

LAB – 3

PYTHON BASIC PRACTICE – III

210905189

Kushala Sarada A V

Roll No. 33

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```
import numpy as np
```

```
# 1. Array creation
```

```
A = np.array([2, 5, 10])
```

```
print(A.dtype) # int64
```

```
B = np.array([2.4, 10.6, 5.2])
```

```
print(B.dtype) # float64
```

```
# Creating a 2-dimensional array
```

```
C = np.array([(3, 4, 5), (12, 6, 1)])
```

```
# Creating zero matrix of dimension 2x4
```

```
Z = np.zeros((2, 4))
```

```
print(Z)
```

```
# Creating ones matrix of dimension 3x3
```

```
O = np.ones((3, 3))
```

```
print(O)
```

```
# Creating a sequence of data using arange
```

```
S = np.arange(10, 30, 5)
```

```
print(S) # [10 15 20 25]
```

```
# arange with float arguments
```

```
F = np.arange(0, 2, 0.3)
```

```
print(F)
```

```
# [0. 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.2 1.5 1.8]
```

```
210905189_Kushala@networklab:~/Desktop/210905189/Lab3$ python3 sample1.py
int64
float64
[[0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0.]]
[[1. 1. 1.]
 [1. 1. 1.]
 [1. 1. 1.]]
[10 15 20 25]
[0. 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.2 1.5 1.8]
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import random
```

```
# Using linspace to specify the total number of elements in the array
```

```
S1 = np.linspace(0, 2, 9)
```

```
print(S1)
```

```

# [0.  0.25 0.5  0.75 1.   1.25 1.5  1.75 2. ]

# Random number generation using random module
print(random.choice([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])) # Pick one number randomly from the list
print(random.choice('python')) # Pick one character randomly from the string

# Pick one integer between 25 to 50
print(random.randrange(25, 50))

# Pick one integer between 25 to 50 with a step size of 2
print(random.randrange(25, 50, 2))

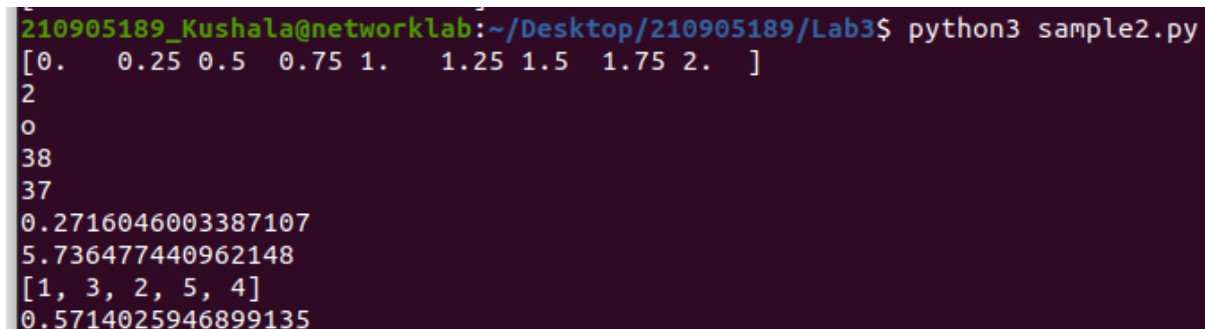
# Pick a random number between 0 to 1
print(random.random())

# Pick a floating-point number between 5 to 10
print(random.uniform(5, 10))

# Shuffle the elements of the list
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
random.shuffle(my_list)
print(my_list)

# Set the seed to get the same random value during every execution
random.seed(10)
print(random.random())

```



```

210905189_Kushala@networklab:~/Desktop/210905189/Lab3$ python3 sample2.py
[0.  0.25 0.5  0.75 1.   1.25 1.5  1.75 2. ]
2
0
38
37
0.2716046003387107
5.736477440962148
[1, 3, 2, 5, 4]
0.5714025946899135

```

```

import numpy as np
a = np.arange(15).reshape(3, 5)
print(a)
print(a.shape) # (3, 5)
print(a.size) # 15
print(a.T) # Transpose to a 5x3 matrix

c = np.arange(24).reshape(2, 3, 4)
print(c)
print(c.shape) # (2, 3, 4)
print(c[1, ...]) # Equivalent to c[1, :, :]
print(c[..., 2]) # Equivalent to c[:, :, 2]

```

```
210905189_Kusha@networklab:~/Desktop/210905189/Lab3$ python3 sample3.py
```

```
[[ 0  1  2  3  4]
 [ 5  6  7  8  9]
 [10 11 12 13 14]]
```

```
(3, 5)
```

```
15
```

```
[[ 0  5 10]
 [ 1  6 11]
 [ 2  7 12]
 [ 3  8 13]
 [ 4  9 14]]
```

```
[[[ 0  1  2  3]
 [ 4  5  6  7]
 [ 8  9 10 11]]
```

```
[[12 13 14 15]
 [16 17 18 19]
 [20 21 22 23]]]
```

```
(2, 3, 4)
```

```
[[12 13 14 15]
 [16 17 18 19]
 [20 21 22 23]]
```

```
[[ 2  6 10]
 [14 18 22]]
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
a = np.array([20, 30, 40, 50])
```

```
b = np.arange(4)
```

```
c = a - b
```

```
print("a - b:", c)
```

```
print("b^2:", b**2)
```

```
print("10 * sin(a):", 10 * np.sin(a))
```

```
print("a < 35:", a < 35)
```

```
A = np.array([[1, 1], [0, 1]])
```

```
B = np.array([[2, 0], [3, 4]])
```

```
print("A * B (Elementwise product):", A * B)
```

```
print("np.dot(A, B) (Matrix product):", np.dot(A, B))
```

```
b = np.arange(12).reshape(3, 4)
```

```
print("Sum of each column:", b.sum(axis=0))
```

```
print("Sum of each row:", b.sum(axis=1))
```

```
print("Flattened array:", b.ravel())
```

```
B1 = b.reshape(2, 6)
```

```
print("Reshaped matrix (4x5):", B1)
```

```

210905189_Kushala@networklab:~/Desktop/210905189/Lab3$ python3 sample4.py
a - b: [20 29 38 47]
b^2: [0 1 4 9]
10 * sin(a): [ 9.12945251 -9.88031624  7.4511316  -2.62374854]
a < 35: [ True  True False False]
A * B (Elementwise product): [[2 0]
 [0 4]]
np.dot(A, B) (Matrix product): [[5 4]
 [3 4]]
Sum of each column: [12 15 18 21]
Sum of each row: [ 6 22 38]
Flattened array: [ 0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11]
Reshaped matrix (4x5): [[ 0  1  2  3  4  5]
 [ 6  7  8  9 10 11]]

```

```

import numpy as np
a = np.arange(10)**3
print(a[2:5])
print(a[0:6:2])

```

```

b = np.array([[0, 1, 2, 3], [10, 11, 12, 13], [20, 21, 22, 23], [30, 31, 32, 33], [40, 41, 42, 43]])
print(b[2, 3])
print(b[0:5, 1])
print(b[-1, :])

```

```

for row in b:
    print(row)

```

```

for element in b.flat:
    print(element)

```

```

210905189_Kushala@networklab:~/Desktop/210905189/Lab3$ python3 sample5.py
[ 8 27 64]
[ 0 8 64]
23
[ 1 11 21 31 41]
[40 41 42 43]
[0 1 2 3]
[10 11 12 13]
[20 21 22 23]
[30 31 32 33]
[40 41 42 43]
0
1
2
3
10
11
12
13
20
21
22
23
30
31
32
33
40
41
42
43

```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
# Array Operations
```

```
a = np.array([20, 30, 40, 50])
```

```
b = np.arange(4)
```

```
c = a - b
```

```
print("a - b:", c)
```

```
print("b^2:", b**2)
```

```
print("10 * sin(a):", 10 * np.sin(a))
```

```
print("a < 35:", a < 35)
```

```
# Matrix Operations
```

```
A = np.array([[1, 1], [0, 1]])
```

```
B = np.array([[2, 0], [3, 4]])
```

```
print("A * B (Elementwise product):", A * B)
```

```
print("np.dot(A, B) (Matrix product):", np.dot(A, B))
```

```
# Another Matrix Sum Operations
```

```
b = np.arange(12).reshape(3, 4)
```

```
print("Sum of each column:", b.sum(axis=0))
```

```
print("Sum of each row:", b.sum(axis=1))
```

```
# Changing the Shape of a Matrix
```

```
print("Flattened array:", b.ravel())
```

```
try:
```

```
    B1 = b.reshape(4, 5) # Raises ValueError
```

```
except ValueError as e:
```

```
    print("Error:", e)
```

```

# Stacking Operations
A1 = np.array([(3, 4, 5), (12, 6, 1)])
A2 = np.array([(1, 2, 6), (-4, 3, 8)])
D1 = np.vstack((A1, A2))
print("Vertical Stack D1:\n", D1)

D2 = np.hstack((A1, A2))
print("Horizontal Stack D2:\n", D2)

a = np.array([4., 2.])
b = np.array([3., 8.])
result_column_stack = np.column_stack((a, b))
print("Column-wise Stack:\n", result_column_stack)

# Indexing with Array of Indices
a = np.arange(12)**2
i = np.array([1, 1, 3, 8, 5])
result_i = a[i]
print("Indexing with array i:", result_i)

j = np.array([[3, 4], [9, 7]])
result_j = a[j]
print("Indexing with array j:\n", result_j)

```

```

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210905189_Kushala@networklab:~/Desktop/210905189/Lab3$ python3 sample6.py
a - b: [20 29 38 47]
b^2: [0 1 4 9]
10 * sin(a): [ 9.12945251 -9.88031624  7.4511316  -2.62374854]
a < 35: [ True  True False False]
A * B (Elementwise product): [[2 0]
 [0 4]]
np.dot(A, B) (Matrix product): [[5 4]
 [3 4]]
Sum of each column: [12 15 18 21]
Sum of each row: [ 6 22 38]
Flattened array: [ 0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11]
Error: cannot reshape array of size 12 into shape (4,5)
Vertical Stack D1:
[[ 3  4  5]
 [12  6  1]
 [ 1  2  6]
 [-4  3  8]]
Horizontal Stack D2:
[[ 3  4  5  1  2  6]
 [12  6  1 -4  3  8]]
Column-wise Stack:
[[4.  3.]
 [2.  8.]]
Indexing with array i: [ 1  1  9 64 25]
Indexing with array j:
[[ 9 16]
 [81 49]]
210905189_Kushala@networklab:~/Desktop/210905189/Lab3$ python3 sample7.py

```

```
import numpy as np
```

```

# Mapping by Value
a = np.array([(3, 2, 9), (1, 6, 7)])

```

```
s1 = 0
```

```
for row in a:  
    for col in row:  
        s1 += col
```

```
print("Sum using value mapping:", s1)
```

```
# Mapping by Index
```

```
a = np.array([(3, 2, 9), (1, 6, 7)])
```

```
s = 0
```

```
for i in range(a.shape[0]):  
    for j in range(a.shape[1]):  
        s += a[i, j]
```

```
print("Sum using index mapping:", s)
```

```
210905189_Kushala@networklab:~/Desktop/210905189/Lab3$ python3 sample7.py  
Sum using value mapping: 28  
Sum using index mapping: 28
```