

Delvis int:

$v' = 1$
 $v = z$
 $u = \ln(1 + \frac{1}{z^2})$
 $u' = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}} \cdot (-2 \frac{1}{z^3})$

$$= \pi \left[z \ln(1 + \frac{1}{z^2}) + 2 \int \frac{\frac{1}{z^2}}{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}} dz \right]_{z=0}^1$$

$$= \pi \ln 2 + 2\pi \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1 + z^2} dz$$

$$= \pi \ln 2 + 2\pi [\arctan z]_{z=0}^1$$

$$= \pi \ln 2 + \frac{\pi^2}{2}$$

4.1: Gauss-eliminasjon

$$\begin{array}{l}
 4) \quad x - 2y + 3z = 1 \\
 \quad -x + y - 2z = 0 \\
 \quad -3x + 5y - 8z = 2
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\
 -1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\
 -3 & 5 & -8 & 2
 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\
 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\
 -3 & 5 & -8 & 2
 \end{bmatrix}
 \sim \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\
 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\
 0 & -1 & 1 & 5
 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\
 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\
 0 & -1 & 1 & 5
 \end{bmatrix}
 \sim \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\
 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 4
 \end{bmatrix}$$

Siste ligning: $0 = 4 \Rightarrow$ Systemet har ingen løsninger.

\nwarrow
 USANT!

4.2: Trappetform

$$\begin{aligned}
 4.) \quad & 3x - 4y + z = 2 \\
 & x - 2y = 1 \\
 & -2x + 2y - z = -1
 \end{aligned}$$

Utvidet matrise:

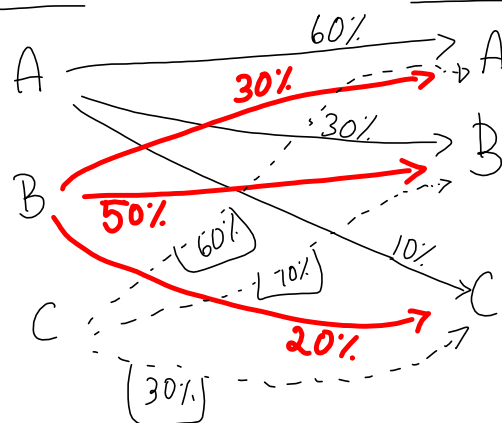
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 2 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -4 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 2 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - 2y &= 1 \Rightarrow x = 1 + 2y \\
 y + \frac{1}{2}z &= -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 2y = -1 - z
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow x &= 1 - 1 - z = -z \\
 y &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}z \quad \text{og } z \text{ er fri}
 \end{aligned}$$

10.) Leies Returneres

$a, b, c = \# \text{ biler i } A, B, C.$



$$a + b + c = 120$$

$$0,6a + 0,3b + 0,6c = a$$

$$0,3a + 0,5b + 0,1c = b$$

$$0,1a + 0,2b + 0,3c = c$$

$$a + b + c = 120$$

$$\Rightarrow -0,4a + 0,3b + 0,6c = 0$$

$$0,3a - 0,5b + 0,1c = 0$$

$$0,1a + 0,2b - 0,7c = 0$$

Matriseform:

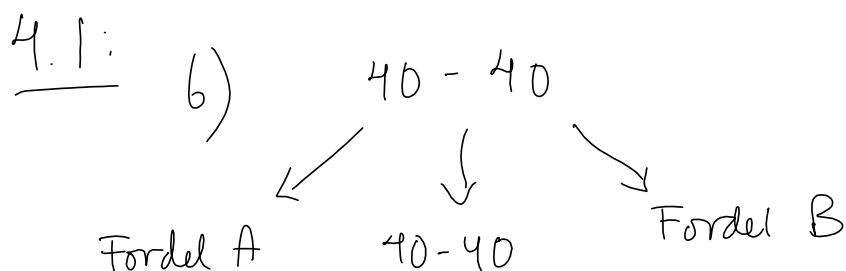
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 120 \\ -0,4 & 0,3 & 0,6 & 0 \\ 0,3 & -0,5 & 0,1 & 0 \\ 0,1 & 0,2 & -0,7 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 120 \\ -4 & 3 & 6 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 120 \\ 0 & 7 & 10 & 480 \\ 0 & -8 & -2 & -360 \\ 0 & 1 & -8 & -120 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 120 \\ 0 & 1 & -8 & -120 \\ 0 & -8 & -2 & -360 \\ 0 & 7 & 10 & 480 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 120 \\ 0 & 1 & -8 & -120 \\ 0 & 0 & -66 & -1320 \\ 0 & 0 & 66 & 1320 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 120 \\ 0 & 1 & -8 & -120 \\ 0 & 0 & -66 & -1320 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 120 \\ 0 & 1 & -8 & -120 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{c = 20}, \underline{b = 8c - 120 = 40}$$

$$\underline{a = 120 - b - c = 60}$$



a)

$$\underbrace{x}_{\text{sanns. vinne fra 40-40}} = \underbrace{0,6}_{\text{sanns. fordel A fra 40-40}} \underbrace{y}_{\text{sanns. vinne fra fordel A}} + \underbrace{0,4}_{\text{sanns. fordel B fra 40-40}} \underbrace{z}_{\text{sanns. vinne fra fordel B}}$$

sanns. for at blir fordel A
 og deretter vinner A

sanns. for at blir
 fordel B og så
 vinner A