

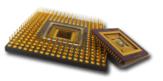
# Lab 3: Simple ALU

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## Lab 3 Goal: Simple ALU

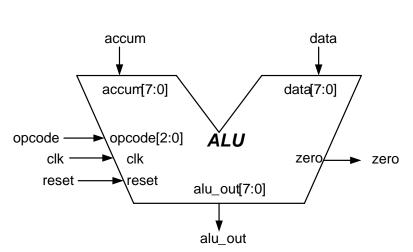
- In this lab, you will practice Verilog to design one simple ALU.
- The lab file submission deadline is on 10/16 by 6:00pm.



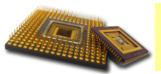


## Simple ALU

- All inputs and outputs except zero are synchronized with positive clock edge (rising edge).
- reset is a synchronized reset. When reset=1, reset ALU and alu\_out will be 0.
- accum, data, and alu\_out are represented by 2's complement.
- When accum=0, the zero output is 1. On the contrary, when accum~=0 (not equal to), the zero output is 0. zero and reset are independent.
- When opcode input X(unknow), alu\_out is 0.



opcode	ALU operation	
000	Pass accum	
001	accum + data	(add)
010	accum – data	(subtraction)
011	accum AND data	(bit-wise AND)
100	accum XOR data	(bit-wise XOR)
101	ABS(accum)	(absolute value)
110	MUL	(multiplication)
111	Pass data	



- 1. When the absolute operation is activated, accum[7] is the signed bit.
- 2. MUL is only for sign multiplication.



#### Testbench of the ALU Module

```
wire [7:0] alu out;
reg [7:0] data, accum;
req [2:0] opcode;
wire [7:0] mask;
req clk, reset;
parameter ranseed = 8; // Seed for the random function
                       // Modify the seed for different inputs
// Instantiate the ALU. Named mapping allows the designer to have
freedom with the order of port declarations
      alu1 (.alu out(alu out), .zero(zero), //outputs from ALU
           .opcode(opcode), .data(data & mask), //inputs to ALU
           .accum(accum & mask), .clk(clk), .reset(reset));
// Define mnemonics to represent opcodes
  `define PASSA 3'b000
  `define ADD 3'b001
  `define PASSD 3'b111
```



#### Testbench of the ALU Module

```
// Define a safe delay between each strobing of the ALU
inputs/outputs

define strobe 20

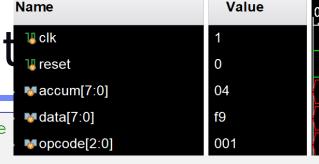
// To perform a 4-bit multiplication, set the first 4 bits of the input to 4'b0000 when opcode is 3'b110 (Multiplication)
assign mask = (opcode == 3'b110)? 8'h0f: 8'hff;

// Clock generate
initial clk = 0;
always #(`strobe/2) clk = ~clk;
```





## Test



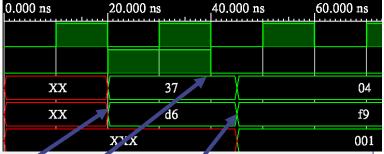
REAL

DATA IN



OUTPUT

ACCUM IN



// pattern generate

initial begin

// SET UP THE OUTPUT FORMAT FOR THE TEXT DISPLA

\$display("\t\t\t INPUTS \$display("\t\t\t OPCODE

\$display("\t\t\t

reset = 0;

# `strobe; accum = 8'h37;

data = 8'hD6;reset = 1; //reset the ALU

# `strobe;

reset = 0;

// APPLY STIMULUS TO THE INPUT FINS

accum = \$random % ranseed; //Set inputs to the ALU

//Wait for ALU to process inputs

data = \$random % ranseed;

end

\$random: Generate a 32-bit signed-integer random number

OUT

ZERO BIT");

\n");

\$random % 8 : Generate a fandom number whose range is between -7 and 7

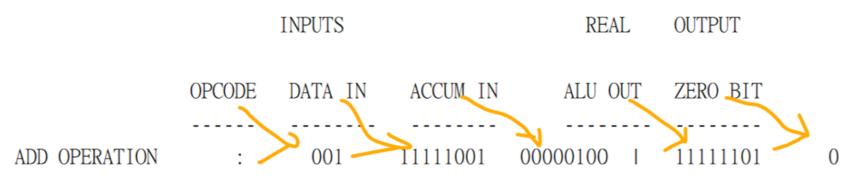
#(`strobe/4) opcode = 3'b001; // Set operation code

#(`strobe/2) check outputs; //call a task to verify outputs



### Testbench of the ALU Module

```
SUBROUTINES TO DISPLAY THE ALU OUTPUTS
task check outputs;
    casez (opcode)
        `PASSA : begin
                  $display("PASS ACCUM OPERATION:",
                                  응b
                                         응b
                                                 l %b
                                              응b
                           opcode, data, accum, alu out, zero);
                 end
        `ADD
                : begin
                  $display("ADD OPERATION
                                         %b
                                            %b | %b
                                  응b
                           opcode, data, accum, alu out, zero);
                 end
```





#### Lab 3 Demo Guide

- You can download the sample testbench file alu\_test.v from E3, and create a Vivado project for it.
- You should upload your lab3 solution to E3 before the deadline.
- During the demo time, TA will ask you to modify the testbench to show different results.
  - You can download your code from E3 during demo.

