Google Cloud Tutorial

Abstract

In machine learning, GPUs and/or CPUs are needed for model training, thus computation cost can be very expensive (literally). However, Google has provided cloud computing which allows users to utilize the processors remotely. What does it mean? It means that users will not be using their processors locally to do machine learning computation, instead, the data processing will be done at Google Cloud (or Google server) and it will not exhaust your computer at all. You can even use the \$100 laptop that has an Internet connection to process thousands of dataset remotely.

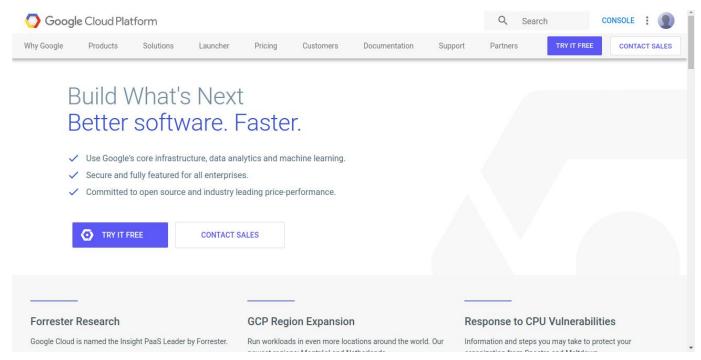


Figure 1

Google Cloud Registration

First, go to https://cloud.google.com/ (Figure 1) and login with your google account

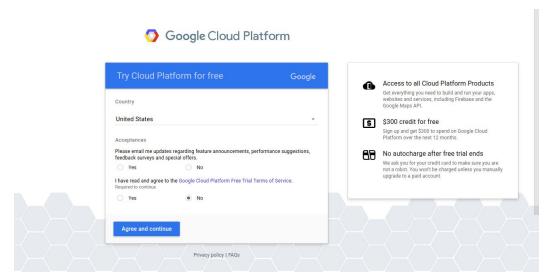


Figure 2

Click "Try For Free" (Figure 1), then you will be prompted to agree with the policies. After you have done so, click "Agree and continue" (Figure 2). They may ask you for the credit card information but do not worry, this is for authentication purpose and no fee will be charged yet. In addition, Google has provided free credit for \$300 initially! So you can rest assured.

Then click "Start My Free Trial". You will be transfer to your homepage (Figure 3)

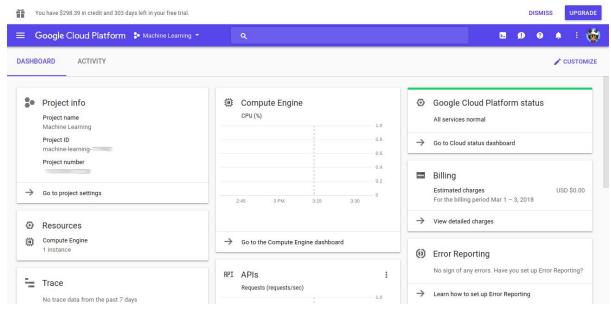


Figure 3

Go to "Compute Engine" and select "VM Instances". On the main section, click "Create Instance".

- Change the name as your preference
- Change the zone to be "us-west1-b"
- Change the machine cpu to "8 vCPUs"
- Change the boot disk to be "Ubuntu 16.04 LTS"
- Allow HTTP (and HTTPS) traffic

Your configuration should match Figure 4

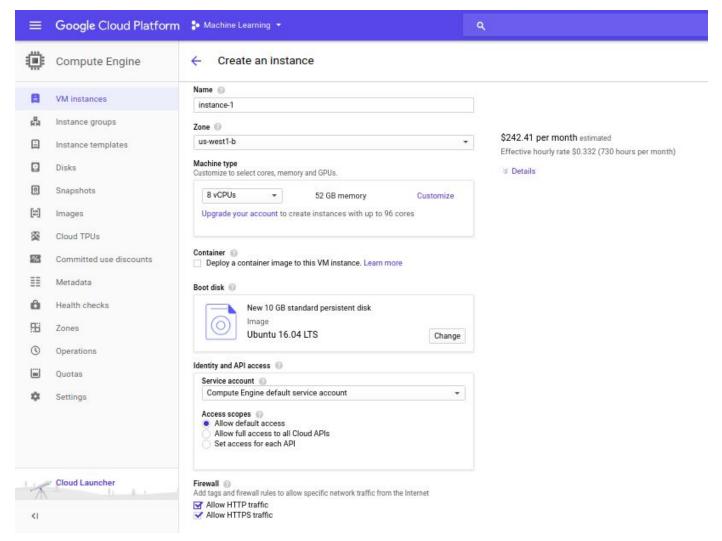


Figure 4

Install the Google Cloud SDK from https://cloud.google.com/sdk (Figure 5). Depending on operating you are using, make sure to select the correct one.

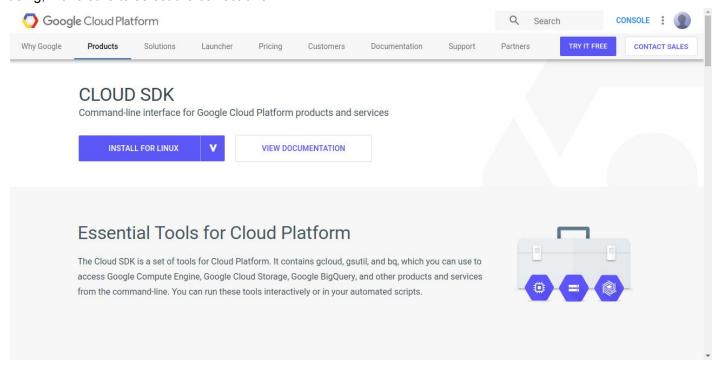


Figure 5

Turn on your instance by clicking "Start" on the top-center (Figure 6) and run following command in your command prompt.

./<DIRECTORY-WHERE-GOOGLE-CLOUD-IS-INSTALLED>/bin/gcloud compute ssh --zone=us-west1-b

You may be prompted to setup your location, follow the instruction carefully. Once it is completed, you will be see the username has been changed (In my case, from "Ze" to "cs1", this indicate that I am now connected to Google Cloud) (Figure 7). And congratulation! You are now running the Google Cloud instance!

IMPORTANT

Be sure to "STOP" the instance when you are not using it. It is extremely important, because by leaving your instance on without using it, the server will be running in the background and Google will count and deduct your Google Cloud's credit continuously (In this case: your \$300 free credit).

1 your free trial.

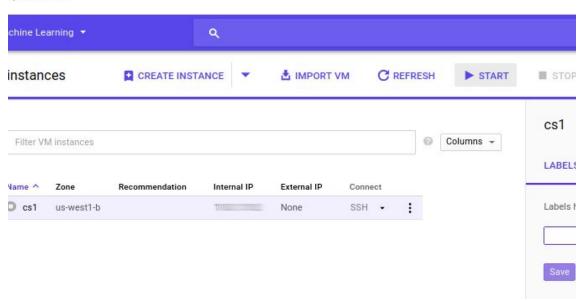


Figure 6

```
pat@Ze:-/Documents/google-cloud-sdk$ ./bin/gcloud compute ssh --zone=us-west1-b cs1
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.13.0-1008-gcp x86_64)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
    * Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
    * Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage

Get cloud support with Ubuntu Advantage Cloud Guest: http://www.ubuntu.com/business/services/cloud

43 packages can be updated.
0 updates are security updates.

*** System restart required ***
Last login: Sun Feb 11 03:28:13 2018 from pat@cs1:-$
```

Figure 7

Google Cloud Configuration

After you have completed the instance setup. Download the following files and install the essential packages (Figure 8):

- wget https://csulb-ml.github.io/packages/setup_googlecloud.sh
- wget https://csulb-ml.github.io/packages/requirements.txt
- chmod +x setup_googlecloud.sh
- virtualenv -p python3 .env
- ./setup_googlecloud.sh

Figure 8

The installation process will take sometimes and you will be prompted to enter "y" to accept the package allocation in your instance. At the end of the installation, you should see no errors (Figure 9)

Figure 9

Setup a static IP address

Go to "Networking" > "VPC networks" > "External IP addresses" (Figure 10)

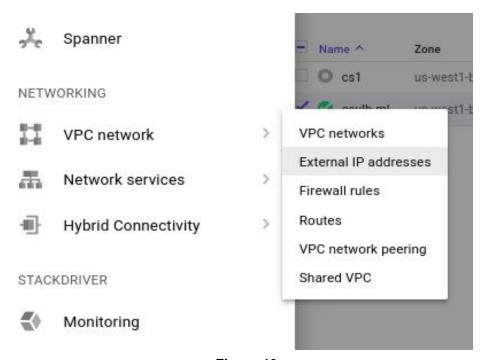


Figure 10

Change the Type from "Ephemeral" to "Static", you should have something like Figure 11 page.

Note: Once you have done with your instance usage, be sure to change Static back to Ephemeral because Google may charge you for unused static IP address



Figure 11

Create a firewall rule

Go to "Networking" > "VPC Network" > "Firewall rules" (Figure 12)

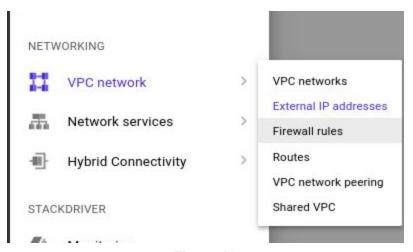


Figure 12

Click "Create firewall rule".

- Name your firewall
- Change Targets to "All instances in the network"
- Source IP range to "0.0.0.0/0"
- Add protocols and ports "tcp:7000"

The setting should match Figure 13

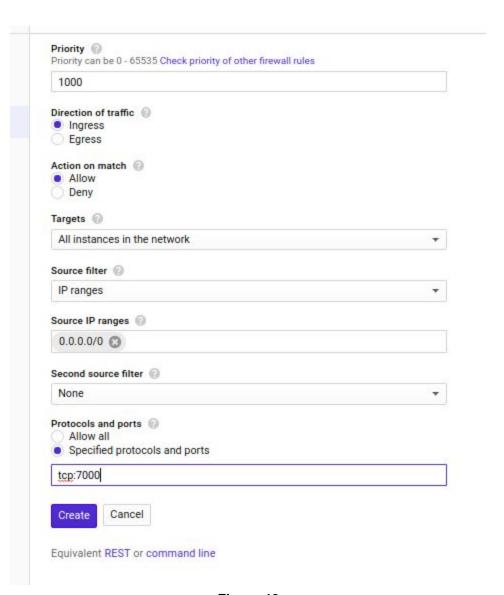


Figure 13

Configuring Jupyter Notebook¶

Install Anaconda and Tensorflow with following commands:

- mkdir downloads
- cd downloads
- wget http://repo.continuum.io/archive/Anaconda3-4.0.0-Linux-x86 64.sh
- bash Anaconda3-4.0.0-Linux-x86 64.sh
- source ~/.bashrc
- conda install -c jjhelmus tensorflow=0.8.0rc0

Create a Jupyter Configuration file with following command (be sure to activate the environment first) (Figure 14):

- source .env/bin/activate
- jupyter notebook --generate-config

```
pat@csulb-ml:~$ source .env/bin/activate
(.env) pat@csulb-ml:~$ jupyter notebook --generate-config
[I 09:47:48.225 NotebookApp] Writing notebook server cookie secret to /run/user/1002/jupy
Overwrite /home/pat/.jupyter/jupyter_notebook_config.py with default config? [y/N]y
Writing default config to: /home/pat/.jupyter/jupyter_notebook_config.py
(.env) pat@csulb-ml:~$
```

Figure 14

Configure the Jupyter Notebook with:

sudo nano ~/.jupyter/jupyter_notebook_config.py

Add following text at the end of the "jupyter_notebook_config.py" file (Figure 15):

```
c = get_config()
c.NotebookApp.ip = '*'
c.NotebookApp.open_browser = False
c.NotebookApp.port = 7000
```

```
# Whitelist of allowed kernel names.

# Whitelist of allowed kernel names.

# Whitelist of allowed kernel names.

# Whitelist of allowed kernel sare allowed.

# C. KernelSpecManager. whitelist = traitlets. Undefined

c = get_config()

c. NotebookApp.port = 7000

**C Get Help **C Write Out **C Where Is **C Cut Text **C Justify **C Cur Pos **X Exit **R Read File ** A Replace ** U Uncut Text **I To Linter **C To Linter **C Cur Pos **X Exit **R Read File ** A Replace ** U Uncut Text **I To Linter **C Cur Pos **X Exit **R Read File ** A Replace ** U Uncut Text **I To Linter ** Co To Linte
```

Figure 15

To run Jupyter, execute following command and you should see something like Figure 16:

jupyter-notebook --no-browser --port=7000

```
(.env) pat@csulb-ml:-$ jupyter-notebook --no-browser --port=7000

W 10:01:36.208 NotebookApp] WARNING: The notebook server is listening on all IP addresses and not using encryption. This is a server is listening on all IP addresses and not using authentication. This is and not recommended.

I 10:01:36.211 NotebookApp] Serving notebooks from local directory: /home/pat

I 10:01:36.211 NotebookApp] 0 active kernels

I 10:01:36.211 NotebookApp] The IPython Notebook is running at: http://[all ip addresses on your system]:7000/

I 10:01:36.211 NotebookApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).

I 10:02:04.204 NotebookApp] 302 GET / 0.66ms

I 10:02:41.259 NotebookApp] 302 GET / 0.38ms
```

Figure 16

Then go to your browser and type your external address (from previous section), follow by ":" and then port 7000 (Figure 17). If you see the page like in the Figure 17, that means your Jupyter Notebook is working!

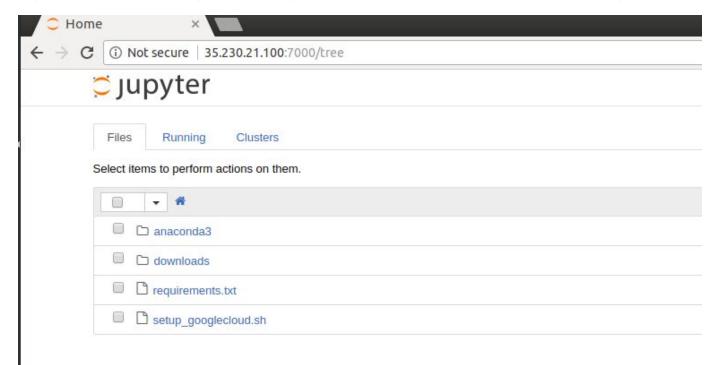


Figure 17