

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# CIS 351 Sample P1 Problem

15 October 2025

## P1: Pipeline Structure and Speedup

Consider the following process for baking cookies:

1. Mix sugar, flour, and water using a hand-held mixer for six minutes.
  2. Pour the mixture into another bowl and add chocolate chips. Stir by hand for four minutes.
  3. Spoon the cookie dough onto a baking pan (about four minutes).
  4. Place the pan in the oven for fifteen minutes. One pan of cookies takes up the entire oven – you cannot have more than one pan in the oven at once.
  5. Place the cookies on a cooling rack (about three minutes). (Assume you have unlimited space on the cooling rack.)
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- (a) Estimate the total time to bake a single batch of cookies (from when you begin mixing the sugar, flour, and water until all the cookies from the batch are on a cooling rack.)
  - (b) Suppose you want to pipeline the cookie-baking process, but are working alone. How many stages does your pipeline have? What steps are included in each stage?
  - (c) What is the primary limitation (i.e., structural hazard) that prevents you from adding a third stage?
  - (d) Draw a pipeline diagram showing the process of baking 5 batches of cookies using the pipeline you designed above.
  - (e) Estimate (i) the total time to bake 10 batches of cookies and (ii) the average time per batch.
  - (f) Your per-batch time is less than the time to make a single batch of cookies. What is the *primary* source of this time savings. (Be specific. Don't just say "pipelining".)
  - (g) Let  $k$  be the number of stages in the pipeline you designed above. The average time per batch is more than  $\frac{1}{k}$  the time for a non-pipelined batch. (Using my example, the per-batch time in the 2-stage pipeline — 19.4 minutes — is more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the 32-minute unpipelined time.) ) Explain the primary factor that contributes to this less-than-optimal speedup.

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