# **FilterAge**

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## Age filter for MetaLab

Script to filter out studies from all datasets that do not at least test two age groups on the samephenomenon of interest

## Strategy (by dataset)

### 1. Automatic filtering

1.1 Order dataset by all identified relevant columns that could vary between rows 1.2 Only keep those rows that have the same content in the relevant columns for different age-groups

### 2. Manual correction

While I tried to include all relevant columns (by adding additional ones to spec),not always is the difference between two rows deductible. For instance there might be two rows of 4m-olds in a dataset that have identical columns. In that case, something that was varied in the study is not reflected in metalab (probably because it was not vital to the meta-analysis). If the number of rows per age-group still matched up, e.g. 2 rows for 4m and 2 rows for 10m, I included the data without further inspection, assuming the same unknown dimension was varied pairwise. However, for cases where number of rows did not match up, e.g. 3 rows for 4m and 2 rows for 10m, I went back to original paper and identified the row that did not have an age-matched equivalent effect size. For those cases, there is a second documented filtering sequence in the script. I have not done this yet for InWordDB for sheer volume and lack of expertise.

#### Decisions taken

I decided to define "same age" as the same age in months. In order to do that and to avoid counting samples that have two slightly different age groups in days (e.g. 112 and 114), I needed to round age somehow. Depending on how exactly age groups fell, for some studies floor (mean\_age\_months) worked better, for others round(mean\_age\_months). I decided to use the same rounding strategy for all studies (round()), not manually correcting studies where this lead to artificial inclusion of rows (e.g. 6.4m -> 6m, 6.6m ->7). This does not affect a large number of rows (documented below).

source("C:/Users/Sho/Documents/GitHub/metalab - Copy/dashboard/global.R", ch
dir = TRUE)

```
## Attaching package: 'shinydashboard'
## The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':
##
##
      box
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
      filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
      intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
## Attaching package: 'purrr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
      contains, order by
## Attaching package: 'langcog'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
      scale
## Warning in bind_rows_(x, .id): binding factor and character vector,
## coercing into character vector
## Warning: Grouping rowwise data frame strips rowwise nature
## Joining, by = "dataset"
## Joining, by = "dataset"
```

```
library(dplyr)
all data <- all data %>%
 mutate(age months floor = floor(mean age months), age months round = round
(mean_age_months,0))
#for each dataset, find studies that test at least 2 age groups on critical
#filtering is fine
gaze following age <- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="gaze following")%>%
 group by (study ID, infant type, cue type) %>%
 mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
 filter(count ages > 1)
#filtering is fine
idspref age <- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="idspref")%>%
 group by (study ID, infant type, speaker, speech type, dependent measure) %>%
 mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
 filter(count ages > 1)
#filtering is fine
#2nd filtering round to remove studies not captured by filtering:
#Mugitani2009 expt 2 uses English stimuli (as opposed to Japanese in expt 3
and 4); only 1 age-group
#Sato2010 expt 4 uses natural stimuli (as opposed to edited ones in expts 1
-3); only 1 age-group
#Age rounding errors: Tsujisubmitted
inphondb age <- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="inphondb-native"|short name=="inphondb-nonnative")%>%
 group by (study ID, native lang, infant type, contrast sampa) %>%
 mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
 filter(count ages > 1)
inphondb age <- inphondb age%>%
 mutate(stud expt = paste(study ID, expt num)) %>%
  filter(stud_expt!= "Mugitani2009 2", stud_expt!= "Sato2010 4")
#filtering is fine
#done based on filtering column created by CB manually
#count ages only added for later rbind)
inworddb age <- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="inworddb")%>%
 mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
 filter(multiple age groups younger older > 0)
```

```
#filtering is fine
#2nd filtering round to remove studies not captured by filtering:
#robinson2007 expt 2 varied the stimuli and is only conducted on 1 age-group
labadv age <- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="labadv")%>%
  group by (study ID, infant type, expt condition, audio condition, condition typ
e) %>%
 mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
  filter(count ages > 1)
labadv age <- labadv age%>%
 mutate(stud expt = paste(study ID, expt num)) %>%
 filter(stud expt!= "robinson2007 2")
# filtering is fine
#Age rounding errors: frank2015, horst2008
mutex age <- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="mutex")%>%
 group by(study ID,infant type,expt condition,object stimulus)%>%
  mutate(count_ages = length(unique(age_months round))) %>%
  filter(count ages > 1)
#filtering is fine
#2nd filtering round to remove studies not captured by filtering:
#chambers2011 expt 1 only tests one age-group
phonotactics age <- all data %>%
 filter(short_name=="phonotactics")%>%
  group by (study ID, native lang, infant type, expt condition, rule.type, repetit
ions, types, tokens) %>%
  mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
  filter(count ages > 1)
phonotactics age <- phonotactics age%>%
 mutate(stud expt = paste(study ID,expt num)) %>%
 filter(stud expt!= "1002 1")
#filtering is fine (no candidate data points)
pointing_concurrent_age<- all_data %>%
 filter(short name=="pointing concurrent")%>%
  group by(study ID,infant type,motive)%>%
 mutate(count_ages = length(unique(age_months_round))) %>%
 filter(count ages > 1)
#filtering is fine (no candidate data points)
pointing longitudinal age<- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="pointing longitudinal")%>%
  group by (study ID, infant type, motive) %>%
  mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
```

```
filter(count ages > 1)
#filtering is fine
#Age rounding error: yoshida2009
sounds age<- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="sounds")%>%
 group by(study ID,infant type,expt condition,native lang,test lang)%>%
 mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
 filter(count ages > 1)
#filtering is fine
symbolism age<- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="symbolism")%>%
 group_by(study_ID,infant_type,expt_condition,native_lang,method,expt_condi
tion2, word round, word spiky) %>%
 mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
 filter(count ages > 1)
#filtering is fine
word recognition age <- all data %>%
 filter(short name=="word recognition")%>%
 group_by(study_ID,infant_type,native lang)%>%
 mutate(count ages = length(unique(age months round))) %>%
 filter(count_ages > 1)
subset <-bind_rows(gaze_following_age,idspref_age,inphondb_age[,1:116],inwor</pre>
ddb age, labadv age[,1:116],
               mutex age,phonotactics age[,1:116],pointing concurrent age,po
inting longitudinal age,
               sounds_age,symbolism_age,word_recognition_age)
```