

2 Data Structure

2.1 SegTree Class

```
import sys
import collections

class segTree:
    def __init__(self, x):
        self.n = 1
        while self.n < x:
            self.n = self.n * 2
        self.data = [0 for i in range(self.n*2+10)]

    def query(self, l, r, node, nodeL, nodeR):
        if r < nodeL or l > nodeR:
            return 0
        if l <= nodeL and nodeR <= r:
            return self.data[node]
        val1 = self.query(l, r, node*2, nodeL, (nodeL+nodeR)//2)
        val2 = self.query(l, r, node*2+1, (nodeL+nodeR)//2+1, nodeR)
        return val1 + val2

    def update(self, p, x):
        p = p + self.n - 1
        self.data[p] = x
        p = p//2
        while p > 0:
            self.data[p] = self.data[p*2] + self.data[p*2+1]
            p = p // 2

N, M, K = [int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split() ]
tree = segTree(N)
for i in range(1, N+1, 1):
    x = int(sys.stdin.readline())
    tree.update(i, x)

for i in range(M+K):
    a, b, c = [int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split() ]
    if a == 1:
        tree.update(b, c)
    else:
        if b > c :
            swap(b, c)
        print(tree.query(b, c, 1, 1, tree.n))
```

2.2 BIT

```
import sys
import collections
```

```
N, M, K = [int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split() ]
```

```
data = [0] * (N+20)

def update(p, x):
    original = query(p, p)
    diff = x - original
    while p <= N:
        data[p] = data[p] + diff
        p = p + (p&-p)
```

```
def query(l, r):
    res = 0
    l = l - 1
    while r > 0:
        res = res + data[r]
        r = r - (r&-r)
    while l > 0 :
        res = res - data[l]
        l = l - (l&-l)

    return res
```

```
for i in range(1, N+1, 1):
    x = int(sys.stdin.readline())
    update(i, x)
```

```
for i in range(M+K):
    a, b, c = [int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split() ]
    if a == 1:
        update(b, c)
    else:
        if b > c :
            swap(b, c)
        print(query(b, c))
```

3 String

3.1 KMP

```
import sys

def preprocess(p):
    n = len(p)
    fail = [0] * n
    j = 0
    for i in range(1, n, 1):
        while j > 0 and p[i] != p[j] :
            j = fail[j-1]
        if p[i] == p[j]:
            j = j + 1
            fail[i] = j
        else:
            fail[i] = 0
```

```

    return fail

def KMP(s,p):
    n = len(s)
    m = len(p)
    j = 0
    ans = []
    fail = preprocess(p)
    for i in range(n):
        while j > 0 and s[i] != p[j]:
            j = fail[j-1]
        if s[i] == p[j]:
            if j == m-1:
                ans.append(i-m+1)
                j = fail[j]
            else:
                j = j + 1

    return ans

s = str(sys.stdin.readline().strip('\n'))
p = str(sys.stdin.readline().strip('\n'))

ans = KMP(s,p)

print(len(ans))
for x in ans:
    print(x+1,end='')
    print(" ",end='')

```

4 Graph

4.1 DFS(Tree Diameter)

```

import sys
import collections

sys.setrecursionlimit(15000)
Pi = collections.namedtuple('Pi',['Fi','Se'])

def dfs(x):
    vis[x] = 1
    mx = 0
    mxx = x
    for e in E[x]:
        if vis[e.Fi] == 1: continue
        res = dfs(e.Fi)
        if res.Se + e.Se > mx:
            mx = res.Se + e.Se
            mxx = res.Fi
    return Pi(mxx,mx)

N = int(sys.stdin.readline())
E = [[] for i in range(N+10) ]

```

```

vis = [0 for i in range(N+10)]
for i in range(N-1):
    a,b,c = [ int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split() ]
    E[a].append(Pi(b,c))
    E[b].append(Pi(a,c))

res = dfs(1)
vis = [0 for i in range (N+10) ]
res = dfs(res.Fi)
print(res.Se)

```

4.2 Bipartite Matching

```

import sys
import collections

N,M = [int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split()]
vis = [0 for i in range(N+10) ]
xy = [0 for i in range(N+10) ]
yx = [0 for i in range(M+10) ]
E = [ [] for i in range(N+2) ]

def dfs(x):
    vis[x] = True
    for e in E[x]:
        if yx[e] == 0 or ( vis[yx[e]] == False and dfs(yx[e]) == 1 ):
            yx[e] = x
            xy[x] = e
            return 1
    return 0

for i in range(1,N+1,1):
    arr = [int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split()]
    n = len(arr)
    for j in range(1,n,1):
        E[i].append(arr[j])

ans = 0
for i in range(1,N+1,1):
    for j in range(N+10):
        vis[j] = 0
    ans = ans + dfs(i)

```

```
print(ans)
```

4.3 Dinic

```

import sys
import collections

class Edge:
    def __init__(self,to,inv,cap):

```

```

        self.to = to
        self.inv = inv
        self.cap = cap
        self.flow = 0
    def res(self):
        return self.cap - self.flow

n = 0
E = []
lev = []
work = []

def init(x):
    global E
    global lev
    global work
    n = x+5
    E = [ [] for i in range(n) ]
    lev = [0 for i in range(n) ]
    work = [0 for i in range(n) ]

def make_edge(from1,to,cap):
    forward = Edge(to,len(E[to]),cap)
    backward = Edge(from1,len(E[from1]),0)
    E[from1].append(forward)
    E[to].append(backward)

def bfs(source,sink):
    q = collections.deque()
    for i in range(len(lev)):
        lev[i] = -1
    lev[source] = 0
    q.append(source)
    while len(q) >= 1:
        cur = q.popleft()
        for e in E[cur]:
            if lev[e.to] == -1 and e.res() > 0:
                lev[e.to] = lev[cur] + 1
                q.append(e.to)
    return lev[sink] != -1

def dfs(cur,sink,flow):
    if cur == sink:
        return flow
    while work[cur] < len(E[cur]):
        i = work[cur]
        e = E[cur][i]
        if e.res() == 0 or lev[e.to] != lev[cur]+1:
            work[cur] = work[cur] + 1
            continue
        df = dfs(e.to,sink,min(flow, e.res() ) )
        if df > 0 :
            e.flow += df
            E[e.to][e.inv].flow -= df
            return df
        work[cur] = work[cur] + 1

```

```

    return 0

def solve(source, sink):
    ans = 0
    while bfs(source,sink) == True:
        for i in range(len(work)):
            work[i] = 0
        while True:
            flow = dfs(source,sink,99999999999)
            if flow == 0 :
                break
            ans = ans + flow
    return ans

N,M = [ int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split() ]
init(N+M+5)

for i in range(1,N+1,1):
    make_edge(0,i,1)
for i in range(1,M+1,1):
    make_edge(N+i,N+M+1,1)

for i in range(1,N+1,1):
    arr = [ int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split() ]
    for j in range(1,len(arr),1):
        make_edge(i,N+arr[j],1)

print(solve(0,N+M+1))

```

4.4 LCA

```

import sys

sys.setrecursionlimit(150000)

N = int(sys.stdin.readline())
E = [[] for i in range(N+5)]
lev = [0 for i in range(N+5)]
pa = [ [-1 for i in range(N+5)] for j in range(18) ]

def dfs(x,p,l):
    pa[0][x] = p
    lev[x] = l
    for e in E[x]:
        if e == p: continue
        dfs(e,x,l+1)

def build_lca():
    for k in range(1,18):
        for n in range(1,N+1,1):
            if pa[k-1][n] == -1:
                pa[k][n] = -1
            else:
                pa[k][n] = pa[k-1][ pa[k-1][n] ]

```

```

def lca(a,b):
    if lev[a] < lev[b]:
        a,b = b,a

    diff = lev[a] - lev[b]
    for k in range(18):
        if ( diff & (1<<k) ) > 0:
            a = pa[k][a]

    if a == b :
        return a

    for k in range(17,-1,-1):
        if pa[k][a] != pa[k][b]:
            a = pa[k][a]
            b = pa[k][b]

    return pa[0][a]

for i in range(N-1):
    a,b = [int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split()]
    E[a].append(b)
    E[b].append(a)

dfs(1,-1,1)
build_lca()

M = int(sys.stdin.readline())
for i in range(M):
    a,b = [int(x) for x in sys.stdin.readline().split()]
    print(lca(a,b))

```

5 Miscellaneous

5.1 Permutations / Combinations

```

import sys
import itertools

arr = [1,2,3,4]

for x in itertools.permutations(arr):
    print(x)

for x in itertools.permutations(arr,2):
    print(x)

for x in itertools.combinations(arr,2):
    print(x)

```