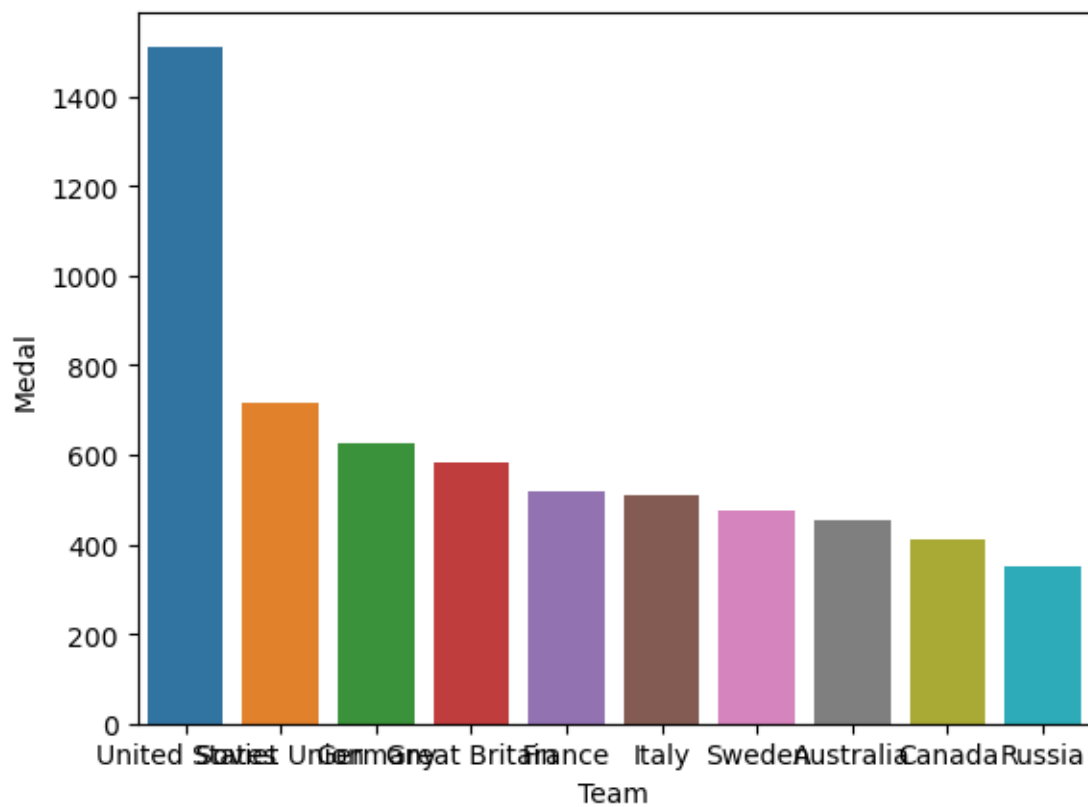
```
[31]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,7))
plt.bar(x=g, height=dfg.Medal, width=0.2,alpha=0.4,color='Gold',label='Gold')
plt.bar(x=dfs.Team,height=dfs.Medal,width=0.2,alpha=0.
↪9,color='Silver',label='silver')
plt.bar(x=b,height=dfb.Medal,width=0.2,alpha=0.7,color='brown',label='Bronze')
plt.legend()
plt.xticks(dfs.Team,rotation=90)
plt.show()
```



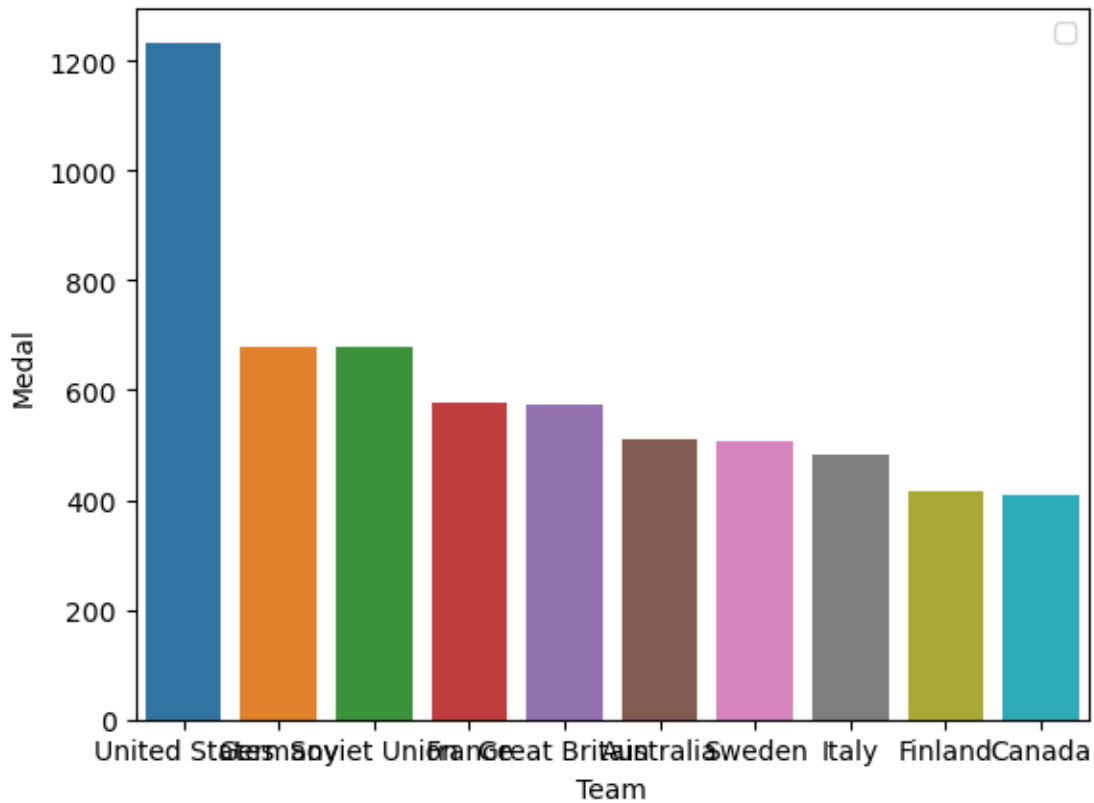
```
[ ]:
```

```
[32]: sns.barplot(x=dfg.Team.dropna(),y=dfg.Medal.dropna())
plt.show()
sns.barplot(x=dfs.Team.dropna(),y=dfs.Medal.dropna())
plt.show()
sns.barplot(x=dfb.Team.dropna(),y=dfb.Medal.dropna())
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





No artists with labels found to put in legend. Note that artists whose label start with an underscore are ignored when legend() is called with no argument.



```
[33]: s=np.arange(len(dfg))
      g=s-.2
      b=s+.2
```

```
[34]: s,g,b
```

```
[34]: (array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]),
      array([-0.2, 0.8, 1.8, 2.8, 3.8, 4.8, 5.8, 6.8, 7.8, 8.8]),
      array([0.2, 1.2, 2.2, 3.2, 4.2, 5.2, 6.2, 7.2, 8.2, 9.2]))
```

```
[35]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,7))
      a=np.arange(len(dfg))
      plt.bar(x=g, height=dfg.Medal, width=0.2,alpha=0.4,color='Gold',label='Gold')
      plt.bar(x=s,height=dfs.Medal,width=0.2,alpha=0.9,color='Silver',label='silver')
      plt.bar(x=b,height=dfb.Medal,width=0.2,alpha=0.7,color='brown',label='Bronze')
      plt.legend()
      plt.xticks(dfs.Team,rotation=90)
      plt.show()
```

ValueError

Traceback (most recent call last)

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\axis.py:1736, in Axis.

```
↪ convert_units(self, x)
    1735 try:
-> 1736     ret = self.converter.convert(x, self.units, self)
    1737 except Exception as e:
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\category.py:49, in

```
↪ StrCategoryConverter.convert(value, unit, axis)
    48 if unit is None:
---> 49     raise ValueError(
    50         'Missing category information for StrCategoryConverter; '
    51         'this might be caused by unintendedly mixing categorical and '
    52         'numeric data')
    53 StrCategoryConverter._validate_unit(unit)
```

ValueError: Missing category information for StrCategoryConverter; this might be caused by unintendedly mixing categorical and numeric data

The above exception was the direct cause of the following exception:

ConversionError Traceback (most recent call last)

Cell In[35], line 7

```
    5 plt.bar(x=b,height=dfb.Medal,width=0.2,alpha=0.
↪ 7,color='brown',label='Bronze')
    6 plt.legend()
----> 7 plt.xticks(dfs.Team,rotation=90)
    8 plt.show()
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\pyplot.py:1859, in xticks(ticks,

```
↪ labels, minor, **kwargs)
    1856     raise TypeError("xticks(): Parameter 'labels' can't be set "
    1857                       "without setting 'ticks'")
    1858 else:
-> 1859     locs = ax.set_xticks(ticks, minor=minor)
    1861 if labels is None:
    1862     labels = ax.get_xticklabels(minor=minor)
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\axes_base.py:74, in

```
↪ _axis_method_wrapper.__set_name__.<locals>.wrapper(self, *args, **kwargs)
    73 def wrapper(self, *args, **kwargs):
---> 74     return get_method(self)(*args, **kwargs)
```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\axis.py:2078, in Axis.

```
↪ set_ticks(self, ticks, labels, minor, **kwargs)
    2075 if labels is None and kwargs:
    2076     raise ValueError('labels argument cannot be None when '
    2077                       'kwargs are passed')
-> 2078 result = self._set_tick_locations(ticks, minor=minor)
```

```

2079 if labels is not None:
2080     self.set_ticklabels(labels, minor=minor, **kwargs)

```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\axis.py:2018, in Axis.

```

↪ _set_tick_locations(self, ticks, minor)
    2014 def _set_tick_locations(self, ticks, *, minor=False):
    2015     # see docstring of set_ticks
    2016
    2017     # XXX if the user changes units, the information will be lost here
-> 2018     ticks = self.convert_units(ticks)
    2019     locator = mticker.FixedLocator(ticks) # validate ticks early.
    2020     for name, axis in self.axes._axis_map.items():

```

File ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\axis.py:1738, in Axis.

```

↪ convert_units(self, x)
    1736     ret = self.converter.convert(x, self.units, self)
    1737 except Exception as e:
-> 1738     raise munits.ConversionError('Failed to convert value(s) to axis '
    1739                                   f'units: {x!r}') from e
    1740 return ret

```

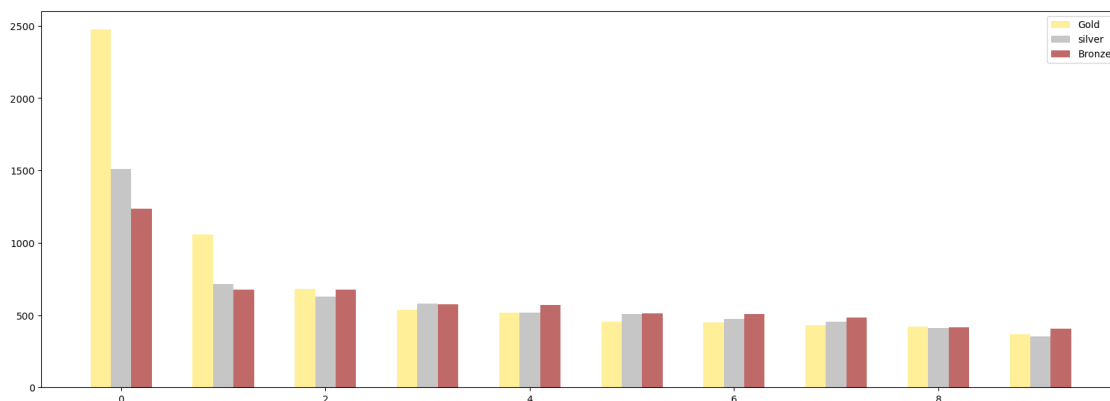
ConversionError: Failed to convert value(s) to axis units: 0 United States

```

1 Soviet Union
2 Germany
3 Great Britain
4 France
5 Italy
6 Sweden
7 Australia
8 Canada
9 Russia

```

Name: Team, dtype: object



```
[36]: a+.2
```

```
[36]: array([0.2, 1.2, 2.2, 3.2, 4.2, 5.2, 6.2, 7.2, 8.2, 9.2])
```

```
[37]: dfgg=df[df['Medal']=='Gold'].groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].  
      ↪sort_values(ascending=False).reset_index().head(20)
```

```
[38]: dfgg
```

```
[38]:
```

	Team	Medal
0	United States	2474
1	Soviet Union	1058
2	Germany	679
3	Italy	535
4	Great Britain	519
5	France	455
6	Sweden	451
7	Hungary	432
8	Canada	422
9	East Germany	369
10	Russia	366
11	Australia	342
12	China	308
13	Norway	299
14	Netherlands	277
15	Japan	247
16	South Korea	211
17	Finland	198
18	Denmark	168
19	Cuba	164

```
[39]: dfg=df[df['Medal']=='Gold'].groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].  
      ↪sort_values(ascending=False).reset_index().head(25)  
dfs=df[df['Medal']=='Silver'].groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].  
     ↪sort_values(ascending=False).reset_index().head(25)  
dfb=df[df['Medal']=='Bronze'].groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].  
     ↪sort_values(ascending=False).reset_index().head(25)
```

```
[40]: dff=pd.merge(dfg, dfs, how='left', on='Team')
```

```
[41]: dff=pd.merge(dff,dfb,how='left')
```

```
[42]: dff=dff.rename(columns={'Medal_x':'Gold','Medal_y':'Silver','Medal':'Bronze'})
```

```
[43]: dff
```

```
[43]:
```

	Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze
0	United States	2474	1512.0	1233.0
1	Soviet Union	1058	716.0	677.0
2	Germany	679	627.0	678.0
3	Italy	535	508.0	484.0
4	Great Britain	519	582.0	572.0
5	France	455	518.0	577.0
6	Sweden	451	476.0	507.0
7	Hungary	432	330.0	365.0
8	Canada	422	413.0	408.0
9	East Germany	369	309.0	263.0
10	Russia	366	351.0	393.0
11	Australia	342	453.0	511.0
12	China	308	325.0	268.0
13	Norway	299	330.0	281.0
14	Netherlands	277	321.0	390.0
15	Japan	247	307.0	357.0
16	South Korea	211	222.0	159.0
17	Finland	198	263.0	415.0
18	Denmark	168	223.0	162.0
19	Cuba	164	NaN	NaN
20	Romania	161	200.0	290.0
21	West Germany	155	184.0	219.0
22	Switzerland	144	213.0	231.0
23	India	138	NaN	NaN
24	Yugoslavia	130	NaN	NaN

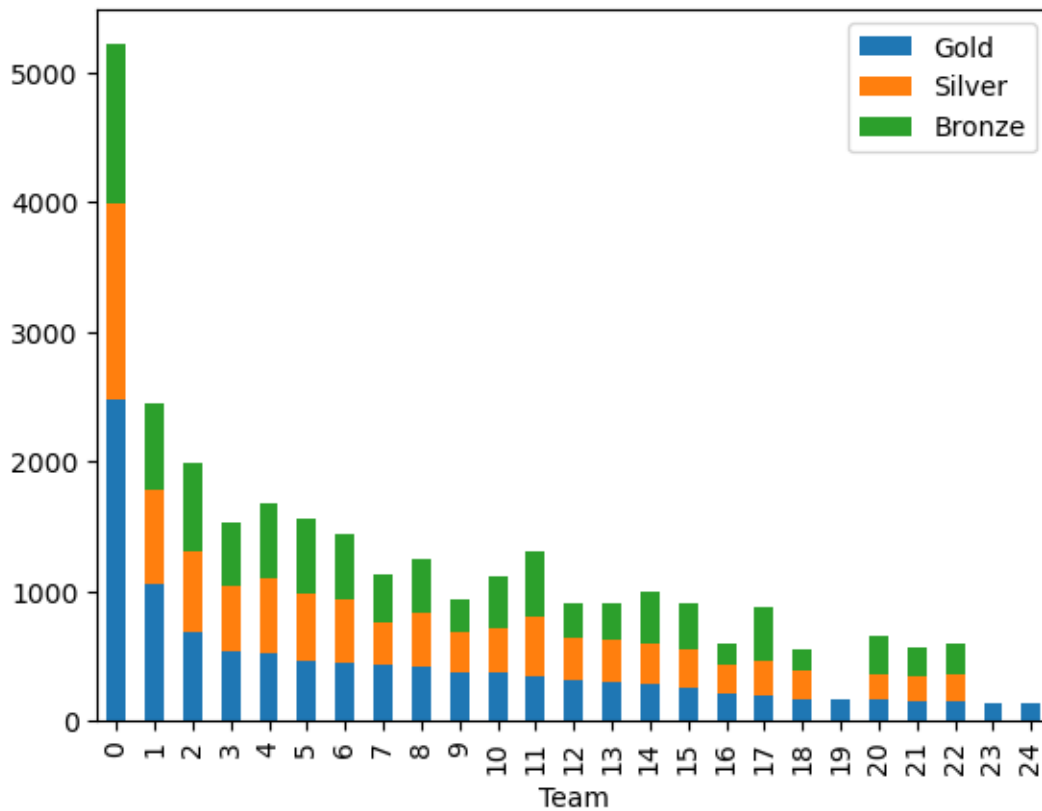
```
[44]: dff.set_index('Team')
```

```
[44]:
```

	Gold	Silver	Bronze
Team			
United States	2474	1512.0	1233.0
Soviet Union	1058	716.0	677.0
Germany	679	627.0	678.0
Italy	535	508.0	484.0
Great Britain	519	582.0	572.0
France	455	518.0	577.0
Sweden	451	476.0	507.0
Hungary	432	330.0	365.0
Canada	422	413.0	408.0
East Germany	369	309.0	263.0
Russia	366	351.0	393.0
Australia	342	453.0	511.0
China	308	325.0	268.0
Norway	299	330.0	281.0
Netherlands	277	321.0	390.0
Japan	247	307.0	357.0

South Korea	211	222.0	159.0
Finland	198	263.0	415.0
Denmark	168	223.0	162.0
Cuba	164	NaN	NaN
Romania	161	200.0	290.0
West Germany	155	184.0	219.0
Switzerland	144	213.0	231.0
India	138	NaN	NaN
Yugoslavia	130	NaN	NaN

```
[45]: dff.plot(kind='bar',stacked=True)
plt.xlabel('Team')
plt.show()
```



```
[46]: pd.pivot_table(df,index='Team',aggfunc={df.Medal=='Gold':'count',df.
↳Medal=='Silver':'count'})
```

```
-----
TypeError
Cell In[46], line 1
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last)
```

```
----> 1 pd.pivot_table(df, index='Team', aggfunc={df.Medal=='Gold': 'count', df.
↳ Medal=='Silver': 'count'})
```

TypeError: unhashable type: 'Series'

```
[47]: k=pd.pivot_table(df, index='Team', aggfunc={'Medal': [['Gold', lambda x: sum(x_
↳ == 'Gold')], ['Silver', lambda x: sum(x == 'Silver')], ['Bronze', lambda x:
↳ sum(x == 'Bronze')]]})#.sort_values(by=('Medal'), ascending=False)
k=k.sort_values(by=('Medal', 'Gold'), ascending=False)
k
```

```
[47]:
```

	Medal		
	Bronze	Gold	Silver
Team			
United States	1233	2474	1512
Soviet Union	677	1058	716
Germany	678	679	627
Italy	484	535	508
Great Britain	572	519	582
...
Hakahana	0	0	0
Hamburg	0	0	0
Hannover	0	0	0
Harmony	0	0	0
rn-2	0	0	0

[1184 rows x 3 columns]

```
[48]: pivot_table = pd.pivot_table(df, index='Team', aggfunc={'Medal': ['count',
↳ lambda x: sum(x == 'Gold'), lambda x: sum(x == 'Silver'), lambda x: sum(x ==
↳ 'Bronze')]])
sorted_pivot_table = pivot_table.sort_values(by=('Medal', 'count'),
↳ ascending=False)
sorted_pivot_table
```

```
[48]:
```

	Medal			
	<lambda_0>	<lambda_1>	<lambda_2>	count
Team				
United States	2474	1512	1233	5219
Soviet Union	1058	716	677	2451
Germany	679	627	678	1984
Great Britain	519	582	572	1673
France	455	518	577	1550
...
Ireland-1	0	0	0	0
Israel-1	0	0	0	0

Israel-2	0	0	0	0
Italy-3	0	0	0	0
rn-2	0	0	0	0

[1184 rows x 4 columns]

```
[49]: df=pd.read_csv('D:/DS/resume projects/athlete seaborn/athlete_events.csv')
```

```
[50]: df1=df.groupby('Team').count().sort_values('Medal',ascending=False).head(20)
```

```
[51]: df1=df1.sort_values('Medal',ascending=False).reset_index()
```

```
[52]: df1['Team']
```

```
[52]: 0    United States
      1    Soviet Union
      2      Germany
      3  Great Britain
      4      France
      5      Italy
      6      Sweden
      7    Australia
      8      Canada
      9      Hungary
     10      Russia
     11  Netherlands
     12  East Germany
     13      Japan
     14      Norway
     15      China
     16      Finland
     17      Romania
     18  South Korea
     19  Switzerland
      Name: Team, dtype: object
```

```
[53]: dfb=df[(df['Medal']=='Bronze') & (df['Team'].isin(df1['Team']))].
      ↪sort_values('Medal',ascending=False)
      dfg=df[(df['Medal']=='Gold') & (df['Team'].isin(df1['Team']))].
      ↪sort_values('Medal',ascending=False)
      dfs=df[(df['Medal']=='Silver') & (df['Team'].isin(df1['Team']))].
      ↪sort_values('Medal',ascending=False)
```

```
[54]: dfg
```

```
[54]:      ID      Name Sex  Age  Height  Weight \
      42      17  Paavo Johannes Aaltonen  M  28.0   175.0   64.0
```

183584	92274		Carlo Pavesi	M	33.0	NaN	NaN
183423	92193		Ilse Paulis	F	23.0	174.0	57.0
183488	92229	Maartje Yvonne Helene Paumen	F	22.0	176.0	66.0	
183489	92229	Maartje Yvonne Helene Paumen	F	26.0	176.0	66.0	
...
93061	47137		Jayna Hefford	F	28.0	163.0	63.0
93062	47137		Jayna Hefford	F	32.0	163.0	63.0
93063	47137		Jayna Hefford	F	36.0	163.0	63.0
93087	47150		Csaba Hegeds	M	23.0	187.0	82.0
271076	135553	Galina Ivanovna Zybina (-Fyodorova)	F	21.0	168.0	80.0	

	Team	NOC	Games	Year	Season	City	\
42	Finland	FIN	1948 Summer	1948	Summer	London	
183584	Italy	ITA	1956 Summer	1956	Summer	Melbourne	
183423	Netherlands	NED	2016 Summer	2016	Summer	Rio de Janeiro	
183488	Netherlands	NED	2008 Summer	2008	Summer	Beijing	
183489	Netherlands	NED	2012 Summer	2012	Summer	London	
...
93061	Canada	CAN	2006 Winter	2006	Winter	Torino	
93062	Canada	CAN	2010 Winter	2010	Winter	Vancouver	
93063	Canada	CAN	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi	
93087	Hungary	HUN	1972 Summer	1972	Summer	Munich	
271076	Soviet Union	URS	1952 Summer	1952	Summer	Helsinki	

	Sport	Event	Medal
42	Gymnastics	Gymnastics Men's Team All-Around	Gold
183584	Fencing	Fencing Men's epee, Individual	Gold
183423	Rowing	Rowing Women's Lightweight Double Sculls	Gold
183488	Hockey	Hockey Women's Hockey	Gold
183489	Hockey	Hockey Women's Hockey	Gold
...
93061	Ice Hockey	Ice Hockey Women's Ice Hockey	Gold
93062	Ice Hockey	Ice Hockey Women's Ice Hockey	Gold
93063	Ice Hockey	Ice Hockey Women's Ice Hockey	Gold
93087	Wrestling	Wrestling Men's Middleweight, Greco-Roman	Gold
271076	Athletics	Athletics Women's Shot Put	Gold

[9947 rows x 15 columns]

```
[55]: dfg=dfg.groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].reset_index()
      dfs=dfs.groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].reset_index()
      dfb=dfb.groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].reset_index()
```

```
[56]: dfg
```

```
[56]:      Team  Medal
0    Australia    342
```

1	Canada	422
2	China	308
3	East Germany	369
4	Finland	198
5	France	455
6	Germany	679
7	Great Britain	519
8	Hungary	432
9	Italy	535
10	Japan	247
11	Netherlands	277
12	Norway	299
13	Romania	161
14	Russia	366
15	South Korea	211
16	Soviet Union	1058
17	Sweden	451
18	Switzerland	144
19	United States	2474

```
[57]: dfg=dfg.sort_values('Medal',ascending=False).reset_index()
      dfs=dfs.sort_values('Medal',ascending=False).reset_index()
      dfb=dfb.sort_values('Medal',ascending=False).reset_index()
```

```
[58]: dfs
```

```
[58]:
```

	index	Team	Medal
0	19	United States	1512
1	16	Soviet Union	716
2	6	Germany	627
3	7	Great Britain	582
4	5	France	518
5	9	Italy	508
6	17	Sweden	476
7	0	Australia	453
8	1	Canada	413
9	14	Russia	351
10	8	Hungary	330
11	12	Norway	330
12	2	China	325
13	11	Netherlands	321
14	3	East Germany	309
15	10	Japan	307
16	4	Finland	263
17	15	South Korea	222
18	18	Switzerland	213
19	13	Romania	200

```
[59]: dfb
```

```
[59]:
```

	index	Team	Medal
0	19	United States	1233
1	6	Germany	678
2	16	Soviet Union	677
3	5	France	577
4	7	Great Britain	572
5	0	Australia	511
6	17	Sweden	507
7	9	Italy	484
8	4	Finland	415
9	1	Canada	408
10	14	Russia	393
11	11	Netherlands	390
12	8	Hungary	365
13	10	Japan	357
14	13	Romania	290
15	12	Norway	281
16	2	China	268
17	3	East Germany	263
18	18	Switzerland	231
19	15	South Korea	159

```
[60]: dfg
```

```
[60]:
```

	index	Team	Medal
0	19	United States	2474
1	16	Soviet Union	1058
2	6	Germany	679
3	9	Italy	535
4	7	Great Britain	519
5	5	France	455
6	17	Sweden	451
7	8	Hungary	432
8	1	Canada	422
9	3	East Germany	369
10	14	Russia	366
11	0	Australia	342
12	2	China	308
13	12	Norway	299
14	11	Netherlands	277
15	10	Japan	247
16	15	South Korea	211
17	4	Finland	198
18	13	Romania	161
19	18	Switzerland	144

```
[61]: dt=pd.DataFrame({'Team':df1['Team'],'Gold':dfg['Medal'],'Silver':  
    ↪dfs['Medal'],'Bronze':dfb['Medal']})
```

```
[62]: dt
```

```
[62]:
```

	Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze
0	United States	2474	1512	1233
1	Soviet Union	1058	716	678
2	Germany	679	627	677
3	Great Britain	535	582	577
4	France	519	518	572
5	Italy	455	508	511
6	Sweden	451	476	507
7	Australia	432	453	484
8	Canada	422	413	415
9	Hungary	369	351	408
10	Russia	366	330	393
11	Netherlands	342	330	390
12	East Germany	308	325	365
13	Japan	299	321	357
14	Norway	277	309	290
15	China	247	307	281
16	Finland	211	263	268
17	Romania	198	222	263
18	South Korea	161	213	231
19	Switzerland	144	200	159

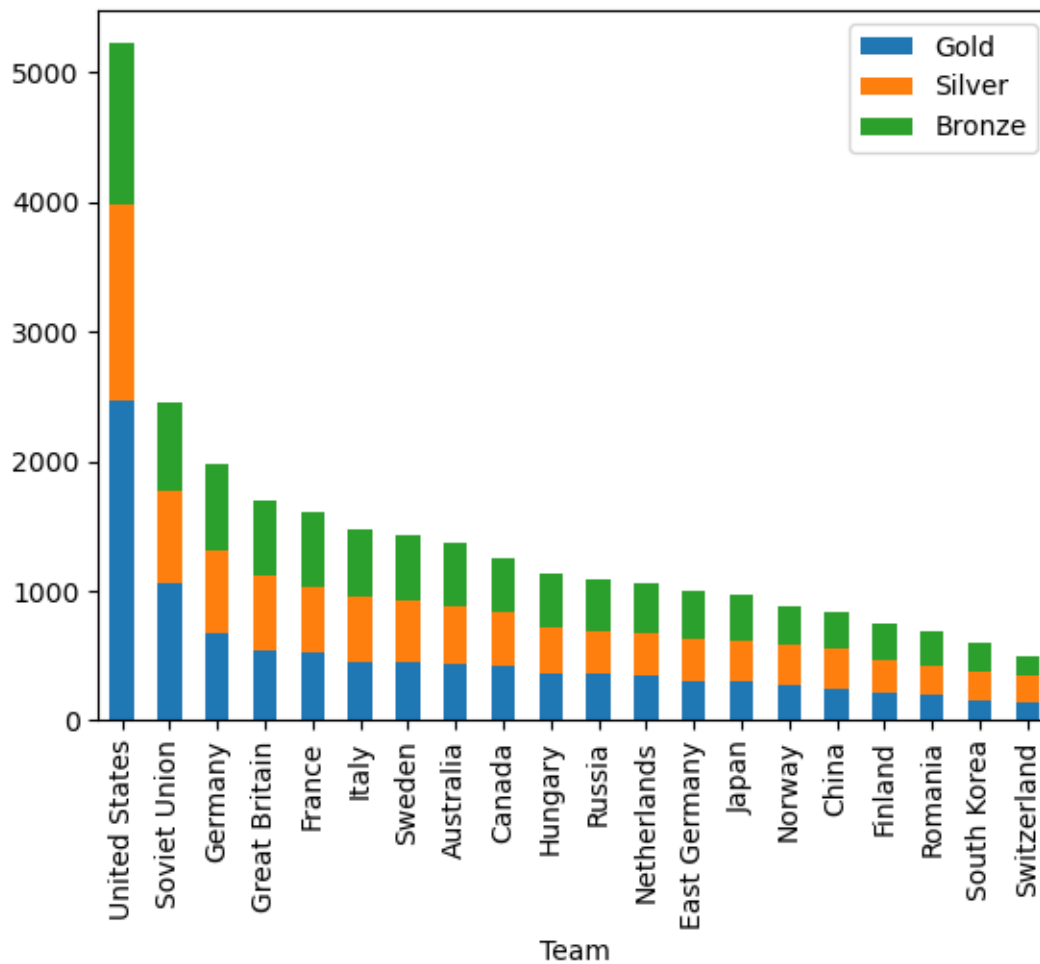
```
[63]: dt.sort_values(by='Gold',ascending=False)
```

```
[63]:
```

	Team	Gold	Silver	Bronze
0	United States	2474	1512	1233
1	Soviet Union	1058	716	678
2	Germany	679	627	677
3	Great Britain	535	582	577
4	France	519	518	572
5	Italy	455	508	511
6	Sweden	451	476	507
7	Australia	432	453	484
8	Canada	422	413	415
9	Hungary	369	351	408
10	Russia	366	330	393
11	Netherlands	342	330	390
12	East Germany	308	325	365
13	Japan	299	321	357
14	Norway	277	309	290
15	China	247	307	281
16	Finland	211	263	268

17	Romania	198	222	263
18	South Korea	161	213	231
19	Switzerland	144	200	159

```
[64]: dt=dt.set_index('Team')
dt.plot(kind='bar',stacked=True)
plt.show()
```



```
[65]: dt
```

```
[65]:
```

	Gold	Silver	Bronze
Team			
United States	2474	1512	1233
Soviet Union	1058	716	678
Germany	679	627	677
Great Britain	535	582	577

France	519	518	572
Italy	455	508	511
Sweden	451	476	507
Australia	432	453	484
Canada	422	413	415
Hungary	369	351	408
Russia	366	330	393
Netherlands	342	330	390
East Germany	308	325	365
Japan	299	321	357
Norway	277	309	290
China	247	307	281
Finland	211	263	268
Romania	198	222	263
South Korea	161	213	231
Switzerland	144	200	159

```
[66]: l=df.groupby('Team').count()['Medal'].sort_values(ascending=False).head(5).
      ↪reset_index()
```

```
[67]: ll=df[(df['Team'].isin(l.Team)) & (df.Season=='Summer')]
```

```
[68]: ll=ll.groupby(['Team', 'Year']).count()['Medal'].sort_values(ascending=True).
      ↪reset_index()
```

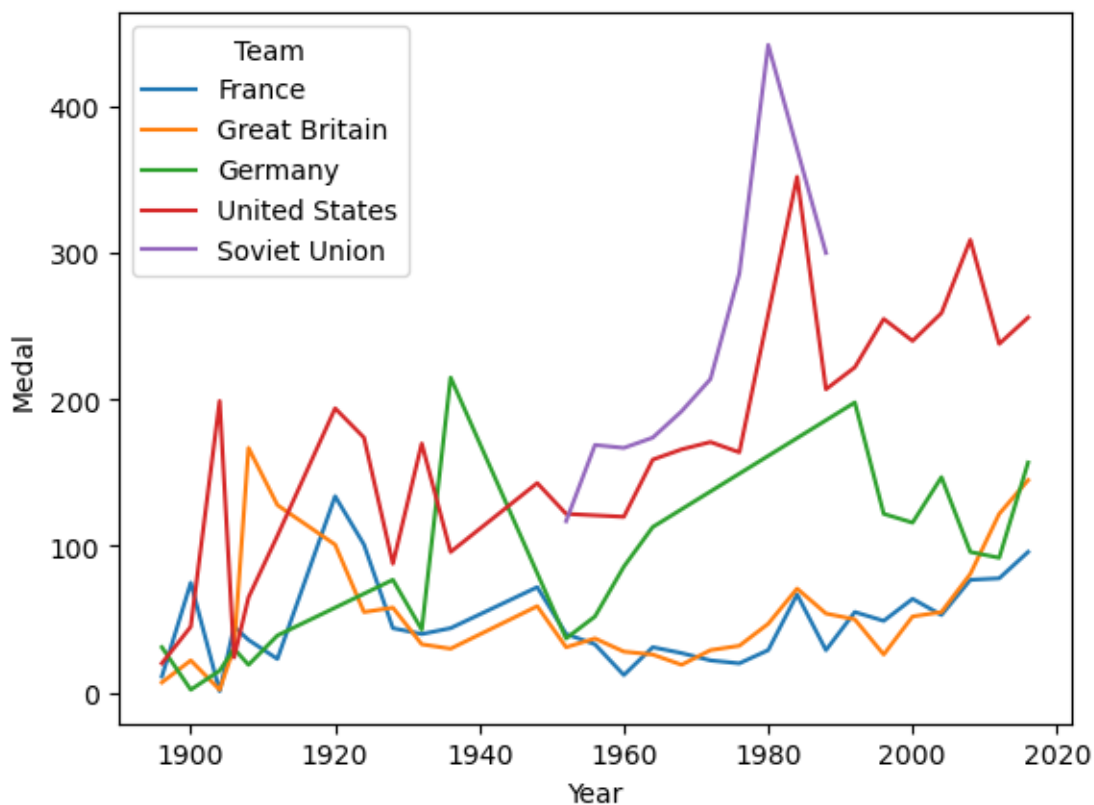
```
[69]: ll
```

```
[69]:
```

	Team	Year	Medal
0	France	1904	1
1	Great Britain	1904	2
2	Germany	1900	2
3	Great Britain	1896	7
4	France	1896	11
..
110	Soviet Union	1976	286
111	Soviet Union	1988	300
112	United States	2008	309
113	United States	1984	352
114	Soviet Union	1980	442

[115 rows x 3 columns]

```
[70]: sns.lineplot(x=ll.Year,y=ll.Medal,hue=ll.Team)
      plt.show()
```



[107]: df

[107]:

	ID	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight	\
0	1	A Dijiang	M	24.0	180.0	80.0	
1	2	A Lamusi	M	23.0	170.0	60.0	
2	3	Gunnar Nielsen Aaby	M	24.0	180.0	70.0	
3	4	Edgar Lindenau Aabye	M	34.0	180.0	70.0	
4	5	Christine Jacoba Aaftink	F	21.0	185.0	82.0	
...	
271111	135569	Andrzej ya	M	29.0	179.0	89.0	
271112	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271113	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271114	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	30.0	185.0	96.0	
271115	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	34.0	185.0	96.0	
	Team	NOC	Games	Year	Season	City	\
0	China	CHN	1992 Summer	1992	Summer	Barcelona	
1	China	CHN	2012 Summer	2012	Summer	London	
2	Denmark	DEN	1920 Summer	1920	Summer	Antwerpen	
3	Denmark/Sweden	DEN	1900 Summer	1900	Summer	Paris	
4	Netherlands	NED	1988 Winter	1988	Winter	Calgary	

...
271111	Poland-1	POL	1976	Winter	1976	Winter
271112	Poland	POL	2014	Winter	2014	Winter
271113	Poland	POL	2014	Winter	2014	Winter
271114	Poland	POL	1998	Winter	1998	Winter
271115	Poland	POL	2002	Winter	2002	Winter

	Sport	Event	Medal
0	Basketball	Basketball Men's Basketball	0
1	Judo	Judo Men's Extra-Lightweight	0
2	Football	Football Men's Football	0
3	Tug-Of-War	Tug-Of-War Men's Tug-Of-War	Gold
4	Speed Skating	Speed Skating Women's 500 metres	0

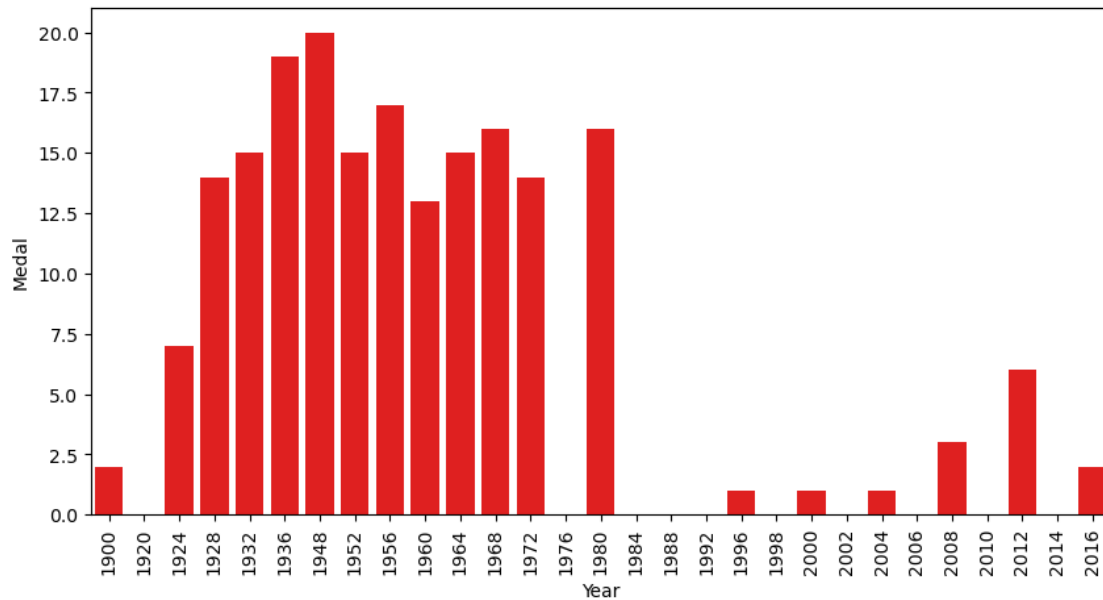
...
271111	Luge	Luge Mixed (Men)'s Doubles	0
271112	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Individual	0
271113	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Team	0
271114	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	0
271115	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	0

[271116 rows x 15 columns]

```
[72]: dfi=df[df['Team']=='India']
```

```
[73]: dfi=dfi.groupby(['Year']).count()['Medal'].sort_values(ascending=True).
      ↪reset_index()
```

```
[74]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
      sns.barplot(x=dfi.Year,y=dfi.Medal,color='red')
      plt.xticks(rotation=90)
      plt.show()
```



```
[4]: df=pd.read_csv('D:/DS/resume projects/athlete seaborn/athlete_events.csv')
```

```
[5]: df2=df
```

```
[6]: df2.isna().sum().sum()
```

```
[6]: 363853
```

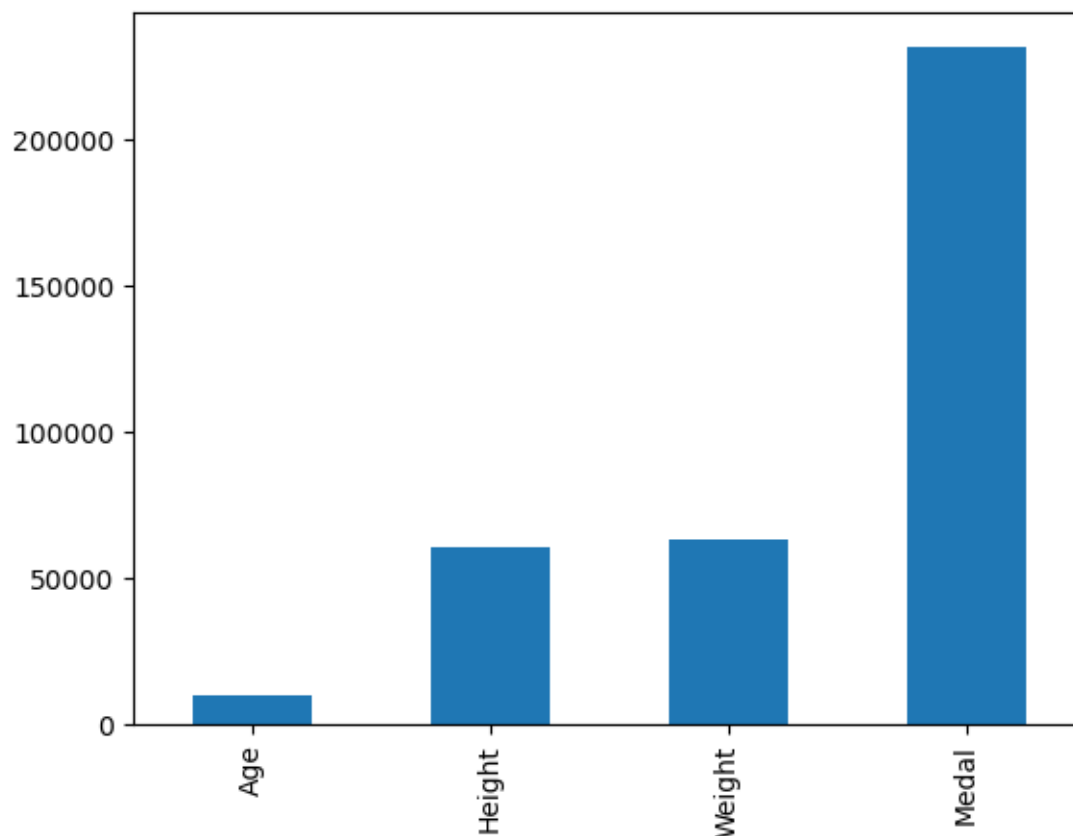
```
[7]: l=[]
      for i in df2.columns:
          if df2[i].isna().sum()>0:
              l.append(i)
```

```
[8]: l
```

```
[8]: ['Age', 'Height', 'Weight', 'Medal']
```

```
[9]: df2[l].isna().sum().plot(kind='bar')
```

```
[9]: <Axes: >
```



```
[10]: df['Medal'] = df['Medal'].replace({'Gold': 1, 'Silver': 1, 'Bronze': 1})
df['Medal'].fillna(0, inplace=True)
```

```
[11]: df['Medal'].value_counts()
```

```
[11]: 0.0    231333
      1.0     39783
      Name: Medal, dtype: int64
```

```
[55]: df
```

```
[55]:
```

	ID	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight	\
0	1	A Dijiang	M	24.0	180.0	80.0	
1	2	A Lamusi	M	23.0	170.0	60.0	
2	3	Gunnar Nielsen Aaby	M	24.0	NaN	NaN	
3	4	Edgar Lindenau Aabye	M	34.0	NaN	NaN	
4	5	Christine Jacoba Aaftink	F	21.0	185.0	82.0	
...	
271111	135569	Andrzej ya	M	29.0	179.0	89.0	
271112	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	

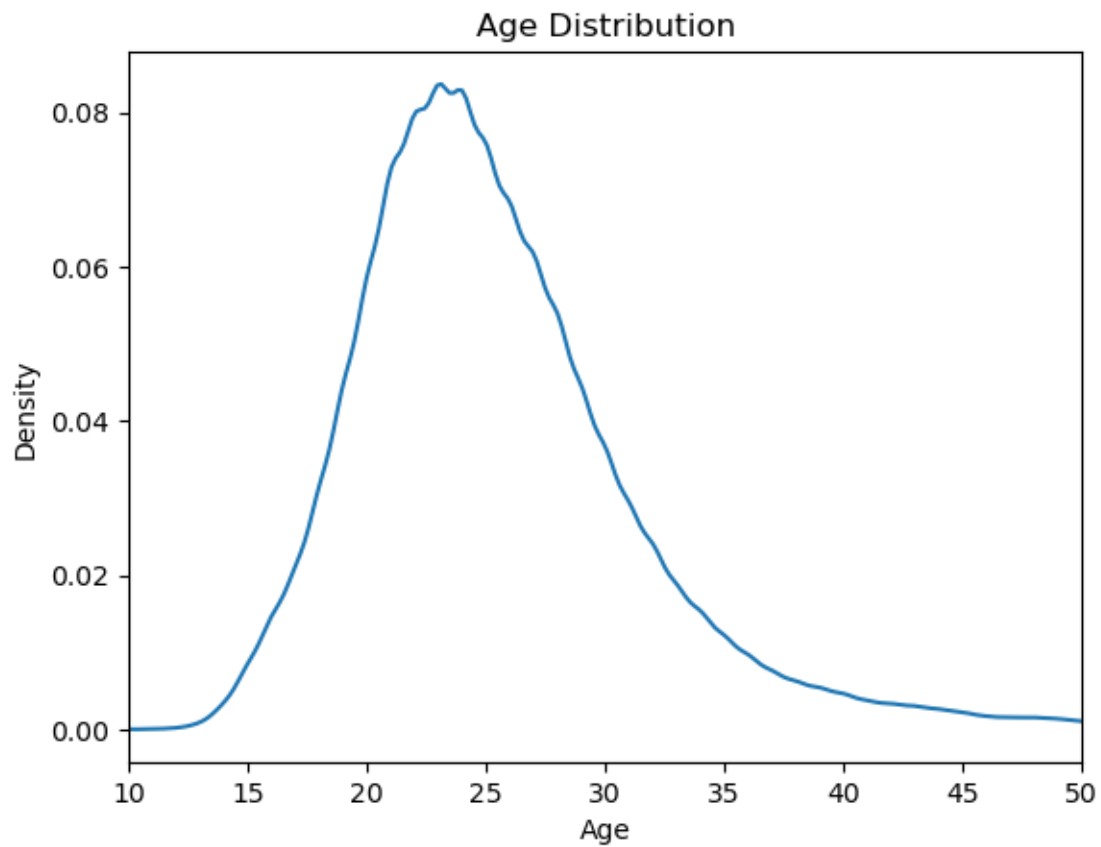
271113	135570		Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0
271114	135571		Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	30.0	185.0	96.0
271115	135571		Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	34.0	185.0	96.0

	Team	NOC	Games	Year	Season	City \
0	China	CHN	1992 Summer	1992	Summer	Barcelona
1	China	CHN	2012 Summer	2012	Summer	London
2	Denmark	DEN	1920 Summer	1920	Summer	Antwerpen
3	Denmark/Sweden	DEN	1900 Summer	1900	Summer	Paris
4	Netherlands	NED	1988 Winter	1988	Winter	Calgary
...
271111	Poland-1	POL	1976 Winter	1976	Winter	Innsbruck
271112	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi
271113	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi
271114	Poland	POL	1998 Winter	1998	Winter	Nagano
271115	Poland	POL	2002 Winter	2002	Winter	Salt Lake City

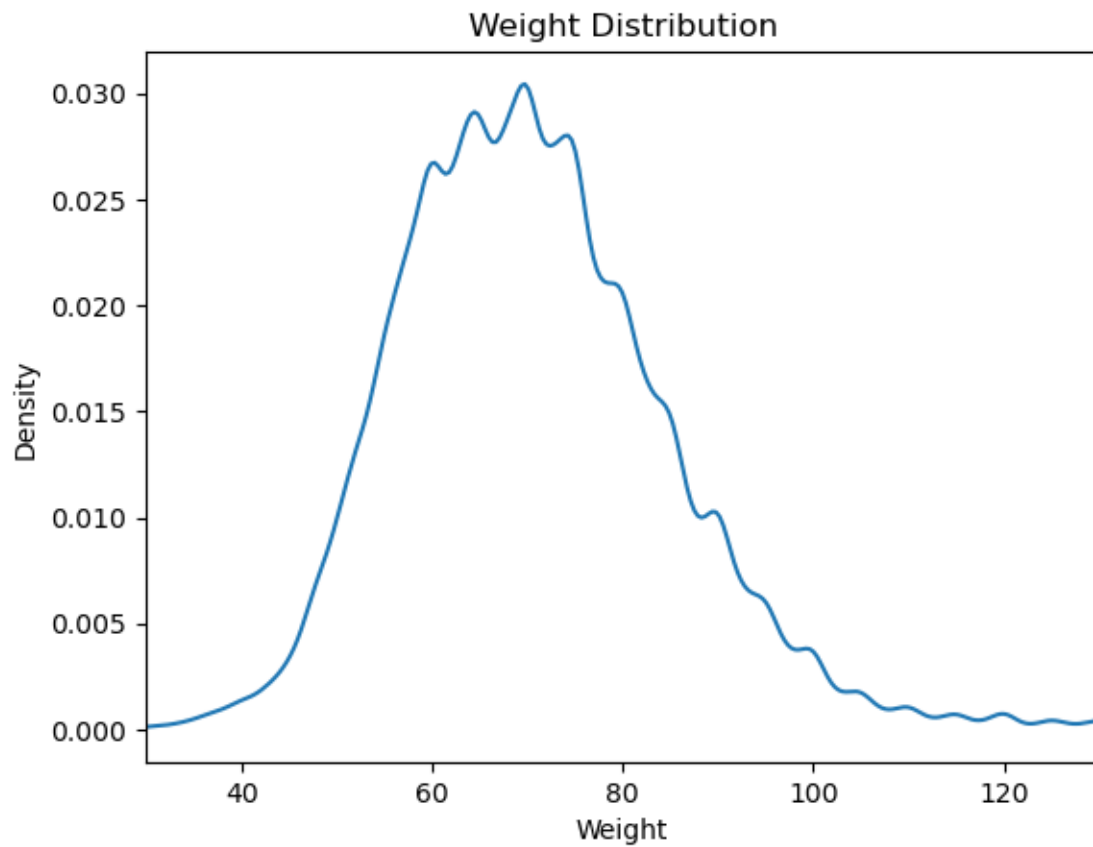
	Sport	Event	Medal
0	Basketball	Basketball Men's Basketball	0.0
1	Judo	Judo Men's Extra-Lightweight	0.0
2	Football	Football Men's Football	0.0
3	Tug-Of-War	Tug-Of-War Men's Tug-Of-War	1.0
4	Speed Skating	Speed Skating Women's 500 metres	0.0
...
271111	Luge	Luge Mixed (Men)'s Doubles	0.0
271112	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Individual	0.0
271113	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Team	0.0
271114	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	0.0
271115	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	0.0

[271116 rows x 15 columns]

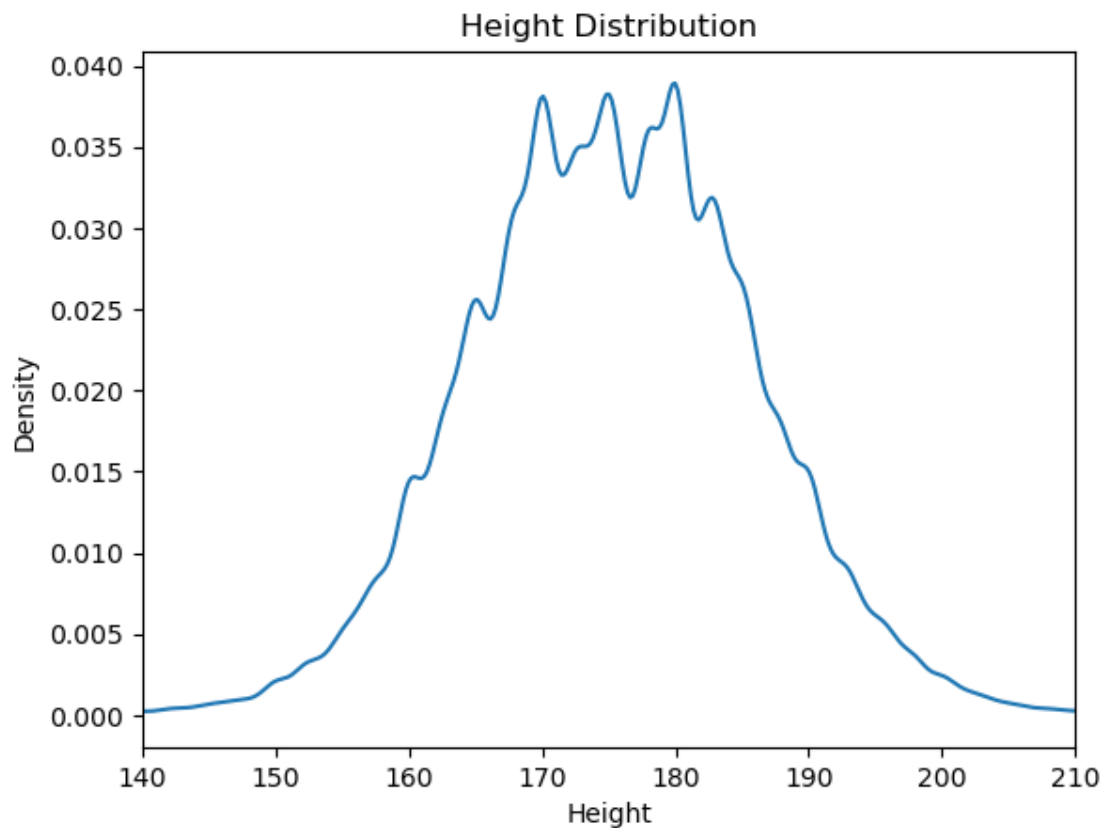
```
[12]: df2['Age'].plot(kind='kde')
plt.xlim(10, 50)
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Density')
plt.title('Age Distribution')
plt.show()
```



```
[139]: df2['Weight'].plot(kind='kde')
plt.xlim(30, 130)
plt.xlabel('Weight')
plt.ylabel('Density')
plt.title('Weight Distribution')
plt.show()
```



```
[140]: df2['Height'].plot(kind='kde')
plt.xlim(140, 210)
plt.xlabel('Height')
plt.ylabel('Density')
plt.title('Height Distribution')
plt.show()
```



```
[13]: for i in l:
        df2[i] = df2[i].fillna(df[i].mode().iloc[0])
```

```
[14]: df2.isna().sum().sum()
```

```
[14]: 0
```

```
[15]: df2
```

```
[15]:
```

	ID	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight	\
0	1	A Dijiang	M	24.0	180.0	80.0	
1	2	A Lamusi	M	23.0	170.0	60.0	
2	3	Gunnar Nielsen Aaby	M	24.0	180.0	70.0	
3	4	Edgar Lindenau Aabye	M	34.0	180.0	70.0	
4	5	Christine Jacoba Aaftink	F	21.0	185.0	82.0	
...	
271111	135569	Andrzej ya	M	29.0	179.0	89.0	
271112	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271113	135570	Piotr ya	M	27.0	176.0	59.0	
271114	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya	M	30.0	185.0	96.0	

271115	135571	Tomasz Ireneusz ya			M	34.0	185.0	96.0
--------	--------	--------------------	--	--	---	------	-------	------

	Team	NOC	Games	Year	Season	City \
0	China	CHN	1992 Summer	1992	Summer	Barcelona
1	China	CHN	2012 Summer	2012	Summer	London
2	Denmark	DEN	1920 Summer	1920	Summer	Antwerpen
3	Denmark/Sweden	DEN	1900 Summer	1900	Summer	Paris
4	Netherlands	NED	1988 Winter	1988	Winter	Calgary
...
271111	Poland-1	POL	1976 Winter	1976	Winter	Innsbruck
271112	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi
271113	Poland	POL	2014 Winter	2014	Winter	Sochi
271114	Poland	POL	1998 Winter	1998	Winter	Nagano
271115	Poland	POL	2002 Winter	2002	Winter	Salt Lake City

	Sport	Event	Medal
0	Basketball	Basketball Men's Basketball	0.0
1	Judo	Judo Men's Extra-Lightweight	0.0
2	Football	Football Men's Football	0.0
3	Tug-Of-War	Tug-Of-War Men's Tug-Of-War	1.0
4	Speed Skating	Speed Skating Women's 500 metres	0.0
...
271111	Luge	Luge Mixed (Men)'s Doubles	0.0
271112	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Individual	0.0
271113	Ski Jumping	Ski Jumping Men's Large Hill, Team	0.0
271114	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	0.0
271115	Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh Men's Four	0.0

[271116 rows x 15 columns]

```
[16]: df=df2
```

```
[17]: X = df.drop(['Medal','ID','Name','City','Games','Year'], axis=1)
y = df['Medal']
```

1 Label Encoding

```
[18]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()
X['Team'] = le.fit_transform(X['Team'])
X['Sport'] = le.fit_transform(X['Sport'])
X['Event'] = le.fit_transform(X['Event'])
X['NOC'] = le.fit_transform(X['NOC'])
```


2 One Hot Encoding

```
[19]: X = pd.get_dummies(X, drop_first=True, sparse=True)
```

3 Train Test Split

```
[20]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,
↳random_state=42)
```

```
[21]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
import numpy as np

# Create the DecisionTreeClassifier instance with balanced class weights
dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight='balanced')

# Define the parameter grid with reduced ranges
param_dist = {
    'max_depth': [5, 10, 15, None], # A smaller range for max_depth
    'min_samples_split': np.arange(2, 8, 2), # Fewer values for
↳min_samples_split
    'min_samples_leaf': np.arange(2, 5), # Fewer values for min_samples_leaf
    'max_features': [0.2, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7],
}

# Create the RandomizedSearchCV instance
random_search = RandomizedSearchCV(dt, param_distributions=param_dist, cv=5,
↳n_iter=20, n_jobs=-1)

# Perform the random search on your dataset
random_search.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Print the best hyperparameters and corresponding score
print("Best Hyperparameters:", random_search.best_params_)
print("Best Score:", random_search.best_score_)
```

```
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with
sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```
Best Hyperparameters: {'min_samples_split': 2, 'min_samples_leaf': 2,
'max_features': 0.7, 'max_depth': None}
```

```
Best Score: 0.8155303097799423
```

4 1.Hyper Parameter Tunning

```
[23]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay

# Define the updated parameter grid with more options
param_dist = {
    'max_depth': [None, 5, 10, 15, 20], # More options for max_depth
    'min_samples_split': np.arange(2, 10, 2), # Expanded range for
    ↪ min_samples_split
    'min_samples_leaf': np.arange(2, 6), # Expanded range for min_samples_leaf
    'max_features': [0.2, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9], # More options for max_features
}

# Create the DecisionTreeClassifier instance with balanced class weights
dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight='balanced')

# Create the RandomizedSearchCV instance with more iterations
random_search = RandomizedSearchCV(dt, param_distributions=param_dist, cv=5,
    ↪ n_iter=50, n_jobs=-1)

# Perform the random search on your dataset
random_search.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Print the best hyperparameters and corresponding score
print("Best Hyperparameters:", random_search.best_params_)
print("Best Score:", random_search.best_score_)

# Get the best model from the random search
best_model = random_search.best_estimator_

# Predict on the test set (assuming you have a separate test set)
y_pred = best_model.predict(X_test)

# Create the confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

# Plot the confusion matrix heatmap
labels = np.unique(y_test)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=labels,
    ↪ yticklabels=labels)
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()
```

```
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-  
packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with  
sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

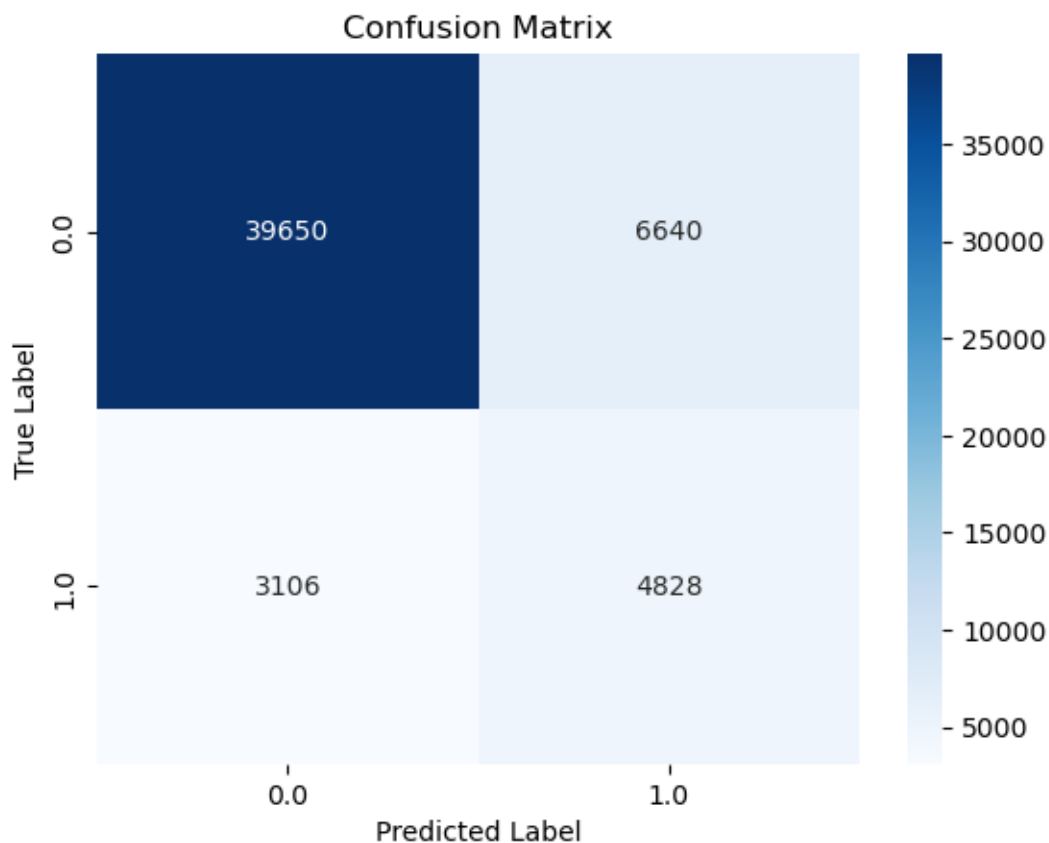
```
Best Hyperparameters: {'min_samples_split': 4, 'min_samples_leaf': 2,  
'max_features': 0.9, 'max_depth': None}
```

```
Best Score: 0.8191588506847454
```

```
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-  
packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with  
sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```



5 2.Hyperparameter tuning(Computationally expensive)

```
[24]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier  
  
# Create the RandomForestClassifier instance with balanced class weights  
rf = RandomForestClassifier(class_weight='balanced', n_jobs=-1)
```

```

# Define a smaller parameter grid with reduced options
param_dist = {
    #'n_estimators': [20, 25],
    'max_depth': [20, 50, None],
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5],
    'min_samples_leaf': [1, 3],
    'max_features': [0.5, 0.7],
}

# Create the RandomizedSearchCV instance with fewer iterations
random_search = RandomizedSearchCV(rf, param_distributions=param_dist, cv=5,
    ↪n_iter=10, n_jobs=-1)

# Perform the random search on a subset of your dataset
subset_size = 5000 # Adjust this size as needed
random_search.fit(X_train[:subset_size], y_train[:subset_size])

# Print the best hyperparameters and corresponding score
print("Best Hyperparameters:", random_search.best_params_)
print("Best Score:", random_search.best_score_)

# Get the best model from the random search
best_model = random_search.best_estimator_

# Now fit the best model on the entire training set (optional)
best_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Predict on the test set (assuming you have a separate test set)
y_pred = best_model.predict(X_test)

# Create the confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

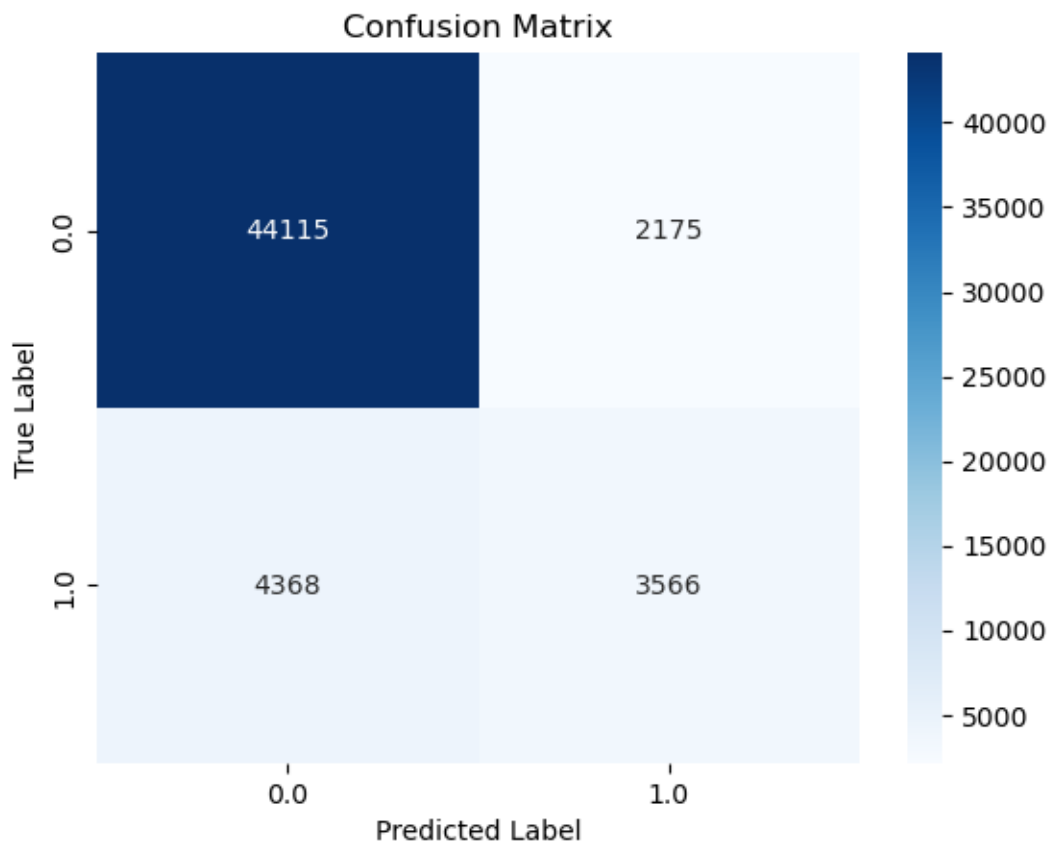
# Plot the confusion matrix heatmap
labels = np.unique(y_test)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=labels,
    ↪yticklabels=labels)
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

```

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.
 warnings.warn(

```
Best Hyperparameters: {'min_samples_split': 2, 'min_samples_leaf': 1,
'max_features': 0.5, 'max_depth': None}
Best Score: 0.8549999999999999
```

```
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with
sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.
  warnings.warn(
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with
sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.
  warnings.warn(
```



6 3. Hyperparameter tuning(Computationally expensive code)

```
[25]: # from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

# # Create the RandomForestClassifier instance with balanced class weights
# rf = RandomForestClassifier(class_weight='balanced', n_jobs=-1)
```

```

# # Define the parameter grid for RandomizedSearchCV
# param_dist = {
#     'n_estimators': [10, 20], # Number of trees in the forest
#     'max_depth': [10, 20, 30, None], # Regularization: More options for
#     ↪max_depth
#     'min_samples_split': np.arange(2, 10, 2), # Regularization: Expanded
#     ↪range for min_samples_split
#     'min_samples_leaf': np.arange(1, 6), # Regularization: Expanded range
#     ↪for min_samples_leaf
#     'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 0.2, 0.5, 0.7], # Different options for
#     ↪max_features
# }

# # Create the RandomizedSearchCV instance with more iterations and folds
# random_search = RandomizedSearchCV(rf, param_distributions=param_dist, cv=10,
#     ↪n_iter=50, n_jobs=-1)

# # Perform the random search on your dataset
# random_search.fit(X_train, y_train)

# # Print the best hyperparameters and corresponding score
# print("Best Hyperparameters:", random_search.best_params_)
# print("Best Score:", random_search.best_score_)

# # Get the best model from the random search
# best_model = random_search.best_estimator_

# # Predict on the test set (assuming you have a separate test set)
# y_pred = best_model.predict(X_test)

# # Create the confusion matrix
# cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

# # Plot the confusion matrix heatmap
# labels = np.unique(y_test)
# sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=labels,
#     ↪yticklabels=labels)
# plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
# plt.ylabel("True Label")
# plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
# plt.show()

```

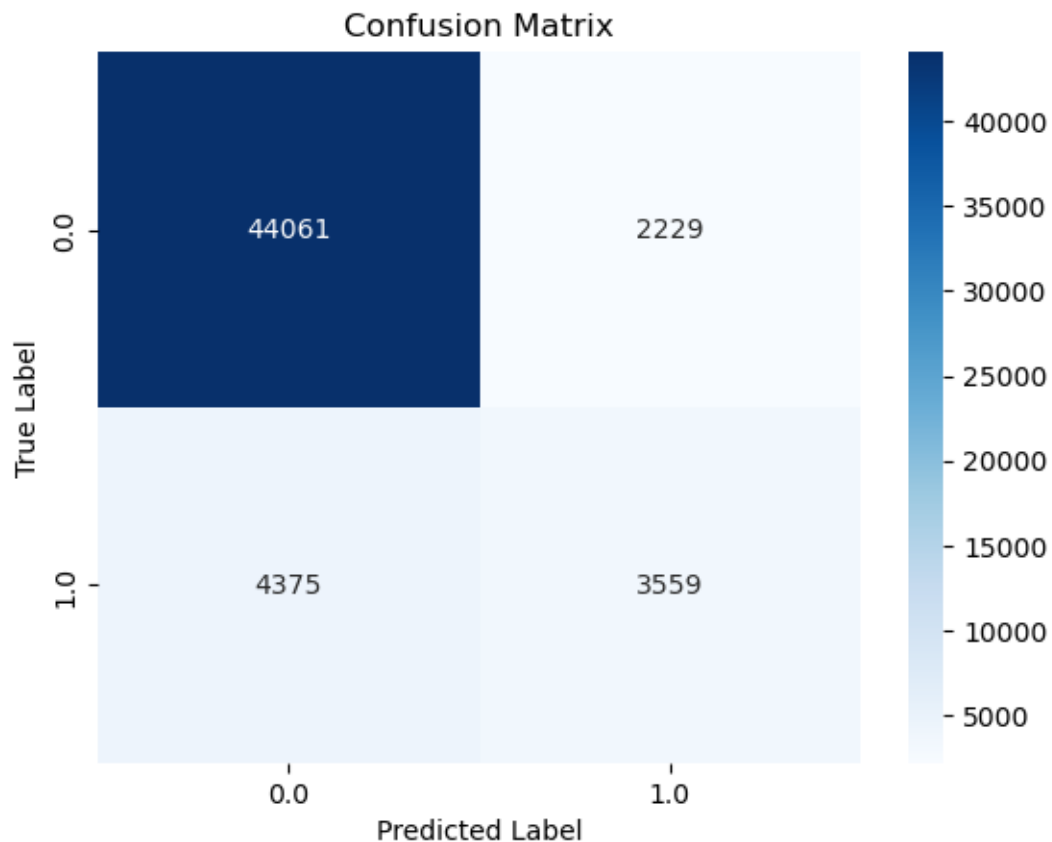
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.

warnings.warn(

Best Hyperparameters: {'n_estimators': 20, 'min_samples_split': 2,

```
'min_samples_leaf': 1, 'max_features': 0.5, 'max_depth': 30}
Best Score: 0.8765284301800967
```

```
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with
sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.
warnings.warn(
```



7 Random Forest

```
[26]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score

# Create the RandomForestClassifier instance with balanced class weights
rf = RandomForestClassifier(class_weight='balanced', n_jobs=-1)

# Fit the model on the training data
rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```

# Make predictions on the test set
y_pred = rf.predict(X_test)

# Calculate the accuracy score
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("Initial Accuracy:", accuracy)

# Create the confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

# Plot the confusion matrix heatmap
labels = np.unique(y_test)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=labels,
            yticklabels=labels)
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

```

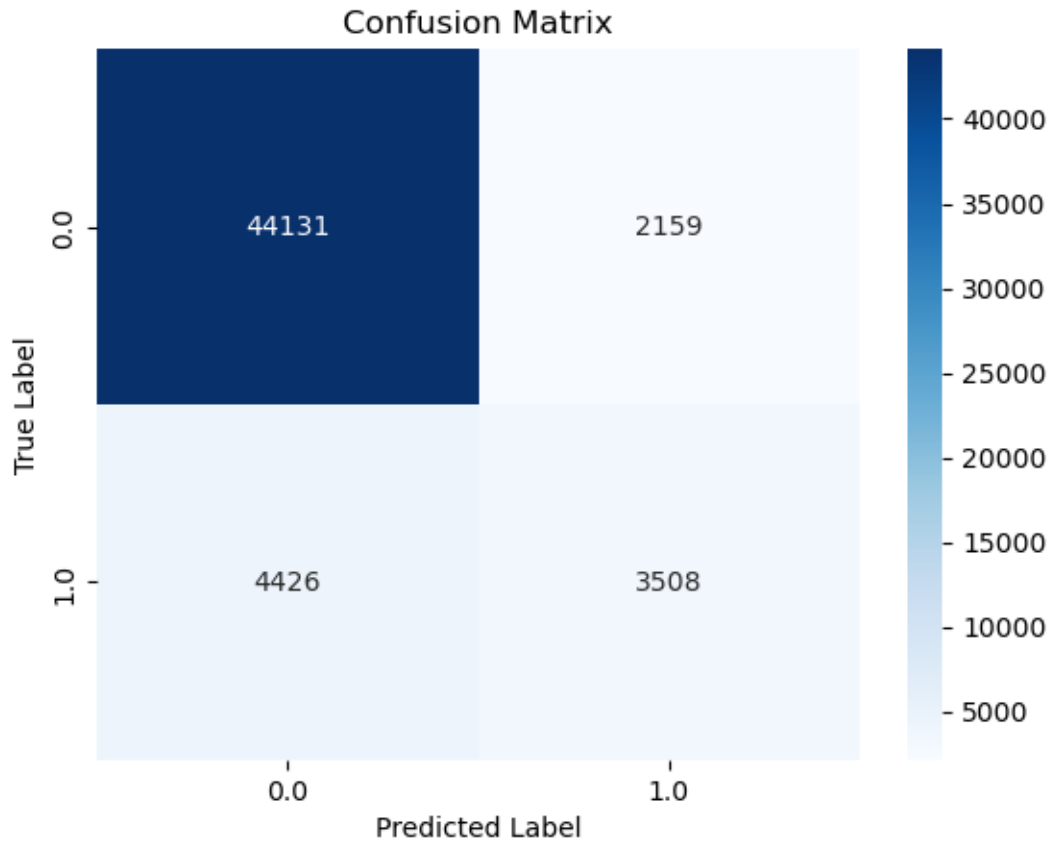
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.

warnings.warn(

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.

warnings.warn(

Initial Accuracy: 0.878559309530835



8 Hyperparameter In RF

```
[27]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score

# Create the RandomForestClassifier instance with balanced class weights
rf = RandomForestClassifier(class_weight='balanced', n_jobs=-1)

# Define the parameter grid for RandomizedSearchCV
param_dist = {
    'n_estimators': [100, 150, 200, 250],
    'max_depth': [10, 20, 30, None],
    'min_samples_split': np.arange(2, 10, 2),
    'min_samples_leaf': np.arange(1, 6),
    'max_features': [0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8],
}

# Create the RandomizedSearchCV instance with a reasonable number of iterations
```

```

random_search = RandomizedSearchCV(rf, param_distributions=param_dist, cv=5,
    ↪n_iter=20, n_jobs=-1)

# Perform the random search on the full dataset
random_search.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Print the best hyperparameters and corresponding score
print("Best Hyperparameters:", random_search.best_params_)
print("Best Score:", random_search.best_score_)

# Get the best model from the random search
best_model = random_search.best_estimator_

# Predict on the test set (assuming you have a separate test set)
y_pred = best_model.predict(X_test)

# Calculate the accuracy score for the best model
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("Best Model Accuracy:", accuracy)

# Create the confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

# Plot the confusion matrix heatmap
labels = np.unique(y_test)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=labels,
    ↪yticklabels=labels)
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

```

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.

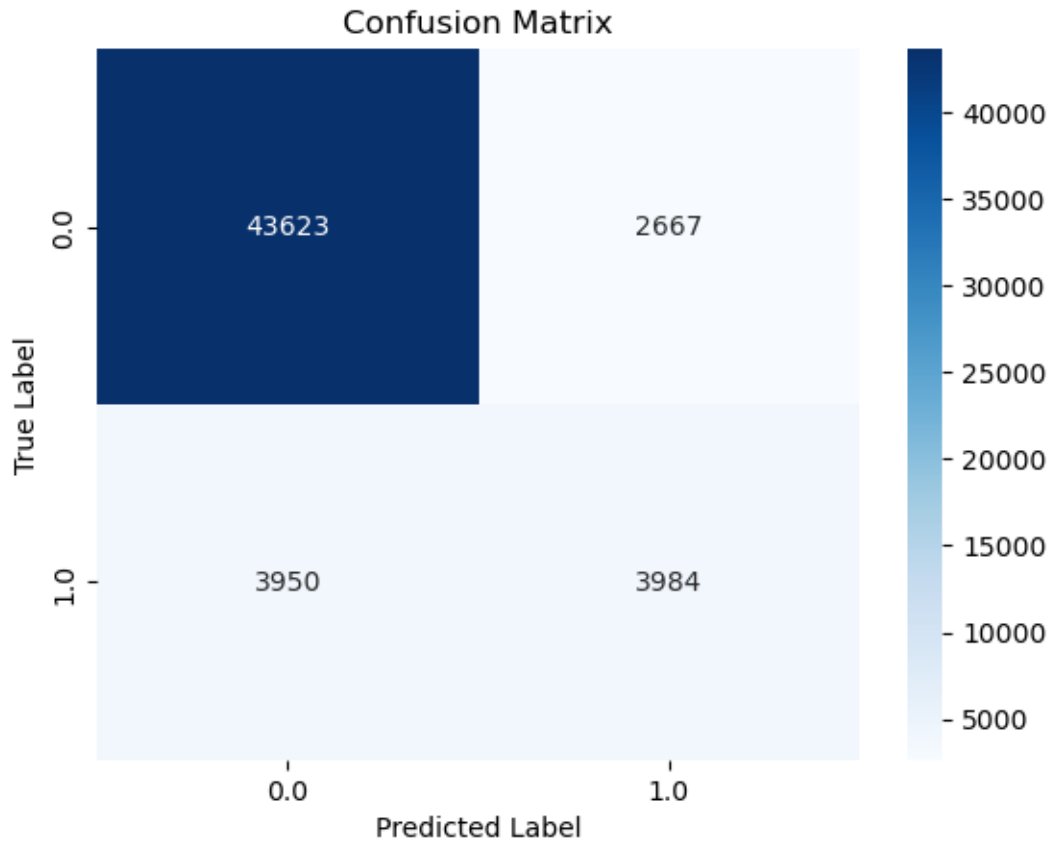
warnings.warn(

Best Hyperparameters: {'n_estimators': 200, 'min_samples_split': 4, 'min_samples_leaf': 1, 'max_features': 0.8, 'max_depth': None}
 Best Score: 0.8772891518760447

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.

warnings.warn(

Best Model Accuracy: 0.8779691649454117



9 Logistic regression

```
[28]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score

# Create the LogisticRegression instance
logreg = LogisticRegression()

# Fit the model on the training data
logreg.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Make predictions on the test set
y_pred = logreg.predict(X_test)

# Calculate the accuracy score
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("Initial Accuracy:", accuracy)
```

```

# Create the confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

# Plot the confusion matrix heatmap
labels = np.unique(y_test)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=labels,
            yticklabels=labels)
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

```

```

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with
sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.
    warnings.warn(
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed
to converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

```

Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>

Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:

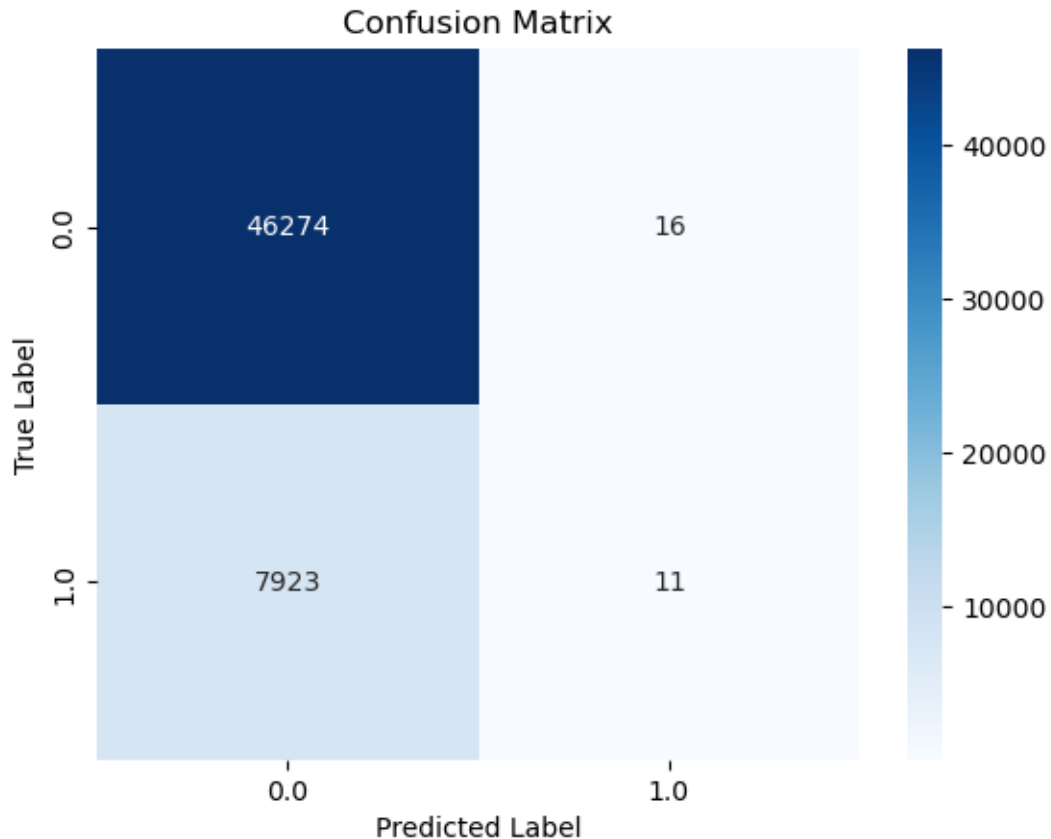
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression

```

n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with
sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.
    warnings.warn(

```

Initial Accuracy: 0.8535888167601062



```
[29]: from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
import numpy as np

# Create the LogisticRegression instance
logreg = LogisticRegression()

# Define the parameter grid for RandomizedSearchCV
param_dist = {
    'C': np.logspace(-3, 3, 7), # Vary C from 0.001 to 1000
}

# Create the RandomizedSearchCV instance with a reasonable number of iterations
random_search = RandomizedSearchCV(logreg, param_distributions=param_dist,
    cv=5, n_iter=20, n_jobs=-1)

# Perform the random search on the full dataset
random_search.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Print the best hyperparameters and corresponding score
print("Best Hyperparameters:", random_search.best_params_)
```

```

print("Best Score:", random_search.best_score_)

# Get the best model from the random search
best_model = random_search.best_estimator_

# Predict on the test set (assuming you have a separate test set)
y_pred = best_model.predict(X_test)

# Calculate the accuracy score for the best model
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("Best Model Accuracy:", accuracy)

# Create the confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

# Plot the confusion matrix heatmap
labels = np.unique(y_test)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=labels,
            yticklabels=labels)
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

```

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selection_search.py:305: UserWarning: The total space of parameters 7 is smaller than n_iter=20. Running 7 iterations. For exhaustive searches, use GridSearchCV.

warnings.warn(

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.

warnings.warn(

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):

STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>

Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:

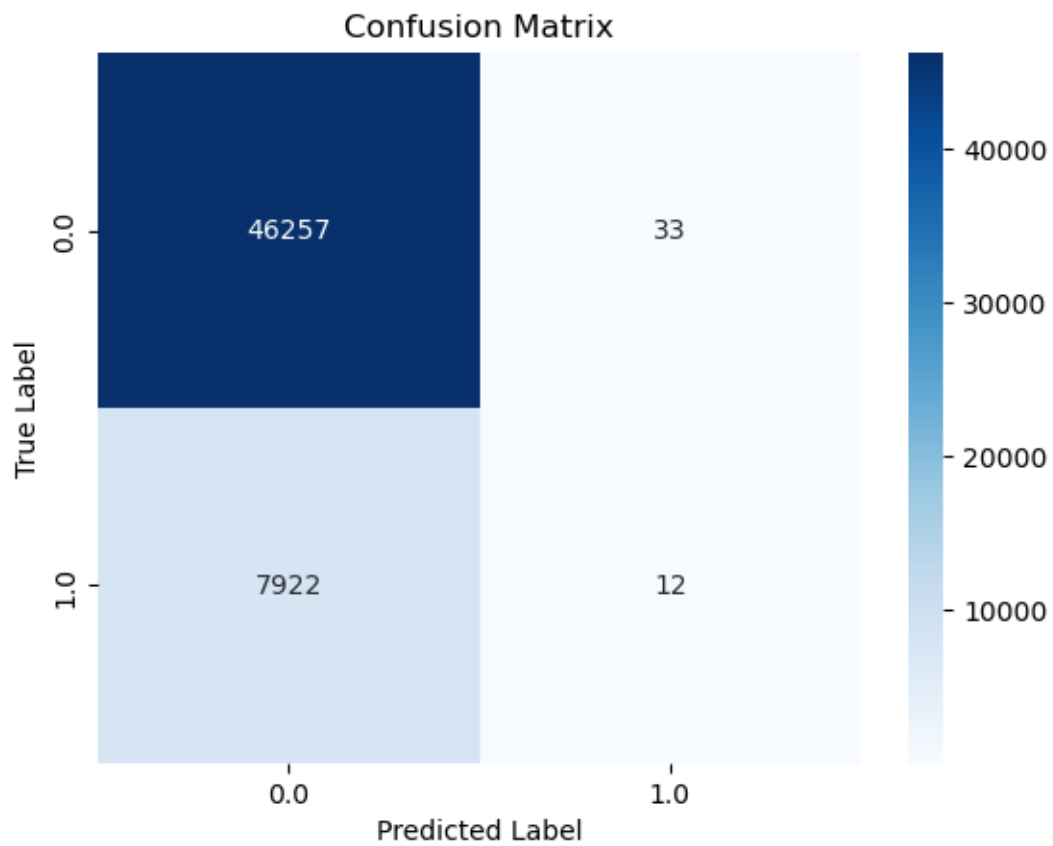
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression

n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(

C:\Users\Kundan Mourya\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:768: UserWarning: pandas.DataFrame with sparse columns found.It will be converted to a dense numpy array.

warnings.warn(

Best Hyperparameters: {'C': 0.001}
Best Score: 0.8529268009214984
Best Model Accuracy: 0.8532937444673945



[]: