

orden de elementos para  
vectores columna  $P, f$  :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1, 1 \\ 1, 2 \\ 1, 3 \\ \vdots \\ 1, N-3 \\ 1, N-2 \\ 2, 1 \\ 2, 2 \\ 2, 3 \\ \vdots \\ N-2, N-3 \\ N-2, N-2 \end{bmatrix}$$

OBS:  $N = n_x = n_y$

### CONDICIONES DE BORDE

Sea  $i_{\text{-paredes}} = \text{numpy.where}(y \leq L/2)$   
 $i_{\text{-apertura}} = \text{numpy.where}(y > L/2)$

①  $P = 0$  en  $(x=L, y > L/2)$  presión nula en la salida  $\rightarrow i_{\text{-apertura}}, j=N-1$   
 $\Rightarrow P_{i, N-1} = 0$  para  $i \in i_{\text{-apertura}}$

②  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial x} = 0$  en  $(x=0)$  pared izquierda y entrada  

$$\left. \frac{P_{i, j+1} - P_{i, j}}{\Delta} \right|_{j=0} = 0 \Rightarrow P_{i, 1} = P_{i, 0}$$

③  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial x} = 0$  en  $(x=L, y \leq L/2)$  pared derecha  

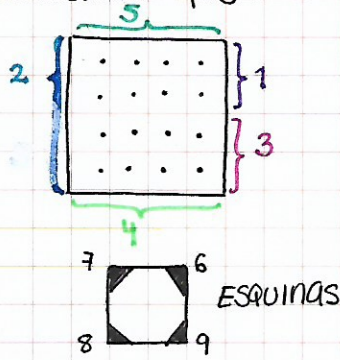
$$\left. \frac{P_{i, j} - P_{i, j-1}}{\Delta} \right|_{j=N-1, i \in i_{\text{-paredes}}} = 0 \Rightarrow P_{i, N-1} = P_{i, N-2}$$
  
 para  $i \in i_{\text{-paredes}}$

④  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial y}$  en  $(y=0)$  piso  $\frac{P_{i, j} - P_{i-1, j}}{\Delta} \Big|_{i=N-1} \Rightarrow P_{N-1, j} = P_{N-2, j}$

⑤  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial y}$  en  $(y=L)$  simetría  $\frac{P_{i+1, j} - P_{i, j}}{\Delta} \Big|_{i=0} \Rightarrow P_{1, j} = P_{0, j}$



Sabemos que:



(1)  $P_{i,N-1} = 0$  para  $(i \in i_{\text{apertura}})$

(2)  $P_{i,1} = P_{i,0}$

(3)  $P_{i,N-1} = P_{i,N-2}$  para  $(i \in i_{\text{paredes}})$

(4)  $P_{N-1,j} = P_{N-2,j}$

(5)  $P_{1,j} = P_{0,j}$

**CONDICIONES DE BORDE** → dentro de la matriz.

$$P_{i,j+1} + P_{i+1,j} - 4P_{i,j} + P_{i,j-1} + P_{i-1,j} = f_{i,j} \cdot \Delta^2$$

(1) BORDE DERECHO SUPERIOR:  $(j=N-2)$

$$P_{i,N-1} + P_{i+1,N-2} - 4P_{i,N-2} + P_{i,N-3} + P_{i-1,N-2} = f_{i,N-2} \cdot \Delta^2 - 0$$

\* solo para  $i \in i_{\text{apertura}}$

(2) BORDE IZQUIERDO:  $(j=1)$

$$P_{i,2} + P_{i+1,1} - 4P_{i,1} + P_{i,0} + P_{i-1,1} = f_{i,1} \cdot \Delta^2$$

Reescribimos:

$$P_{i,2} + P_{i+1,1} - 3P_{i,1} + P_{i-1,1} = f_{i,1} \cdot \Delta^2$$

(3) BORDE DERECHO INFERIOR:  $(j=N-2)$

$$P_{i,N-1} + P_{i+1,N-2} - 4P_{i,N-2} + P_{i,N-3} + P_{i-1,N-2} = f_{i,N-2} \cdot \Delta^2$$

Reescribimos:

$$P_{i+1,N-2} - 3P_{i,N-2} + P_{i,N-3} + P_{i-1,N-2} = f_{i,N-2} \cdot \Delta^2$$

\* solo para  $i \in i_{\text{paredes}}$ .

(4) BORDE INFERIOR:  $(i=N-2)$

$$P_{N-2,j+1} + P_{N-1,j} - 4P_{N-2,j} + P_{N-2,j-1} + P_{N-3,j} = f_{N-2,j} \cdot \Delta^2$$

reescribimos

$$P_{N-2,j+1} - 3P_{N-2,j} + P_{N-2,j-1} + P_{N-3,j} = f_{N-2,j} \cdot \Delta^2$$

(5) BORDE SUPERIOR:  $(i=1)$



(6) ESQUINA SUPERIOR DERECHA:  $(i=1, j=N-2)$

$$P_{1,N-1} + P_{2,N-2} - 4P_{1,N-2} + P_{1,N-3} + \cancel{P_{0,N-2}} = f_{1,N-2} \cdot \Delta^2$$

$$P_{2,N-2} - 3P_{1,N-2} + P_{1,N-3} = \overset{P_{1,N-2}}{f_{i,j}} \cdot \Delta^2$$

(7) ESQUINA SUPERIOR IZQUIERDA:  $(i=1, j=1)$

$$P_{1,2} + P_{2,1} - 4P_{1,1} + \cancel{P_{1,0}} + \cancel{P_{0,1}} = f_{1,1} \cdot \Delta^2$$

$$P_{1,2} + P_{2,1} - 2P_{1,1} = f_{1,1} \cdot \Delta^2$$

(8) ESQUINA INFERIOR IZQUIERDA:  $(i=N-2, j=1)$

$$P_{N-2,2} + \cancel{P_{N-1,1}} - 4P_{N-2,1} + \cancel{P_{N-2,0}} + P_{N-3,1} = f_{N-2,1} \cdot \Delta^2$$

$$P_{N-2,2} - 2P_{N-2,1} + P_{N-3,1} = f_{N-2,1} \cdot \Delta^2$$

(9) ESQUINA INFERIOR DERECHO:  $(i=N-2, j=N-2)$

$$\cancel{P_{N-2,N-1}} + \cancel{P_{N-1,N-2}} - 4P_{N-2,N-2} + P_{N-2,N-3} + P_{N-3,N-2} = f_{N-2,N-2} \cdot \Delta^2$$

$$\cancel{P_{N-2,N-2}} - 2P_{N-2,N-2} + P_{N-2,N-3} + P_{N-3,N-2} = f_{N-2,N-2} \cdot \Delta^2$$

Matriz A: Diferencia entre  $i, i+1$  es  $(N-2)$  elementos  
Diferencia entre  $j, j+1$  es  $+1$  elemento.