Tóm lược (Summary)

Anna and Pete complete their parenting experiment. But which one did a better job? And who will win the extra day of vacation?

Anna và Pete hoàn thành cuộc thử nghiệm làm cha mẹ của họ. Nhưng ai là người làm tốt hơn? Và ai sẽ thắng được phần thưởng là ngày nghỉ phép nhỉ?

Hội thoại (Conversation)

Pete an assignment. <u>Ms. Weaver instructed them to do everything by</u> themselves.

"Themselves" is a reflexive pronoun.

In today's lesson, Ms. Weaver will look at Pete's and Anna's research. First, let's see Pete's experiment.

(Pete throws the bag of flour on his chair and throws many other things on his flour baby. Next, we see him outside enjoying **ice-cream** without his flour baby.)

Ms. Weaver: Okay, Pete, let me see your research first.

(Pete hands her a big **binder** filled with research.)

Ms. Weaver: That's a heavy binder. And you and your Baby look great.

Pete: Thanks, Ms. Weaver. We feel great!

Ms. Weaver: Anna. Anna, you're next. Anna? Anna wake up!

(She wakes up but is very confused.)

Anna: I'm here, Baby! I'm here! I'm here! Here's your bottle.

(She accidentally **squirts** her bottle and milk goes everywhere.)

Ms. Weaver: Anna, you and your baby look awful. What happened?

Anna: Well, I took her everywhere. Everywhere. And I fed her every three hours. So, I haven't slept since ... what day is it?

Ms. Weaver: It's Friday. What happened there?

(Ms. Weaver points to a large **bandage** on Anna's flour baby.)

Anna: Oh, that. Oh, that. <u>I was making myself a salad</u> and had a little accident with a **knife**. I put my flour baby in front of me. And then I **accidentally** stabbed it. But I gave it **First Aid!**

Ms. Weaver: Is that a **burn**?

Anna: Yes. Yes it is. While I was making myself dinner, I put Baby next to me. I accidentally **knocked** her into the sink. So I put her in the **microwave** to **dry**. That's when she caught fire.

(Pete smiles, thinking he's won.)

Professor Bot: Okay. So, we use a reflexive pronoun when it refers to the subject of a sentence or clause.

But we DON'T use a reflexive pronoun with prepositions of place.

Anna uses examples of both in one sentence: While I was making myself dinner, I put Baby next to me.

We use a reflexive pronoun in the first part of the sentence. "Myself" refers to the subject "I."

But in the second part of the sentence, we don't use a reflexive pronoun in the prepositional phrase. We use the pronoun "me." Why? "next to" is a preposition of place.

(Back in the meeting room, we're about to learn who won the parenting experiment. Pete is smiling, thinking he won.)

Ms. Weaver: Anna, Anna, you should be very proud of yourself.

Pete: Proud? She **stabbed** and **burned** her baby!! And she only did one page of research...and it's covered in milk. Ew.

Ms. Weaver: Yes, Pete. But she followed instructions.

Pete: Hey, I did ...

Ms. Weaver: Please, Pete. Anna, I think your baby has lost some weight. Is there something else you want to share?

Anna: Yes. I'd like to share ... these! I made them myself this morning.

Pete: You baked your baby? You should be **ashamed** of yourself!

Anna: I baked them at the end of the experiment, Pete. At that point, this was just a bag of flour.

Pete: It was always just a bag of flour!!

Ms. Weaver: Pete, will you listen to yourself?! You sound crazy.

Pete: I sound crazy! This whole experiment was crazy!! She was the one who carried around and fed it and ...

(Anna puts a **cookie** into his mouth. He chews it and begins to smile.)

Pete: Mmm. That is good.

(They all agree and eat the cookies.)

Professor Bot: So, what have we learned? We've learned when to use reflexive pronouns and when not to.

Go to our website for more information! You can practice using reflexive pronouns in our comments section.

Từ ngữ mới (New Words)

accidentally -adj. happening in a way that is not planned or intended

ashamed – *adj*. feeling shame or guilt

bake – v. to make food, such as bread and cake, by preparing a dough, batter, etc., and cooking it in an oven using dry heat

bandage -n. a covering, such as a strip of cloth, that protects or supports part of the body that has been hurt

binder – n. a cover for holding together sheets of paper

bottle -n. a glass or plastic container that has a narrow neck and usually has no handle

burn -n. an injury caused by fire, heat or acid

burn – v. to destroy or damage something by fire or heat

cookie -n. a sweet baked food that is usually small, flat, and round and is made from flour and sugar

 $\mathbf{dry} - v$. to remove water or moisture from something or someone **First Aid** -n. emergency treatment given to a sick or injured person **knife** -n. a usually sharp blade attached to a handle that is used for cutting

knock – v. to touch or hit someone or something in a way that is not planned or intended

microwave -n. an oven in which food is cooked or heated quickly by very short waves of electromagnetic energy

squirt -v. to suddenly force a liquid out through a small opening $\operatorname{stab} - v$. to wound someone or something with a pointed object, such as a knife

Practice (Thực hành)

In last week's lesson, Professor Bot taught you when to use reflexive pronouns. This week, he teaches you when *not* to use them.

Now, you try it!

Use the Comments section below and tell us about a time when you did something *yourself*, or a person or people you know did something by *himself*, *herself* or *themselves*.

For example:

After the holiday dinner, <u>I washed all of the dishes **myself**</u>. ("I" is the subject and "myself" is the reflexive pronoun.)

Subjects and their reflexive pronouns:

I...myself
You...yourself
He...himself
Her...herself
One...oneself
It...itself
We...ourselves
You...yourselves
They...themselves

Remember, do NOT use reflexive pronouns:

After prepositions of place:

Ex: I put Baby <u>next to</u> myself. (wrong)
I put Baby <u>next to</u> me. (right)

Ex: I put my flour baby <u>in front of myself</u> (wrong)
I put my flour baby <u>in front of</u> me. (right)

After these verbs: meet, feel, relax, concentrate:

Ex: They will meet themselves at The Studio next Friday. (wrong) They will meet at The Studio next Friday. (right)

After verbs that describe things we normally do for ourselves, such as dress, shave and wash:

Ex: Anna got dressed herself for a day with her new flour baby. (wrong)

Anna got dressed for a day with her new flour baby. (right)