C - Program Structure

Before we study the basic building blocks of the C programming language, let us look at a bare minimum C program structure so that we can take it as a reference in the upcoming chapters.

Hello World Example

A C program basically consists of the following parts –

- Preprocessor Commands
- Functions
- Variables
- Statements & Expressions
- Comments

Let us look at a simple code that would print the words "Hello World" -

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    /* my first program in C */
    printf("Hello, World! \n");

return 0;
}
```

Let us take a look at the various parts of the above program -

• The first line of the program #include <stdio.h> is a preprocessor command, which tells a C compiler to include stdio.h file before going to actual compilation.

- The next line int main() is the main function where the program execution begins.
- The next line /*...*/ will be ignored by the compiler and it has been put to add additional comments in the program. So such lines are called comments in the program.
- The next line printf(...) is another function available in C which causes the message "Hello, World!" to be displayed on the screen.
- The next line **return 0**; terminates the main() function and returns the value 0.

Compile and Execute C Program

Let us see how to save the source code in a file, and how to compile and run it. Following are the simple steps —

- Open a text editor and add the above-mentioned code.
- Save the file as hello.c
- Open a command prompt and go to the directory where you have saved the file.
- Type gcc hello.c and press enter to compile your code.
- If there are no errors in your code, the command prompt will take you to the next line and would generate a out executable file.
- Now, type a.out to execute your program.
- You will see the output "Hello World" printed on the screen.

\$ gcc hello.c
\$./a.out
Hello, World!

Make sure the gcc compiler is in your path and that you are running it in the directory containing the source file hello.c.