# 18. Write a program to perform Restoring Division of two numbers using any high level language.

#### AIM:

To perform restoring division of two numbers using c program

## **Theory:**

## Restoring division:

- 1. Restoring division operates on fixed-point fractional numbers and depends on the following assumptions: The following division methods are all based on the form Q = A/M where
- Q = Quotient
- *A* = Numerator (dividend)
- *M* = Denominator (divisor).

## **Algorithm:**

- 1. Start
- 2. Quotient = 0, Remainder = 0 and Sign = 0
- 3. Ask the user to enter two decimal numbers: n1, n2
- 4. Convert their absolute values into binary and store them in arrays num1 and num2
- 5. Two's complement num2 and store as ncom
- 6. Create a copy of num1 as ncopy
- 7. If the product is negative, set sign = 1
- 8. Shift left Remainder : ncopy; counter = 0
- 9. Add ncom to Remainder
  - 1. Set LSB of ncopy as 0.
  - 2. If result is negative, restore the remainder
  - 3. Otherwise, Set LSB of ncopy as 1.
- 10. If counter < bits in num1, Shift left Remainder: ncopy
- 11. counter = counter + 1
- 12. Repeat 9, 10 and 11 until all bits of num1 is traced
- 13. Display final result as Sign, Remainder: ncopy
- 14. End

## **PROGRAM**:

```
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int acum[100]={0};
void add(int acum[],int b[],int n);
int q[100],b[100];
int main()
{
int x,y;
printf("Enter the Number :");
scanf("%d%d",&x,&y);
int i=0;
while(x>0||y>0)
if(x>0)
q[i]=x%2;
x=x/2;
}
else
q[i]=0;
if(y>0)
b[i]=y%2;
y=y/2;
}
else
b[i]=0;
j++;
int n=i;
int bc[50];
printf("\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
if(b[i]==0)
{
bc[i]=1;
```

```
else
bc[i]=0;
bc[n]=1;
for(i=0;i\leq=n;i++)
if(bc[i]==0)
bc[i]=1;
i=n+2;
}
else
bc[i]=0;
}
int I;
b[n]=0;
int k=n;
int n1=n+n-1;
int j,mi=n-1;
for(i=n;i!=0;i--)
for(j=n;j>0;j--)
acum[j]=acum[j-1];
acum[0]=q[n-1];
for(j=n-1;j>0;j--)
q[j]=q[j-1];
add(acum,bc,n+1);
if(acum[n]==1)
q[0]=0;
add(acum,b,n+1);
}
else
{
q[0]=1;
```

```
printf("\nQuoient : ");
for( l=n-1;l>=0;l--)
printf("%d",q[l]);
printf("\nRemainder:");
for( l=n;l>=0;l--)
printf("%d",acum[l]);
return 0;
void add(int acum[],int bo[],int n)
int i=0,temp=0,sum=0;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
sum=0;
sum=acum[i]+bo[i]+temp;
if(sum==0)
acum[i]=0;
temp=0;
else if (sum==2)
acum[i]=0;
temp=1;
else if(sum==1)
acum[i]=1;
temp=0;
else if(sum==3)
acum[i]=1;
temp=1;
```

## **OUTPUT:**

## **RESULT:**

Thus the Program for Restoring Division was executed Successfully.