# 數位系統實驗

*LAB-11* 

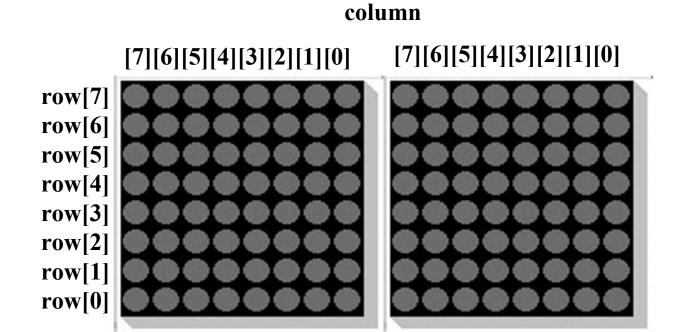
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# **Outline**

- 複習
  - Lab review
- Lab 說明
  - Lab Notice
  - □ Lab 11

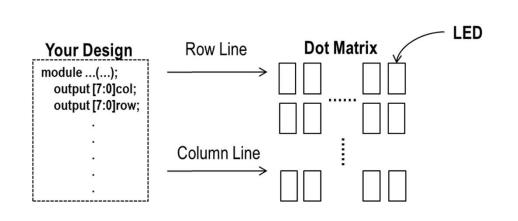
#### In DE0-CV external board

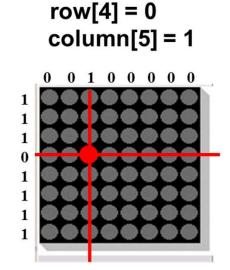


DM0

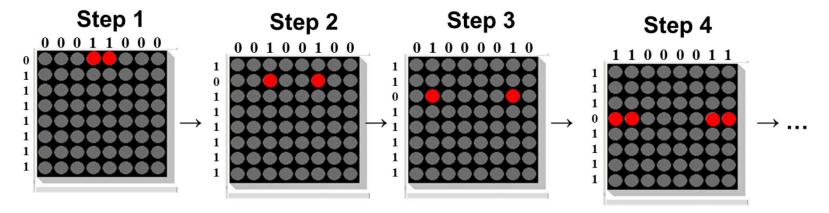
DM<sub>1</sub>

- 點矩陣由8 bits的row訊號及8 bits的column訊號控制
- 當row訊號第i個bit為0, column訊號的第j個bit為1,則第(i, j)個位置之 點矩陣會被點亮

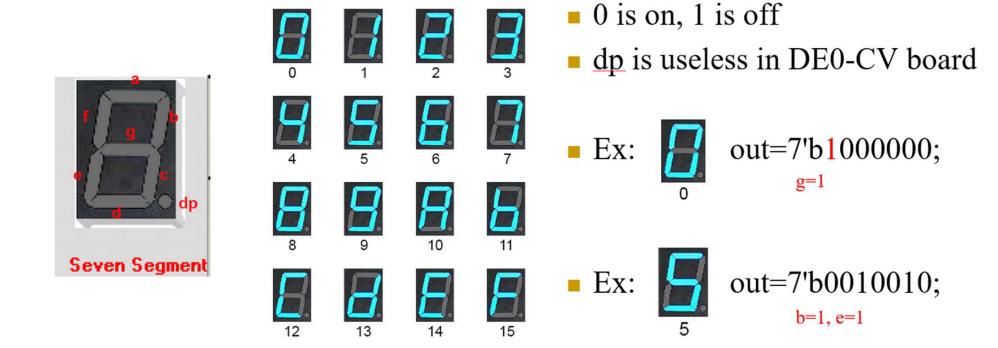




- 快速地將row控制訊號的每個bit輪流設為0
- 根據目前要顯示的row來判斷column訊號的哪些bits要設為0
- 藉由視覺暫留,達到一次顯示8列的視覺效果



Clock must be as 10000 Hz for display !!!



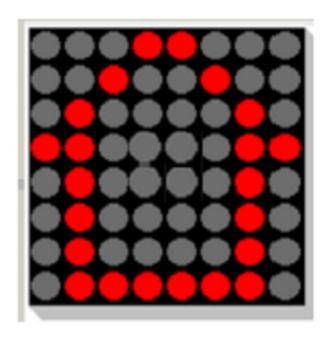
# Assign out to seven segment digit pin of FPGA Take seven segment digit 0 as example

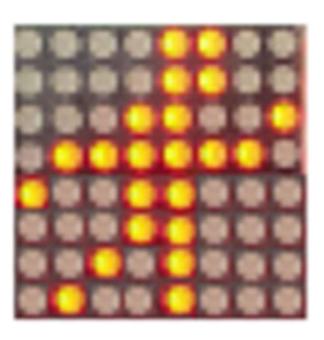
Signal Name	FPGA Pin No.	Description	Signal Assigned	
HEX00	PIN_C14	Seven Segment Digit 0[0]	out[0]	а
HEX01	PIN_E15	Seven Segment Digit 0[1]	out[1]	b
HEX02	PIN_C15	Seven Segment Digit 0[2]	out[2]	С
HEX03	PIN_C16	Seven Segment Digit 0[3]	out[3]	d
HEX04	PIN_E16	Seven Segment Digit 0[4]	out[4]	е
HEX05	PIN_D17	Seven Segment Digit 0[5]	out[5]	f
HEX06	PIN_C17	Seven Segment Digit 0[6]	out[6]	g

### Lab 說明 - Lab Notice

- ■請勿命名中文或數字開頭的資料夾
- Device family 請確認與 FPGA Chip 符合 (10M50DAF484C7G)
- Top module name & Project name 需要一致
- 在組合電路中, case、if...else...若沒有寫滿, 合成後會產生latch

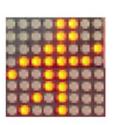
## Lab 說明 - Lab Notice





## Lab 說明 - Lab 11 Traffic Light System

- ■請設計一紅綠燈系統電路(變化順序:綠->黃->紅)
- ■電路腳位
  - Input: clock(MAX10\_CLK1\_50) \ Reset(KEY0)
  - □ Output: dot\_row(8 bits) \ldot dot\_col(8 bits) \ldot out(7 bits)
- 使用七段顯示器根據燈號進行倒數(16進制)
  - □ 綠燈:10數到0
  - □ 黄燈:3數到0
  - □ 紅燈:15數到0
- Reset按鈕控制:
  - □ 將系統設為初始狀態:燈號為綠燈,顯示綠燈圖像,計數器設為10



綠燈



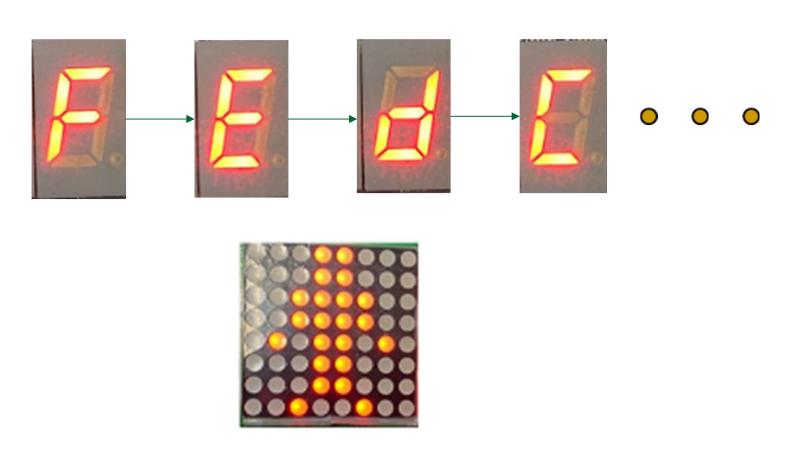
黃燈



紅燈

# Lab 說明 - Lab 11 Traffic Light System

### 七段顯示器 demo



## Lab 說明 - Lab 11 Traffic Light System

