

## Review (3.1,3.3)

- Continuous random variable and its c.d.f.
- Probability density function (p.d.f.), its properties.
- Mean, variance, moment generating function
- Percentiles for p.d.f.

## Today's Lecture (3.4)

- Uniform distribution, its mean, variance, m.g.f.
- Exponential distribution and its mean, variance.
- Memoryless properties of exponential distribution.

## Uniform distribution

$X$  has a uniform distribution on the interval  $[a, b]$  if  $X$  is equally likely to fall anywhere in the interval  $[a, b]$ . We write  $X \sim U(a, b)$ . The p.d.f of  $X$  is

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a} & \text{if } a \leq x \leq b \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Distribution function  $F_X(x)$ :

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < a, \\ \frac{x-a}{b-a}, & \text{if } a \leq x \leq b, \\ 1, & \text{if } x > b. \end{cases}$$

Plot of  $f_X(x)$  and  $F_X(x)$ :

## Mean, variance and m.g.f. of uniform distribution

If  $X \sim U(a, b)$ , then

- $E(X) = \frac{a+b}{2}$ ,  $\text{Var}(X) = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$ .
- $M(t) = E(e^{tX}) = \frac{e^{tb} - e^{ta}}{t(b-a)}$  if  $t \neq 0$ , 1 if  $t = 0$ .

Example: Customers arrive randomly at a bank teller's window. Given that one customer arrived during a particular 10-minute period, let  $X$  equal the time within the 10 minutes that the customer arrived. If  $X \sim U(0, 10)$ , find

- the p.d.f. of  $X$
- $P(3 \leq X \leq 7)$
- The average arrival time.
- $\sigma^2$

## Poisson Process

Example: the number of volcano eruptions that would occur in the next 1000 years in the world.

Question: When will the next volcano erupt in the world?  
Or how long we have to wait for the next volcano?

Define  $X$  to be a continuous random variable giving the time waited before the next volcano, starting from now.

Suppose that  $\{N_t : t > 0\}$  (the number of volcanoes to have occurred by time  $t$ ) forms a Poisson process with rate  $\lambda$ . So the distribution of  $N_t \sim$  \_\_\_\_\_.

- When  $x \geq 0$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} F_X(x) &= P(X \leq x) \\ &= P(\text{amount of time waited for next volcano} \leq x) \\ &= P(\text{at least one volcano between now and time } x) \\ &= P(\# \text{ volcanoes between now and time } x \text{ is } \geq 1) \\ &= P(N_x \geq 1) = 1 - P(N_x = 0) \\ &= 1 - \frac{(\lambda x)^0}{0!} e^{-\lambda x} = 1 - e^{-\lambda x} \end{aligned}$$

- When  $x < 0$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} F_X(x) &= P(X \leq x) \\ &= P(\text{less than 0 time before next volcano}) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

## Exponential distribution

*Definition:* Exponential distribution is the distribution of the waiting time (time between events) in a Poisson process with rate  $\lambda$ . Let  $\theta = 1/\lambda$ , we write  $\text{Exp}(\theta)$ .

- Distribution function:

$$F_X(x) = P(X \leq x) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-x/\theta} & \text{for } x \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

- Probability density function:

$$f_X(x) = F'_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-x/\theta} & \text{for } x \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Plot:

## Example

1. What is the probability that the next volcanic eruption in the world occurs within the next 50 years?  
( $\lambda = \frac{1}{10}$ )

2. What is the probability that there will be at most two volcano eruptions in the world within next 50 years?

## Mean, variance, m.g.f. of Exponential distribution

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-x/\theta}, \quad 0 \leq x < \infty$$

$$M(t) =$$

Then

$$M'(t) = \frac{\theta}{(1 - \theta t)^2}$$

$$M''(t) = \frac{2\theta^2}{(1 - \theta t)^3}$$

$$\mu = M'(0) = \theta$$

$$\sigma^2 = M''(0) - [M'(0)]^2 = \theta^2$$

So  $\lambda$  is the mean number of events in the unit interval, then  $\theta = 1/\lambda$  is the mean waiting time for the first event. For example, if  $\lambda = 10$  is the mean number of events per minute; then the mean waiting time for the first event is  $1/10$  of a minute.

### Memoryless property

Example: Suppose the life of my laptop  $X$  has an exponential distribution with a mean life of 1000 days. What is the probability that

- The life of my laptop is longer than 500 days.
- The life of my laptop is longer than 2000 days.
- Suppose that I have used my laptop for 500 days, what is the probability that it will last for another 2000 days?