

Project Forestcover

Team Members

Task:

Predicting forest cover type from cartographic variables. There are 12 features and 7 categories of forest covers. We use randomly picked 75% of the data samples as training data set and the rest 25% for testing. We use three different classification algorithms: artificial neural networks, ...

Method 1: ANN

§ Plain ANN

- Structure of the ANN: We choose to have 3 layers(1 hidden layer), 5 hidden nodes, and 7 output nodes, and use L2 regularization.
- Choice of the Activation Functions We use both sigmoid function

$$S(t) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-t}} \quad (1)$$

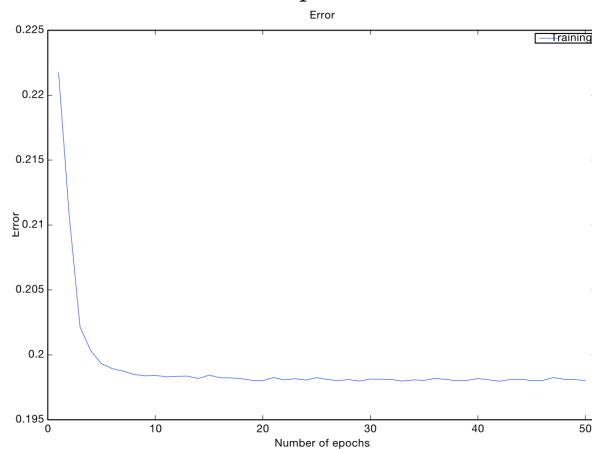
and tanh function

$$T(t) = 1.7159 \tanh\left(\frac{2}{3}t\right) \quad (2)$$

as our activation function.

- Predicting Results Using 12 features
 - Sigmoid function: Train: 0.198, Test: 0.276
 - Tanh function: Train: 0.196, Test: 0.27

- Here is an Error Rate plot



- Here is a ROC plot

- 7 AUC and weighted AUC

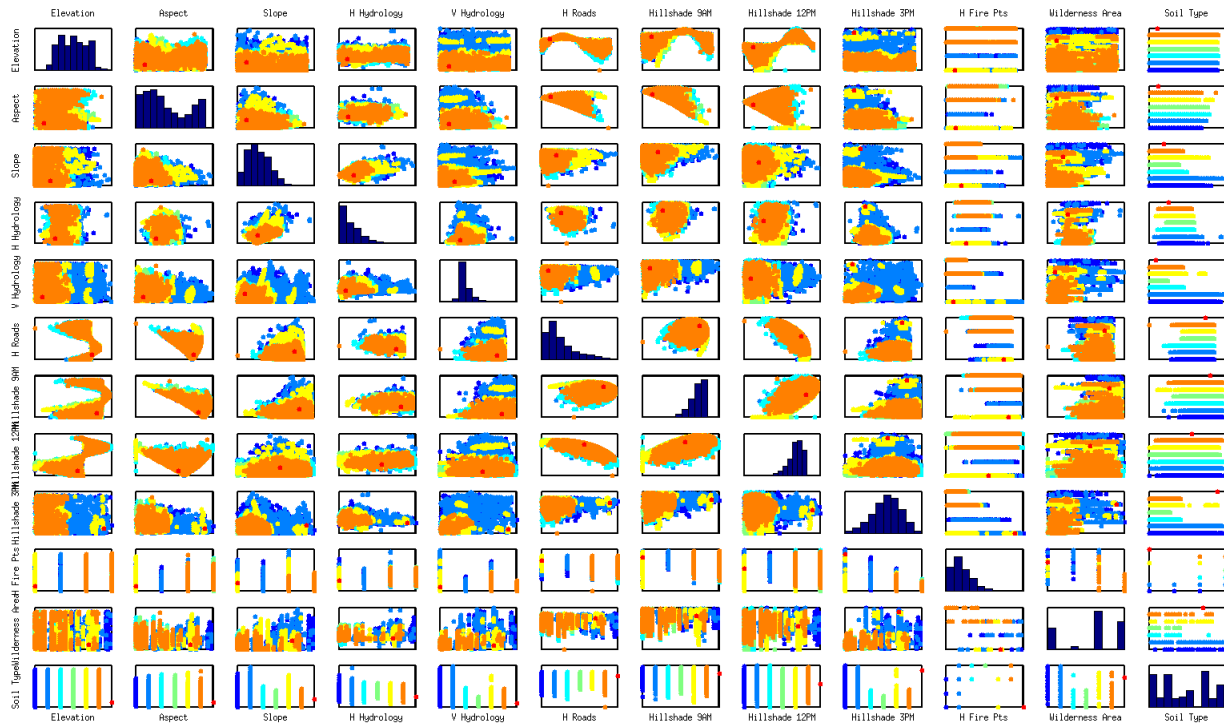
§ Alternative Structure ANN

For ANN, in general, the prediction accuracy should improve when adding more hidden layer and/or hidden nodes. Thus we construct a improved ANN with 2 hidden layers, where there are 19 hidden nodes on the 1st hidden layer and 23 on the 2nd hidden layer. The activation functions are the same.

- Predicting Results Using 12 features
 - Sigmoid function: Prediction Accuracy: 80.7
 - Tanh function: ??
- Here is an Error Rate plot
Need the 3D plot here
- Here is a ROC plot
- 7 AUC and weighted AUC

§ Feature Selected ANN

Instead of using all 12 features, we decide to use less feature which are relatively independent to each other. We first constructed a feature scatter plot to observe the dependency of features.



The dependency and correlation of different features are not obvious. So we tested on a few cases, in which the prediction result aren't improved.

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