

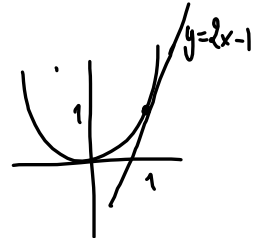
Linearisierung

$$f(x) = x^2, \quad x=1 \quad (1,1)$$

linearisiere f: $x=1$

$$y-1 = 2 \cdot (x-1)$$

$$y = 2x - 1$$



$$F: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$T_{\bar{a}} F(\bar{x}) = F(\bar{a}) + F'(\bar{a})(\bar{x} - \bar{a})$$

$$= \bar{b} + A \cdot \bar{x} - A \cdot \bar{a}$$

$$= A \bar{x} + \underbrace{\bar{b} - A \bar{a}}_{\bar{c}}$$

linearisierende til
 F i $\bar{x} = \bar{a}$.

A : Jacobi, $\bar{x} = \bar{a}$