5.2 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10

Supering settingen: (55)

His f: [a, b] \rightarrow R er hontinnerlig

of f(a) = 0 of f(b) > 0 set fin old

en $c \in [a, b]$ all at f(c) = 0.

1. b $f(x) = e^{x} - x - 2$ for host pi[0, 2]. $f(0) = e^{0} - 0 - 2 = -1$ $f(2) = e^{2} - 2 - 2 = e^{2} - 4$ si f(a) > 0. Si or SS fins dr $a = c \in [a, a]$ Std. A f(c) = 0.

3b $f(x) = \sin x$ $g(x) = x^3$ $x \in [\pi/6, \pi/3]$ howeful til f oz g shiperer horandre olemn the fine en $c \in [\pi/6, \pi/3]$ shi at f(c) = g(c). Ser pai h(x) = f(x) - g(x) h or land in verting pai $[\pi/6, \pi/3]$ $h(\frac{\pi}{6}) = \sin \frac{\pi}{7} - (\frac{\pi}{6})^3 = \frac{1}{2} - (\frac{\pi}{6})^3 > 0$ $\sin \ln (\frac{\pi}{3}) = \sin \frac{\pi}{3} - (\frac{\pi}{3})^3 = \frac{1}{2} [3 - (\frac{\pi}{3})] < 0$ Si or 55 fine der en $c \in [\pi/6, \pi/3]$ six et h(c) = f(c) - g(c) = 0.

4
$$f(x) = tan \times g(x) = X$$

$$f(\frac{\pi}{4}) = tan \frac{\pi}{4} = 1 > \frac{\pi}{4} = g(\frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$f(\frac{\pi}{4}) = tan \frac{3\pi}{4} = -1 < \frac{3\pi}{4} = g(\frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$f \text{ as the luntimetricy } pi \left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{2\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$si SS yielder the for $f - g$.
$$f(x) > x \text{ new } \frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$f(x) < x \text{ new } \frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$f(x) < x \text{ new } \frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$f(x) = g(c).$$$$

6. $f(x) = a_{2n+1} x^{2n+1} + a_{2n} x^{2n} + ... + a_{n} x + a_{0}$ ante ch $a_{2n+1} > 0$ $f(x) = a_{2n+1} x^{2n+1} \left(1 + \frac{a_{2n}}{a_{2n+1}} \frac{1}{x} + \frac{a_{1}}{a_{2n+1}} \frac{1}{x^{2n}} + \frac{a_{0}}{a_{2n+1}} \frac{1}{x^{2n}} \frac{1}{a_{2n+1}} \frac{1}{x^{2n}} \frac{1}{a$

7 a
$$f(x)$$
 a hyden first deg $x \in [7,15]$
 $g(x) = 1 - and e deg x \in [7,15]$
 $h = 1 - p^2$ toppen

 $f(x) - g(x) = 0 - h < 0$
 $f(7) - g(7) = 0 - h < 0$
 $f(15) - g(15) = h - 0 > 0$

Si SS priv A de frie $c \in [7,15]$

Si C $f(c) = g(c)$
 $f: [7,15]$
 $g: [10,16]$
 $g(x) = f(15)$
 $g(x) = g(10)$
 $g(x) = g(10)$

8
$$f(x): [0,1] \rightarrow [0,1]$$
 limt.
 $g(x) = f(x) - x$
 $g(0) = f(0) - 0 = f(0)$
his $f(0) = 0$ so ex ex 0 ex fils punch,
his ille w $f(0) > 0$, so $g(0) > 0$
 $g(1) = f(1) - 1$
has $f(1) = 1$ so $x \mid x \mid x \mid x \mid fils punch,$
his ille ex $f(1) < 1$, so $g(1) < 0$
At 55 fins let de en $c \in (0,1)$ oth ex
 $g(c) = 0$ det with it $f(c) = c$.

høyden i x pi nikelen $g(x) = f(x) - f(x + \pi)$ g(0)= f(0) - f(π) $g(\pi) = f(\pi) - f(2\pi) - f(\pi) - f(0)$ Si horo $g(0) \neq 0$ si her $g(0) \rightarrow g(\pi)$ motert jutign. Hvis SS gjelder for g en fins de en $c \in (0, \pi)$ gli et $f(c) = f(c + \pi)$

5.3
1 b
$$f(x) = \frac{\ln(\sin^2 x + e^x)}{x-1}$$
 [1,000i, 3]
 $x-1 \neq 0$ pi in twollt
such $x + e^x > 0$ pi in twollt
si f er definet of hontinenty
pi intervellet.
Defor her den schotzen puncher pi inter-
vallet.

Jay f: R-R lentinuly

lin f(x) = M lin f(x) = N

x-100

Det fins a <0 of 6 > 0 slik et

[f(x) - M] < 1 her x < a

[f(x) - N] < | her x > b

fer lentinuely pi

[a,b], si fer

legenset pi (a,b) of degle

ogsi pi hele R.

f: $[a_1b_1] - 1R$ luntinuely.

I have electron pender f(c) of f(d).

de f(c) and minimal plot

or f(d) — , — max pender.

Doe to $V_f \subseteq [f(c), f(d)]$ Siden $f(c) \in V_f$ or $f(d) \subset V_f$ followed on SS of $V_f = [f(c), f(d)]$.

Althings det for how $e \in [f(c), f(d)]$ fins en a side of f(a) = e.

5.4

16
$$\lim_{X\to 0^{+}} \frac{x^{4} + (x + e^{x^{2}})}{7 + \sin((x))} = \frac{1}{7}$$
 siden

 $x^{4} \to 0$, $(x_{1} \to 0, e^{x^{2}} \to 1, \sin(x \to 0).$

26 $\lim_{X\to 3} x^{2} = 9$
 $|x^{2} - 9| = |x - 3| |x + 3| < |3| |x - 3|}{8 < x < 10} < \varepsilon$

dess. $|x - 3| < \frac{\varepsilon}{13}$.

Vely $\delta = \min\{\frac{\varepsilon}{15}, 1\}$.

De vi $|x - 3| < \delta = |x^{2} - 9| < \varepsilon$.

3 6
$$\lim_{X \to \infty} \frac{8x^2 + 2x + 7}{\sqrt{x} - 4x^2}$$

 $\lim_{X \to \infty} \frac{8x^2 + 2x + 7}{\sqrt{x} - 4x^2} = \lim_{X \to \infty} \frac{8 + \frac{2}{x} + \frac{7}{x^2}}{\sqrt{x} - \frac{7}{x}} = \frac{8}{-9} = \frac{2}{-2}$