## **Power Up Timers**

- (1) Power up timer > (2) Clear all interrupts
- 1. Power: In the PCONP register (Table 46), set bits PCTIM0/1/2/3. On reset, Timer0/1 are enabled (PCTIM0/1 = 1), and Timer2/3 are disabled (PCTIM2/3 = 0). Chapter 21, pp 499;
- 2. Table 46. Power Control for Peripherals register (PCONP address 0x400F C0C4)

```
int main(void)
{
  /* Power up timer0 */
  LPC_SC->PCONP |= BIT(1);
  /* Clear all interrupts */
  LPC_TIMO->IR = 0x3F;
  /* Set prescaler based on sysclk to get
  1000us minimum interval */
  switch (PCLKSEL_TIMERO(LPC_SC-
>PCLKSEL0)) {
  case 0x00:
  LPC_TIMO->PR = SystemCoreClock / 4000;
  break;
}
```

Fig. 1

Example: based on table 46, power up Timer 1, write a C-code to realize this task

Bit	Symbol	Description
0	-	Reserved.
1	PCTIM0	Timer/Counter 0 power/clock control bit.
2	PCTIM1	Timer/Counter 1 power/clock control bit.
3	PCUART0	UART0 power/clock control bit.

```
/* Power up timer1 */
LPC_SC->PCONP |= BIT(2);
Or
LPC_SC->PCONP |= 0x4;
```

How would you power up both Timer 0 and 1?

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### **Clear All Timer INTs**

(2) LPC\_TIM0->IR Interrupt Register; (3) Set Prescaler

Table 427. Interrupt Register - addresses 0x4000 4000, IR consists of 4 bits for the match interrupts, if interrupt generated then its corresponding bit will set high.

chapter 21, pp. 502;

Example: based on table 427, clear TIM3->IR, write a C-code to realize this task

```
int main(void)
{
  /* Power up timer0 */
  LPC_SC->PCONP |= BIT(1);
  /* Clear all interrupts */
  LPC_TIMO->IR = 0x3F;
  /* Set prescaler based on sysclk to get
  1000us minimum interval */
  switch (PCLKSEL_TIMER0(LPC_SC-
>PCLKSEL0)) {
  case 0x00:
  LPC_TIMO->PR = SystemCoreClock / 4000;
  break;
}
```

Fig. 1

Bit	Symbol	Description
0	MR0 Interrupt	Interrupt flag for match channel 0.
1	MR1 Interrupt	Interrupt flag for match channel 1.
2	MR2 Interrupt	Interrupt flag for match channel 2.
3	MR3 Interrupt	Interrupt flag for match channel 3.

```
LPC_TIMO->IR \mid = 0 \times 4;
```

How to clear both Timer 3 and 4? Can you change the above c code to the following for the same clear function?

$$LPC_TIMO -> IR = 0x4;$$

## Set Prescaler PR

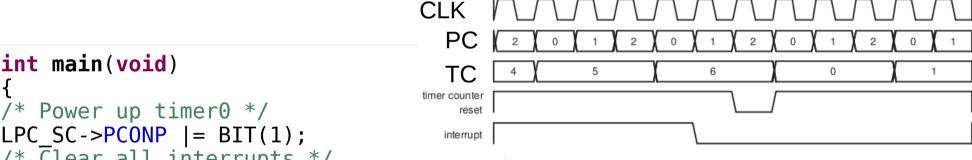
#### (3) Set Prescaler

Two steps: first, PCLKSEL register, Peripheral Clock Selection register, selects

Timer0 clock; Section 4.7.3, pp. 57;

2<sup>nd</sup>, LPC\_TIM0->PR Prescaler register, When the Prescale Counter (PC) is equal to PR, Timer Counter (TC) is incremented by 1; e.g,

TC is incremented every PR+1 cycles of PCLK.



### Example:

Bit

1:0

3:2

5:4

Symbol

PCLK\_WDT

PCLK TIMER0

PCLK\_TIMER1

Given PR = 2, MR = 6; An interrupt generated on match.

- (1) at every clock, PC -> PC+1;
- (2) when PC = PR,  $TC \rightarrow TC+1$ ;
- (3) when TC = MR, INT generated.

```
int main(void)
{
   /* Power up timer0 */
   LPC_SC->PCONP |= BIT(1);
   /* Clear all interrupts */
   LPC_TIMO->IR = 0x3F;
   /* Set prescaler based on sysclk to
   get 1000us minimum interval */
   switch (PCLKSEL_TIMERO(LPC_SC-
>PCLKSEL0)) {
   case 0x00:
   LPC_TIMO->PR = SystemCoreClock / 4000;
   break;
}
```

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Description

Peripheral clock selection for WDT.

Peripheral clock selection for TIMER0.

Peripheral clock selection for TIMER1.

# Set MR, MCR and TCR

(4) set match register MR and match control register MCR

```
* Set the interval at Match Control 0 */
LPC TIMO->MRO = TIMER INTERVAL;
/* Enable Match Control 0
LPC TIM0 -> MCR = BIT(0)
/* Disable Timer as default
LPC TIM0 -> TCR = 0;
/* Enable Timer IRO */
NVIC EnableIRQ(TIMERO IRQn);
/* Set P2.10 as EINTO function */
LPC PINCON->PINSEL4 &= ~GEN MASK(2, 20);
LPC PINCON->PINSEL4 |= BIT(\(\overline{2}\)0);
/* Enable falling edge trigger for P2.10 */
LPC GPIOINT->IO2IntEnF |= BIT(10);
/* Edge trigger for EINTO */
LPC SC->EXTMODE |= BIT(0);
/* Enable EINT IRO */
NVIC EnableIRQ(EINTO IRQn);
printf("Main Function: Waiting for
interrupt\n");
    while(1);
```

return 0;

MR values are continuously compared to the Timer Counter value. When matched, action takes place as one of the following three: an interrupt, reset the Timer Counter, or stop the timer. Actions controlled by the settings in the MCR register.

Table 430 (pp. 505). Match Control Register (T[0/1/2/3]MCR - addresses 0x4000 4014

Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
0	MR0I	1	Interrupt on MR0: an interrupt is generated when MR0 matches the value in the TC.
		0	This interrupt is disabled
1	MR0R	1	Reset on MR0: the TC will be reset if MR0 matches it.
		0	Feature disabled.
2	MR0S	1	Stop on MR0: the TC and PC will be stopped and TCR[0] will be set to 0 if MR0 matches the TC.
		0	Feature disabled.

Timer Counter registers (T0TC – T3TC) is incremented when the prescale counter reaches its terminal count. Chapter 21, pp. 504.