ADDITIONAL TRANSFORMATION EXERCISES

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All questions and solutions are written by Kyle Broder in 2018. If there are any issues or typos, please email kylebroder@gmail.com.

Notes

Let y = f(x) be an arbitrary function defined on \mathbb{R} . Consider the expression

$$y = af(b(x-c)) + d,$$
 $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}.$

For simplicity, we will assume that a, b, c and d are all positive. Then we see that

- † The number a corresponds to a dilation by factor a from the x-axis.
- † The number b corresponds to a dilation by factor 1/b from the y-axis.
- \dagger The number c corresponds to a translation by c units to the right.
- † The number d corresponds to a translation by d units up.

If a is negative, then multiplication by a will not only induce a dilation from the x-axis, but also a reflection about the x-axis. Similarly, if b is negative, then we will have a reflection about the y-axis and dilation by factor 1/b.

One must also perform the transformations in the order of dilations, reflections and transformations. (DRT).

Example 1. Describe the transformations required to map the function $f(x) = x^2$ to the function

$$\widetilde{f}(x) = -\frac{4}{3} \left(8x + \frac{7}{3} \right)^2 - \frac{8}{9}.$$

Proof. We simply observe that

- † Dilate by factor $\frac{4}{3}$ from the x-axis.
- † Dilate by factor 1/8 from the y-axis.
- \dagger Reflected about the x-axis.
- † Translate by $\frac{7}{24}$ to the left. (this comes from factorising the inside of the parentheses).
- † Translate by $\frac{8}{9}$ down.

Question 1. Let $f(x) = x^2$. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

$$g(x) := (x-3)^2 + 1.$$

Question 2. Let $f(x) = x^2$. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

$$g(x) := -2(x+1)^2 - 5.$$

Question 3. Let $f(x) = x^2$. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

$$g(x) := 1 - 4(5x + 6)^2$$
.

Question 4. Let $f(x) = x^3$. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

$$g(x) := 2 + (x+6)^3.$$

Question 5. Let $f(x) = x^5$. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

$$h(x) := 1 - \frac{1}{4}(5x+6)^5 - \frac{3}{17}.$$

Question 6. Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

$$\varphi(x) := \frac{3}{7+4x} - 5.$$

Question 7. Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

$$\psi(x) = 1 - \frac{3}{5 - 12x}.$$

Question 8. Let f(x) = |x|. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

$$g(x) := 1 - |4x - 9|$$
.

Question 9. Let $f(x) = 2x^2 + 4$. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

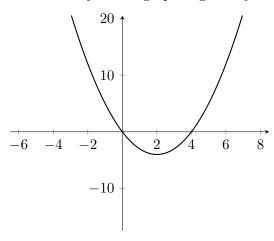
$$g(x) := (x-3)^2 + 1.$$

Question 10. Let $f(x) = 1 - 9x^3$. Describe the transformations necessary to map f(x) to

$$g(x) = (3x+5)^3 - \frac{1}{7}.$$

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Question 11. Consider the function f whose graph is given by



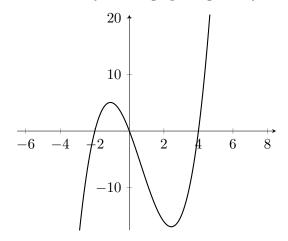
On the above pair of axes, sketch the graph of:

a.
$$f(-x)$$
.

b.
$$-f(x)$$
.

Can you describe what these transformations are?

Question 12. Consider the function f whose graph is given by



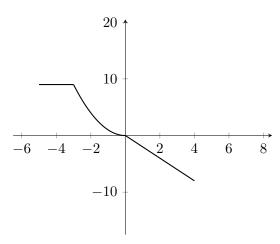
On the above pair of axes, sketch the graph of:

a.
$$\frac{1}{2}f(-x)$$
.
b. $1 - f(x)$.

$$h 1 - f(r)$$

Can you describe what these transformations are?

Question 13. Consider the function f whose graph is given by



On the above pair of axes, sketch the graph of:

- a. |f(x)|.
- b. f(|x|).

Can you describe what these transformations are?