

In [9]:

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import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandasql as ps

#Read sample sales data from CSV

df = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ine-rmotr-curriculum/FreeCodeCamp-P
                 header = [0],
                 parse_dates=['Date'],
                 skip_blank_lines=True)

#Only select rows with a not null Revenue value

df = df[df['Revenue'].notna()]

#Create list for salesperson id and add a random value for every record in the sales da
#Then transpose list to a column and add it to the dataframe

Salesperson_id = []

for x in np.arange(df.shape[0]):
    Salesperson_id.append(random.randint(1,3))

df['Salesperson_id'] = Salesperson_id

#Create dictionary for each salesperson_id and their corresponding name,
#Convert the dictionary to a dataframe, then join it to the original dataframe using th

d = {'Salesperson_id': [1, 2, 3],
     'Salesperson_nm' : ['Bradley', 'Steve', 'Kyle']}
df2 = pd.DataFrame(data=d)
df3 = pd.merge(df, df2, on='Salesperson_id')

#Panda SQL query to find revenue per salesperson, then plot the data in a pie chart

df4 = ps.sqldf("select Salesperson_nm, SUM(Revenue) as Revenue from df3 group by Salespe
df4.set_index('Salesperson_nm')

labels = df4['Salesperson_nm']
revs = df4['Revenue']

patches, texts = plt.pie(revs, startangle=90)
plt.legend(patches, labels, loc="best")
plt.title("Revenue Distribution")
plt.axis('equal')
```

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#Panda SQL queries to find out revenue of each salesperson per day in the year 2013
#Then merge the query results into 1 dataframe

df5 = ps.sqldf("select Date,SUM(Revenue) as Bradley_revenue from df3 where Salesperson_nm = 'Bradley'")
df6 = ps.sqldf("select Date,SUM(Revenue) as Steve_revenue from df3 where Salesperson_nm = 'Steve'")
df7 = ps.sqldf("select Date,SUM(Revenue) as Kyle_revenue from df3 where Salesperson_nm = 'Kyle'")

merged1 = pd.merge(df5,df6,on="Date")
merged2 = pd.merge(merged1,df7,on="Date")

merged2['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(merged2['Date']).dt.date
merged2.set_index('Date')

#merged2.head()

#Divide outlier daily revenue values for Bradley by 3

merged2.loc[merged2['Bradley_revenue'] > 50000, 'Bradley_revenue'] = merged2.loc[merged2['Bradley_revenue'] > 50000, 'Bradley_revenue'] / 3

#Plot Bradley's revenue in 2013

merged2.plot(x='Date', y='Bradley_revenue');

```

Revenue Distribution



