```
    import java.util.Scanner;

    class GreaterNumber{
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter your first number : ");
        int num1 = input.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter your second number : ");
        int num2 = input.nextInt();
        if (num1 > num2){
          System.out.println("Sum of two numbers = " + (num1 + num2));
        }
        else{
          System.out.println("Your numbers are " + num1 + " & " + num2 );
      }
    }
2. import java.util.Scanner;
    class AbsoluteNumber{
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter your first number : ");
        int num1 = input.nextInt();
        if (num1 >= 0){
          System.out.println("Absolute number of = " + num1 + " is " + num1);
        }
        else{
          int num2 = -(num1);
          System.out.println("Absolute number of = " + num1 + " is " + num2);
        }
      }
   }
3. import java.util.Scanner;
    public class Marks {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
System.out.print("Marks of Chemistry : ");
        int marksChem = input.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Marks of Physics:");
        int marksPhysics = input.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Marks of Com.Maths : ");
        int marksComMaths = input.nextInt();
        int total = marksChem + marksPhysics + marksComMaths;
        float average = total/3;
        if (average > 75){
          System.out.println("Pass");
        }
        else{
          System.out.println("Fail");
        }
      }
   }
4. import java.util.Scanner;
    public class SuperDraw {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Unit price : ");
        float unitPrice = input.nextFloat();
        System.out.print("Amount : ");
        int amount = input.nextInt();
        float total = amount * unitPrice;
        if (total > 1500){
          System.out.println("You are entitled to the super draw");
        }
        else{
          System.out.println("try again");
        }
      }
    }
```

```
5. import java.util.Scanner;
    public class Discount {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Unit price : ");
        float unitPrice = input.nextFloat();
        System.out.print("Amount : ");
        int amount = input.nextInt();
        double total = amount * unitPrice;
        if (total > 500){
          double newtotal = total - (total * 0.05);
           System.out.println("New total = Rs." + newtotal);
        }
        else{
          System.out.println("No discount given");
        }
      }
    }
6. import java.util.Scanner;
    public class LeapYear {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a year : ");
        int year = input.nextInt();
        if ((year % 4) == 0){
          System.out.println("Leap year");
        }
          System.out.println("Not a Leap year");
      }
   }
7. import java.util.*;
    public class AreaOf_a_Circle {
```

```
public static void main(String [] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter radius: ");
        float radius = input.nextFloat();
        double area = Math.PI * radius * radius;
        System.out.println("Area of the circle = " + area + " Sgr Unit");
      }
    }
8. import java.util.Scanner;
    public class ATMWithdrawal {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        int currentBalance = 10000; // Initializing balance of the customer
        int dailyLimit = 5000; // Maximum amount that can be withdrawn in a day
        double chargeRate = 0.02; // Charge rate if balance is less than 5000
        System.out.print("Enter your amout (Rs.):");
        int withdrawalAmount = input.nextInt();
        if(withdrawalAmount > currentBalance){
                                                        // Check if amount entered is greater than
    current balance
          System.out.println("Withdrawal refused. Amount entered is greater than current
    balance.");
        }
        else if(withdrawalAmount > dailyLimit){
                                                    // Check if amount entered is greater than daily
    limit
          System.out.println("Withdrawal refused. Amount entered is greater than daily limit.");
        else if (currentBalance < 5000) { // Check if balance is less than 5000 and apply charge
          double charge = withdrawalAmount * chargeRate;
          double amountWithCharge = withdrawalAmount + charge;
          if (amountWithCharge <= currentBalance) {</pre>
            currentBalance -= amountWithCharge;
            System.out.println("Withdrawal successful. " + charge + " rupees charged as fee.");
            System.out.println("Current balance: " + currentBalance + " rupees");
            System.out.println("Withdrawal refused. Not enough balance to cover the withdrawal
    and fee."):
          }
        }
```

```
else {
          if (withdrawalAmount <= currentBalance) {</pre>
                                                        // If balance is 5000 or more, no charge is
    applied
            currentBalance -= withdrawalAmount;
            System.out.println("Withdrawal successful.");
            System.out.println("Current balance: " + currentBalance + " rupees");
            System.out.println("Withdrawal refused. Not enough balance to cover the
    withdrawal.");
          }
      }
    }
9. import java.util.*;
    public class MaxNumber {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter your first number : ");
        int num1 = input.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter your second number : ");
        int num2 = input.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter your third number : ");
        int num3 = input.nextInt(); //three inputs
        int maxNum = num1;
        if(num2 > maxNum){
          maxNum = num2;
        if(num3 > maxNum){
          maxNum = num3;
        System.out.println("The maximum number is: " + maxNum);
      }
   }
10. import java.util.*;
    public class OddEven {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
```

```
Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number : ");
        int num = input.nextInt(); //input an integer
        if((num \% 2) == 0){
          System.out.println(num +" is an even number");
        if((num \% 2) == 1){}
          System.out.println(num + " is an odd number");
        }
      }
   }
11. if(x==10){}
    if((x=100)!=10){}
    if((x=100)>0==true){}
12. if(b){}
      if(b=false){}
      if(b==false){}
      if(b=false==false){}
      if((b=false)==false){}
      if(b=(false==true)){}
13. public class Example3 {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        int x = 10;
        System.out.println(x=9);
                                     //prints 9
        System.out.println(x==9); //prints true
        //System.out.println(x=9!=10); //error
        System.out.println((x=9)==10); //prints false
        System.out.println((x=9)<=10); //prints true
      }
    }
14. public class Example4 {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        boolean b=true;
        //System.out.println(b);
                                         //prints true
        //System.out.println(b=true);
                                            //prints true
        //System.out.println(b==true);
                                            //prints true
```

```
//System.out.println(b!=true);
                                           //prints false
       //System.out.println(b=true==true); //prints true
       //System.out.println((b=true)==false); //prints false
       //System.out.println(b=(true!=false)); //prints true
     }
   }
15. public class Example5 {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
     int x=99;
   if(x++==x){
    System.out.println("x++==x:"+x);
   }
   x=99;
   if(++x==x){
    System.out.println("++x==x:"+x); //prints ++x==x:100
   }
   x=99;
   if(x==x++){
    System.out.println("x==x++: "+x); //prints x==x++: 100
   }
   x=99;
   if(x==++x){
    System.out.println("x==++x:"+x);
   }
   x=99;
   if(++x==++x){}
    System.out.println("++x==++x:"+x);
   }
   x=99;
   if(x++==x++){
    System.out.println("x++==x++: "+x);
   }
   x=99;
   if(++x==x++){
    System.out.println("++x==x++: "+x); //prints ++x==x++: 101
   }
   x=99;
   if(x++==++x){
    System.out.println("x++==++x:"+x);
   }
   }
```

```
16. public class Example6 {
     public static void main(String [] args) {
   if(x++==x){
    System.out.println("x++==x:"+x);
   if(++x==x){
    System.out.println("++x==x: "+x); // ++x==x: 101
   if(x==x++){
    System.out.println("x==x++: "+x); //x==x++: 102
   if(x==++x){
    System.out.println("x==++x:"+x);
   if(++x==++x){
    System.out.println("++x==++x:"+x);
   if(x++==x++){
    System.out.println("x++==x++: "+x);
   if(++x==x++){
    System.out.println("++x==x++: "+x); //++x==x++: 109
   }
     }
   }
17. public class Example7 {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        int x=99;
       int y=99;
       if(x++==y){
          System.out.println("x++==y:"+x+":"+y); //x++==y:100:99
       if(++x==y){
          System.out.println("++x==y:"+x+":"+y);
       if(x==y++){
          System.out.println("x==y++: "+x+": "+y);
       if(x==++y){}
          System.out.println("x==++y:"+x+":"+y); //x==++y:101:101
```

}

```
if(++x==++y){}
          System.out.println("++x==++y: "+x+": "+y); //++x==++y: 102: 102
        if(x++==y++){
          System.out.println("x++==y++: "+x+": "+y);
                                                       //x++==y++ : 103 : 103
        if(++x==y++){}
          System.out.println("++x==y++: "+x+": "+y);
        if(x++==++y){}
          System.out.println("x++==++y: "+x+": "+y);
         }
      }
   }
18. public class Example8 {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
        int x=9;
        if(x>=10){
          System.out.println("Success");
        if(x++>=10){
         System.out.println("Success");
        if(++x>=10){
          System.out.println("Success"); //prints success
        if(++x>=x++){
          System.out.println("Success"); //prints success
        if(++x>x++){
          System.out.println("Success");
        if(x++>=x++){
          System.out.println("Success");
        if(++x<=x++){}
         System.out.println("Success"); //prints success
       if(x \le x + +)
         System.out.println("Success"); //prints success
```

```
}
      }
19. public class Example9 {
      public static void main(String [] args) {
      int x=100,y=99;
      if(x==y){
        System.out.println("Success");
      else{
        System.out.println("Failed"); //prints Failed
      if(x++==++y){}
        System.out.println("Success"); //prints Success
      }
      else{
        System.out.println("Failed");
      if(x++==y++) {
        System.out.println("Success");
      }
      else{
        System.out.println("Failed"); //prints Failed
      }
      if(++x==y++)
        System.out.println("Success");
      else{
        System.out.println("Failed"); //prints Failed
      }
      }
   }
20. i = 1, j = 2, k = 3 and m = 2;
    System.out.println( i ==1);
                                                      //true
    System.out.println( j == 3);
                                                      // false
    System.out.println( (i \ge 1) && (j < 4));
                                                      // true
    System.out.println( (m \le 99) \& (k < m));
                                                      // false
    System.out.println((j \ge i) \mid | (k == m));
                                                      // true
    System.out.println( (k + m < j) | (3-j >= k));
                                                      // true
                                                      //false
    System.out.println(!( k > m ));
```

```
21. int x=20,y=60;
    boolean bool;
    System.out.println(x=10);
                                           //10
                                           //true
   System.out.println(bool=true);
   System.out.println(x=10>0);
                                            //true
   System.out.println((x=10)>0);
                                            //true
   System.out.println(bool=(x=10)>0);
                                            //true
   System.out.println(bool=x+y>100);
                                            //false
                   //prints 1 2 3
22. int x=1;
   int x=2;
                   //prints 2 3
                   //prints 3
   int x=3;
                   //prints 4
   int x=4;
                   //prints 4
   int x=5;
   int x=0;
                   //prints 4
```

23. Option A if(x>0){a=0;} is not a legal statement because the value of x is not declared or initialized.

Option B. a=0; can be inserted

Option C if $(y>0){a=0}$; is not a legal statement because the value of y is declared as a final variable, meaning its value cannot be changed after initialization.

Option D if(z>0){a=0;} is a legal statement, but it requires z to be declared and initialized before line 10. Otherwise, it will result in a compile-time error.

Option E if(true){a=0;} is a legal statement, but it is not necessary to use an if statement since the condition is always true.

Option G if(y>0){a=0;}else {a=-1;} is not a legal statement because the value of y is declared as a final variable, meaning its value cannot be changed after initialization.

Option H a=z>0?0:-1; is a legal statement, but it requires z to be declared and initialized before line 10. Otherwise, it will result in a compile-time error.

- 24. A. Line 1 It prints the value of variable x which is declared and initialized in the main method.
 - B. Line 2 It prints the value of variable x which is declared and initialized in the main method.
 - C. Line 3 It prints the value of variable y which is declared and initialized in the inner block.
 - D. Line 4 It prints the value of variable z which is declared and initialized in the innermost block.
 - E. Line 5 It prints the value of variable x which is declared and initialized in the main method.
 - F. Line 6 It prints the value of variable y which is declared and initialized in the inner block.
 - H. Line 8 It prints the value of variable x which is declared and initialized in the main method.

Line 9 - It generates a compile-time error because the variable y is declared in the inner block and is not accessible outside of it.

Line 10 - It generates a compile-time error because the variable z is declared in the innermost block and is not accessible outside of it.

25. When a %= b is executed, the value of a becomes -1 because -5 % -2 is -1.

Next, a /= b will attempt to divide -1 by -2, which results in a divide-by-zero error because integer division is used. The program will terminate with an ArithmeticException.

Therefore, the correct option is not listed among the given options.

26. The output of the program is "g,i,I".

Explanation:

The expression at line 1 evaluates to false, so the value of b is set to 'g'.

The expression at line 2 evaluates to false, so the value of c is set to 'i'.

Since the condition at line 3 is false, the variable d is not initialized.

The condition at line 4 is also false, so the variable d remains uninitialized.

The condition at line 5 is true, so the value of d is set to 'l'.

The print statement at line 6 outputs the values of b, c, and d separated by commas.

27. Input student average: 99.0

Pass

Thanking you..

Input student average: 75.0

Pass

Thanking you..

Input student average: 49.99

Fail

Thanking you..

Input student average: 50.01

Pass

Thanking you..

Input student average: 50.0

Pass

Thanking you..

Input student average: 49.0

Fail

```
Thanking you..
```

Input student average: 25.0

Fail

Thanking you..

28. Line 1: 20

Line 2: 11

Line 3: Compilation error (missing operator between 5 and the opening parenthesis)

Line 4: -4.92962962963

Line 5: 4.625

Line 6: Compilation error (missing operator between 6 and the opening parenthesis)

Line 7: 13.0

Line 8: 5

Line 9: -11.98999999999998

Line 10: 8

Line 12: 1

Line 13: 3

Line 14: 4 (prints a space and then 4)

Line 15: 2

29. Line 1: a=2, b=3, c=4, d=5, x=10

Line 2: a=14, b=12, c=11, d=10, x=34

Line 3: a=10, b=10, c=10, d=10, x=10

Line 4: a=10, b=10, c=10, d=10, x=10

Line 5: 10 10 10 10 10

30. Line 1: false

Line 2: true

Line 3: true

Line 4: true

Line 5: false

Line 6: true

Line 7: true

Line 8: false