

# Aviation Safety Analysis: Identifying the Safest Aircraft for Commercial & Private Operations

Data-Driven Insights for Fleet Acquisition Strategy

# Project Overview

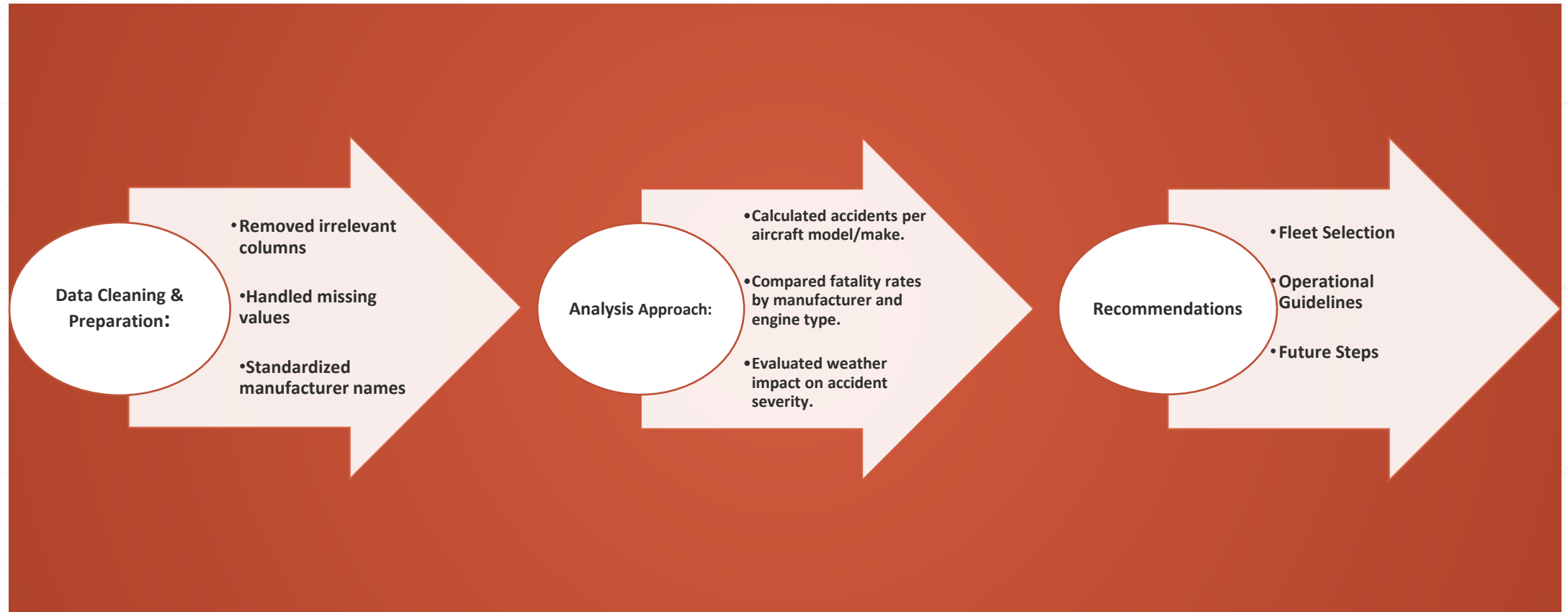
## Objective:

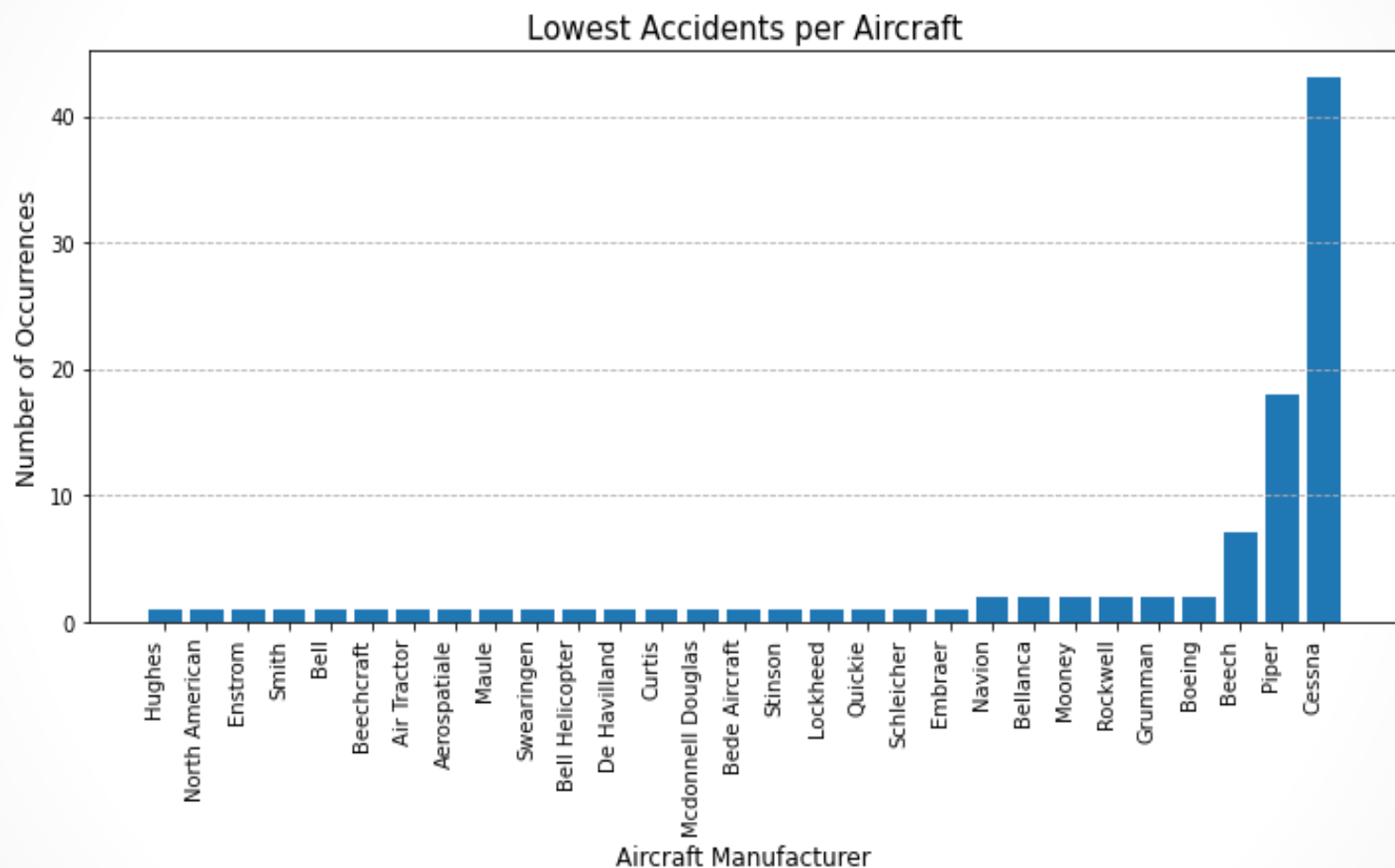
- Advise the company on the safest aircraft models to purchase for new aviation ventures.

## Key Questions:

- Which aircraft models have the lowest accident rates?
  - Do specific features (engine type, manufacturer) reduce risk?
  - How do external factors (e.g., weather) impact safety?
-

# Methodology





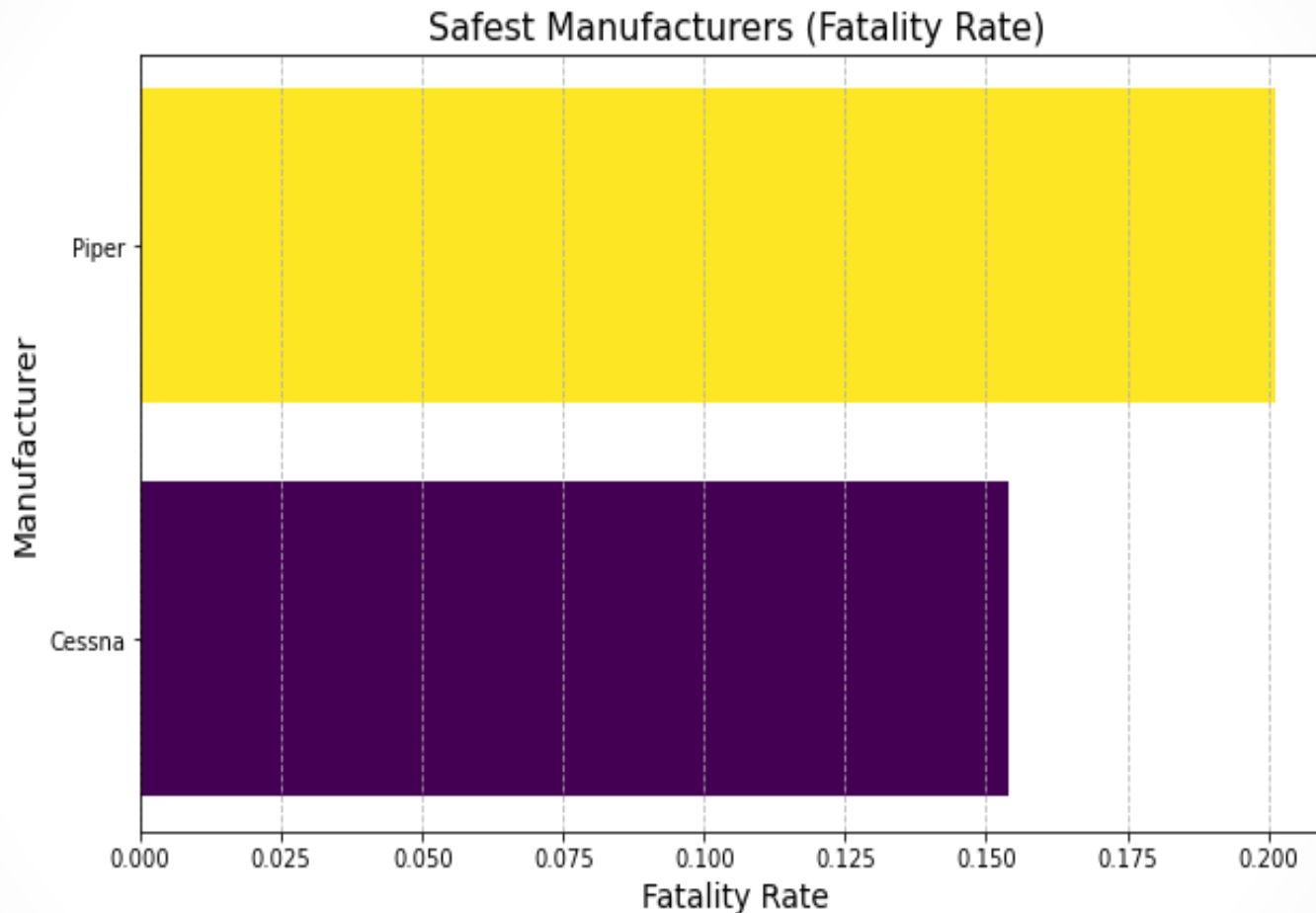
## Key Finding 1: Safest Aircraft Models

### Top 3 Safest Models (Lowest Accidents per Aircraft):

1. Cessna (Reciprocating engine)
  - Accident rate: 0.02 per aircraft
  - Dominates general aviation (43 appearances in top 100 safest flights).
2. Piper
3. Beechcraft Bonanza

### Why Cessna?

- High-volume usage with proven safety.
- Simple design, predictable performance.



## Key Finding 2 – Engine Type & Manufacturer Safety

### Top 3 Safest Models (Lowest Accidents per Aircraft)

#### Fatality Rates by Engine Type:

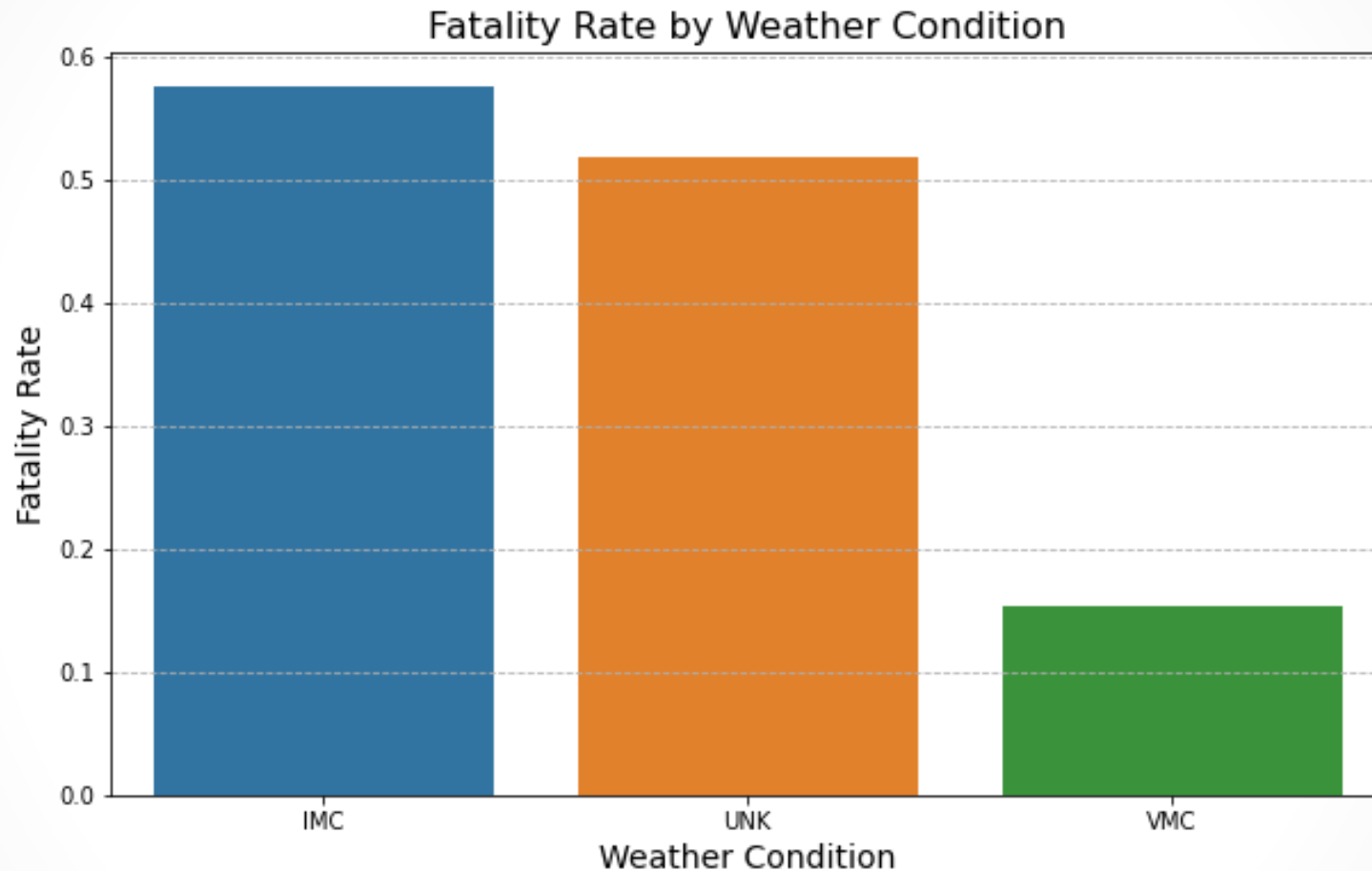
- Reciprocating (Piston): 15.4% fatality rate (lowest).
- Turboprop/Turbojet: Higher fatality rates (complex operations in poor weather). Piper PA-28

#### Safest Manufacturers:

- Cessna (Reciprocating): 15.4% fatality rate.
- Piper: 18% fatality rate.

### Recommendation:

- Prioritize piston-engine aircraft (e.g., Cessna 172) for training/regional ops.
- Avoid turbines for initial fleet due to higher risk in poor weather.



## Key Finding 3 – Weather Impact

### Fatality Rates by Weather Condition:

- IMC (Poor Weather): 57.5% fatality rate (most dangerous).
- VMC (Clear Weather): 15.3% fatality rate (safest).
- Unknown Conditions: 51.8% (often linked to severe crashes).

### Implications:

- 75% of accidents occur in good weather (VMC) but are less fatal.

### Mitigation Strategy:

- Restrict operations to VMC (Clear weather) for new pilots.
- Invest in weather monitoring tools.

# Recommendations

- **Fleet Selection:**

- Primary Choice: Cessna 172 (piston engine).

- Low accident rate, cost-effective maintenance.

- Avoid: Turbine engines until operational maturity.

- **Operational Guidelines:**

- Fly primarily in VMC (clear weather).

- Implement weather-risk training for pilots.

- **Future Steps:**

- Cross-reference with fleet availability/pricing data.

- Partner with Cessna for fleet discounts.





# Conclusion

- **Summary:**

Cessna piston-engine aircraft (e.g., 172) offer the best balance of safety, cost, and scalability.

Weather awareness is critical—limit IMC operations.

- **Business Impact:**

Lower liability from accidents.

Faster ROI due to lower maintenance costs.

- **Next Steps:**

Finalize procurement plan for Cessna fleet.

Develop pilot training programs.

Cessna Plane



Piper plane





## **Question and Answers**

### **Contact Details**

**Name: Kweyu Valentine M.**

**Email : [vkweyu@gmail.com](mailto:vkweyu@gmail.com)**

---