LENDING CLUB CASE STUDY

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Problem Statement

- Lending club company is the largest online loan marketplace, facilitating personal loans, business loans, and financing of medical procedures. Borrowers can easily access lower interest rate loans through a fast online interface.
- the company wants to understand the risky loan applicants and driving factors behind loan default, i.e. the variables which are strong indicators of default. The company can utilize this knowledge for its portfolio and risk assessment.

ANALYSIS APPROACH Fix Rows, Columns, missing values, Invalid values and standardise the values DATA Data **Data Cleaning** Understanding Univariate, Segmented Univariate, Multivariate Analysis **EDA(Exploratory** Data Analysis)

Data Cleaning

- Delete columns: Delete unnecessary columns.
- Remove outliers: Remove high and low values that would disproportionately affect the results of your analysis.
- Missing values: Treat missing values with appropriate approach.
- > **Duplicate data:** Remove identical rows, remove rows where some columns are identical.
- Filter rows: Filter by segment, filter by date period to get only the rows relevant to the analysis.

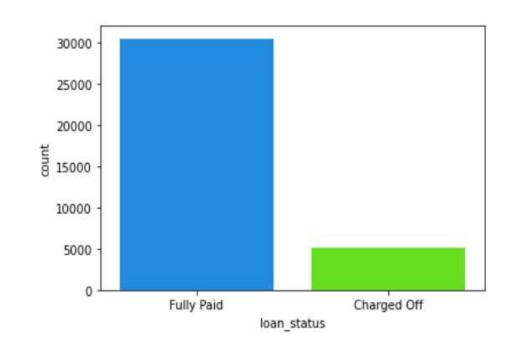
- The essence of the whole project is to analyze and understand how consumer and loan attributes are influencing to the tendency of defaulting.
- Performed Data Cleaning and prepared the dataset as required for the analysis:
 - Deleted the unnecessary columns which included null value columns, single value columns and columns which are not useful for analysis.
 - Created new columns for numeric continuous variables and date variables for getting more insights:
 - For Columns like Loan amount, annual income, interest rate, installments new categorical columns are created for more useful insights.
 - From the Issue Date column Year and Month are fetched separately for analysis.

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- During Exploratory Data Analysis :
 - Histograms and Bar charts to check out the distribution of all the driver variables.
 - Box plots to detect the Outliers.
 - Performed the Multivariate analysis to understand how different variables interact with each other.
 - For the Analysis only Defaulter's and Fully paid Loan data have been considered and so filtering the data.

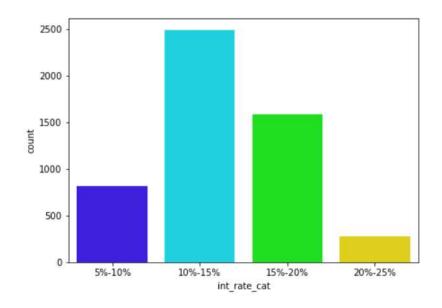
Analysis

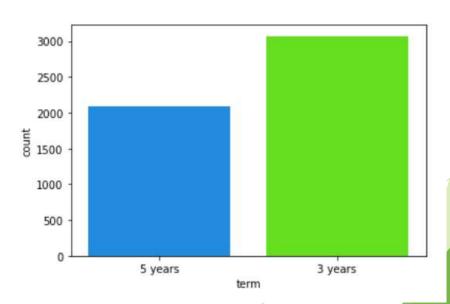
- Most of the loans are Fully Paid.
- Around 14.5% of the loans are charged off which means are not paid and Defaulters.
- Our main is goal is to focus on Defaulter's list.



Analysis on Loan Term and Interest rate

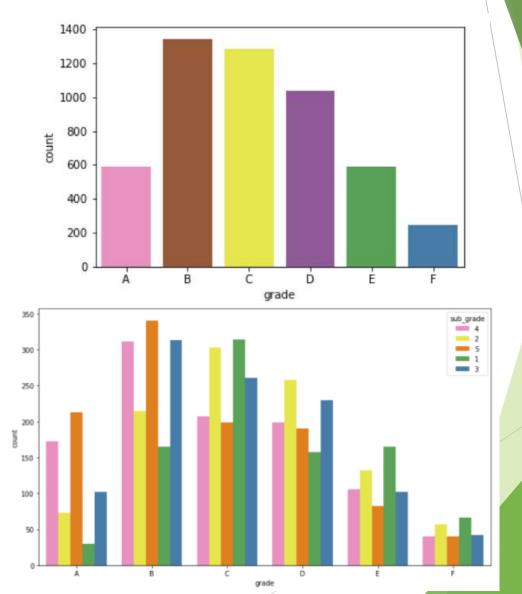
- Here the applicants with loan term of 3 years are defaulters.
- Most Applicants fail to pay the loan if the term is 3 years(low) and end as defaulters.
- So as the loan is issued for less terms the defaulters increase.
- Loans with higher interest rates are the most probable to end in defaulters.
- Here loans with 10-15% are the most in defaulters.





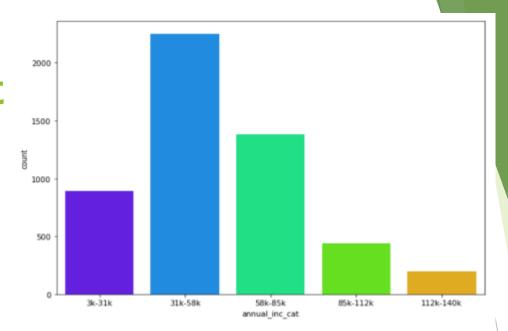
Analysis on Loan Grade

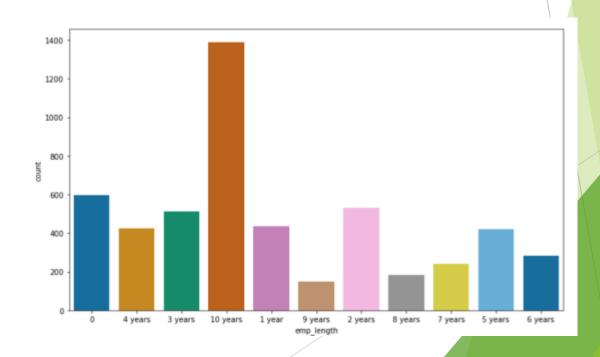
- Most of Defaulters are found with higher graded loans.
- As the loan grade decreases the number of defaulters also decrease.
- If more High graded loans are offered it may lead to increase in number of defaulters.
- Grade B has the most number of Defaulters.



Analysis on Employment length and Ann. Income

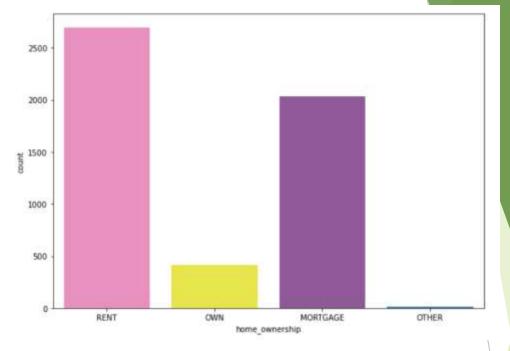
- Based on analysis most of the defaulters are found to be of applicants who have been working for 10 or more years.
- Most probable defaulters can be applicants who have 10+ exp in work with annual income of 31k-85k.
- Club can decide thoroughly about providing loans for applicants with 10+ years of experience.

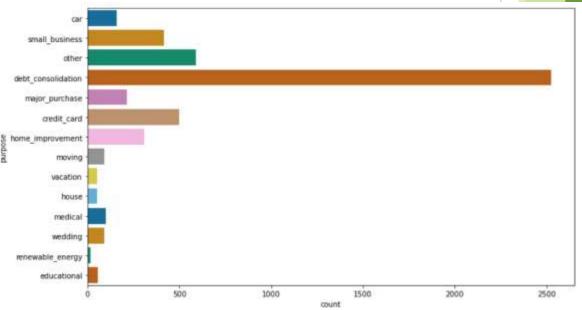




Analysis on House Ownership and Purpose of Loan

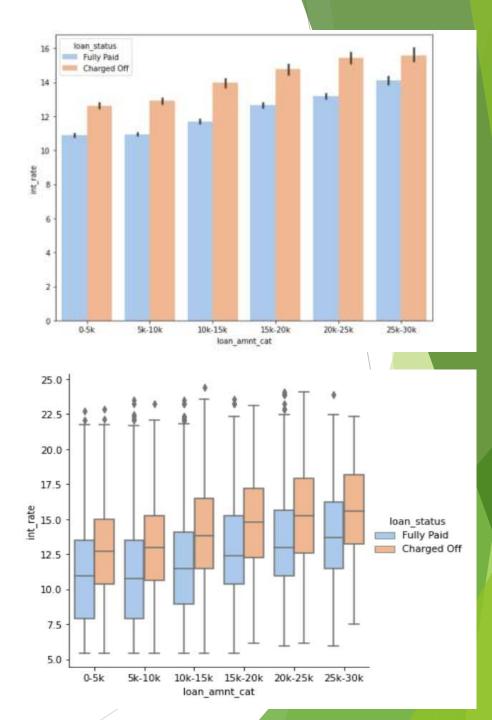
- Loans taken for consolidation of debts and are living in rented house are most probable to be defaulters.
- As you can see there is whooping increase in defaulters for the applicants who have borrowed loans for debt consolidation.
- As per analysis, can avoid offering loans for debt consolidation and rented house applicants which can probably decrease the number of defaulters.





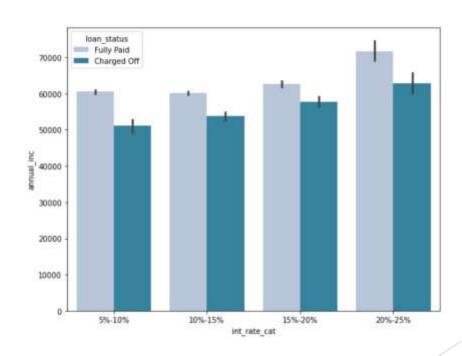
Loan Amount vs Interest rate

- Applicants with loan amount in range 25k-30k with interest rate of 15-16% are most probable to be defaulters.
- The interest rate for charged off loans is pretty high than that of fully paid loans in all the loan amount groups.
- This can be a pretty strong driving factor for loan defaulting.



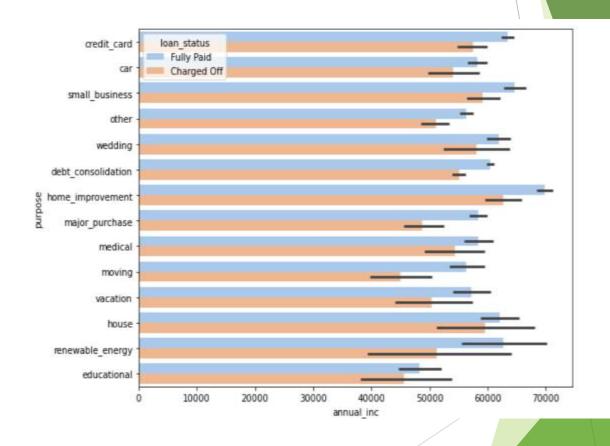
Interest rate vs Annual Income

- Applicants with annual income between 60-70k with 20-25% of interest rate on loan are most probable to be defaulters.
- Loans with high interest rate have more defaulters.



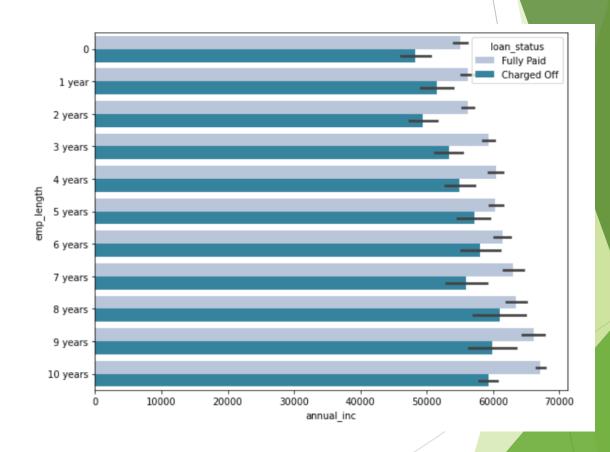
Annual Income vs Purpose

- Applicants with annual income between 60k-70k with loan purpose of Home Improvement are most probable to be defaulters.
- Applicants with higher salary mostly applied loans for "home improvement", "house", "renewable energy" and "small businesses"



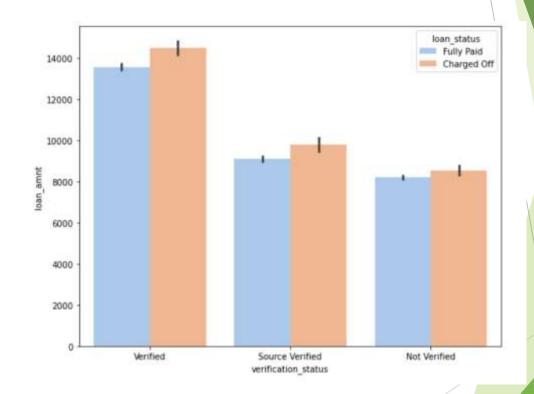
Annual Income vs Employment Length

Applicants with annual income between 60k-70k with employment length of 8 years are most probable to be defaulters.



Loan Amount Vs Verification Status

- Applicants which are Verified with loan amount in range 14k-16k are most probable to be defaulters.
- People with the higher loan amount are being verified first.



Conclusion

- Loans having higher interest rate have more defaulters. Check the background of applicant thoroughly if interest rate is high.
- Most probable defaulters can be applicants who have 10+ experience. Check the background of applicant thoroughly if employment length is high.
- Most of the applicants with annual income between 60-70k are defaulters. This income can be tricky as it can suited for high graded as well low graded loans. Check the capability before offering loans.
- When the purpose of loan is debt consolidation check applicant thoroughly as it has high tendency to default.
- ► The interest rate for charged off loans is pretty high than that of fully paid loans in all the loan amount groups.
- When the applicants are living in a rented house, they have a high tendency to default. Lending club can avoid/reduce offering loans to such applicants