

## Complex Numbers - Practice Exam 2

Kyle Broder – ANU – MSI – 2017

**Question 1.** Suppose  $z = \sqrt{2} - i\sqrt{6}$ . Write  $z^{-3}$  in polar form.

**Question 2.** Let  $z_1 = 1 + i\sqrt{3}$  and  $z_2 = 2 - 3i$ . Determine the imaginary part of

$$\frac{1 + z_1}{1 - z_2} \cdot \frac{1 - |z_1|}{1 + |z_2|}.$$

**Question 3.** Let  $p(z) = z^3 - 3z^2 + 4z - 12$ .

- Verify that  $z = 3$  is a root of  $p$ .
- Determine the degree 2 polynomial  $q(z)$  such that  $p(z) = (z - 3)q(z)$ .
- Determine the other roots of  $p(z)$  by determining the roots of  $q(z)$ .

**Question 4.** (Dr. Lloyd Gunatilake). Let  $z$  be a complex number with modulus  $r > 0$  and argument  $\vartheta \in (-\pi, \pi]$  such that  $z^2 = 3 - i$ . Use DeMoivre's theorem to show that

$$\sin 2\vartheta = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \text{ and } \cos 2\vartheta = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}.$$