Tineeraulitdunger (reksjon 1.9)

En funksjon 7: R' → R' halles en lineæraulddunig

(i) T(cti) = cTti) for alle ceR, tieR"

(ii) デ(スポ)=デ(ス)デ(し) for all スポモア、

Ehrempel: and al A en en mxn-mahise. His XER,

T(x) = Ax. Del a en

Definer T: Mr Mal

linearailildung for di

 $(i) \overrightarrow{f}(c\overrightarrow{a}) = A(c\overrightarrow{a}) = cA\overrightarrow{a} = c\overrightarrow{f}(\overrightarrow{a})$

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<u>Jenne</u>: His 7 er en linearaeldung, så er $\overrightarrow{T} \left(c_{1} \overrightarrow{u}_{1} + c_{2} \overrightarrow{u}_{2} + \cdots + c_{n} \overrightarrow{u}_{N} \right) = c_{1} \overrightarrow{T} \left(\overrightarrow{u}_{1} \right) + c_{2} \overrightarrow{T} \left(\overrightarrow{u}_{2} \right) + \cdots + c_{n} \overrightarrow{T} \left(\overrightarrow{u}_{N} \right)$

for alle concerner og alle uning..., un∈ R.

Beiz: Vi har

 $\frac{1}{T}\left(c_{1}\vec{u}_{1}+c_{2}\vec{u}_{2}+\cdots+c_{n}\vec{u}_{n}\right) = T\left(c_{1}\vec{u}_{1}\right) + T\left(c_{2}\vec{u}_{2}+\cdots+c_{n}\vec{u}_{n}\right)$ $= \underbrace{c_{1}T(\vec{u}_{n})}_{C_{1}} + \underbrace{c_{2}\vec{u}_{2}+\cdots+c_{n}\vec{u}_{n}}_{C_{2}}\right) \quad \text{and} \quad .$

Setting: Hois
$$\overrightarrow{T}: \mathbb{R}^{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{N}$$
 or an invariable during, so fixed this $\mathbb{R}^{N} = \mathbb{R}^{N}$.

How $\mathbb{R}_{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbb{R}_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, ..., $\mathbb{R}_{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, so a dem into stoplen in A like $\overrightarrow{T}(\overrightarrow{e}_{k})$.

Beris: Hois

 $\overrightarrow{T}(\overrightarrow{R}_{i}) = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{i} \\ \alpha_{2} \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_{mi} \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbb{R}_{n} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{i} \\ \alpha_{2} \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_{mn} \end{pmatrix}$ were vibrally when $\mathbb{R}_{n} = \mathbb{R}_{n} = \mathbb{R}_{n}$.

 $\mathbb{R}_{n} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{1} \\ \alpha_{2} \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_{mn} \end{pmatrix}$ were vibrally when $\mathbb{R}_{n} = \mathbb{R}_{n} = \mathbb{R}_{n}$.

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 $\mathbb{R}_{n} = \mathbb{R}_{n} = \mathbb{R}$

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