Foundation of Data Science (Practical) - Lab 2 (Introduction to Data science Tools: Numpy and Pandas) Assignments

- **1.** Numpy assignment: Perform edge detection in a photo. Steps:
- Import a photo using PIL library (install if necessary) and convert it to numpy (PIL.Image.open()).
- Covert it to grayscale (For each pixel take mean of R,G,B values which will be the grayscale value)
- Use edge detection logic (using Sobel Filter):
 - Add padding pixels around the boundary of the image (use *numpy.pad()*)
 - For each pixel at position (i, j) perform following:

Image[i, j] = absolute_value_of(Gradx) + absolute_value_of(Grady)
where,

 $Gradx = Sum(3x3 \ neighbourhood \ of \ Image[i, j] * Kx)$ i.e. element-wise multiplication of two 3x3 matrices followed by sum of all elements

 $Grady = Sum(3x3 \ neighbourhood \ of \ Image[i, j] * Ky)$

3x3 neighbourhood of Pix[i, j] = Image[i-1:i+2, j-1:j+2]

$$Kx = [[-1, -2, -1], [0, 0, 0], [1, 2, 1]]$$

$$Ky = [[-1, 0, 1],$$

 $[-2, 0, 2],$
 $[-1, 0, 1]]$

- Convert above obtained numpy array to PIL image (Image.fromarray())
- Show/save the image using PIL
- **2.** Pandas assignment: On the attached salaries dataset, perform following:
- What is the job title and base pay of "David Shinn"
- What is the average base pay
- Fill the missing numeric value in each column using the column's average
- Select and display rows where the JobTitle is "CAPTAIN III (POLICE DEPARTMENT)".
- Find employees whose BasePay is greater than \$200,000.
- Identify the employees who received the lowest Benefits.
- Find the top 5 employees based on their TotalPay, and display their EmployeeName, JobTitle, and TotalPay.
- Calculate the average BasePay for each unique JobTitle. Find the job title with the highest average BasePay.