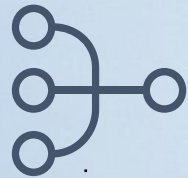


# INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE LEARNING

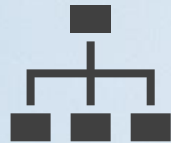
# AGENDA



**WHAT IS  
MACHINE  
LEARNING**



**TYPES OF  
MACHINE  
LEARNING**



**OVERVIEW  
OF  
TECHNIQUES**



**DIFFERENCE  
BETWEEN  
DL & ML**



# WHAT IS MACHINE LEARNING?



# MACHINE LEARNING

*As quoted by Machine Learning Expert Tom Mitchell:*

*“A computer program is said to learn from **experience  $E$**  with respect to some class of **tasks  $T$**  and **performance measure  $P$**  if its performance at tasks in  $T$ , as measured by  $P$ , improves with experience  $E$ ”*

# MACHINE LEARNING : EXAMPLE

## **PREDICTING WEIGHTS BASED ON HEIGHTS:**

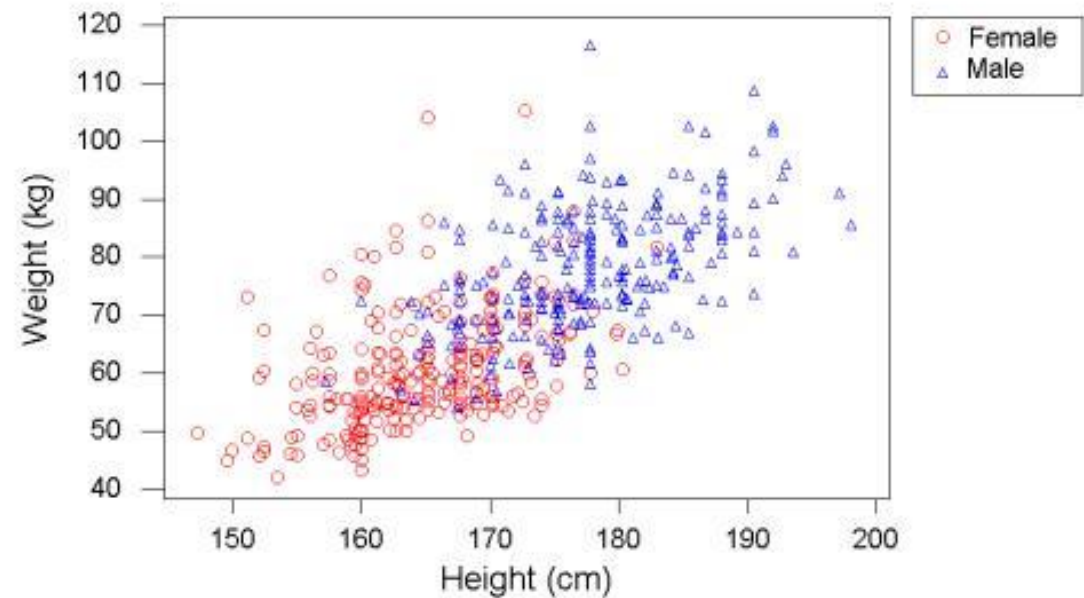
“We want to create a system which tells expected weight based on height of a person ”

*Here,*

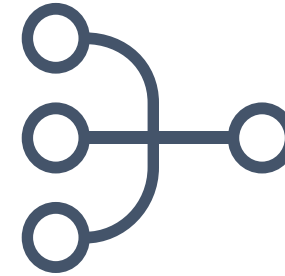
*Data Points & features Collected – Experience (E)*

*Predicting Weight based on Height -- Task (T)*

*Correct predictions of Weight – Performance Measure (P)*



# TYPES OF MACHINE LEARNING



# TYPES OF MACHINE LEARNING

Broadly, there are 3 types of Machine Learning:



Supervised Learning



Un-Supervised Learning



Semi Supervised Learning

# TYPES OF MACHINE LEARNING

## SUPERVISED LEARNING



**Supervised Learning** | algorithm takes a known set of input data and known responses to the data (output) and trains a model to generate reasonable predictions for the response to new data. We use supervised learning if you have known data for the output you are trying to predict.

Supervised learning **uses classification and regression techniques to develop predictive models.**



# TYPES OF MACHINE LEARNING

## UNSUPERVISED LEARNING



**Unsupervised Learning** | finds hidden patterns or intrinsic structures in data. It is used to draw inferences from datasets consisting of input data without labeled responses.

**Clustering** is the most common unsupervised learning technique. It is used for exploratory data analysis to find hidden patterns or groupings in data.

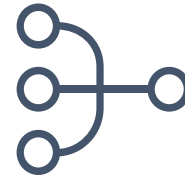
# TYPES OF MACHINE LEARNING

## SEMI SUPERVISED LEARNING

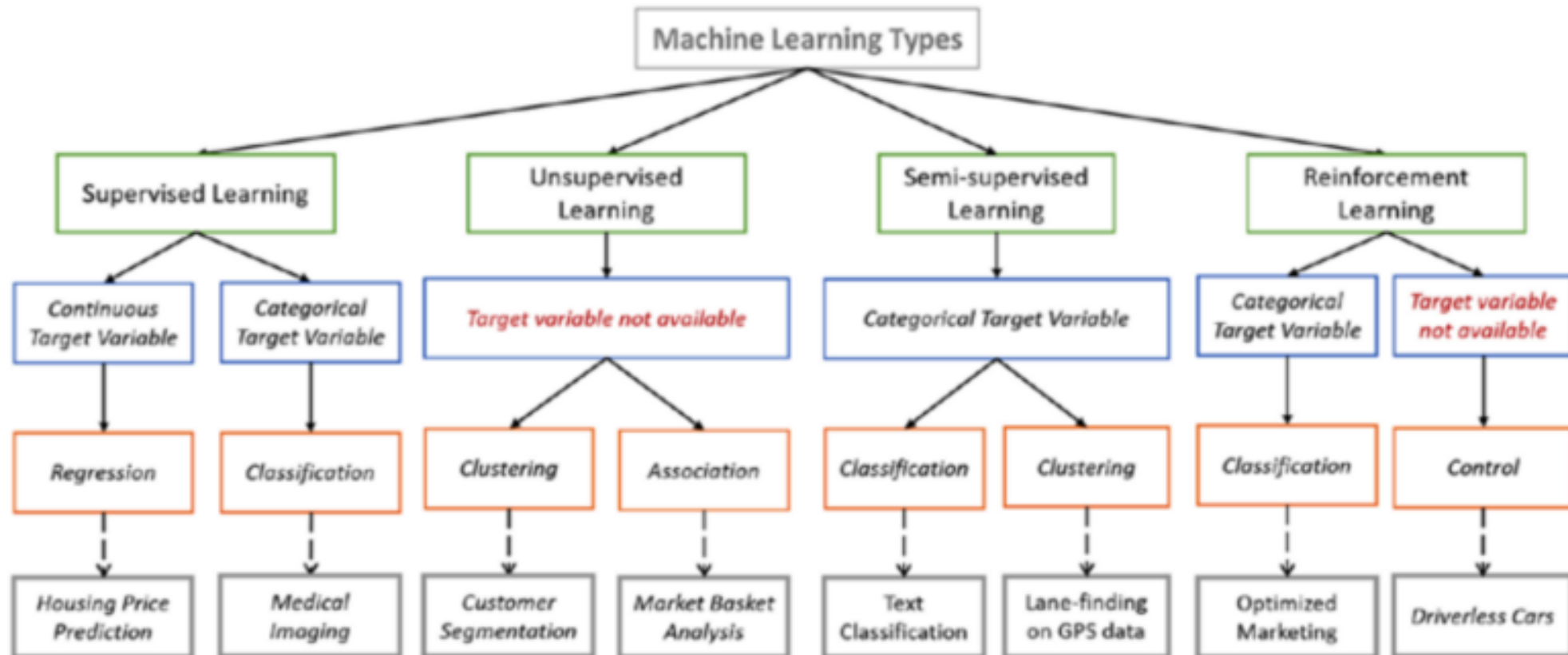


**Semi supervised Learning** | is a combination of Supervised and Unsupervised Learning. It is trained on a combination of data with labels and data without labels. The goal of a semi-supervised model is to classify some of the unlabeled data using the labeled information set.

# OVERVIEW OF TECHNIQUES



# A GLIMPSE OF VARIOUS TECHNIQUES

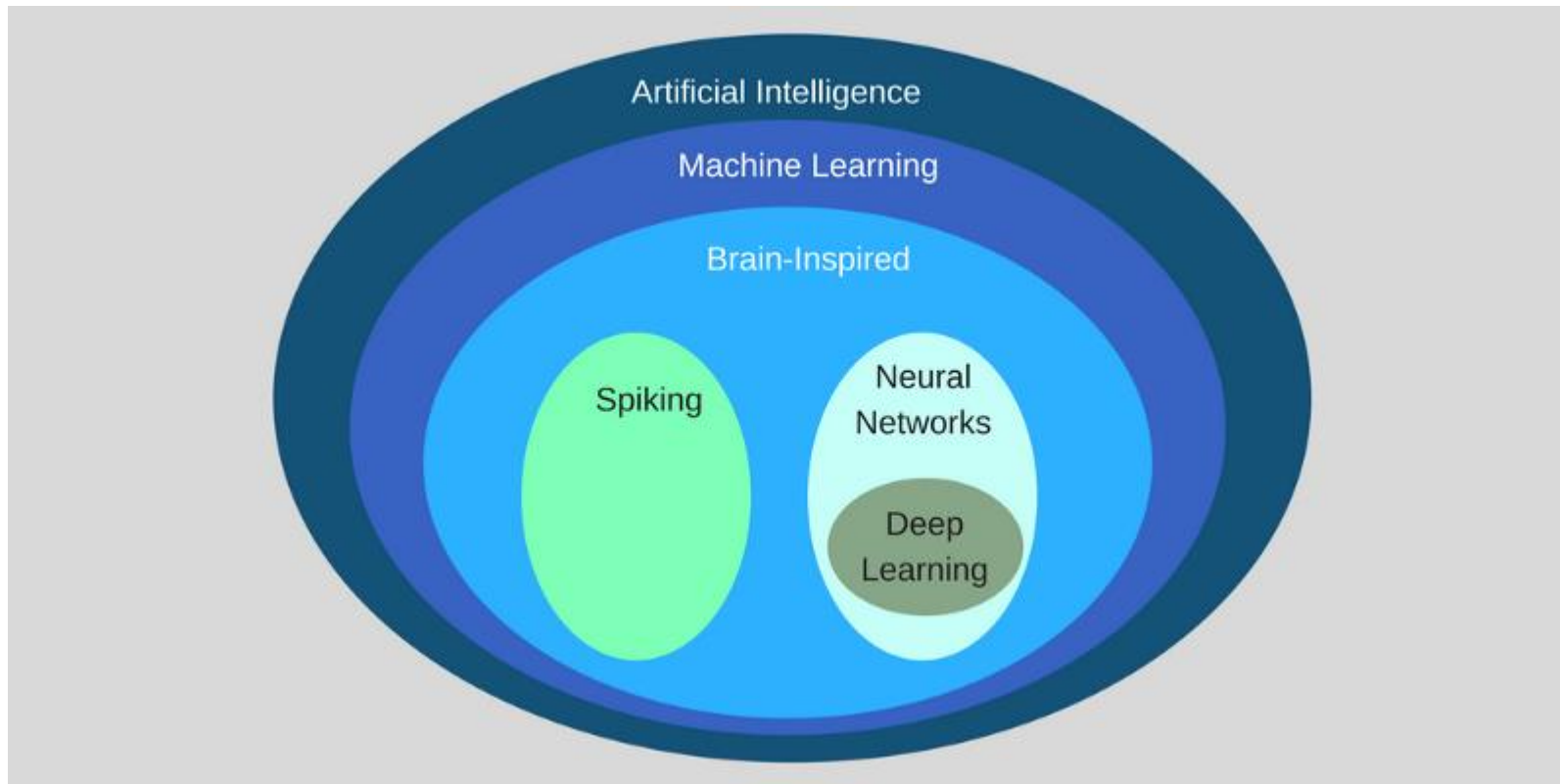


# **DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MACHINE LEARNING & DEEP LEARNING**




# ASSOCIATIONS

## RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, MACHINE LEARNING AND DEEP LEARNING



# ASSOCIATION

## SUMMARY

- *Artificial Intelligence* is **human intelligence** exhibited **by machines**
  - *Machine Learning* is **an approach** to achieve Artificial Intelligence
  - *Deep Learning* is a **technique** for implementing Machine Learning
- 

# THANK YOU