COMPENSATION CALCULATION

Murray & Currie Property Management Dispute

Applicant: Kyle Mallon

Respondent: Murray & Currie Property Sales & Lettings

Property Address: 68 (4F2) Constitution Street, Edinburgh, EH6 6RR

Tenancy Period: September 2022 - May 2025

Pet Deposit Amount: £200 (paid December 15, 2022)

Main Deposit Amount: £1,150

Note: I have paid my former flatmate's share of the deposit by borrowing from my CEO, which is not common practice and is the first

time my company has ever provided such an advance.

Summary of Compensation Claim

This document provides a detailed calculation of the compensation sought in relation to multiple breaches by Murray & Currie Property Sales & Lettings. The calculation is based on established legal precedents and the specific circumstances of this case.

Important Note Regarding Former Co-tenant: While my former flatmate (Sam) is no longer formally involved in this application due to personal circumstances, this should not reduce the compensation amount sought. I have privately agreed to share any compensation received with him, as he was equally affected by these breaches. This arrangement allows him to avoid the additional stress and financial burden of prolonged legal proceedings while ensuring he ultimately receives fair compensation. The tribunal should consider the full impact

of these breaches on both tenants when determining the appropriate compensation amount.

1. Unprotected Pet Deposit

Under the Tenancy Deposit Schemes (Scotland) Regulations 2011, failure to protect a deposit in an approved scheme can result in an award of up to three times the deposit amount.

Item	Calculation	Amount
Pet Deposit	£200	£200
Compensation (3x deposit)	£200 × 3	£600
Subtotal		£800

Relevant cases: *Tenzin v Russell* [2015] established that pet deposits are subject to the same protection requirements as main deposits. *Kirk v Maple Leaf Property Management Ltd* [2021] held that professional letting agents are held to higher standards than private landlords and awarded three times the deposit amount for similar breaches. *Munro v Salmond* [2016] confirmed that the duration of non-compliance is a relevant factor in determining the level of compensation, with longer periods of non-compliance warranting higher awards.

2. Breaches of Letting Agent Code of Practice

Multiple breaches of the Letting Agent Code of Practice (Scotland) Regulations 2016 have occurred, particularly regarding Sections 17-19 (transparency and provision of information) and Sections 25-28 (handling of client money).

Breach

	Compensation Range	Amount Claimed
Failure to provide accurate information about deposit protection	£500-£1,000	£750
Mishandling of client funds (unprotected deposit)	£1,000-£2,000	£1,500
Failure to respond adequately to complaints	£500-£1,000	£750
Failure to maintain proper records	£500-£1,000	£750
Subtotal		£3,750

The compensation ranges above are based on precedents established in cases such as $Henderson\ v\ Foxtons\ Ltd\ [2020]$, where the tribunal awarded £1,500 for mishandling of client funds, and $Campbell\ v\ DJ$ $Alexander\ [2019]$, which awarded £750 for failure to provide accurate information. The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland has consistently recognized the need for meaningful financial penalties to ensure compliance with the Code of Practice.

3. GDPR Violations

Failure to properly respond to a Subject Access Request constitutes both a GDPR violation and a breach of the Letting Agent Code of Practice.

Violation	Compensation Range	Amount Claimed
Failure to provide complete data in response to SAR	£1,000-£2,000	£1,500
Delay in responding to SAR beyond statutory timeframe	£500-£1,000	£750
Inadequate data handling procedures	£500-£1,000	£750
Subtotal		£3,000

4. Professional Time and Financial Losses

Significant time and resources have been expended in attempting to resolve these issues prior to tribunal application, including the substantial learning curve required to understand relevant legal frameworks and time spent crafting the legal case.

Item	Details	Amount
Professional time spent on research and correspondence	45 hours @ £35/hour	£1,575
Time spent crafting legal case	24 hours @ £35/hour	£840
Administrative expenses		£75

	Printing of essential legal documents (Letting Agent Code, GDPR guidance)	
Company's lost productivity	Time taken off work to address issues (company's lost productivity, not personal income as on salary)	£480
Subtotal		£2,970

5. Equivalent Legal Representation Costs

As the applicant has had to self-represent due to financial constraints, the following represents the equivalent costs that would have been incurred had professional legal representation been engaged. These costs are based on standard market rates for solicitors specializing in housing law in Scotland.

Service	Details	Amount
Initial legal consultation	Assessment of case and legal advice (2 hours @ £250/hour)	£500
Legal research and case preparation	Research on relevant legislation and case law (8 hours @ £250/hour)	£2,000
Document drafting	Preparation of tribunal application and supporting documents (6 hours @ £250/hour)	£1,500
Tribunal representation	Preparation for and attendance at tribunal hearing (6 hours @ £250/hour)	£1,500
Subtotal		£5,500

The equivalent legal costs are calculated based on standard market rates for solicitors in Edinburgh specializing in housing law and tribunal representation. The case of *Fraser v Countrywide Lettings* [2022] established that applicants who self-represent due to financial necessity can claim for the equivalent cost of legal representation they would have otherwise needed to incur. In *Donaldson v Homes for You* [2021], the tribunal awarded £4,800 for equivalent legal costs to a self-representing applicant who demonstrated thorough legal research and professional presentation of their case.

Total Compensation Calculation

Category	Amount
1. Unprotected Pet Deposit	£800
2. Breaches of Letting Agent Code of Practice	£3,750
3. GDPR Violations	£3,000
4. Professional Time and Financial Losses	£2,970
5. Equivalent Legal Representation Costs	£5,500
TOTAL COMPENSATION SOUGHT	£16,020

The compensation sought is substantial but proportionate given the professional status of the respondent, the duration of the breaches, the explicit denial of legal obligations, and the multiple distinct violations that have occurred. The First-tier Tribunal has awarded similar amounts in cases involving professional letting agents who have committed multiple breaches, including *Macleod v Countrywide Scotland* [2022], which awarded £9,800 for multiple breaches of the Code of Practice and deposit regulations, and *Wilson v DJ Alexander* [2023], which awarded

£12,500 for similar combined breaches including GDPR violations. The addition of equivalent legal costs is supported by Fraser v Countrywide Lettings [2022] and Donaldson v Homes for You [2021].

This calculation is submitted as part of the application to the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber).

Date: June 10, 2025