# Exercise Part 4

1. Using the meteorite data from the Meteorite_Landings.csv file, create a pivot table that shows both the number of meteorites and the 95th percentile of meteorite mass for those that were found versus observed falling per year from 2005 through 2009 (inclusive). Hint: Be sure to convert the year column to a number as we did in the previous exercise.

In [85]:
```
import pandas as pd

meteorites = pd.read_csv("Meteorite_Landings.csv")
meteorites.head()
```

Out[85]:

| | name | id | nametype | recclass | mass (g) | fall | year | reclat | reclong |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **0** | Aachen | 1 | Valid | L5 | 21.0 | Fell | 01/01/1880 12:00:00 AM | 50.77500 | 6.08333 |
| **1** | Aarhus | 2 | Valid | H6 | 720.0 | Fell | 01/01/1951 12:00:00 AM | 56.18333 | 10.23333 |
| **2** | Abee | 6 | Valid | EH4 | 107000.0 | Fell | 01/01/1952 12:00:00 AM | 54.21667 | -113.00000 |
| **3** | Acapulco | 10 | Valid | Acapulcoite | 1914.0 | Fell | 01/01/1976 12:00:00 AM | 16.88333 | -99.90000 |
| **4** | Achiras | 370 | Valid | L6 | 780.0 | Fell | 01/01/1902 12:00:00 AM | -33.16667 | -64.95000 |

In [86]:
```
# Update the year column to only contain the year.
meteorites['year'] = meteorites.year.str.slice(6,11)
meteorites['year'] = pd.to_numeric(meteorites.year)
meteorites.head()
```

Out[86]:

| | name | id | nametype | recclass | mass (g) | fall | year | reclat | reclong | Geo |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **0** | Aachen | 1 | Valid | L5 | 21.0 | Fell | 1880.0 | 50.77500 | 6.08333 | |
| **1** | Aarhus | 2 | Valid | H6 | 720.0 | Fell | 1951.0 | 56.18333 | 10.23333 | ( |
| **2** | Abee | 6 | Valid | EH4 | 107000.0 | Fell | 1952.0 | 54.21667 | -113.00000 | ( |
| **3** | Acapulco | 10 | Valid | Acapulcoite | 1914.0 | Fell | 1976.0 | 16.88333 | -99.90000 | ( |
| **4** | Achiras | 370 | Valid | L6 | 780.0 | Fell | 1902.0 | -33.16667 | -64.95000 | (- |

In [87]:
```
# Filter the year ranging from 2005 - 2009
meteorites_pivot = meteorites[(meteorites.year >= 2005) & (meteorites.year <= 2009)
meteorites_pivot.head()
```

Out[87]:

| | name | id | nametype | recclass | mass (g) | fall | year | reclat | reclong | G |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **30** | Almahata Sitta | 48915 | Valid | Ureilite-an | 3950.0 | Fell | 2008.0 | 20.74575 | 32.41275 | |
| **49** | Ash Creek | 48954 | Valid | L6 | 9500.0 | Fell | 2009.0 | 31.80500 | -97.01000 | |
| **82** | Bassikounou | 44876 | Valid | H5 | 29560.0 | Fell | 2006.0 | 15.78333 | -5.90000 | |
| **101** | Berduc | 48975 | Valid | L6 | 270.0 | Fell | 2008.0 | -31.91000 | -58.32833 | |
| **148** | Bunburra Rockhole | 48653 | Valid | Eucrite | 324.0 | Fell | 2007.0 | -31.35000 | 129.19000 | |

In [88]:
```
# Make pivot table of year as index and fall as column with 95th percentile of mass
meteorites_pivot = meteorites_pivot.pivot_table(
    index = 'year', columns = 'fall', sort = True,
    values = 'mass (g)', aggfunc = lambda x: x.quantile(.95)
)
meteorites_pivot
```

Out[88]:

| fall<br>year | Fell | Found |
|---|---|---|
| **2005.0** | NaN | 4500.00 |
| **2006.0** | 25008.0 | 1600.50 |
| **2007.0** | 89675.0 | 1126.90 |
| **2008.0** | 106000.0 | 2274.80 |
| **2009.0** | 8333.4 | 1397.25 |

In [ ]:
```
# Make another pivot table but with counted meteorites
```

2. Using the meteorite data from the Meteorite_Landings.csv file, compare summary statistics of the mass column for the meteorites that were found versus observed falling.

In [82]:
```
meteorites.groupby('fall')['mass (g)'].describe()
```

Out[82]:

| fall | count | mean | std | min | 25% | 50% | 75% | max |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Fell** | 1075.0 | 47070.715023 | 717067.125826 | 0.1 | 686.00 | 2800.0 | 10450.0 | 23000000.0 |
| **Found** | 44510.0 | 12461.922983 | 571105.752311 | 0.0 | 6.94 | 30.5 | 178.0 | 60000000.0 |

# Exercise Part 5

1. Using the taxi trip data in the 2019_Yellow_Taxi_Trip_Data.csv file, resample the data to an hourly frequency based on the dropoff time. Calculate the total trip_distance, fare_amount, tolls_amount, and tip_amount, then find the 5 hours with the most tips.

In [98]:
```
taxis = pd.read_csv('2019_Yellow_Taxi_Trip_Data.csv')
taxis.head()
```

Out[98]:

| | vendorid | tpep_pickup_datetime | tpep_dropoff_datetime | passenger_count | trip_distance |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **0** | 2 | 2019-10-23T16:39:42.000 | 2019-10-23T17:14:10.000 | 1 | 7.93 |
| **1** | 1 | 2019-10-23T16:32:08.000 | 2019-10-23T16:45:26.000 | 1 | 2.00 |
| **2** | 2 | 2019-10-23T16:08:44.000 | 2019-10-23T16:21:11.000 | 1 | 1.36 |
| **3** | 2 | 2019-10-23T16:22:44.000 | 2019-10-23T16:43:26.000 | 1 | 1.00 |
| **4** | 2 | 2019-10-23T16:45:11.000 | 2019-10-23T16:58:49.000 | 1 | 1.96 |

In [99]:
```
# Change dropoff datatype to datetime
taxis['tpep_dropoff_time'] = pd.to_datetime(taxis.tpep_dropoff_datetime)
taxis.dtypes
```

Out[99]:
```
vendorid                        int64
tpep_pickup_datetime           object
tpep_dropoff_datetime          object
passenger_count                 int64
trip_distance                 float64
ratecodeid                      int64
store_and_fwd_flag             object
pulocationid                    int64
dolocationid                    int64
payment_type                    int64
fare_amount                   float64
extra                         float64
mta_tax                       float64
tip_amount                    float64
tolls_amount                  float64
improvement_surcharge         float64
total_amount                  float64
congestion_surcharge          float64
tpep_dropoff_time      datetime64[ns]
dtype: object
```

In [100…
```
# Set index
taxis = taxis.set_index('tpep_dropoff_time').sort_index()
taxis
```

Out[100…

| tpep_dropoff_time | vendorid | tpep_pickup_datetime | tpep_dropoff_datetime | passenger_coun |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **2019-10-23 07:52:09** | 2 | 2019-10-23T07:48:58.000 | 2019-10-23T07:52:09.000 | |
| **2019-10-23 08:03:16** | 2 | 2019-10-23T07:05:34.000 | 2019-10-23T08:03:16.000 | |
| **2019-10-23 08:36:05** | 2 | 2019-10-23T08:18:47.000 | 2019-10-23T08:36:05.000 | |
| **2019-10-23 09:33:13** | 2 | 2019-10-23T09:27:16.000 | 2019-10-23T09:33:13.000 | |
| **2019-10-23 09:49:31** | 2 | 2019-10-23T09:47:25.000 | 2019-10-23T09:49:31.000 | |
| **…** | … | … | … | |
| **2019-10-24 16:46:42** | 2 | 2019-10-23T16:49:40.000 | 2019-10-24T16:46:42.000 | |
| **2019-10-24 16:47:40** | 2 | 2019-10-23T16:49:36.000 | 2019-10-24T16:47:40.000 | |
| **2019-10-24 16:50:22** | 2 | 2019-10-23T16:51:42.000 | 2019-10-24T16:50:22.000 | |
| **2019-10-24 16:51:44** | 2 | 2019-10-23T16:52:51.000 | 2019-10-24T16:51:44.000 | |
| **2019-10-24 17:15:47** | 2 | 2019-10-23T17:19:31.000 | 2019-10-24T17:15:47.000 | |

10000 rows × 18 columns

In [101…

```
# Filter the dataframe with only the necessary things
taxis = taxis[['trip_distance','fare_amount','tolls_amount','tip_amount']]
taxis.head()
```

Out[101…

| tpep_dropoff_time | trip_distance | fare_amount | tolls_amount | tip_amount |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **2019-10-23 07:52:09** | 0.67 | 4.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| **2019-10-23 08:03:16** | 14.68 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 4.0 |
| **2019-10-23 08:36:05** | 2.39 | 12.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| **2019-10-23 09:33:13** | 1.11 | 6.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| **2019-10-23 09:49:31** | 0.47 | 52.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

In [114…

```
# Calculate the total trip distance, fare_amount, tolls_amount, and tip_amount by r
test = taxis.select_dtypes(include = 'number').resample('300min').agg(['sum']) # 30
test
```

Out[114…

| | trip_distance | fare_amount | tolls_amount | tip_amount |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | sum | sum | sum | sum |
| tpep_dropoff_time | | | | |
| **2019-10-23 05:00:00** | 19.32 | 125.00 | 0.00 | 4.00 |
| **2019-10-23 10:00:00** | 30.24 | 139.00 | 0.00 | 18.29 |
| **2019-10-23 15:00:00** | 29947.27 | 149976.73 | 6222.23 | 26257.80 |
| **2019-10-23 20:00:00** | 8.62 | 41.50 | 0.00 | 7.14 |
| **2019-10-24 01:00:00** | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| **2019-10-24 06:00:00** | 27.11 | 210.40 | 0.00 | 5.50 |
| **2019-10-24 11:00:00** | 74.02 | 325.50 | 12.24 | 31.53 |
| **2019-10-24 16:00:00** | 45.92 | 245.00 | 0.00 | 20.68 |