Example Session for Weight Based Deduplication

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This document shows an example session using the package *RecordLinkage*. A single data set is deduplicated using an EM algorithm for weight calculation. Conducting linkage of two data sets differs only in the step of generating record pairs.

1 Generating record pairs

The data to be deduplicated is expected to reside in a data frame or matrix, each row containing one record. Example data sets of 500 and 10000 records are included in the package as `RLData500` and `RLData10000`.

```
> data(RLdata500)
> RLdata500[1:5, ]

  fname_c1 fname_c2 lname_c1 lname_c2   by bm bd
1  CARSTEN     <NA>    MEIER     <NA> 1949  7 22
2     GERD     <NA>    BAUER     <NA> 1968  7 27
3   ROBERT     <NA> HARTMANN     <NA> 1930  4 30
4   STEFAN     <NA>    WOLFF     <NA> 1957  9  2
5     RALF     <NA>  KRUEGER     <NA> 1966  1 13
```

For deduplication, `compare.dedup` is to be used. In this example, blocking is set to return only record pairs which agree in at least two components of the subdivided date of birth, resulting in 810 pairs. The argument `identity` preserves the true matching status for later evaluation.

```
> pairs = compare.dedup(RLdata500, identity = identity.RLdata500,
+     blockfld = list(c(5, 6), c(6, 7),
+         c(5, 7)))
> summary(pairs)

Deduplication Data Set

500 records
571 record pairs

49 matches
522 non-matches
0 pairs with unknown status
```

2   Weight calculation

Weights are calculated by means of an EM algorithm. This step is computationally intensive and might take a while. The histogram shows the resulting weight distribution.

```
> pairs = emWeights(pairs)
```

```
> hist(pairs$Wdata, plot = FALSE)

$breaks
 [1] -15 -10  -5   0   5  10  15  20  25  30  35
[12]  40  45

$counts
 [1] 352  13   0   0   5  26  42 123   9   0   0
[12]   1

$intensities
 [1] 0.1232924694 0.0045534151 0.0000000000
 [4] 0.0000000000 0.0017513135 0.0091068301
 [7] 0.0147110333 0.0430823117 0.0031523643
[10] 0.0000000000 0.0000000000 0.0003502627

$density
 [1] 0.1232924694 0.0045534151 0.0000000000
 [4] 0.0000000000 0.0017513135 0.0091068301
 [7] 0.0147110333 0.0430823117 0.0031523643
[10] 0.0000000000 0.0000000000 0.0003502627

$mids
 [1] -12.5  -7.5  -2.5   2.5   7.5  12.5  17.5
 [8]  22.5  27.5  32.5  37.5  42.5

$xname
[1] "pairs$Wdata"

$equidist
[1] TRUE

attr(,"class")
[1] "histogram"
```

3   Classification

For determining thresholds, record pairs within a given range of weights can be printed using getPairs[1]. In this case, 24 is set as upper and -7 as lower

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[1]The output of getPairs is shortened in this document.

threshold, dividing links, possible links and non-links. The summary shows the resulting contingency table and error measures.

```
> getPairs(pairs, 30, 20)

      Weight  id  fname_c1 fname_c2 lname_c1
23  24.11923 106     ANDRE     <NA>  MUELLER
24          175     ANDRE     <NA>  MUELLER
25  24.11923 370    MONIKA     <NA>  MUELLER
26          478    MONIKA     <NA>  MUELLER
27  24.08427 127      KARL     <NA>    KLEIN
28          142      KARL     <NA>   KLEIBN
29  21.69109  61     ANDRE     <NA>  FISCHER
30          254  STEFANIE     <NA>  FISCHER
31  21.69109 353      INGE     <NA>   SEIDEL
32          355     INGEU     <NA>   SEIDEL
33  21.69109  17 ALEXANDER     <NA>  MUELLER
34          193 CHRISTIAN     <NA>  MUELLER
35  21.65612 389    URSULA     <NA> HOFFMANN
36          449   CHRISTA     <NA>  KRUEGER
   lname_c2   by bm bd
23     <NA> 1976  2 25
24     <NA> 1976  1 25
25     <NA> 2000  8 26
26     <NA> 2000  5 26
27     <NA> 2002  6 20
28     <NA> 2002  6 29
29     <NA> 1943  6 25
30     <NA> 1943 11 25
31     <NA> 1949  9  4
32     <NA> 1949  8  4
33     <NA> 1974  9  9
34     <NA> 1974  8  9
35     <NA> 1929  5 12
36     <NA> 1929  5  2

> pairs = emClassify(pairs, threshold.upper = 24,
+     threshold.lower = -7)
> summary(pairs)

Deduplication Data Set

500 records
571 record pairs

49 matches
522 non-matches
0 pairs with unknown status

Weight distribution:
```

3

```
   [-15,-10]   (-10,-5]    (-5,0]     (0,5]    (5,10]
        352         13         0         0         5
    (10,15]    (15,20]   (20,25]   (25,30]   (30,35]
         26         42       123         9         0
    (35,40]    (40,45]
          0          1

15 links detected
198 possible links detected
358 non-links detected

alpha error: 0.000000
beta error: 0.002786
accuracy: 0.997319


Classification table:

            classification
true status   N    P    L
      FALSE 358  163    1
       TRUE   0   35   14
```

Review of the record pairs denoted as possible links is facilitated by `getPairs`, which can be forced to show only possible links via argument `show`. A list with the ids of linked pairs can be extracted from the output of `getPairs` with argument `single.rows` set to `TRUE`.

```
> possibles <- getPairs(pairs, show = "possible")
> possibles[1:6, ]

      Weight  id  fname_c1 fname_c2 lname_c1
1 21.691086  61     ANDRE     <NA>  FISCHER
2            254  STEFANIE     <NA>  FISCHER
3 21.691086 353      INGE     <NA>   SEIDEL
4            355     INGEU     <NA>   SEIDEL
5 21.691086  17 ALEXANDER     <NA>  MUELLER
6            193 CHRISTIAN     <NA>  MUELLER
  lname_c2   by bm bd
1     <NA> 1943  6 25
2     <NA> 1943 11 25
3     <NA> 1949  9  4
4     <NA> 1949  8  4
5     <NA> 1974  9  9
6     <NA> 1974  8  9

> links = getPairs(pairs, show = "links",
+     single.rows = TRUE)
> link_ids <- links[, c("id1", "id2")]
> link_ids
```

```
    id1 id2
290 290 466
357 357 414
297 297 388
286 286 383
50   50 234
87   87 117
145 145 240
289 289 399
313 313 457
467 467 472
183 183 444
25   25 107
106 106 175
370 370 478
127 127 142
```