NAME: KUSUM M R USN:1BM19CS077

# **CN CYCLE- 2 REPORT**

1. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16-bits)

```
import hashlib
def xor(a, b):
   result = []
   for i in range(1, len(b)):
       if a[i] == b[i]:
            result.append('0')
        else:
            result.append('1')
def mod2div(dividend, divisor):
   pick = len(divisor)
    tmp = dividend[0: pick]
    while pick < len(dividend):</pre>
        if tmp[0] == '1':
            tmp = xor(divisor, tmp) + dividend[pick]
            tmp = xor('0' * pick, tmp) + dividend[pick]
    if tmp[0] == '1':
        tmp = xor(divisor, tmp)
        tmp = xor('0' * pick, tmp)
    checkword = tmp
```

```
return checkword
def encodeData(data, key):
   l key = len(key)
    appended data = data + '0' * (1 key - 1)
    remainder = mod2div(appended_data, key)
    codeword = data + remainder
    return codeword
def decodeData(code, key):
    remainder = mod2div(code, key)
    return remainder
data=input("Enter Data: ")
print("dataword:"+str(data))
key = "10001000000100001"
print("generating polynomial:"+key)
codeword = encodeData(data, key)
print("Checksum: ",codeword)
print("Transmitted Codeword:"+str(codeword))
code = input("enter transmitted codeword:")
recieved data = int(decodeData(code, key))
if recieved data == 0:
   print("NO ERROR")
else:
   print("ERROR")
    print(recieved data)
```

```
PS D:\Kusum\V Semester\CN lab test 2> python crc.py
Enter Data: 1001
dataword:1001
generating polynomial:1000100000100001
Checksum: 100110010001001001
Transmitted Codeword:10011001000101001
enter transmitted codeword:10011001000100101000
ERROR
1
```

2. Write a program for a distance vector algorithm to find a suitable path for transmission.

```
def __init__(self, array_of_points):
   self.nodes = array of points
   self.edges = []
def add direct_connection(self, p1, p2, cost):
    self.edges.append((p1, p2, cost))
    self.edges.append((p2, p1, cost))
def distance_vector_routing(self):
    import collections
    for node in self.nodes:
        dist = collections.defaultdict(int)
        next hop = {node: node}
        for other node in self.nodes:
            if other node != node:
                dist[other node] = 100000000 # infinity
        for i in range(len(self.nodes)-1):
            for edge in self.edges:
                src, dest, cost = edge
                if dist[src] + cost < dist[dest]:</pre>
                    if src == node:
                        next hop[dest] =dest
                    elif src in next hop:
```

```
next_hop[dest] = next_hop[src]
            self.print routing table(node, dist, next hop)
            print()
    def print routing table(self, node, dist, next hop):
        print(f'Routing table for {node}:')
        print('Dest \t Cost \t Next Hop')
       for dest, cost in dist.items():
            print(f'{dest} \t {cost} \t {next hop[dest]}')
    def start(self):
nodes = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E']
t = Topology(nodes)
t.add direct connection('A', 'B', 1)
t.add direct connection('A', 'C', 5)
t.add direct connection('B', 'C', 3)
t.add_direct_connection('B', 'E', 9)
t.add direct connection('C', 'D', 4)
t.add direct connection('D', 'E', 2)
t.distance_vector_routing()
```

```
PS D:\Kusum\V Semester\CN lab test 2> python .\distVector.py
Routing table for A:
Dest
         Cost
                  Next Hop
В
                  В
c
         4
                  В
D
                  В
         8
                  В
         10
Α
         0
                  Α
Routing table for B:
Dest
         Cost
                  Next Hop
         1
                  Α
c
                  C
D
                  C
         7
E
         9
                  E
В
         0
                  В
Routing table for C:
         Cost
Dest
                 Next Hop
A
         4
                  В
В
         3
                  В
D
         4
                  D
E
         6
                  D
```

```
Routing table for D:
Dest
         Cost
                  Next Hop
Α
         8
                  C
         7
                  C
В
C
         4
                  C
         2
                  Ε
Ε
D
         0
                  D
Routing table for E:
                  Next Hop
Dest
         Cost
         10
                  В
Α
В
         9
                  В
C
         6
                  D
D
         2
                  D
Ε
         0
                  E
```

3. Implement Dijkstra's algorithm to compute the shortest path for a given topology.

```
import math
# For INF

def dijkstra(graph, n, src):
    distance = [math.inf] * n
    distance[src] = 0
    final_selected = [(src, distance[src])]
    curr_vertex = src

while len(final_selected) < n:</pre>
```

```
min vertex, min dist = -1, math.inf
        for neighbor in graph[curr vertex]:
           vertex, weight = neighbor
            distance[vertex] = min(
                distance[curr vertex] + weight, distance[vertex])
        for vertex in range(n):
            if distance[vertex] <= min dist and (vertex, distance[vertex])</pre>
not in final selected:
                min vertex, min dist = vertex, distance[vertex]
        final selected.append((min vertex, min dist))
        curr vertex = min vertex
   print('Vertex\tDistance')
    [print(f'\{v\}\t\{d\}') for v, d in final selected]
if name == " main ":
   n = int(input("Enter no of vertices: "))
   e = int(input("Enter no of edges: "))
   graph dict = {}
   print("Enter the edges as follows: [start] [end] [weight]")
   for i in range(e):
        start, end, weight = [int(j) for j in input().split()]
       if not graph dict.get(start):
            graph dict[start] = [(end, weight)]
       else:
            graph dict[start].append((end, weight))
        if not graph dict.get(end):
            graph dict[end] = [(start, weight)]
            graph dict[end].append((start, weight))
    for i in range(n):
       print(f'Source {i}: ')
       dijkstra(graph dict, n, i)
```

```
Enter no of vertices: 5
Enter no of edges: 7
Enter the edges as follows: [start] [end] [weight]
013
0 3 7
0 4 8
121
1 3 4
232
3 4 3
Source 0:
Vertex Distance
0
       0
1
2
       4
       6
4
       8
Source 1:
Vertex Distance
1
       0
2
       1
3
       3
0
       3
4
       6
Source 2:
Vertex Distance
2
        0
1
        1
        2
0
        4
4
        5
Source 3:
Vertex Distance
3
        0
2
        2
4
        3
1
        3
0
        6
4
        0
        3
2
        5
1
        6
0
        8
```

PS D:\Kusum\V Semester\CN lab test 2> python .\dijkstraPython.py

4. Write a program for congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm.

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<unistd.h>
using namespace std;
#define bucketSize 500
void bucketInput(int a,int b)
if(a > bucketSize)
cout<<"\n\t\tBucket overflow";</pre>
else{
sleep(5);
while (a > b) {
cout<<"\n\t\t"<<b<<" bytes outputted.";
a-=b;
sleep(5);
if(a > 0)
cout<<"\n\t\tLast "<<a<<" bytes sent\t";
cout<<"\n\t\tBucket output successful";</pre>
int main()
int op,pktSize;
cout<<"Enter output rate : ";</pre>
cin>>op;
for(int i=1;i<=5;i++)
sleep(rand()%10);
pktSize=rand()%700;
cout<<"\nPacket no "<<i<<"\tPacket size = "<<pktSize;
bucketInput(pktSize,op);
cout<<endl;
return 0;
```

PS D:\Kusum\V Semester\CN lab test 2> ./a.exe Enter output rate: 100 Packet no 1 Packet size = 267 100 bytes outputted. 100 bytes outputted. Last 67 bytes sent Bucket output successful Packet no 2 Packet size = 600 Bucket overflow Packet no 3 Packet size = 324 100 bytes outputted. 100 bytes outputted. 100 bytes outputted. Last 24 bytes sent Bucket output successful Packet no 4 Packet size = 658 Bucket overflow Packet no 5 Packet size = 664

Bucket overflow

5. Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client-server program to make the client send the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

## Client.py

```
import socket
SERVER_HOST = '127.0.0.1'
SERVER_PORT = 65432
print('\033[32m======== CLIENT ======\033[0m')
with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM) as sock:
    sock.connect((SERVER_HOST, SERVER_PORT))
    while True:
        filename = input('Enter file name: ')
        if not filename:
            break
        sock.sendall(bytes(filename, 'utf-8'))
        print(f'Sent: {filename}')

        data = sock.recv(1024)
        contents = data.decode('utf-8')
        print(f'Received: {contents}')
        print()
```

### Server.py

```
import socket
HOST = '127.0.0.1'
PORT = 65432
print('\033[36m====== SERVER ======\033[0m')
with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM) as sock:
    sock.bind((HOST, PORT))
    sock.listen(1)
    conn, addr = sock.accept()
    with conn:
       print(f'Connected by: {addr}')
       while True:
            data = conn.recv(1024)
            if not data:
               break
            filename = data.decode('utf-8')
            print(f'Received Filename: {filename}')
            try:
                with open(filename, 'r') as f:
                    data = f.read()
                data = bytes(data, 'utf-8')
            except:
                data = bytes(f'File {filename} not found', 'utf-8')
            conn.sendall(data)
            print(f'Sent: {data}')
            print()
```

PS D:\Kusum\V Semester\CN lab test 2\TCP> python client.py

======= CLIENT =======

Enter file name: testfile.txt

Sent: testfile.txt

Received: Hello world! I was sent by the TCP Server.

Enter file name: agdjhadg

Sent: agdjhadg

Received: File agdjhadg not found

PS D:\Kusum\V Semester\CN lab test 2\TCP> python server.py

====== SERVER ======

Connected by: ('127.0.0.1', 63378)
Received Filename: testfile.txt

Sent: b'Hello world! I was sent by the TCP Server.'

Received Filename: agdjhadg Sent: b'File agdjhadg not found' 6. Using UDP sockets, write a client-server program to make client sending the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

### Client.py

```
import socket

HOST = '127.0.0.1'
PORT = 65432

print('\033[32m======== CLIENT ======\033[0m')

with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM) as sock:
    sock.connect((HOST, PORT))
    while True:
        filename = input('Enter file to request from server: ')

        if not filename:
            break

        sock.sendall(bytes(filename, 'utf-8'))
        print(f'Sent: {filename}')

        data = sock.recv(1024).decode('utf-8')
        print(f'Received: {data}')
        print()
```

#### Server.py

```
import socket
HOST = '127.0.0.1'
PORT = 65432
print('\033[36m====== SERVER ======\033[0m')
with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM) as sock:
    sock.bind((HOST, PORT))
   while True:
        data, addr = sock.recvfrom(1024)
       if not data:
           break
        filename = data.decode('utf-8')
        print(f'Received Filename: {filename} From: {addr}')
        try:
           with open(filename, 'r') as f:
               data = f.read()
           data = bytes(data, 'utf-8')
        except:
            data = bytes(f'File {filename} not found', 'utf-8')
        sock.sendto(data, addr)
        print(f'Sent: {data} To: {addr}')
        print()
```

PS D:\Kusum\V Semester\CN lab test 2\UDP> python client.py ======= CLIENT =======

Enter file to request from server: testfile.txt

Sent: testfile.txt

Received: Hello world! I was sent by the UDP Server.

Enter file to request from server: gfhgh

Sent: gfhgh

Received: File gfhgh not found

PS D:\Kusum\V Semester\CN lab test 2\UDP> python server.py

====== SERVER ======

Received Filename: testfile.txt From: ('127.0.0.1', 59226)

Sent: b'Hello world! I was sent by the UDP Server.' To: ('127.0.0.1', 59226)

Received Filename: gfhgh From: ('127.0.0.1', 59226)
Sent: b'File gfhgh not found' To: ('127.0.0.1', 59226)