Experiment 04: JAVA REMOTE METHOD INVOCATION

<u>Learning Objective:</u> Student should be able to perform remote method invocation in Java

Tools: Java Development Kit, Text Editor

Theory

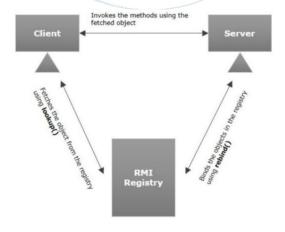
RMI stands for Remote Method Invocation. It is a mechanism that allows an object residing in a system (JVM) to access/invoke an object running on another JVM.

RMI is used to build distributed applications; it provides remote communication between Java Programs. It is provided in the package java.rmi.

Working of an RMI Application

The following points summarize how an RMI application works -

- When the client makes a call to the remote object, it is received by the stub which eventually passes this request to the RRL.
- When the client-side RRL receives the request, it invokes a method called invoke() of the object remoteRef. It passes the request to the RRL on the server side.
- The RRL on the server side passes the request to the Skeleton (proxy on the server) which finally invokes the required object on the server.
- The result is passed all the way back to the client.



IMPLEMENTATION

RMI inteface.java

```
package pkg RMI;
import java.rmi.Remote;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
public interface RMI interface {
       public void displayMessage() throws RemoteException;
RMI Server.java
package pkg RMI;
import java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject;
import java.rmi.AlreadyBoundException;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
import java.rmi.registry.LocateRegistry; Charitable Trusk
import java.rmi.registry.Registry;
import java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject;
public class RMI Server extends UnicastRemoteObject implements RMI interface {
       public static int i = 0;
       public RMI Server() throws RemoteException {
       super();
       }
       public static void main(String[] args) throws RemoteException, AlreadyBoundException
       try {
       Registry registry = LocateRegistry.createRegistry(1878);
       registry.bind("hello", new RMI Server());
       System.out.println("The RMI Server is running and ready...");
       } catch (Exception e) {
       System.out.println("The RMI Server is not running...");
       @Override
       public void displayMessage() throws RemoteException {
       System.out.println("-----");
       System.out.println("No. of calls: "+i);
       System.out.println("-----");
}
```

RMI Client.java

```
package pkg RMI;
import java.net.MalformedURLException;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
import java.rmi.NotBoundException;
import java.rmi.Naming;
public class RMI Client {
              static
      public
                      void
                             main(String[]
                                            args)
                                                   throws
                                                            MalformedURLException,
RemoteException, NotBoundException {
      try {
      RMI interface
                                 helloAPI
                                                                     (RMI interface)
Naming.lookup("rmi://localhost:1878/hello");
      helloAPI.displayMessage();
      } catch (Exception e) {
      System.out.println("The RMI APP is not running..."
      e.printStackTrace();
OUTPUT
 • [admin@archlinux SE4]$ javac pkg_RMI/RMI_Server.java
 o ^[[A[admin@archlinux SE4]$ java pkg_RMI/RMI_Server
  The RMI_Server is running and ready...
  No. of calls: 0
   No. of calls : 1
  No. of calls : 2
 [admin@archlinux SE4]$ javac pkg_RMI/RMI_Client.java
 [admin@archlinux SE4]$ java pkg_RMI/RMI_Client
 [admin@archlinux SE4]$ java pkg_RMI/RMI_Client
• [admin@archlinux SE4]$ java pkg_RMI/RMI_Client
 [admin@archlinux SE4]$ java pkg_RMI/RMI_Client
 [admin@archlinux SE4]$
```

<u>Conclusion:</u> Java RMI Demo program was implemented to count calls in the server application from a client application

For Faculty Use

	Timely completion of Practical [40%]	Attendance / Learning Attitude [20%]	
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