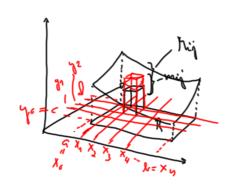
Dollelfinkgraler (Kap 6)



Jdi: Integrald shal (for positive f)
on are volumed under fundopoursqueten.

<u>Molasjon</u>: $R = [a,b] \times [c,d] = \{(x,y) : x \in [a,b] \circ g \ y \in [c,d] \}$ En partisjon T on R below an en partisjon

a = x. < x, < x, < x, < x, = b au intended [a, b], plus en partisjon

c= 4. < 41<42 < ... < 4m=d

Sell ourfra:

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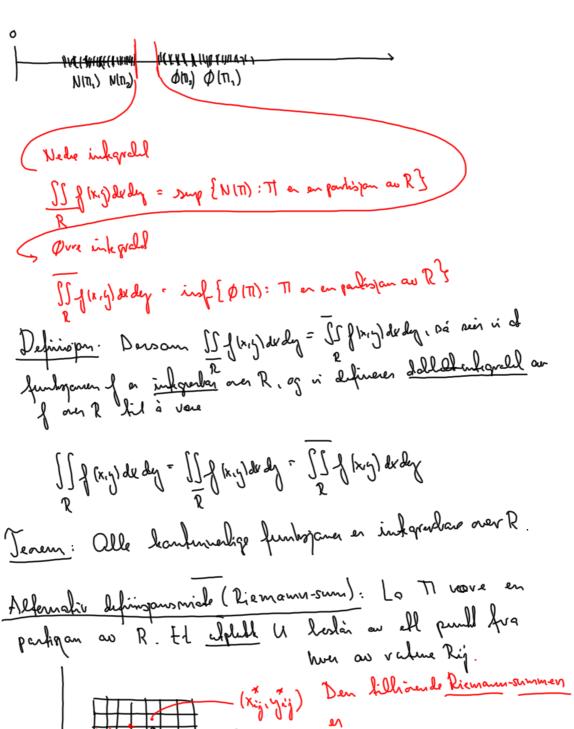
Your whence in the self of the self of the self our self

min = luf { f king) ; (xing) & Rig}

Mij = sup { f(x,y): (x,y) = Rig}

\$\left(TT \right) = \sum_{i,j} M_{i,j} (x_i - X_{i,j}) (y_j - y_j,)\$

En liken chewagen: Enhan nehr happenn en minde enn eller lik enhan 'ave happesen.



Rij R(17,14) = [] (xij, yij)(xi-xin)(yj-yin)

Dersom is har en følge {TIm, Und av parkojoner og utpluble der mashuidden går med mull, så

$$R(\Pi_n, u_n) \rightarrow \iint_R f(x, y) dv dy$$

of alle harlimely fundapower.

Hvordan vegner man ut detheltenfigraler?

Brôdshireneloden: $\approx A_i (x_i - x_{i-1})$ = \int \(\text{(x:-1, y) dy (x:-xin)} \)

His vi lar F(x) = [f k, y) dy, Doi llin $V_{i} \approx F(x_{i-1})(x_{i}-x_{i-1})$ Riemann-sum $f \cap F$ Tolorand verdi for hole brodel: $V \approx \sum_{i} F(x_{i-1})(x_{i}-x_{i-1}) \rightarrow \int_{\alpha} F(x) dx$ Alba integrerer whop y som am x ran an handant

[[] f(x,y)dedy = [[] f(xy)dy]de = [[] f(xy)de]dy

R

Tenem: His f on handmuly på RiDa

[[] f | xy de dy = [] [] f | xy dy de = [] [] f | xy de dy

Ebsempel: La R=[0,2]x[1,3] og finn II xe^{xy} dedy. $\iint_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} x_{\ell} x_{\ell} dy dy = \iint_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} x_{\ell} x_{\ell} dy dy dy = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} \left[x_{\ell} x_{\ell} \right]_{y=1}^{y=2} dx$ $= \left[\left[\frac{3x}{2} - \frac{x}{3} \right] Q_{V} - \left[\frac{3x}{3} - 2^{x} \right]^{2} - \left[\frac{2}{3} - 2^{x} - \frac{2}{3} + 1 \right]^{2} \right] = \left[\frac{2}{3} - 2^{x} - \frac{2}{3} + 1 \right]^{2} = \left[\frac{2}{3} - 2^{x} - \frac{2}{3} + 1 \right]^{2} = \left[\frac{2}{3} - 2^{x} - \frac{2}{3} + 1 \right]^{2} = \left[\frac{2}{3} - 2^{x} - \frac{2}{3} + 1 \right]^{2} = \left[\frac{2}{3} - 2^{x} - \frac{2}{3} + 1 \right]^{2} = \left[\frac{2}{3} - 2^{x} - 2^{x} - \frac{2}{3} + 1 \right]^{2} = \left[\frac{2}{3} - 2^{x} - 2^{$

Hva med à infeque den andre men?

I- I S x 2 x dx dy = [[x 2 x] dy] dy Mellamegning: | Xexy lx = x x x -] = xy dx

= \frac{x}{y}e^{xy} - \frac{1}{y^2}e^{xy}

Domid:

\[I = \int_{1}^{3} \left[\frac{x}{y}e^{xy} - \frac{1}{y^2}e^{xy} \right]_{x=0}^{x=2} \delta dy = \int_{1}^{3} \left[\frac{z}{y}e^{2y} - \frac{1}{y^2}e^{2y} + \frac{1}{y^2} \right] dy

HUFF! Integrasjonarettsfälgen spiller ingen rdle for svaret, men han spille en An volle for am man hanner frem

Dollellinkgrober: MATLAB: dol quad (@kry) x* exp(x*y),0,2,1,3)

