

## Storytelling with Data Presentations

### Tableau Link:

[https://public.tableau.com/shared/T8PB5ZX9S?:display\\_count=n&:origin=viz\\_share\\_link](https://public.tableau.com/shared/T8PB5ZX9S?:display_count=n&:origin=viz_share_link)

### Beginning

- **Motivation:** The United States has an influenza season where more people than usual suffer from the flu. Some people, particularly those in vulnerable populations, develop serious complications and end up in the hospital. Hospitals and clinics need additional staff to adequately treat these extra patients. The medical staffing agency provides this temporary staff.
- **Objective:** Determine when to send staff, and how many, to each state.
- **Scope:** The agency covers all hospitals in each of the 50 states of the United States, and the project will plan for the upcoming influenza season.
- **Provide brief outline of what influenza is and how it affects people**
- **Provide Line Chart – Influenza Deaths in the U.S. overtime**

### Middle

- 1) Dashboard to show people 65 years or older are a vulnerable population
  - **Pie Chart** – Show proportion of influenza deaths in 65+ group and under 65 group
    - Add annotations to show percentages and exact number
  - **Column Graph** – Show proportion of influenza deaths between above groups across multiple years
    - Add year filter to look at all years or focus on specific years.
  - **Text to summarise** - 65 years or older population accounts for majority of influenza-related deaths across the U.S.
- 2) Dashboard to show distribution of vulnerable population
  - **Combination Map** – Show population of 65+ group across all states (colour) and number of deaths (symbol size)
    - Add highlighted to show state on map
  - **Bar Chart** – Show top states by population to make comparisons easier
    - Use bars as filter to isolate states on combination map
  - **Text to summarise** – highlight the states with the largest populations also have the greatest influenza deaths count of 65+ year old people.

### 3) Dashboard to show influenza seasonality

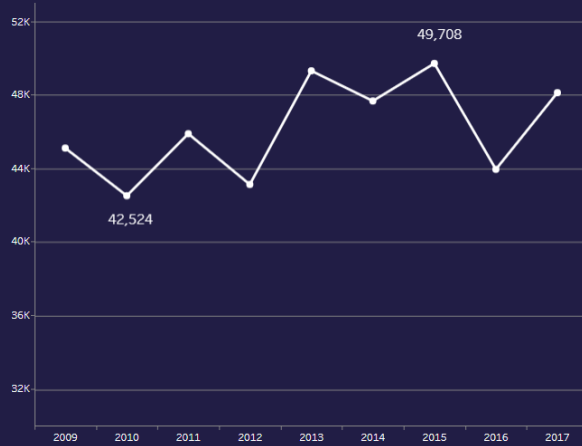
- **Line chart** – shows trends in flu death count across different months between 2009 and 2017
  - Add year filter to switch between specific years or all years.
- **Column chart** – shows influenza deaths by month
  - Year filter should also affect the columns
- **Text to summarise** – key takeaways including the seasonality of influenza (starts in December and lasts until March/April)

#### End

- **Conclusion** – restate that influenza is seasonal and leads to high death rates amongst the elderly.
- **Recommendations** – split states into different priority levels for which staffing plans should be made in accordance to (high, medium, and low status).
  - States with high priority status should be listed and considered first for additional staffing.
  - States with a medium priority status should be listed and considered second for additional staffing.
  - Staff should be sent in November or December and relieved by March or April
  - Another map should be made to support this listing (priority based on state colour – colour based on deaths 65+)
- **Next steps** – advise that a further analysis into hospital staff-patient ratios could benefit this project by identifying where shortages are occurring across the states.

## Project Overview - Staffing for Influenza Season

Deaths from Influenza in the U.S. (2009-2017)



Influenza is a viral disease affecting the respiratory system. In severe cases, influenza can be fatal. In the U.S., more than 40,000 people die from the virus each year.

### Motivation

The United States has an influenza season where more people than usual suffer from the flu. Some people, particularly those in vulnerable populations, develop serious complications and end up in the hospital. Hospitals and clinics need additional staff to adequately treat these extra patients. The medical staffing agency provides this temporary staff.

### Objective

Determine when to send staff, and how many, to each state.

### Scope

The agency covers all hospitals in each of the 50 states of the United States, and the project will plan for the upcoming influenza season.

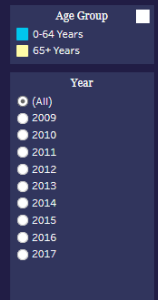
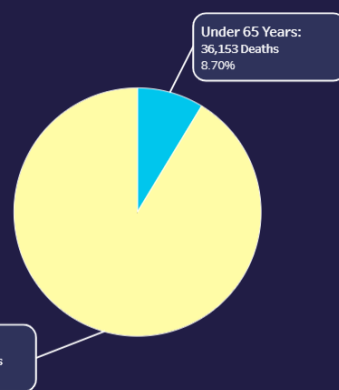
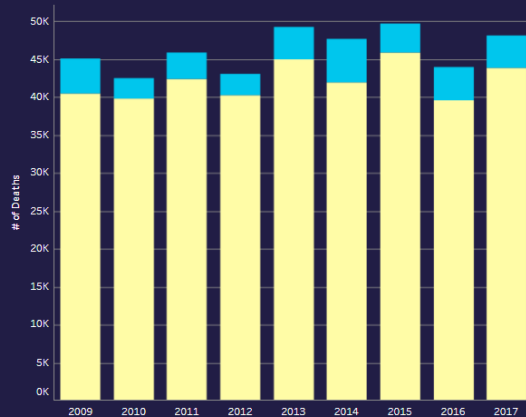
## Who is Affected by Influenza the Most?

### Who can be affected?

Every person regardless of age, race, or any other identifying factor can become infected with influenza.

### Who is most affected?

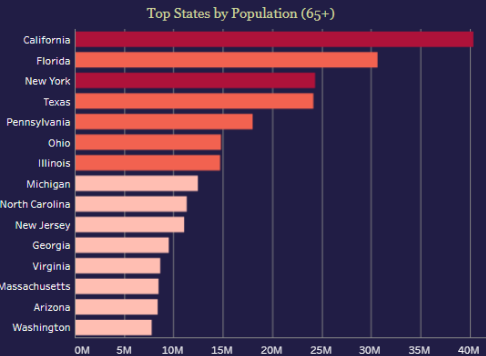
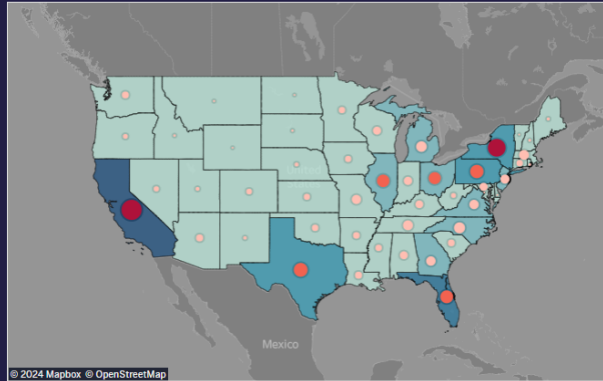
Some demographics, who will be referred to as **vulnerable populations**, have a greater risk of experiencing more serious medical complications from influenza, such as death. An analysis of the data highlighted **people over 65-years-old** to be a significant vulnerable population.



## Distribution of Vulnerable Population (65+ Years) Across the U.S.

Population and Influenza Deaths in the U.S. (2009-2017) for 65+ Years People

\* Click each bar to highlight the state on the map or use the search bar to the right



Highlight State

Highlight State

Year

(All)

2009

2010

2011

2012

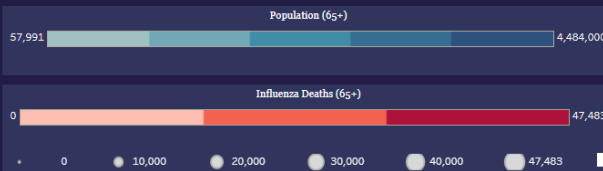
2013

2014

2015

2016

2017



### Where is the vulnerable population (65+) located?

Perhaps unsurprisingly, the U.S. states with the largest 65 years and older populations also experience the greatest number of deaths for this group (this was previously supported through an analysis in Excel showing a strong correlation between these variables).

## Is there an Influenza Season?

### Key Takeaways

- Influenza is a seasonal illness that peaks in colder months.
- Influenza Season typically begins in December and finishes in March/April.
- The peak of influenza season, when the greatest number of deaths occur, is usually January

