Egenverdier og egenvelder

Husk: Him $A\vec{v} = \lambda \vec{v}$, $\vec{v} \neq \vec{0}$, sà en λ en egenuella og \vec{v} en egenuella for λ .

I en en egenendi for A huis of base hus del (TI-A)=0. Non is vegues et del (TI-A), foir is et v-be gradopolynom som haller del harabbeitstiske polynomel dis A

Egmendeem er vidhen hit det polynomet.

Algebraus fundamenlelkorem; Ethned n-k grædepolynom har nøyeklig n vöbber, dusom i tiller med mulliplastet og godler kompletse vöbber.

Ebsempt: Finn egenreleine og egenreklame til $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

Firmer find egeneralière:

$$2 \left[(37 - A) = \begin{vmatrix} 3-2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2-2 \end{vmatrix} = (3-2)^{2} + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (3-2)^{2} = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow 3-2 = \frac{1}{2}i$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 = 2i$$

To egeneralin: 2= 2+2, 2= 2-2

Egenvella II 21: V1= (x): AV1= 2,V1

Equation Lix
$$\lambda_2$$
: $v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$: $\lambda \vec{v}_2 = \lambda_2 \vec{v}_2$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ \gamma \end{pmatrix} = (2-i) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \lambda_2 + y = 2x - ix \Rightarrow y = -ix$$

$$-x + 2y = 2y - iy \Rightarrow x = iy$$
Volga $x = 1, y = -ix$

$$\lambda \text{Ubi}: \vec{v}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -i \end{pmatrix}$$

OBS: His A en en veell mohne, så hanner de hamplike egenerdene : konjugerk par. De lithrende egenerkhaene en også hamplebokonjugerk om turrander.

Ebrempel: Frim egenendin og egenvelterer til $\lambda = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Finner equivaler: $|\lambda - 3| = |\lambda - 4| = |\lambda -$

Equila: $\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$: $\vec{A} \vec{v} = \vec{\lambda} \vec{v}$

Egenvella: $\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Deme mahren har alls à illu en basis au egenseldaer!

Bario au egenvektuer:

Vi sein al en nxn-maluse A has en basis ou egenrebbaen dessan el firms v linear machengige egentelleres vivis-ivn.

Dette belige at entre relles how strices sam en linearhandinergous

på nonellig én måle.

Mahrien i chremple auch har ihre deme egenskapen.

Vi han to villige resultation:

Sahung: Dersom nxn-makriem & han n fordijallêge egenrerdier, sà han A en bares au egenreblarer. His elle egenrerdien er welle it have hedd our reelle relder, his ikke it noen our egenrellaire vous hamplihre.

Definisjam: En makin t en symmetrist dessam aij = aj: for alle i.j. Del er del somme som il AT= A.

Spelhalteorem for symmetriske makoer: En symmetrisk matrise has alltid en bario our reelle egenveldaer. Vi han dersete ulge haris slih al den er ortornormal

Vi. Vj = {1 loss i-j

Hvorla en banner av egenveltuer villeg?

X= CIV, + CoV + ... + CoV, Vaz. Vaz. Vn en egunellera

A x = A ((, v, +c, v. + - + c, v.) = <, 2, v, + <, 2, v. + .. + <, 2, v. A2 = A (Ax) = A (47, V, + c, 2, V, + · · · c, 2, V,) = (,)2 V1 + (2)2 V2 + 1 C 2 2 V2 h

Grevel.

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Element: Dyrander: somepell < loghedop: Xn dop after in on
     Overgang wellow av:
                                                                                   Xn+1 =1.2 xn-0.2yn X0=400
                                                                                ynor = 0.9 yn + 0.1 xn
                  Hvor mange dup or all after war?

Let \vec{x}_{N} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{N} \\ y_{N} \end{pmatrix} of A = \begin{pmatrix} x_{N} \\ 0.1 & 0.9 \end{pmatrix}. Do her w

\frac{1}{\chi_{N+1}} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N+1} \\ \chi_{N+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N+1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \\ \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} & \chi_{N-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{N-1} &
                \vec{X}_{1}, \vec{Y}_{1} = \vec{A}\vec{x}_{0}, \vec{X}_{2} = \vec{A}\vec{x}_{1} = \vec{A}\vec{x}_{1}, \vec{X}_{3} = \vec{A}\vec{x}_{2} = \vec{A}\vec{x}_{1}, \vec{X}_{1} = \vec{A}\vec{x}_{2}
La cris frime equivalent of equilibration 12 %:

C = \text{def} (\lambda T - A) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 - 1 & 2 & 0 \\ -0.1 & 2 & 0.9 \\ -0.1 & 2 & 0.9 \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda \frac{12}{2})(1 - 20) + 0.02

= \frac{1^2 - 0.91 - 1.23 + 1.2 \cdot 0.9 + 0.02}{1^2 - 2.13 + 1.1 \cdot 0.9}

\lambda = \frac{2.12 \sqrt{(2.1)^2 - 4.1.19}}{2 \cdot 1} = \frac{2.12 \sqrt{4 \cdot 41 - 41}}{2}

             Egeneralier: 2-11, 32-1
                  Egenvellor V, = (x): AV, = 2, V,
                (12 -0.2) (x) = 11 (x) = 12x-0.2y=11x = 0.1x-0.2y=0) x=2y 

0.1x+0.9y=11y = 0.1x-0.2y=0) x=2y 

Valger (y=1, fix x=2) 

Vy= (1) 

Tiloraumb varmings for 1=1, giv Vz= (1)
                     Siden \vec{v}_1 of \vec{v}_2 hanner en basis. han edus when downs som en hinecertambinogen on live: \vec{x} = c\vec{v}_1 + i \vec{v}_2. Special han is shore \vec{x}_1 som en plet hinerhombinogen \vec{x}_2 and \vec{x}_3 som en plet hinerhombinogen \vec{x}_3 and \vec{x}_4 som en plet hinerhombinogen \vec{x}_4 and \vec{x}_5 and \vec{x}_6 and \vec{x}_
                        Vi Iran
        Jung = ARn
                                                     Cny v + dun v - A (cn v + du v) - cn hv + du 1, v2
                        Siden V, of Ve on him nanhunging, De mis

Cong = him og dun - he ha

Delk belogs al

Cong = 11 Co

Cong = 11 Co
                  A_{VQ} = \lambda_{1}^{2} C_{0} = \lambda_{1}^{2} A_{0} = \lambda
        Denuel o c = 100.11", d= 200
Tel shift for "
          \vec{X}_{i,i} = \begin{pmatrix} X_{i,i} \\ Y_{i,i} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{C_{i,i}}_{X_{i,i}} \vec{V}_{i,i} + \hat{A}_{i,i} \vec{V}_{i,i}^{2} = 100.11^{N} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + 200 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{200.11^{N} + 200}{100.41^{N} + 200} 
\underbrace{A_{i,i}}_{X_{i,i}} = \underbrace{A_{i,i}}_{X_{i,i}} + \frac{200.11^{N} + 200}{100.11^{N} + 200}
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