Z5177443 Keyu Yang

### **EXERCISE 1**

z5177443@vx3:/tmp\_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Desktop\$ nslookup www.koala.co

m.au Server: 129.94.242.45 129.94.242.45#53 Address:

Non-authoritative answer: www.koala.com.au Address: 104.18.61.21 Name: www.koala.com.au Address: 104,18,60,21

The IP address of www.koala.com.au is 129.94.242.45.

We can know from the picture above is that this website only has one IP address, The reason of having serval IP addresses is the load-balancing technology. For example, One of the largest website in the world like www.youtube.com has 8 IP addresses to avoid overloading and increase availability. When people all over the world want to watch the videos from youtube at the same time, different IP can handle them well because there will be different servers to respond.

z5177443@vx3:/tmp\_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Desktop\$ nslookup 127.0.0.1

Server: 129,94,242,45 Address: 129,94,242,45#53

1.0.0.127.in-addr.arpa name = localhost.

The name of this IP address is localhost.

127.0.0.1 is loopback address which refers to local machine and usually is used to network testing. And IP will send message to itself when seeing localhost. And all IP addresses are the same which are 127.0.0.1.

# **EXERCISE 2**

Not reachable:

# www.getfittest.com.au

# www.hola.hp

z5177443@vx3:/tmp\_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Desktop\$ ping www.getfittest.com.au ping: unknown host www.getfittest.com.au z5177443@vx3:/tmp\_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Desktop\$ ping www.hola.hp ping: unknown host www.hola.hp

I think these two websites does not exist.

We can not access these website from our own machine.

# www.kremlin.ru

We can access this website from our own machine so this website exists.

Therefore, I think this website refuses to respond the request form ping, which means that this machine disabled the ICMP protocol which is used by ping due to security reasons.

And all the other websites are reachable.

http://www.cse.unsw.edu.au

http://www.mit.edu

http://www.intel.com.au

www.tpg.com.au

http://www.telstra.com.au

www.amazon.com

http://www.wikileaks.org

www.tsinghua.edu.cn

http://www.tsinghua.edu.cn www.kremlin.rus

#### **EXERCISE 3**

#### 1.

```
z5177443@vx3;/tmp_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Desktop$ traceroute www.columbia.edu traceroute to www.columbia.edu (128,59,105,24), 30 hops max, 50 byte packets

1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EDU.RU (129,94,242,251) 0.038 ms 0.056 ms 0.051 ms

2 129,94,39,17 (129,94,39,17) 0.837 ms 0.842 ms 0.815 ms

3 libudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,34) 1.665 ms ombudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,253,35) 1,572 ms 1,535 ms

4 libcr1-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,165) 1,060 ms ombcr1-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,197) 1,001 ms libcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,201) 1,066 ms

5 unsubr1-te-2-13.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,105) 1,103 ms unsubr1-te-1-9.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,101) 1,045 ms unsubr1-te-2-13.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,105) 1,091 ms

6 138,44,5,0 (138,44,5,0) 1,245 ms 1,282 ms 1,236 ms

7 et-1-3-0.pe1.sxt.bkvl.nsw.aarnet.net.au (113,197,15,149) 2,130 ms 1,969 ms 1,929 ms

8 et-0-0-0.pe1.a.hnl.aarnet.net.au (113,197,15,199) 95,065 ms 95,504 ms 95,493 ms

9 et-2-1-0.bdr1.a.sea.aarnet.net.au (113,197,15,201) 146,581 ms 146,543 ms 146,559 ms

abilene-1-lo-jubr-706,sttlba.pacificwave.net (207,231,240,8) 146,631 ms 146,619 ms 146,619 ms 146,617 ms et-4-0-0.4079.rtsw.miss2.net.internet2.edu (162,252,70,58) 180,611 ms 180,619 ms 180,635 ms et-1-1-5,4079.rtsw.miss2.net.internet2.edu (162,252,70,106) 188,472 ms 188,396 ms 188,478 ms

1 et-4-0-0.4079.rtsw.minn.net.internet2.edu (162,252,70,163) 189,310 ms 186,563 ms 188,478 ms et-1-5,4079.rtsw.gedh.net.internet2.edu (162,252,70,163) 188,330 ms 188,563 ms 188,570 ms ae-1,4079.rtsw.gedh.net.internet2.edu (162,252,70,163) 188,330 ms 188,563 ms 188,570 ms ae-1,4079.rtsw.gedh.net.internet2.edu (162,252,70,163) 189,371 ms 196,957 ms 189,786 ms 189,790 ms ae-1,4079.rtsw.gedh.net.internet2.edu (162,252,70,163) 189,371 ms 196,957 ms 189,786 ms 189,790 ms ae-1,4079.rtsw.gedh.net.internet2.edu (162,252,70,163) 189,371 ms 196,957 ms 197,862 ms 197,962 ms 1
```

There are 23 routers between my workstation and www.columbia.edu.

5 routers are part of UNSW network, which are the first five(1,2,3,4,5) number.

Between number 7<sup>th</sup> et-1-3-0.pe1.sxt.bkvl.nsw.aarnet.net.au(113.197.15.149) and number 8<sup>th</sup> et-0-0-0.pe1.a.hnl.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.99) these two routers, packets cross the pacific ocean, because there is a relatively huge delay increase which happened between these two routers, which may be caused by the distance. It spends more time when response to my station compared to the other. And I also find that No.10 IP is in America and No.9 IP is in Australia by using whois command. Maybe they cross the Pacific Ocean.

```
z5177443@vx1:/tmp_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Desktop$ ping 113.197.15.99 PING 113.197.15.99 (113.197.15.99) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 113.197.15.99: icmp_req=1 ttl=57 time=95.1 ms
64 bytes from 113.197.15.99: icmp_req=2 ttl=57 time=94.8 ms
64 bytes from 113.197.15.99: icmp_req=3 ttl=57 time=94.9 ms
64 bytes from 113.197.15.99: icmp_req=4 ttl=57 time=94.9 ms
64 bytes from 113.197.15.99: icmp_req=5 ttl=57 time=94.8 ms

z5177443@vx3:/tmp_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Desktop$ ping 113.197.15.149
PING 113.197.15.149 (113.197.15.149) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 113.197.15.149: icmp_req=1 ttl=58 time=2.02 ms
64 bytes from 113.197.15.149: icmp_req=2 ttl=58 time=2.00 ms
64 bytes from 113.197.15.149: icmp_req=3 ttl=58 time=2.09 ms
64 bytes from 113.197.15.149: icmp_req=3 ttl=58 time=2.09 ms
64 bytes from 113.197.15.149: icmp_req=4 ttl=58 time=1.94 ms
```

2

```
$\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{3}\frac
Traceroute to <a href="https://www.ucla.edu">www.ucla.edu</a> from my machine

z5177443@vx1;/tmp_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Desktop$ traceroute www.u-tokyo.ac.jp
traceroute to www.u-tokyo.ac.jp (210.152.243.234), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EDU.AU (129.94.242.251) 0.101 ms 0.087 ms 0.077 ms
2 129.94.39.17 (129.94.39.17) 0.818 ms 0.853 ms 0.858 ms
3 libudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.34) 1.725 ms 1.688 ms 1.699 ms
4 libcr1-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.165) 1.105 ms ombcr1-po-6.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.169) 1.040 ms 1.052 ms
5 unswbr1-te-2-13.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.105) 1.070 ms 1.145 ms 1.074 ms
6 138.44.5.0 (138.44.5.0) 1.315 ms 1.302 ms 1.296 ms
7 et-0-3-0.pe1.bkvl.nsw.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.147) 1.853 ms 1.722 ms 1.704 ms
8 ge-4_0_0.bb1.a.pao.aarnet.net.au (202.158.194.177) 156.043 ms 156.098 ms 156.016 ms
9 paloalto0.iij.net (198.32.176.24) 157.551 ms 157.577 ms 157.695 ms
10 osk004bb00.IIJ.Net (58.138.88.185) 288.047 ms osk004bb01.IIJ.Net (58.138.88.189) 270.596 ms 270.799 ms
11 osk004ip57.IIJ.Net (58.138.30.61.66) 279.669 ms osk004ip57.IIJ.Net (58.138.106.162) 279.592 ms 279.580 ms
12 210.130.135.130 (210.130.135.130) 270.885 ms 270.716 ms 270.668 ms
13 124.83.228.58 (124.83.228.58) 288.221 ms 279.710 ms 279.564 ms
14 124.83.252.178 (124.83.252.178) 275.558 ms 276.469 ms 285.202 ms
15 158.205.134.26 (158.205.134.26) 293.872 ms 285.164 ms 302.820 ms
16 ***
17 ***
18 ***
       Traceroute to www.ucla.edu from my machine
       12
13
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28
30
                                              ***
                                                * * *
                                                  * * *
```

# Traceroute to <a href="www.u-tokyo.ac.jp">www.u-tokyo.ac.jp</a> from my machine

```
traceroute to www.lancaster.ac.uk (148,88,65,80), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets

1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EUU.RU (129,94,242,251) 0,073 ms 0,056 ms 0,053 ms

2 129,94,39,17 (129,94,39,17) 0,093,491,295,197 ms 0,755 ms

3 libudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,253,34) 1,823 ms ombudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,35) 1,162 ms libudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,253,34) 1,445 ms

4 ombor1-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,107) 1,125 ms 1,025 ms libudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,105) 1,023 ms

5 unsubr1-te-1-9.gw.unsw.edu.au (149,171,255,101) 1,081 ms 1,071 ms 1,099 ms

6 183,445,0 (138,445,0) 1,267 ms 1,215 ms 1,210 ms

7 et-2-0-5.bdr1.sing.sin.asmret.net.au (113,197,15,233) 92,502 ms 92,501 ms

8 183,44,226,7 (138,44,226,7) 256,000 ms 256,068 ms 256,048 ms

9 janet-gw.mxl.lon.uk.geant.net (62,40,124,199) 256,139 ms 256,138 ms 256,136 ms

1 ae23,1ondpg-sbr2.ja.net (146,67,33,22) 256,042 ms 260,400 ms 260,355 ms

1 ae31.erdiss-sbr2.ja.net (146,67,33,22) 256,048 ms 256,050 ms 256,050 ms

1 ae24,lanclu-rbr1.ja.net (146,67,33,22) 256,08 ms 256,050 ms 256,050 ms

1 ae24,lanclu-rbr1.ja.net (146,67,33,22) 256,080 ms 256,050 ms 256,050 ms

1 ae24,lanclu-rbr1.ja.net (146,67,33,22) 256,080 ms 256,050 ms 256,102 ms

15 is-border01.bfu01.rtr.lancs.ac.uk (148,88,253,002) 255,091 ms 255,102 ms

15 is-border01.bfu01.rtr.lancs.ac.uk (148,88,253,002) 255,091 ms 255,102 ms 267,444 ms 267,419 ms

17 ***

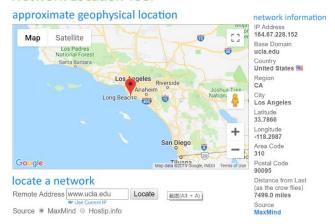
18 www.lancs.ac.uk (148,88,65,80) 265,409 ms | X 265,182 ms | X 265
                                     мми.lancs.ac.uk (148.88.65.80) 265.409 ms !X 265.182 ms !X 265.308 ms !X
```

Traceroute to www.lancaster.ac.uk from my machine

138.44.0.0 - 138.44.255.255 inetnum: AARNET netname: HHRNE: Australian Academic and Research Network Building 9 Banks Street AU ORG-AAAR1-AP descr: descr: descr: country: orq: admin-c: tech-c: SM6-AP ANOC-AP HNUC-HF
irrcontact@arnet.edu.au
APNIC-HM
MAINT-AARNET-AP
MAINT-AARNET-AP
IRT-AARNET-AU
ALLOCATED PORTABLE notify: mnt-by: mnt-lower: mnt-routes: mnt-irt: status: This object can only be updated by APNIC hostmasters. remarks: To update this object, please contact APNIC hostmasters and include your organisation's account name in the subject line. remarks: remarks: remarks: remarks: last-modified: 2017-10-09T13:02:43Z APNIC source: IRT-AARNET-AU irt: ARNet Pty Ltd
26 Dick Perry Avenue
Kensington, Western Australia
Australia address: address: address: address: e-mail: abuse@aarnet.edu.au abuse-mailbox: admin-c: abuse@aarnet.edu.au SM6-AP ANOC-AP tech-c: auth: # Filtered MAINT-AARNET-AP mnt-by: last-modified: 2010-11-08T08:02:43Z source: APNIC organisation: ORG-AAAR1-AP Australian Academic and Research Network org-name: country: ΑU address: Building 9 address: Banks Street phone: fax-no: +61-2-6222-3530 +61-2-6222-3535 e-mail: irrcontact@aarnet.edu.au mnt-ref: mnt-by: APNIC-HM APNIC-HM last-modified: source: 2017-10-09T12;56;36Z

138.44.5.0 is the router which path starts to diverge and it is AARNet Network Operation Center in Australia. The picture above shows the details of this IP which I use 'whois' command.

### **Network Location Tool**



This is the location of www.ucla.edu which I get from Network Location Tool website, and the rest of these two are similar.

10569.8 miles www.lancaster.ac.uk

7499.0 miles <u>www.ucla.edu</u> 4908.7 miles <u>www.u-tokyo.ac.jp</u>

Therefore, the number of hops on each path is not proportional to the physical distance.

### 3.

Address:

# http://www.speedtest.com.sg/tr.php

129,94,242,2#53

### IP: 209.15.13.134

```
z5177443@vx2:/tmp_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Desktop$ nslookup www.speedtes
t.com
Server: 129.94.242.2
```

Non-authoritative answer: Name: www.speedtest.com Address: 209.15.13.134

### Traceroute Result:

### https://www.telstra.net/cgi-bin/trace

### IP:203.36.190.8

```
z5177443@wx2:/tmp_amd/reed/export/reed/4/z5177443/Besktop$ traceroute www.telstra.net traceroute to www.telstra.net (203.50.5.178). 30 hops max. 60 byte packets

1 cserouter1-server.cse.unsw.EDU,AU (129.94.242.251) 0.097 ms 0.068 ms 0.062 ms

2 129.94.39.17 (129.94.39.17) 0.906 ms 0.867 ms 0.857 ms 0.857 ms

3 libudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.34) 1.439 ms ombudnex1-v1-3154.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.253.35) 1
.588 ms 2.145 ms

4 libcr1-po-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.195) 1.073 ms

5 unswbr1-te-1-9.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.191) 1.073 ms

5 unswbr1-te-1-9.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.191) 1.073 ms

6 138.44.5.0 (138.44.5.0) 1.366 ms 1.244 ms 1.238 ms

7 xe-0-0-0.bdr1.rsby.nsw.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.33) 1.424 ms 1.488 ms 1.438 ms

8 gigabitethernet3-11.ken37.sydney.telstra.net (203.50.11.103) 2.517 ms 2.146 ms bundle-ether13.ken-core10.sydney.telstra.net (203.50.11.103) 2.517 ms 2.146 ms bundle-ether13.ken-core10.sydney.telstra.net (203.50.11.93) 4.155 ms bundle-ether10.melbourne.telstra.net (203.50.11.123) 14.507 ms bundle-ether13.chw-core10.sydney.telstra.net (203.50.11.98) 4.155 ms bundle-ether10.melbourne.telstra.net (203.50.11.123) 14.390 ms

1 bundle-ether2.exi-ncprouter101.melbourne.telstra.net (203.50.11.209) 13.441 ms 13.456 ms 13.234 ms

1 gigabitethernet3-3.exi2.melbourne.telstra.net (203.50.11.120) 13.441 ms 13.456 ms 13.234 ms

1 www.telstra.net (203.50.5,178) 12.641 ms 12.622 ms 12.593 ms

1 gigabitethernet3-3.exi2.melbourne.telstra.net (203.50.11.122) 12.237 ms 12.223 ms 12.234 ms

2 bundle-ether1.ken-edge901.sydney.telstra.net (203.50.11.125) 13.441 ms 13.456 ms 13.234 ms

3 bundle-ether1.ken-edge901.sydney.telstra.net (203.50.11.125) 19.934 ms 11.849 ms 12.734 ms

5 aarnet6.lnk.telstra.net (139.130.0.78) 11.610 ms 11.849 ms 11.860 ms

5 xe-5-2-2.pel.bry.nsw.aarnet.net.au (113.197.15.55) 18.12.361 ms 12.723 ms 12.236 ms

1 13.445.1 (138.44.5.1) 11.988 ms 11.976 ms 11.984 ms

8 ombcr1-te-1-5.gw.unsw.edu.au (149.171.255.180) 12.112 ms 13.348 ms 11.985 ms

1 libudnex1-po-2.gw.unsw.edu
```

No. It is obvious that the reverse part does not go through the same routers.

Yes. And one website may have many IP address which aim to allocate different interfaces. For every route, it has its own rules and they are determined by default routing, neighbouring networks, metrics and so on. we can see the same IP address when observing common routers along the path. The other reason is that the path is different when trace back form these website to our IP.

### **EXERCISE 4**

1.

### Distance:

Brisbane 736 km Manila: 6260km Berlin: 16084km

# Propagation delay:

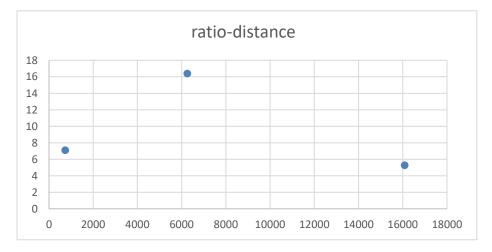
```
T(Brisbane) = 736 * 1000 / 3 * 10^8 m/s = 2.45ms
T(Manila) = 6260 * 1000 / 3 * 10^8 m/s = 20.8ms
T(Berlin) =16084 * 1000 / 3 * 10^8 m/s = 53.6ms
```

From the corresponding \*avg.txt files:

```
min RRT(Brisbane) = 17.431ms
min RRT(Manila) = 341.482ms
min RRT(Berlin) = 283.792ms
```

### Ratios:

R(Brisbane) = 7.11 R(Manila) = 16.39 R(Berlin) = 5.29



This picture shows the y-axis values are greater than 2, which proves that there may be a congestion in the network and there are many routers along the path

The reason why this ratio is always > 2 is that the speed of packets traveling can not be full light speed because traveling passes through some medium. Another reason is that SP-level routing may not find the least cost path.

2

It will vary over time.

This is because each time the processing and queuing delay are different. This value is relatively random.

3

No, it is not in Switzerland.

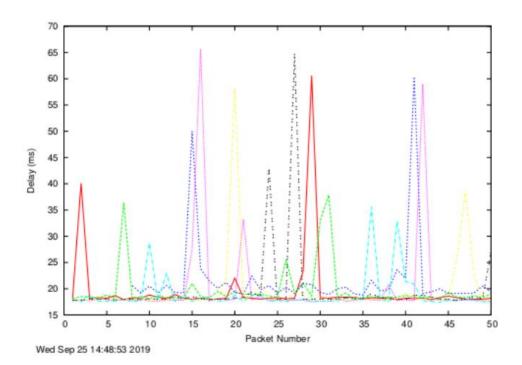
We can get the IP address of this website which is 104.20.228.42 using the command ping. Then using the whois 104.20.228.42 command I get that this website does not from Switzerland but from CloudFlare Company which is a company form the United States.

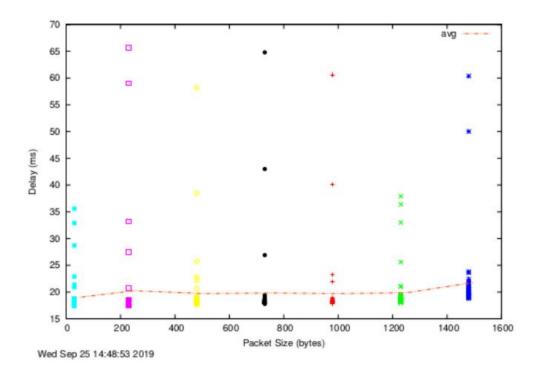
4.

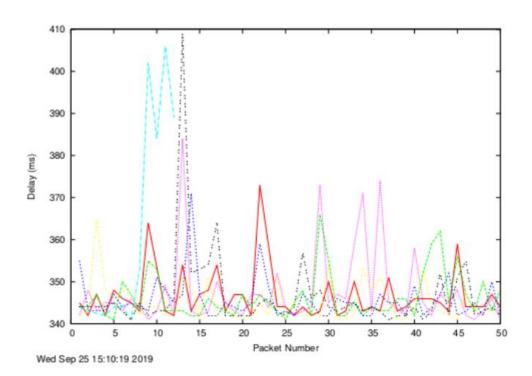
Transmission delay and processing delay depend on the packet size, while other two do not rely on that. The link such as cable decides the propagation speed and the queuing delay depends on the congestion level. And it will increase along with more traffic in our network.

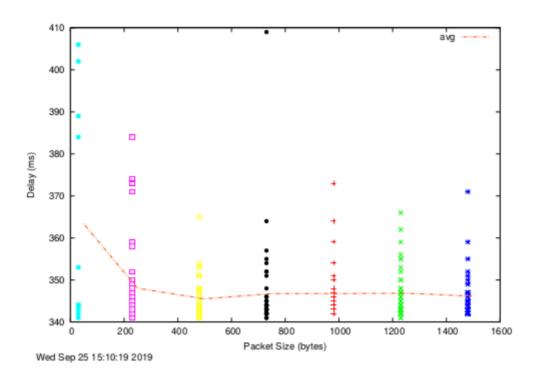
Processing delay depends on the speed of CPU and packages size.

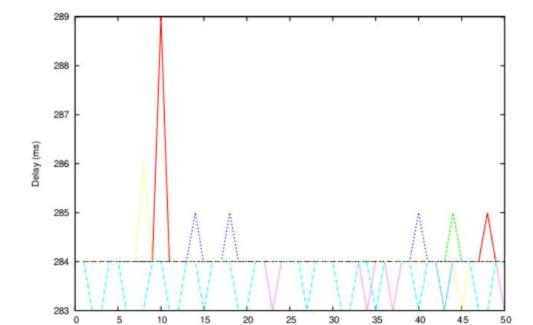
Transmission delay depends is proportional to the package size and the R value(D = L/R).











Packet Number

Wed Sep 25 15:18:18 2019

