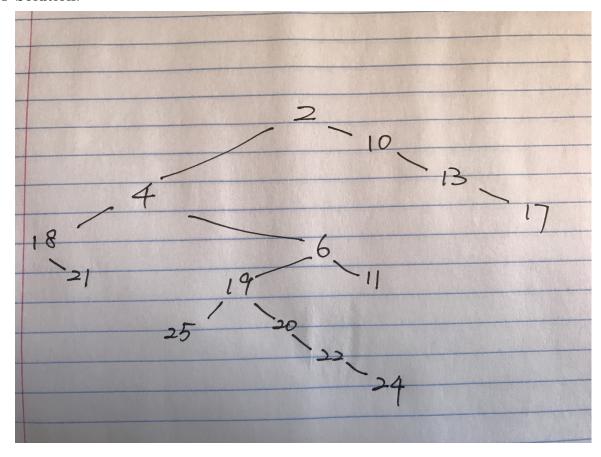
CS 261 - Data Structure HomeWork 6 June 9, 2017 Liangjian Chen

Problem 1 Solution:



The query between node 24 and node 13.

Problem 2 Solution:

$$\begin{array}{l} (2,0) \rightarrow (4,1) \rightarrow (18,2) \rightarrow (21,3) \rightarrow (18,2) \rightarrow (4,1) \rightarrow (6,2) \\ \rightarrow (19,3) \rightarrow (25,4) \rightarrow (19,3) \rightarrow (20,4) \rightarrow (22,5) \rightarrow (24,6) \rightarrow (22,5) \\ \rightarrow (20,4) \rightarrow (19,3) \rightarrow (6,2) \rightarrow (11,3) \rightarrow (6,2) \rightarrow (4,1) \rightarrow (2,0) \\ \rightarrow (10,1) \rightarrow (13,2) \rightarrow (17,3) \rightarrow (13,2) \rightarrow (10,1) \rightarrow (2,0) \end{array}$$

Assume 0-index, positions are 12 and 22.

Problem 3 Solution:

---- can not occur in this sequence, because the depth of tree is 6 and it is impossible to decease depth consecutively 6 times.

Problem 4 Solution:

When LCA(x,y) is not x, first step is to the x's father. In the case of LCA(x,y) = x, if LCA(x's left son, y) is x's left son, go left son, otherwise right son.

Therefore we make LCA query at most twice.