

Parametriserte flater

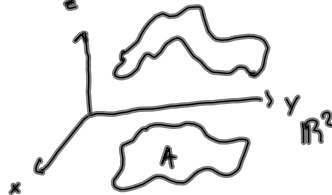
Kurver : $\gamma : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$



DEF: En parametrisert flate er en avbildning r fra et område i \mathbb{R}^2 inn i \mathbb{R}^n .

Eks:

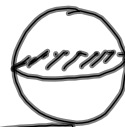
Graf:



\exists kont. på A

$(x, y, f(x, y))$.

Konkret : Se på enhetskula $\{x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1\} \subset \mathbb{R}^3$.

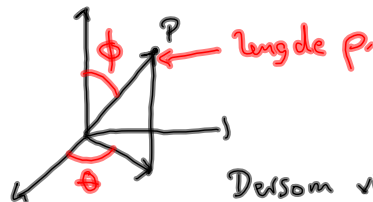


$$z = \pm \sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2}$$

$z = \sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2}$ parametriserer den øvre halvkula som en graf over enhetskula i \mathbb{R}^2 .

Kula igjen:

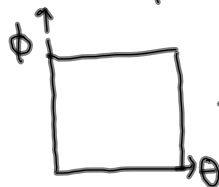
Husk kulekoordinater : $(\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta, \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta, \rho \cos \phi)$.



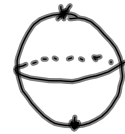
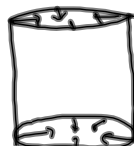
$$0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$0 \leq \phi \leq \pi$$

Dermed vi nå nå fikser ρ , så parametriserer vi overflaten til kula med radius ρ .



gløtt ϕ ,



Merk at linjene $\phi = 0$ og $\phi = \pi$ blir sendt på h.h.v. nordpolen og sydpolen til kula.