15-213 Recitation: Blocking and Style

Your TAs Monday, October 10, 2022

Agenda

- Logistics
- Code Reviews
- Cache Lab
- Blocking
- Intro to Git

Logistics

- Cache Lab is due Thursday, Oct. 13th at 11:59pm
- NO Midterm!
- Drop date Monday, Oct. 10th
- C Bootcamp happened on Sunday, Oct 2nd
- Make sure you have Github working so you can commit your code!

Cache Lab: Cache Simulator Hints

- Goal: Count hits, misses, evictions and # of dirty bytes
- Procedure
 - Least Recently Used (LRU) replacement policy
 - Structs are good for storing cache line parts (valid bit, tag, LRU counter, etc.)
 - A cache is like a 2D array of cache lines

```
struct cache_line cache[S][E];
```

- Your simulator needs to handle different values of S, E, and b (block size) given at run time
 - Dynamically allocate memory!
- Dirty bytes: any payload byte whose corresponding cache block's dirty bit is set (i.e. the payload of that block has been modified, but not yet written back to main memory)

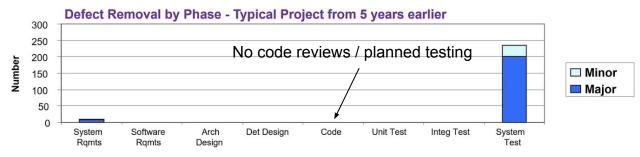
Code Reviews

Code Reviews

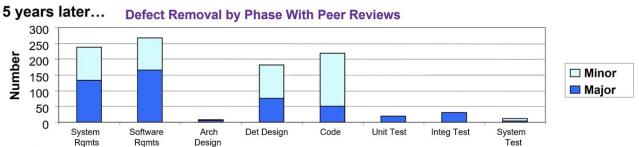
- Why code reviews?
 - Used in industry Nearly all companies utilize code reviews
 - Systematic code reviews are highly effective at finding bugs efficiently and effectively.

Code Reviews

 Industry example from an embedded system machine critical pipeline flow device requiring high software quality



The same team implemented testing and code reviews. This is a similar project done 5 years later.



Code Review Signup

- All students in the course will receive an email with a link to signup for a code review timeslot.
- All students will receive a final style score from 0-4 points

213 code reviews will be short (<= 15 minutes) and cover code style

and code quality.

2	Zoom Link					
3						
4	Time Slots	Location	TA	Andrew ID	Status	
5	EX: 10/10 1:00 PM - 1:15 PM	Zoom	Sachit	jwli2	DONE	
6	EX: 10/10 1:15 PM - 1:30 PM	Zoom	Sachit	jwli3	DONE	
7	EX: 10/10 1:30 PM - 1:45 PM	Zoom	Sachit	jwli4	DONE	
8	EX: 10/10 1:45 PM - 2:00 PM	Zoom	Sachit	jwli5		
9	EX: 10/10 2:00 PM - 2:15 PM	Zoom	Sachit			
10	EX: 10/10 2:15 PM - 2:30 PM	Zoom	Sachit			
11						
12	EX: 10/11 1:00 PM - 1:15 PM	Recitation Room	Shravya			
13	EX: 10/11 1:15 PM - 1:30 PM	Recitation Room	Shravya			
14	EX: 10/11 1:30 PM - 1:45 PM	Recitation Room	Shravya			
15	EX: 10/11 1:45 PM - 2:00 PM	Recitation Room	Shravya			
16						
17	EX: 10/10 1:00 PM - 1:15 PM	Zoom	Sachit			
18	EX: 10/10 1:15 PM - 1:30 PM	Zoom	Shravya			
19	EX: 10/10 1:30 PM - 1:45 PM	Zoom	Shravya			
20	EX: 10/10 1:45 PM - 2:00 PM	Zoom	Shravya			
21	EX: 10/10 2:00 PM - 2:15 PM	Zoom	Shravya			
22	EX: 10/10 2:15 PM - 2:30 PM	Zoom	Shravya			
23						
24	Conflicts (Andrew ID):					
25						

Code Style

- Properly document your code
 - Function + File header comments, overall operation of large blocks, any tricky bits
- Write robust code check error and failure conditions
- Write modular code
 - Use interfaces for data structures, e.g. create/insert/remove/free functions for a linked list
 - No magic numbers use #define or static const
- Formatting
 - 80 characters per line (use Autolab's highlight feature to double-check)
 - Consistent braces and whitespace
- No memory or file descriptor leaks

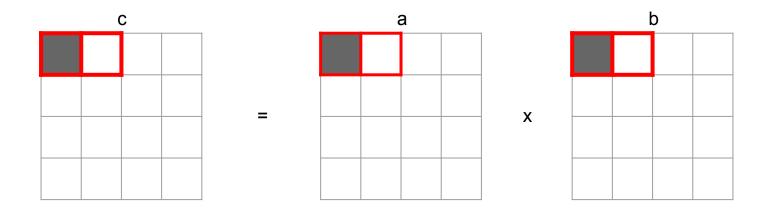
Blocking

Example: Matrix Multiplication

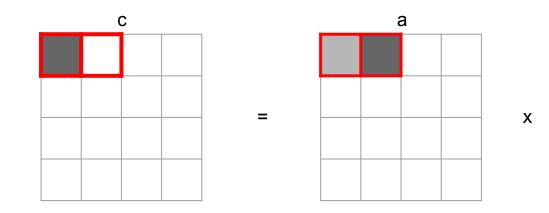
Let's step through this to see what's actually happening

Example: Matrix Multiplication

- Assume a tiny cache with 4 lines of 8 bytes (2 ints)
 - \blacksquare S = 1, E = 4, B = 8
- Let's see what happens if we don't use blocking

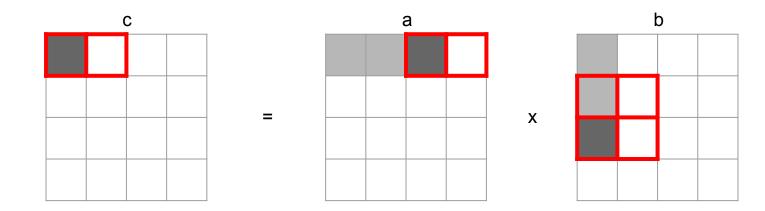


iter i j k operation 0 0 0 0 c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]

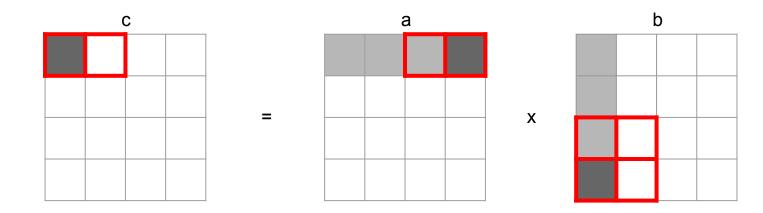


b							

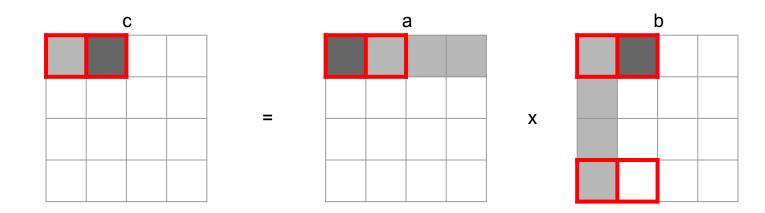
iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]



iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]



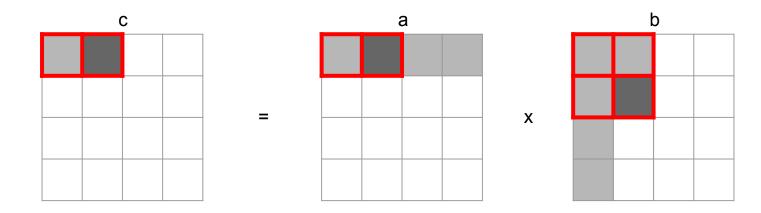
iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
3	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]



iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
3	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
4	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]

Key:
Grey = accessed

Dark grey = currently accessing

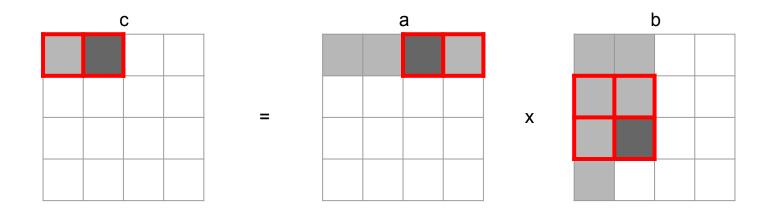


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
3	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
4	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
5	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]

<u>Key:</u>

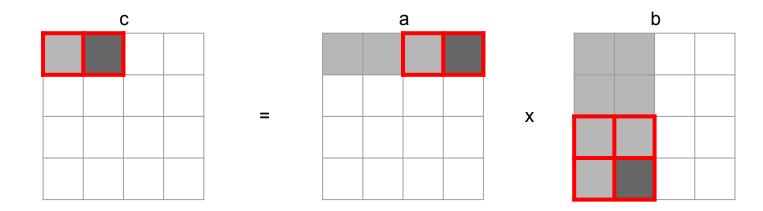
Grey = accessed

Dark grey = currently accessing

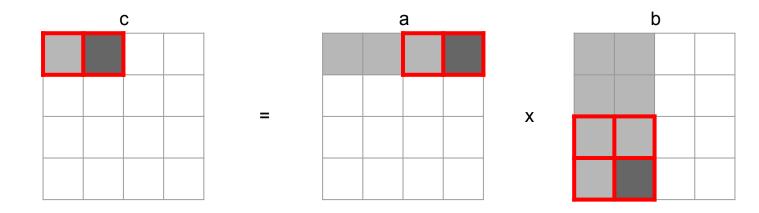


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
3	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
4	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
5	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
6	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]

<u>Key:</u> Grey = accessed Dark grey = currently accessing



iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
3	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
4	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
5	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
6	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]
7	0	1	3	c[0][1] += a[0][3] * b[3][1]

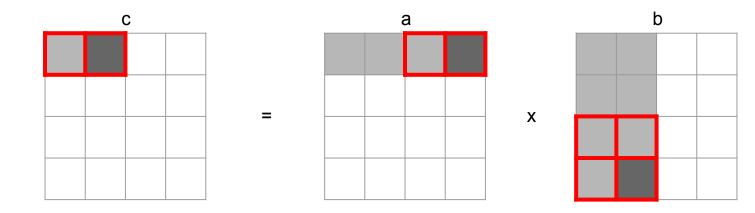


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
3	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
4	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
5	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
6	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]
7	0	1	3	c[0][1] += a[0][3] * b[3][1]

<u>Key:</u>

Grey = accessed
Dark grey = currently accessing
Red border = in cache

What is the miss rate of a?



iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
3	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
4	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
5	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
6	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]
7	0	1	3	c[0][1] += a[0][3] * b[3][1]

<u>Key:</u>

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What is the miss rate of a?

What is the miss rate of b?

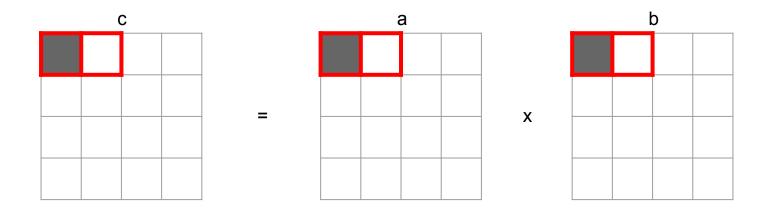
Example: Matrix Multiplication (blocking)

```
/* multiply 4x4 matrices using blocks of size 2 */
void mm blocking(int a[4][4], int b[4][4], int c[4][4]) {
    int i, j, k;
    int i c, j c, k c;
    int B = 2;
   // control loops
    for (i c = 0; i c < 4; i c += B)
        for (j c = 0; j c < 4; j c += B)
            for (k c = 0; k c < 4; k c += B)
                // block multiplications
                for (i = i c; i < i c + B; i++)
                    for (j = j c; j < j c + B; j++)
                        for (k = k c; k < k_c + B; k++)
                            c[i][j] += a[i][k] * b[k][j];
```

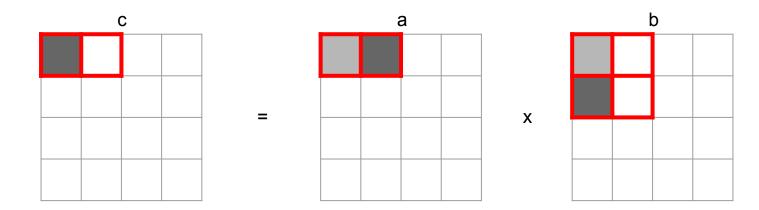
Let's step through this to see what's actually happening

Example: Matrix Multiplication (blocking)

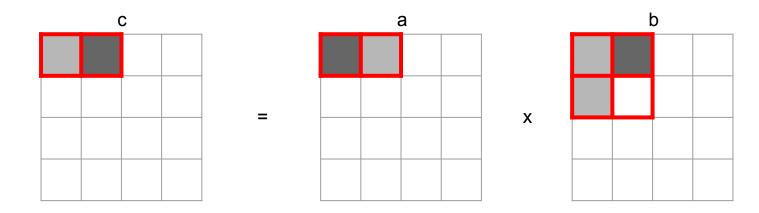
- Assume a tiny cache with 4 lines of 8 bytes (2 ints)
 - \blacksquare S = 1, E = 4, B = 8
- Let's see what happens if we now use blocking



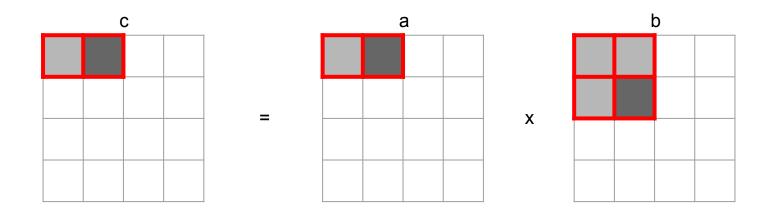
iter i j k operation 0 0 0 0 c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]



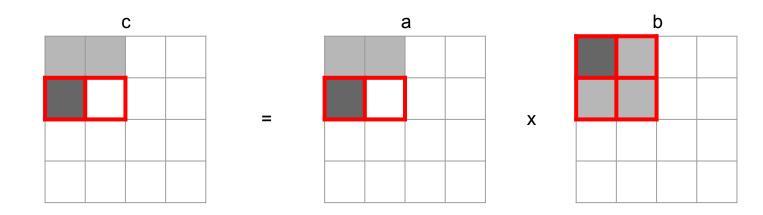
iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]



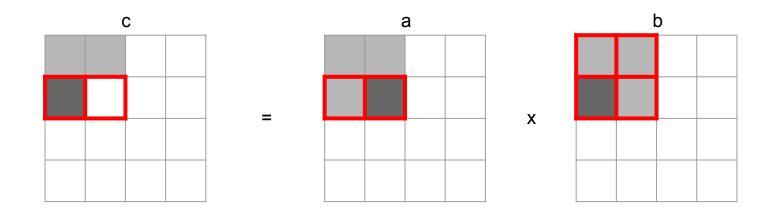
iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
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2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]



iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]

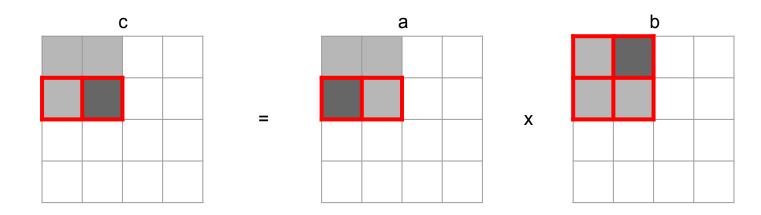


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]



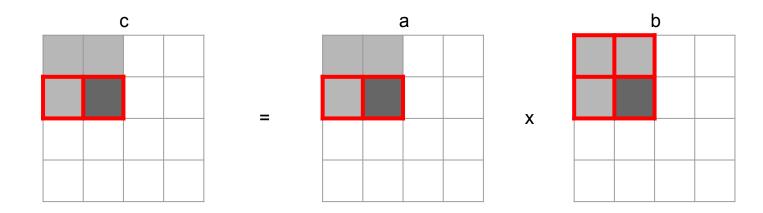
iter	i	j	k	operation
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1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
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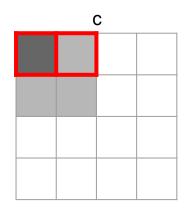
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1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]
6	1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]

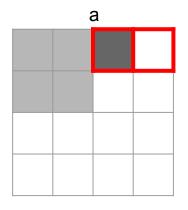
<u>Key:</u>

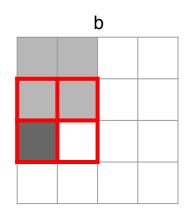


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]
6	1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]
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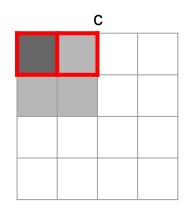


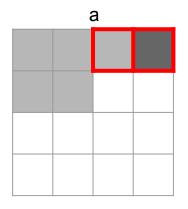


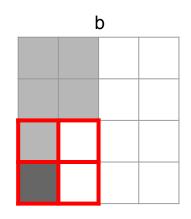


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]
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iter	i	j	k	operation
8	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]

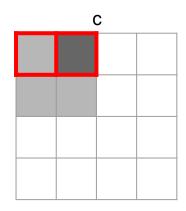


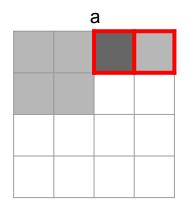


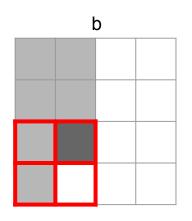


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]
6	1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]
7	1	1	1	c[1][1] += a[1][1] * b[1][1]

iter	i	j	k	operation
8	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
9	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]

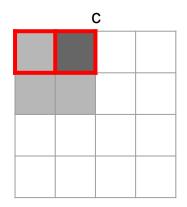


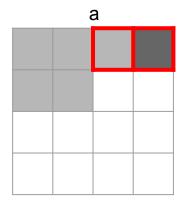


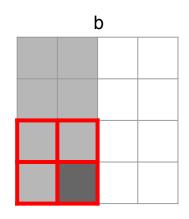


i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]
1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]
1	1	1	c[1][1] += a[1][1] * b[1][1]
	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0

iter	i	j	k	operation
8	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
9	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
10	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]

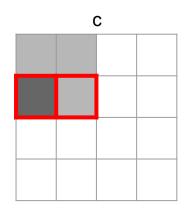


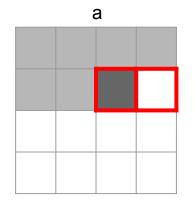


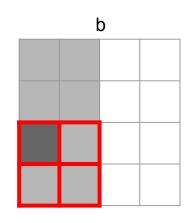


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]
6	1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]
7	1	1	1	c[1][1] += a[1][1] * b[1][1]

iter	i	j	k	operation
8	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
9	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
10	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]
11	0	1	3	c[0][1] += a[0][3] * b[3][1]

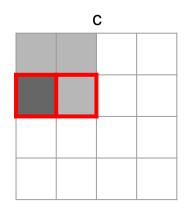


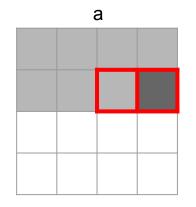


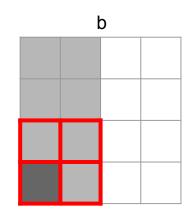


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]
6	1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]
7	1	1	1	c[1][1] += a[1][1] * b[1][1]

iter	i	j	k	operation
8	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
9	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
10	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]
11	0	1	3	c[0][1] += a[0][3] * b[3][1]
12	1	0	2	c[1][0] += a[1][2] * b[2][0]

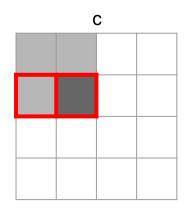


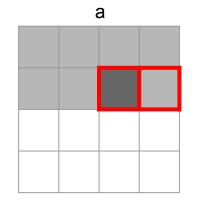


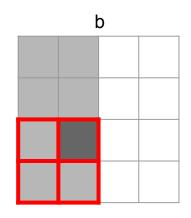


iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]
6	1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]
7	1	1	1	c[1][1] += a[1][1] * b[1][1]

iter	i	j	k	operation
8	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
9	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
10	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]
11	0	1	3	c[0][1] += a[0][3] * b[3][1]
12	1	0	2	c[1][0] += a[1][2] * b[2][0]
13	1	0	3	c[1][0] += a[1][3] * b[3][0]

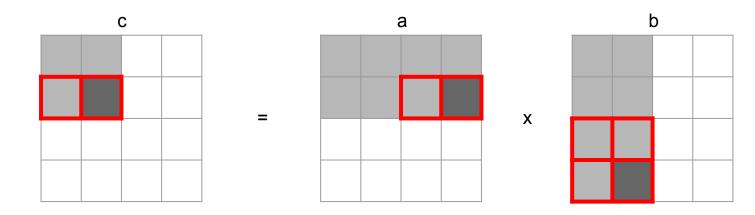




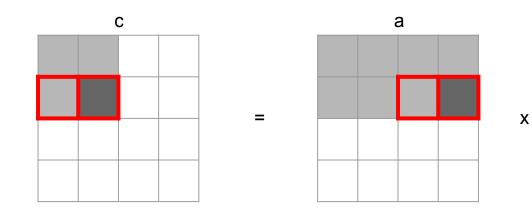


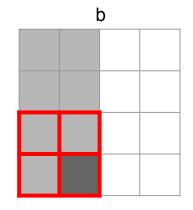
iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]
6	1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]
7	1	1	1	c[1][1] += a[1][1] * b[1][1]

iter	i	j	k	operation
8	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
9	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
10	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]
11	0	1	3	c[0][1] += a[0][3] * b[3][1]
12	1	0	2	c[1][0] += a[1][2] * b[2][0]
13	1	0	3	c[1][0] += a[1][3] * b[3][0]
14	1	1	2	c[1][1] += a[1][2] * b[2][1]



iter	i	j	k	operation	iter	i	j	k	operation
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]	8	0	0	2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]	9	0	0	3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]	10	0	1	2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]	11	0	1	3	c[0][1] += a[0][3] * b[3][1]
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]	12	1	0	2	c[1][0] += a[1][2] * b[2][0]
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]	13	1	0	3	c[1][0] += a[1][3] * b[3][0]
6	1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]	14	1	1	2	c[1][1] += a[1][2] * b[2][1]
7	1	1	1	c[1][1] += a[1][1] * b[1][1]	15	1	1	3	c[1][1] += a[1][3] * b[3][1]





iter	i	j	k	operation	iter	i	j
0	0	0	0	c[0][0] += a[0][0] * b[0][0]	8	0	0
1	0	0	1	c[0][0] += a[0][1] * b[1][0]	9	0	0
2	0	1	0	c[0][1] += a[0][0] * b[0][1]	10	0	1
3	0	1	1	c[0][1] += a[0][1] * b[1][1]	11	0	1
4	1	0	0	c[1][0] += a[1][0] * b[0][0]	12	1	0
5	1	0	1	c[1][0] += a[1][1] * b[1][0]	13	1	0
6	1	1	0	c[1][1] += a[1][0] * b[0][1]	14	1	1
7	1	1	1	c[1][1] += a[1][1] * b[1][1]	15	1	1

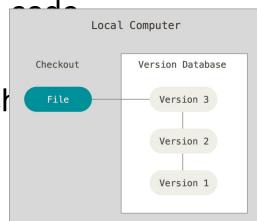
k	operation
2	c[0][0] += a[0][2] * b[2][0]
3	c[0][0] += a[0][3] * b[3][0]
2	c[0][1] += a[0][2] * b[2][1]
_ 3	c[0][1] += a[0][3] * b[3][1]
Wha	t is the miss rate of a? 0]
2	c[1][1] += a[1][2] * b[2][<mark>1</mark>]
Wha	t is the miss rate of b? 1]

Version control is your friend

Introduction to Git

What is Git?

- Most widely used version control system out there
- Version control:
 - Help track changes to your source over time
 - Help teams manage changes on sł code



Git Commands

- Clone: git clone <clone-repository-url>
- Add: git add . or git add <file-name>
- Commit: git commit -m "your-commit-message"
 - Good commit messages are key!
 - Bad:"commit", "change", "fixed"
 - Good: "Fixed buffer overflow potential in AttackLab"
- Push / Pull: git push / git pull

If you get stuck...

- Reread the writeup
- Look at CS:APP Chapter 6
- Review lecture notes (http://cs.cmu.edu/~213)
- Come to Office Hours
- Post private question on Piazza
- man malloc, man valgrind, man gdb