LMS Hardware Engineer Assignment

Message Extractor

1. Draw a diagram of your chosen design (feel free to use <https://asciiflow.com>)

**Please find the diagram in <msg\_parser\doc\architecture.txt>.**

1. Write an elegant, synthesizable solution for the message extractor in RTL/Verilog/SystemVerilog using the skeleton provided. And verify it against the given sample inputs.

**Please find the solution developed in <msg\_parser\src> and <msg\_parser\sim>. If you have modelsim, you can launch the simulation using msg\_parser\msim\_compil.bat>.**

1. What is the bottleneck of your design/code? (what can limit the maximum

frequency?)

**The bottleneck of the code will be the r\_msg\_data part in the payload state, which has 4 MUX + 1 MUX CONCAT**

1. Please explain how would your design change if the range of message lengths change from min=8B max=32B to:

a. min=1B ; max=32B

b. min=8B ; max=256B

**This design using FIFOs should be easily scalable for message length.The data FIFO is already read byte by byte. For the b. option, where the msg\_len can goes up to 256 bytes, it will change the size of signals such as the payload signal which will need 2048bits.**

1. What are the trade-offs for the chosen approach?

**The chosen approach implies another input clock, which has to be 10 times faster to decode the data. It makes this design dependent of the speed of the input clock. However, it is the most simple and most scalable approach if the message length changes. As said in 4. this design should be easy to adapt for different message lengths.**