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Inseason Total Run Tracking

Table 1.- Cumulative harvest and passage estimates of sockeye salmon in Upper Cook Inlet (UCI), 2024. All personal use and sport harvest estimates are projections based on recent five-year average harvest rates within each fishery. The Susitna River escapement estimate uses the average harvest rate of this stock in UCI commercial salmon fisheries (42%; 2007 to 2015), the average run timing, and pre-season forecasts. The Crescent River escapement estimate is based on the average commercial sockeye salmon harvest in the western district and average harvest rate of this stock (46.3%) from 2006 to 2021.

Run component	Fishery	Cumulative season total
Commercial Harvest	Central District Drift - State Waters	245,786
	Kasilof Section Set Net Fishery	828
	Kenai Section Set Net Fishery	1,329
	Northern District Set Net Fishery - Eastern Subdistrict	6,881
	Northern District Set Net Fishery - General Subdistrict	3,718
	UCI EEZ	255,055
	Western Subdistrict Set Net Fishery	38,826
	Subtotal	552,423
Escapement	Crescent Escapement	24,699
	Fish Creek Escapement	11,637
	Kasilof River Escapement	500,458
	Kenai River Escapement	405,517
	Susitna Escapement	19,946
	Other	144,339

Run component	Fishery	Cumulative season total
	Subtotal	1,106,595
Personal Use and Sport	Kasilof Personal Use Dipnet	91,296
	Kasilof Personal Use Gillnet	35,266
	Kasilof Sport	35,822
	Kenai Personal Use Dipnet	61,887
	Kenai Sport	59,194
	Subtotal	283,464
Grand Total		1,942,483

Age Allocation Modeling

A weighted age composition method was used to estimate the contributions of Kenai, Kasilof, Susitna, and Crescent rivers, Fish Creek, and “Other” sockeye salmon stocks to commercial fishery harvests in UCI (see Bernard 1983 and Tobias and Tarbox 1999 for general methods). The method is based on the assumption that specific fisheries exploit each stock equally. The relative contribution of a specific age class in the escapement represents the relative contribution of that age class in the commercial harvest in a specific time and area fished. Sockeye salmon harvests in the various fishery subdistricts were allocated to the stocks entering major rivers that were in closest proximity to the fishery.

Table 2.- Cumulative total run estimates to date for primary Upper Cook Inlet sockeye salmon stocks.

Stock	Run component	Total
Crescent	Commercial Harvest	6,689
	Escapement	24,550
	Subtotal	31,239
Fish Creek	Commercial Harvest	5,406
	Escapement	11,637
	Subtotal	17,043
Kasilof	Commercial Harvest	227,532
	Escapement	484,443
	Personal Use and Sport	157,187
	Subtotal	869,162
Kenai	Commercial Harvest	204,620
	Escapement	395,785
	Personal Use and Sport	118,175
	Subtotal	718,579

Stock	Run component	Total
Other	Commercial Harvest	84,061
	Escapement	144,339
	Subtotal	228,400
Susitna	Commercial Harvest	10,617
	Escapement	19,946
	Subtotal	30,563

Table 3.- Age composition of returns to the Kenai and Kasilof Rivers in 2024 relative to preseason forecasts.

Stock	Age class	Composition of return	Run to date	Forecasted run	Percent remaining	Total fish remaining
Kasilof	0.2	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0
	0.3	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0
	1.2	38.0%	334,417	506,000	34.0%	171,583
	1.3	62.0%	534,745	332,218	-61.0%	0
	1.4	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0
	2.1	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0
	2.2	0.0%	0	221,924	100.0%	221,924
	2.3	0.0%	0	55,019	100.0%	55,019
	2.4	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0
Kenai	0.2	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0
	0.3	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0
	1.2	19.0%	135,170	515,248	74.0%	380,078
	1.3	79.0%	567,437	2,143,928	74.0%	1,576,491
	1.4	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0
	2.1	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0
	2.2	0.0%	0	248,800	100.0%	248,800
	2.3	2.0%	15,972	472,484	97.0%	456,512
	2.4	0.0%	0	0	0.0%	0

Total Run Projections

An inseason tier-status assessment is annually performed for late-run stock Kenai River sockeye salmon (See Table 4). Historically, the tier status assessment had relied on cumulative catch-per-unit-effort timing curves from the offshore test fish project (OTF) to project the total run to the Kenai River. This method provided unbiased estimates of run timing because performance of this fishery is largely independent of management actions. In 2024, the OTF project was cut due to budget issues which required other methods to be explored for the inseason projection. Inriver run timing curves were assessed using historical total run data and were found to provide reliable total run projection estimates within the scope of run tier designations.

Stock-specific inriver run timing models spanning years 2000 to 2023 were evaluated to project the total run of sockeye salmon to the Kenai and Kasilof Rivers. Projection model performance was assessed using the mean arctangent absolute percent error (MAAPE) between the projected daily total run estimates and actual runs up to the date the projection was run. The top three models with the lowest MAAPE were selected for each stock and a weighted hybrid model approach was applied. Model weights were assigned based on the running MAAPE of each selected model, with a lower MAAPE receiving a greater weight towards the final projection estimate.

Table 4.- Management tiers for the late-run stock Kenai River sockeye salmon.

Tier	Total Run Size
Lower	Less than 2,300,000
Middle	2,300,000 to 4,600,000
Upper	Greater than 4,600,000

Table 5.- Total run projections by stock.

Stock	Year	Timing	MAAPE	Model Projection	Model Weight	Weighted projection	Total
Kasilof	2009	56.0%	9.62	1,552,975	0.35	548,827.5	1,987,624
	2023	35.9%	10.14	2,422,850	0.34	812,025.3	
	2020	43.2%	10.91	2,012,474	0.31	626,771.1	
Kenai	2005	23.1%	24.02	3,110,092	0.36	1,105,134.2	3,890,761
	2020	12.2%	24.59	5,886,318	0.35	2,042,461.8	
	2009	28.8%	28.67	2,496,545	0.30	743,164.7	

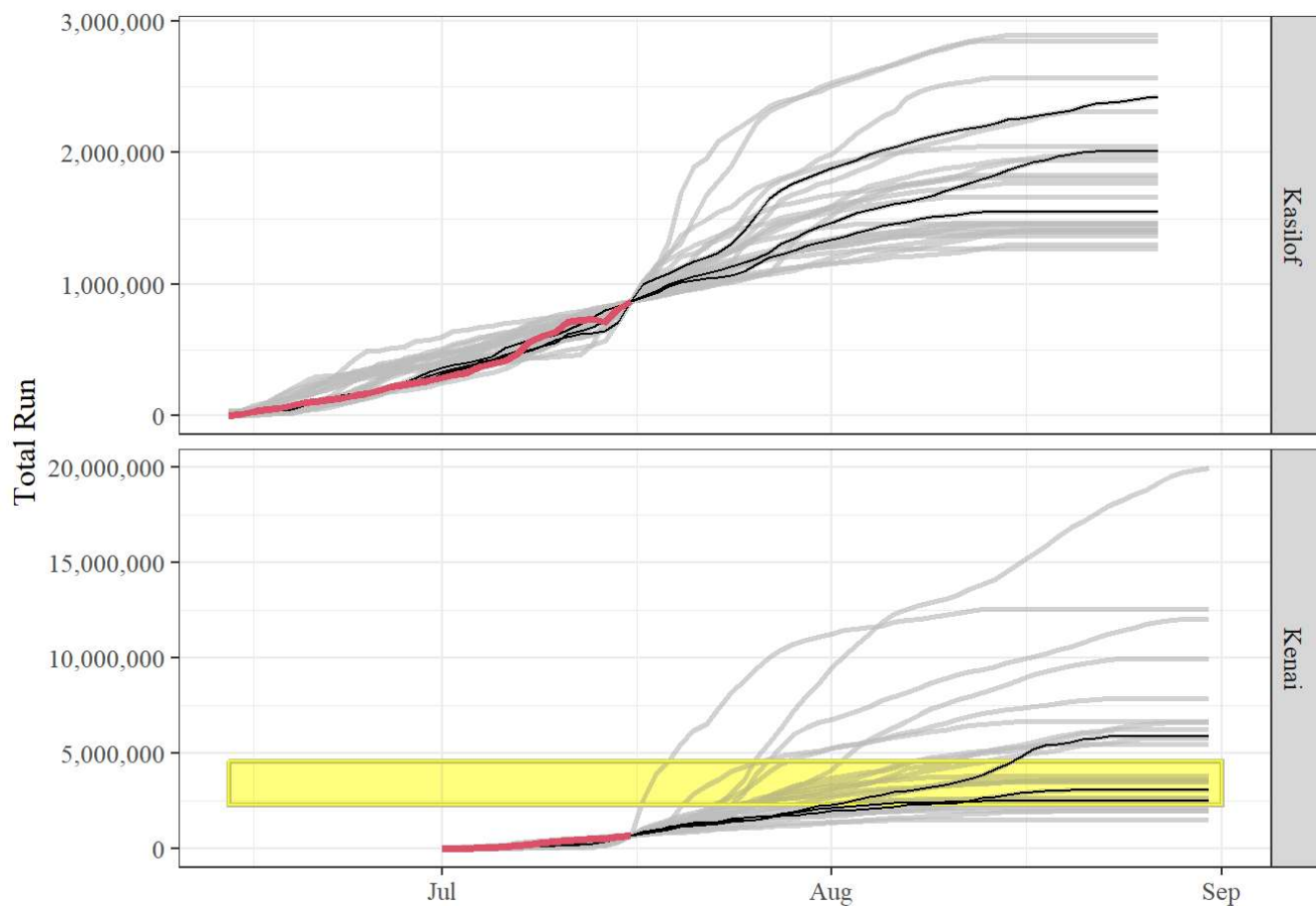


Figure 1.- The top three competing models for each stock (black lines) relative to actual daily cumulative total runs (red line). All other competing models are indicated in grey. The middle management tier (2.3 to 4.6 million fish) for late-run stock Kenai River sockeye salmon is indicated in yellow.

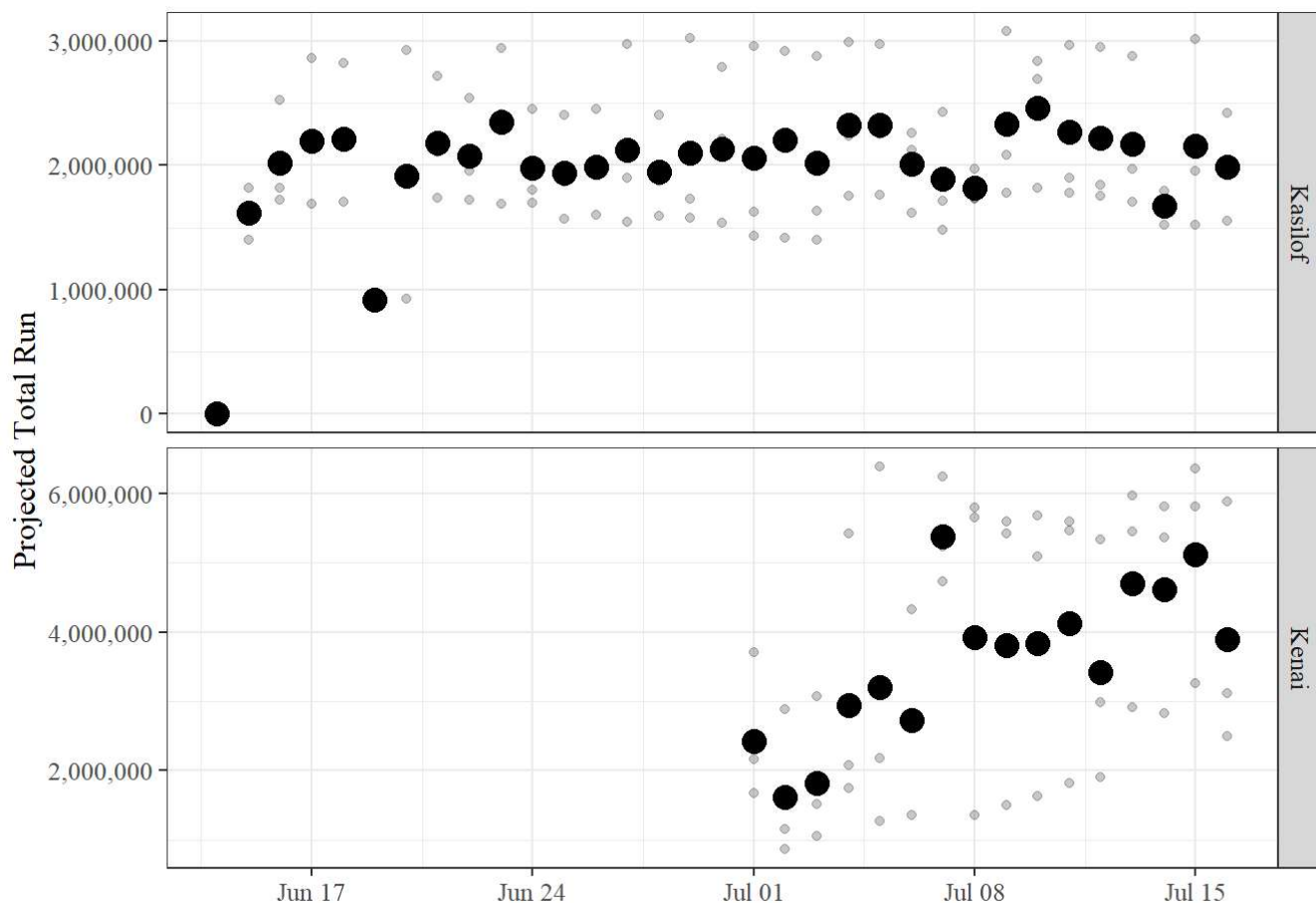


Figure 2.- Weighted total run estimates (black dots) using the top three selected run timing models by projection date and stock. Grey dots represent individual total run projections for each selected model by date.