ADDITIONAL MATH1013 TUTORIAL PROBLEMS - WEEK 5

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Question 1. Let

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}(x+1) - x^{\frac{1}{3}}, \qquad -8 \le x \le 8.$$

- (a) Find all local and global maximum and minimum points, and corresponding values, of f. Use the convention that local maxima and minima may occur at the endpoints. Justify your answers by applying an appropriate test at each such point.
- (b) Where is f increasing and where is it decreasing?
- (c) Where is f concave up and where is it concave down? Find any inflection points of f.
- (d) Hence, or otherwise, sketch the graph of f.

Question 2.

- (a) Find $\lim_{x\to\infty} \left(\frac{x^2}{x+1} \frac{x^2}{x-1}\right)$.
- (b) Find $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{x} \sin(\sin x)$

Question 3.

(a) Suppose that g and h are differentiable on the whole real line. Find the derivative of

$$f(x) = g(x + x^2h(x^3)).$$

(b) Prove that the derivative of $f(x) = x^{1/3}$ is $f'(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^{-2/3}$ for $x \neq 0$.

Hint: Consider the function $g(x) = (x^{1/3})^3$ and use the chain rule.

Question 4. Show that the function $f(x) = \cos^2 x + x^3 + 2x$ takes the value 0 exactly once.

Question 5. Let

$$f(x) = x^{\frac{1}{3}}(x-4).$$

- (a) Find all local and global maximum and minimum points, and corresponding values, of f. Justify your answers by applying an appropriate test at each such point.
- (b) Where is f increasing and where is it decreasing?
- (c) Where is f concave up and where is it concave down? Find any inflection points of f.

(d) Sketch the graph of f.