Example(4): At 27°C and 750 mmHg, a gas occupies 380 cm^3 . What is the volume of this gas at STP?

Solution:

Initial state Final state(STP) $P_1 = 750 \ mmHg \qquad \qquad P_2 = 760 \ mmHg \\ T_1 = 27^{\circ}\text{C} + 273 = 300 \ K \qquad \qquad T_2 = 273 \ K \\ V_1 = 380 \ cm^3 \qquad \qquad V_2 = ? \\ \text{Using combined Gas Law,} \qquad \frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2} \\ V_2 = \frac{P_1 V_1 T_2}{T_1 P_2} = \frac{750 \ mmHg \times 380 \ cm^3 \times 273 K}{300 \ K \times 760 \ mmHg} = 341.3 \ cm^3$

Check: The volume will decrease by decreasing temperature as well as by increasing pressure. So, answer is reasonable.