

# **Solid-state Timers** H<sub>3</sub>DT

# DIN 17.5-mm-wide Slim Timers with **Push-in Plus Terminal for In-panel Applications**

- Helps save space and reduces work in control panels.
- Slim Timers (17.5-mm width) with two sets of contacts: One of the slimmest Timers worldwide. \*1
- Reduces power consumption (active power) by up to 60% to help reduce heat generation in control panels. \*2

H3DT-A

Timers

P.12

Power ON-delay

Operating Modes

Power ON-delay Timer

- Certified for maritime standards (LR/DNV GL).
- \*1. According to OMRON investigation in October 2015.
- \*2. Based on OMRON comparison (excluding the H3DT-H).



For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

#### **Model Number Structure**

#### The Entire H3DT Series



H3DT-F

Twin Timers



- ■Standard Eight-mode Timers H3DT-N
- Operating Modes
- A2: ON Delay (Power ON Delay)
- B3: Flicker OFF Start (Power ON Start)
- B4: Flicker ON Start (Power ON Start)
- D: Signal OFF Delay
- E2: Interval (Power ON Start)
- E3: Signal OFF Interval
- F2: Cumulative (ON Delay)
- F3: Cumulative (Interval)
- ■Expansion Eight-mode Timers H3DT-L
- Operating Modes
- A: ON Delay (Signal ON Delay)
- B: Flicker OFF Start (Signal Start)
- B2: Flicker ON Start (Signal Start)
- C: Signal ON/OFF Delay
- E: Interval (Signal Start)
- G: Signal ON/OFF Delay
- J: One-shot Output (Signal Start)
- J2: One-shot Output (Power ON Start)

## Model Number Legend

1 2 3 4

 $H3DT-\Box\Box\Box\Box$ 

#### 1. Type

71.	
Symbol	Meaning
N	Standard Eight-mode Timer
L	Expansion Eight-mode Timer
Α	Power ON-delay Timer
F	Twin Timer
G	Star-delta Timer
Н	Power OFF-delay Timer

#### 2. Control Output \*

	Symbol	Meaning
	1	SPDT
_	2	DPDT

\* N-, L- and A-type models only.



Operating Modes Flicker-OFF Start/ Flicker-ON Start

#### H3DT-G Star-delta Timers



**Operating Modes** Star-delta Timer

## H3DT-H Power OFF-delay



**Operating Modes** Power OFF-delay Timer

#### 3. Supply Voltage

		, ,
	Symbol	Meaning
	Blank	24 to 240 VAC/DC
	В*	24 to 48 VAC/DC
	C *	100 to 120 VAC
	D *	200 to 240 VAC

<sup>\*</sup> H-type models only.

#### 4. Time Ranges \*

Symbol	Meaning				
S	0.1 to 1.2 s or 1 to 12 s				
L	1 to 12 s or 10 to 120 s				

\* H-type models only.

# Multi-range, Multi-mode Timer H3DT-N/H3DT-L

- Multiple time ranges and operating modes let you cover a wide range of applications.
- The time-limit DPDT output contacts can be changed to timelimit SPDT and instantaneous SPDT output contacts using a switch.
- Sequence checks are easily performed by setting an instantaneous output to 0.
- Start signal control for some operating modes.



\* CSA conformance evaluation by UL.



For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

# **Ordering Information**

#### **List of Models**

		H3DT-N/H3DT-L		
Supply voltage	Control output		Standard Eight-mode Timer	Expansion Eight-mode Timer
24 to 240 VAC/DC	Contact output, DPDT (time-limit DPDT, or time- limit SPDT + instantaneous SPDT) Changed using a switch.	Model	H3DT-N2	H3DT-L2
	Contact output, SPDT (time-limit SPDT)		H3DT-N1	H3DT-L1

#### **Model Structure**

Model	Operating modes	Terminal block	Input type	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
H3DT-N2	A2: ON Delay (Power ON Delay) B3: Flicker OFF Start (Power ON Start) B4: Flicker ON Start (Power ON Start) D: Signal OFF Delay	10 terminals	Voltage input	Relay, DPDT	DIN Track mounting	cULus (UL 508 CSA C22.2 No.14) CCC LR DNV GL EN 61812-1 IEC 60664-1 4 kV/2
H3DT-N1	E2: Interval (Power ON Start) E3: Signal OFF Interval F2: Cumulative (ON Delay) F3: Cumulative (Interval)	8 terminals		Relay, SPDT		
H3DT-L2	A: ON Delay (Signal ON Delay) B: Flicker OFF Start (Signal Start) B2: Flicker ON Start (Signal Start) C: Signal ON/OFF Delay	10 terminals		Relay, DPDT		
H3DT-L1	E: Interval (Signal Start) G: Signal ON/OFF Delay J: One-shot Output (Signal Start) J2: One-shot Output (Power ON Start)	8 terminals		Relay, SPDT		

# **Specifications**

#### **Time Ranges**

Time range setting	0.1 s	1 s	10 s	1 min	10 min	1 h	10 h	100 h
Set time range	0.1 to 1.2 s	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s	1 to 12 min	10 to 120 min	1 to 12 h	10 to 120 h	100 to 1,200 h
Scale numbers	12							

#### **Ratings**

•					
Power supply	voltage <b>*</b> 1	24 to 240 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz *2			
Allowable volt range	age fluctuation	85% to 110% of rated voltage			
Power reset		Minimum power-OFF time: 0.1 s			
Reset voltage		10% of rated voltage			
Voltage input		24 to 240 VAC/DC High level: 20.4 to 264 VAC/DC, Low level: 0 to 2.4 VAC/DC			
*3 Power	H3DT-N2/-L2	At 240 VAC: 2.3 VA max., at 240 VDC: 1.0 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.			
consumption	H3DT-N1/-L1	At 240 VAC: 2.0 VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.9 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.			
Rated Insulation	on Voltage	250 VAC			
Control output		Contact output: 5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load (cos¢ = 1), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load *5, 0.15 A max. at 125 VDC with resistive load, 0.1A max. at 125 VDC with L/R of 7 ms.  The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (P reference value). Contact materials: Ag-alloy + Gold plating (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)			
Ambient operating temperature		−20 to 60°C (with no icing)			
Storage tempe	erature	-40 to 70°C (with no icing)			
Surrounding air operating humidity		25% to 85%			

- \*1. When using a 24-VDC power supply voltage, there will be an inrush current of approximately 0.5 A. Allow for this inrush current when turning ON and OFF the power supply to the Timer with device with a solid-state output, such as a sensor.
- **\*2.** DC ripple: 20% max.
- **\*3.** The power consumption is for after the Timer times out in mode F2 for the H3DT-N and mode A for the H3DT-L.

The maximum power consumption is given, including the current consumed by the input circuit.

#### **Characteristics**

Accuracy of time	of operating	±1% of FS max. (±1% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)				
Setting erro	or	±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.				
Minimum in width	nput signal	50 ms (start input)				
Influence o	f voltage	±0.5% of FS max. (±0.5% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)				
Influence of temperatur	•	±2% of FS max. (±2% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)				
Insulation i	resistance	100 M $\Omega$ min. at 500 VDC				
Dielectric s	strength	Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.  Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.  Between contacts not located next to each other: 1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.				
Impulse wi		5 kV between power terminals, 7.4 kV between conductor terminal and operating section				
Noise imm	unity	Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 $\mu s,$ 1-ns rise): $\pm 1.5 \; kV$				
Static imm	unity	Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV				
Vibration	Destruction	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions				
resistance	Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions				
Shock	Destruction	1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions				
resistance	Malfunction	100 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions				
Life	Mechanical	10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)				
expectancy	Electrical	100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)				
Degree of p	orotection	IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)				
Weight		Approx. 100 g				

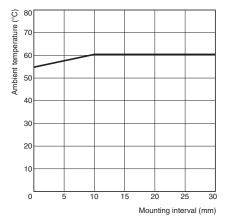
#### **Applicable standards**

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category II, section GB 14048.5 LR: Category ENV1.2 DNV GL (Temperature B, Humidity B, Vibration A, EMC A, Enclosure A)				
EMC	Radiated Emissions: Emission AC Mains: Harmonic Current: Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker:	EN 61812-1 EN 55011 class B EN 55011 class B EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61812-1 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-6			

#### Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

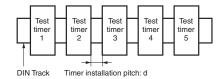
The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.

If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



#### Testing Method

Tested Timer: H3DT-N/-L Applied voltage: 240 VAC Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm Load current: 5 A



#### I/O

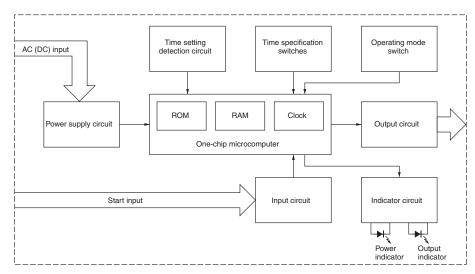
Item Model		H3DT-N/L		
Input	Start	Functions to start timing.		
Output	Control output	The output is turned ON/OFF according to the operating mode when the value that is set on the dial is reached. *		

<sup>\*</sup>If the INST/TIME switch on the front of the Timer is set to INST, relay R2 will operate as instantaneous contacts and will turn ON/OFF in synchronization with the power supply.

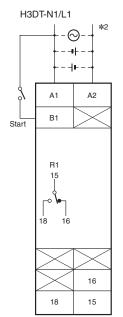
#### **Connections**

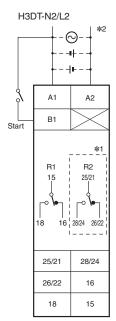
## **Block Diagrams**

#### H3DT-N/L



#### **Terminal Arrangement**





- \*1. The relay R2 can be set to either instantaneous or time-limit contacts using the switch on the front of the Timer.
- \*2. The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

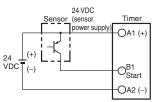




#### **Input Connections**

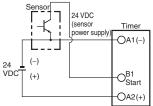
The start input is a voltage input.

#### PNP Transistor Input



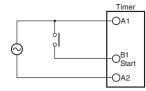
Operates when PNP transistor turns ON.

#### **NPN Transistor Input**



Operates when NPN transistor turns ON.

#### Relay Input



Operates when relay turns ON

Consider the minimum load of the relay. (See signal levels on the right.)

#### **Voltage Input Signal Levels**

- 1. Transistor ON • Residual voltage: 1 V max. Voltage between terminals B1 and A2 must be equal to or higher than the rated high level voltage (20.4 VDC min.).
- sistor 2. Transistor OFF input
  - Leakage current: 0.01 mA max. Voltage between terminals B1 and A2 must be equal to or below the rated low level voltage (2.4 VDC min.).

Use relays that can adequately switch 0.1 mA at the imposed voltage.

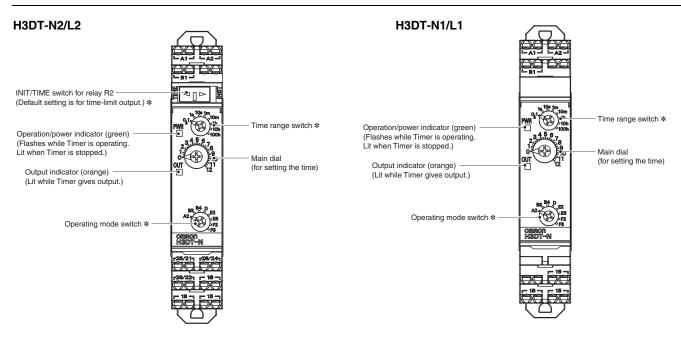
#### Relay input

Tran-

When the relay is ON or OFF, the voltage between terminals B1 and A2 must be within the following

ranges: • 24 to 240 VAC/DC When relay is ON: 20.4 to 264 VAC/DC When relay is OFF: 0 to 2.4 V

#### **Nomenclature**



\* If the switch is left between settings, proper operation may not be possible. Make sure that the switch is set properly. Note: The default settings are for 0.1 s in mode A2 for the H3DT-N and mode A for the H3DT-L.

\* If the switch is left between settings, proper operation may not be possible. Make sure that the switch is set properly. Note: The default settings are for 0.1 s in mode A2 for the H3DT-N and mode A for the H3DT-L.

Dimensions (Unit: mm)

#### **Timers**

#### H3DT-N H3DT-L

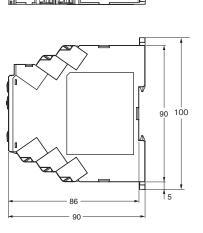


H3DT-L2









#### **Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)**

Refer to page 29 for details.

#### **Options (Order Separately)**

#### **Front Cover**

Refer to page 29 for details.

# **Operating Procedures**

# **Basic Operation**

#### **Setting Switches**

• Each switch has a snap mechanism that secures the switch at given positions. Set the switch to one of these positions. Do not set it midway between two positions. Malfunction could result from an improper setting.

#### **Setting the Operating Mode**

#### **Setting the Operating Mode**

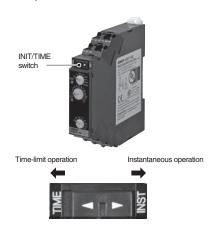
The H3DT-N/L can be set to any of eight operating modes. Turn the operating mode switch with a flat-blade or Phillips screwdriver.



#### Setting the INIT/TIME Switch

# Switching Relay R2 between Instantaneous and Time-limit Contacts (H3DT-N2/-L2 Only)

The INIT/TIME switch can be used to switch relay R2 between instantaneous and time-limit operation.



#### **Setting the Time Range**

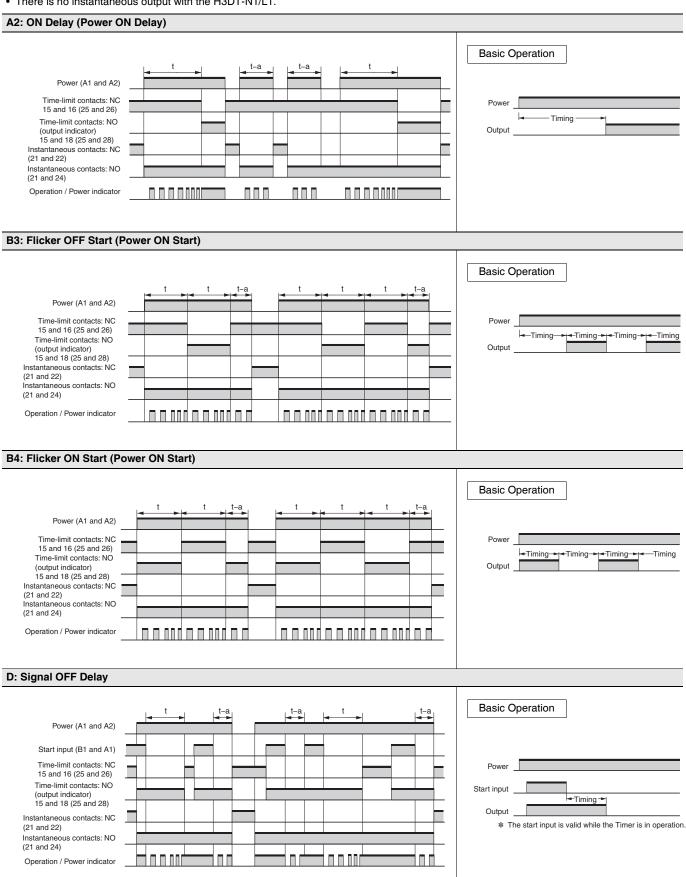
#### **Setting the Time Range**

The time range switch can be used to set the time range. Turn the switch with a flatblade or Phillips screwdriver.



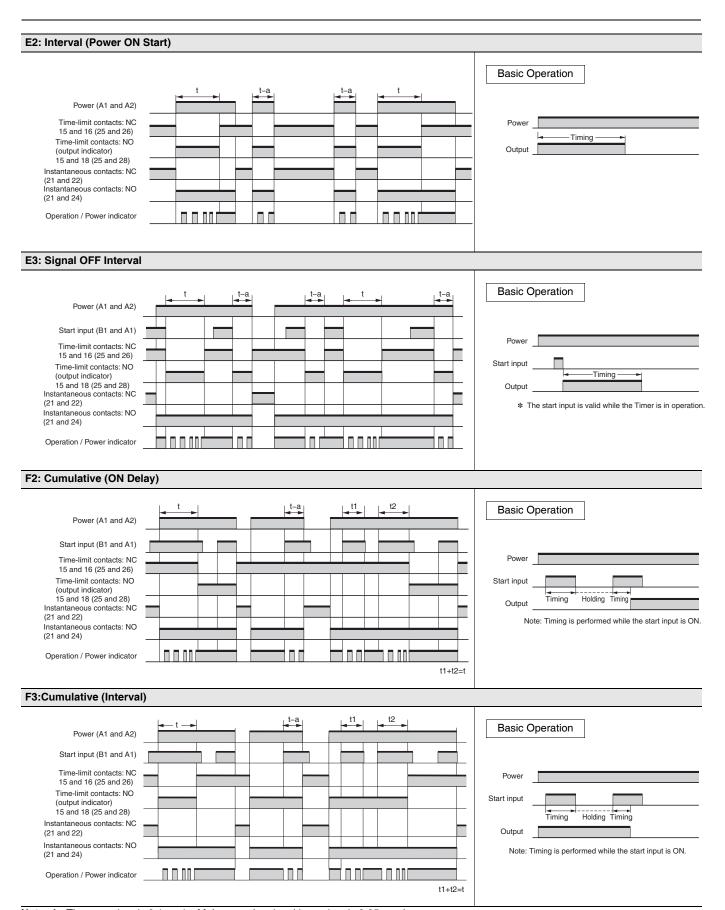
#### Timing Charts

• There is no instantaneous output with the H3DT-N1/L1.



Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min. Make sure the signal input time is 0.05 s or longer.

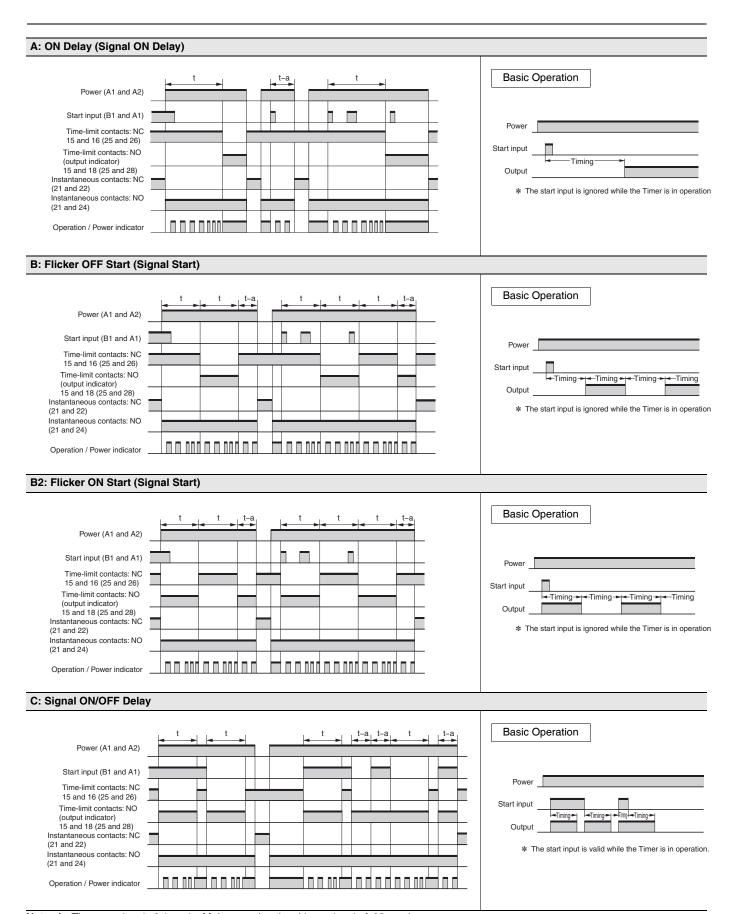
2. "t" is the set time. "t-a" is a time that is less that the set time.



Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min. Make sure the signal input time is 0.05 s or longer.

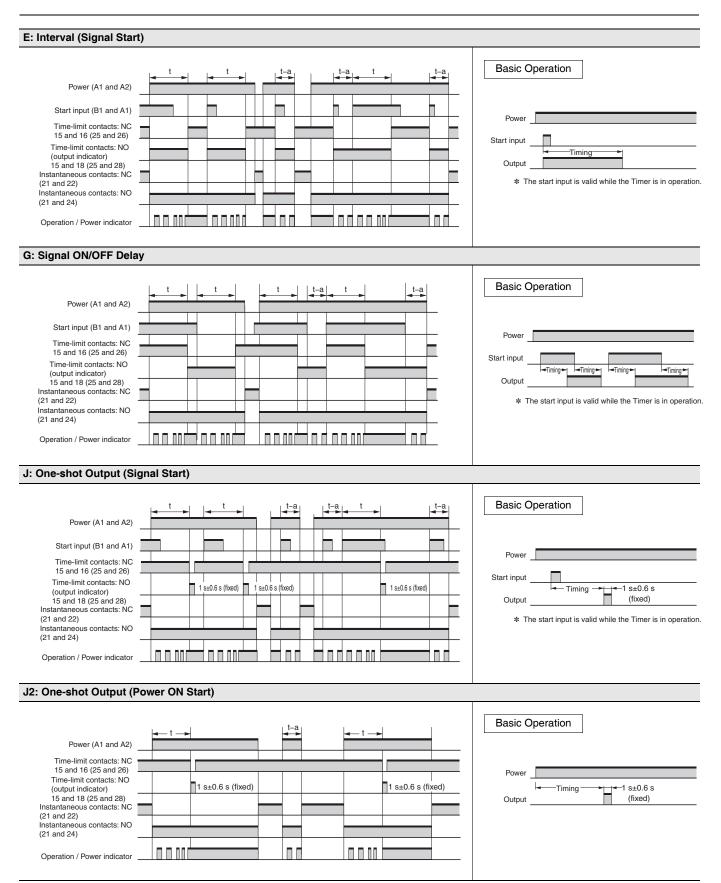
2. "t" is the set time. "t-a" is a time that is less that the set time.

#### H3DT-N/H3DT-L



Note: 1. The reset time is  $0.1 \ s$  min. Make sure the signal input time is  $0.05 \ s$  or longer.

<sup>2. &</sup>quot;t" is the set time. "t-a" is a time that is less that the set time.



Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min. Make sure the signal input time is 0.05 s or longer.

2. "t" is the set time. "t-a" is a time that is less that the set time.

# Power ON-delay Timer H3DT-A

• Single Mode Timers with power ON delay operation.



\* CSA conformance evaluation by UL.



For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

# **Ordering Information**

#### **List of Models**

Supply voltage	Control output	H3DT-A	
24 to 240 VAC/DC	Contact output, DPDT (time-limit DPDT)	Model	H3DT-A2
2.102101710720	Contact output, SPDT (time-limit SPDT)		H3DT-A1

#### **Model Structure**

Model	Operating modes	Terminal block	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
H3DT-A2		8 terminals Relay, DPDT (UL		cULus (UL508 CSA C22.2 No.14) CCC	
H3DT-A1	Power ON-delay	6 terminals	Relay, SPDT	DIN Track mounting	LR DNV GL EN61812-1 IEC60664-1 4 kV/2

#### **Specifications**

#### **Time Ranges**

Time range setting	0.1 s	1 s	10 s	1 min	10 min	1 h	10 h	100 h
Set time range	0.1 to 1.2 s	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s	1 to 12 min	10 to 120 min	1 to 12 h	10 to 120 h	100 to 1,200 h
Scale numbers	12							

#### Ratings

Power supply	voltage <b>*</b> 1	24 to 240 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz *2			
Allowable volta range	age fluctuation	85% to 110% of rated voltage			
Power reset		Minimum power-OFF time: 0.1 s			
Reset voltage		10% of rated voltage			
*3 Power consumption H3DT-A1		At 240 VAC: 2.2 VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.7 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.			
		At 240 VAC: 1.8 VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.6 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.			
Rated Insulation	on Voltage	250 VAC			
Control output		Contact output: 5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load (cos\( \phi = 1 \)), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load, 0.15 A max. at 125 VDC with resistive load, 0.1A max. at 125 VDC with L/R of 7 ms. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (P reference value). Contact materials: Ag-alloy (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)			
Ambient operating temperature		−20 to 60°C (with no icing)			
Storage tempe	erature	-40 to 70°C (with no icing)			
Surrounding a humidity	ir operating	25% to 85%			

- \*1. When using a 24-VDC power supply voltage, there will be an inrush current of approximately 0.5 A. Allow for this inrush current when turning ON and OFF the power supply to the Timer with device with a solid-state output, such as a sensor.
- \*2. DC ripple: 20% max.
- **\*3.** The power consumption is the value after the Timer times out.

#### **Characteristics**

of operating	±1% of FS max. (±1% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)				
or	±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.				
f voltage	±0.5% of FS max. (±0.5% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)				
f e	±2% of FS max. (±2% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)				
resistance	100 MΩ min. at 500 VDC				
trength	Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.  Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.				
	Between contacts not located next to each other: 1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min				
thstand	5 kV between power terminals, 7.4 kV between conductor terminal and operating section				
unity	Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 $\mu$ s, 1-ns rise): $\pm$ 1.5 kV				
unity	Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV				
Destruction	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions				
Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions				
Destruction	1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions				
Malfunction	100 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions				
Mechanical	10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)				
Electrical	100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)				
rotection	IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)				
	Approx. 100 g				
	or f voltage of e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				

#### **Applicable standards**

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category II, section GB 14048.5 LR: Category ENV1.2 DNV GL (Temperature B, Humidity B, Vibration A, EMC A, Enclosure A)					
ЕМС	Radiated Emissions: Emission AC Mains: Harmonic Current: Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker:	EN 61812-1 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-4-4 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-6				

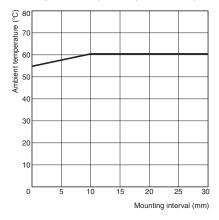
#### I/O

Input		None
Output	Control output	The output is turned ON/OFF according to the operating mode when the value that is set on the dial is reached.

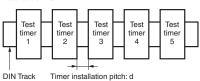
#### Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.

If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



Testing Method
Tested Timer: H3DT-A
Applied voltage: 240 VAC
Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm
Load current: 5 A

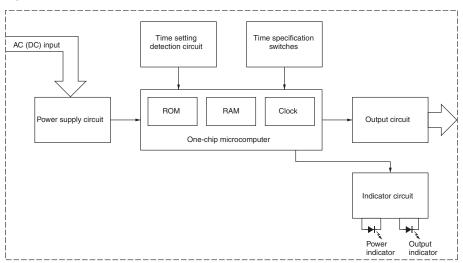


#### H3DT-A

# **Connections**

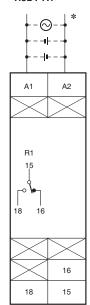
#### **Block Diagrams**

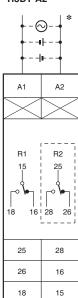
#### H3DT-A



#### **Terminal Arrangement**





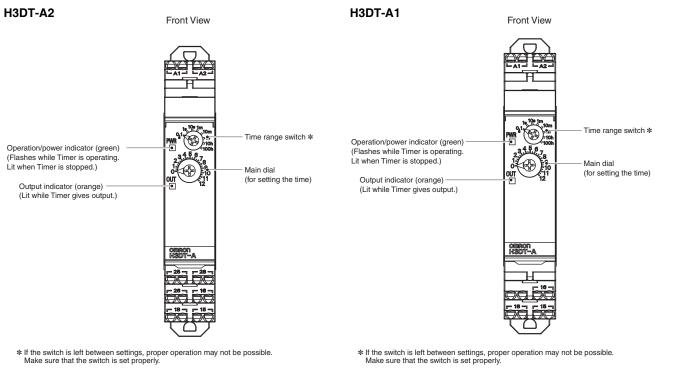


 $\ \ \, \mbox{\formula}$  The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

#### (DIN notation)

#### (DIN notation)

#### **Nomenclature**



Note: The default settings are for 0.1 s.

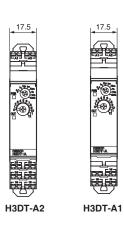
Note: The default settings are for 0.1 s.

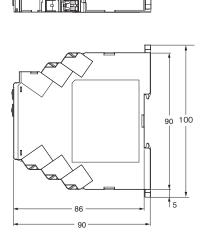
**Dimensions** (Unit: mm)

#### **Timers**

#### H3DT-A







#### **Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)**

Refer to page 29 for details.

### **Options (Order Separately)**

#### **Front Cover**

Refer to page 29 for details.

#### H3DT-A

# **Operating Procedures**

#### **Basic Operation**

#### **Setting Switches**

• Each switch has a snap mechanism that secures the switch at given positions. Set the switch to one of these positions. Do not set it midway between two positions. Malfunction could result from an improper setting.

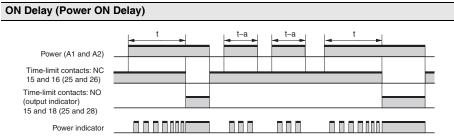
#### **Setting the Time Range**

#### **Setting the Time Range**

The time range switch can be used to set the time range. Turn the switch with a flatblade or Phillips screwdriver.



#### **Timing Charts**



Note: 1. The reset time is 0.1 s min.

2. "t" is the set time. "t-a" is a time that is less that the set time.

# Twin Timer H3DT-F

- Switch between flicker-OFF or flicker-ON start mode.
- Independent ON time and OFF time settings.
- Eight time ranges from 0.1 s to 1,200 h.



st CSA conformance evaluation by UL.



For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

#### **Ordering Information**

#### **List of Models**

Operating modes	Supply voltage	Control output		H3DT-F
Flicker OFF start/flicker ON start	24 to 240 VAC/DC	Contact output: SPDT	Model	H3DK-F

#### **Model Structure**

Model	Operating modes	Terminal block	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
H3DT-F	Flicker OFF start/flicker ON start	6 terminals	Relay, SPDT	DIN Track mounting	cULus (UL508 CSA C22.2 No. 14) CCC LR DNV GL EN 61812-1 IEC 60664-1 4 kV/2

# **Specifications**

#### **Time Ranges**

Time range setting	0.1 s	1 s	10 s	1 min	10 min	1 h	10 h	100 h
Set time range	0.1 to 1.2 s	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s	1 to 12 min	10 to 120 min	1 to 12 h	10 to 120 h	100 to 1,200 h
Scale numbers	12							

#### **Ratings**

- J				
Power supply voltage *	1	24 to 240 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz *2		
Allowable voltage fluctu	ation range	85% to 110% of rated voltage		
Power reset		Minimum power-OFF time: 0.1 s		
Reset voltage		10% of rated voltage		
Power consumption	H3DT-F	At 240 VAC: 1.9VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.6W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3W max.		
Rated Insulation Voltage		250 VAC		
Control output		Contact output: 5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load (cos\$\phi\$ = 1), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load, 0.15 A max. at 125 VDC with resistive load, 0.1 A max. at 125 VDC with L/R of 7 ms. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (P reference value). Contact materials: Ag-alloy (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)		
Ambient operating temperature		-20 to 60°C (with no icing)		
Storage temperature		-40 to 70°C (with no icing)		
Surrounding air operating humidity		25% to 85%		

 <sup>\*1.</sup> When using a 24-VDC power supply voltage, there will be an inrush current of approximately 0.5 A. Allow for this inrush current when turning ON and OFF the power supply to the Timer with device with a solid-state output, such as a sensor.
 \*2. DC ripple: 20% max.

#### **Characteristics**

Accuracy of time	of operating	$\pm$ 1% of FS max. ( $\pm$ 1% $\pm$ 10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)					
Setting erro	or	±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.					
Influence o	f voltage	±0.5% of FS max. (±0.5% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)					
Influence of temperatur	-	±2% of FS max. (±2% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)					
Insulation	resistance	100 MΩ min. at 500 VDC					
Dielectric strength		Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.  Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.  Between contacts not located next to each other: 1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.					
Impulse wi		5 kV between power terminals, 7.4 kV between conductor terminal and operating section					
Noise imm	unity	Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 μs, 1-ns rise): ±1.5 kV					
Static imm	unity	Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV					
Vibration	Destruction	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions					
resistance	Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions					
Shock	Destruction	1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions					
resistance Malfunction		100 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions					
Life Mechanical		10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)					
expectancy Electrical		100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)					
Degree of	orotection	IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)					
Weight		Approx. 90 g					

#### **Applicable standards**

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category II, section GB 14048.5 LR: Category ENV1.2 DNV GL (Temperature B, Humidity B, Vibration A, EMC A, Enclosure A)					
ЕМС	Radiated Emissions: Emission AC Mains: Harmonic Current: Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker:	EN 61812-1 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-4-4 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-6				

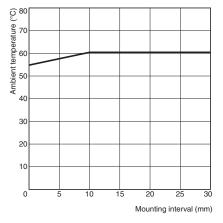
#### I/O

Input		None
Output	Control output	Output is turned ON/OFF according to the time set on the ON time setting dial and OFF time setting dial.

#### Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

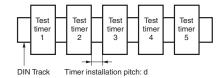
The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.

If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



#### Testing Method

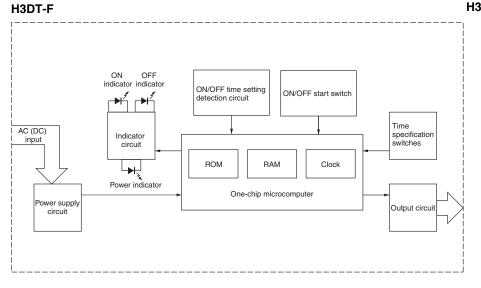
Tested Timer: H3DT-F
Applied voltage: 240 VAC
Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm
Load current: 5 A

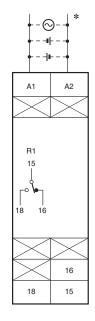


#### **Connections**

# Block Diagrams

# Terminal Arrangement H3DT-F





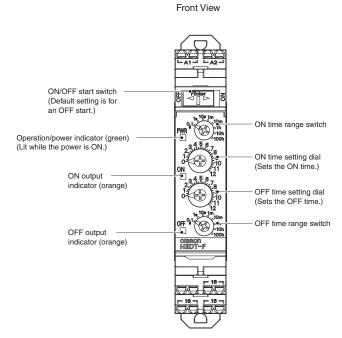
(DIN notation)



The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

### **Nomenclature**

#### H3DT-F



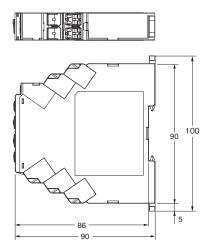
Dimensions (Unit: mm)

#### **Timers**

#### H3DT-F







#### Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)

Refer to page 29 for details.

#### Options (Order Separately)

Front Cover

Refer to page 29 for details.

#### **Operating Procedures**

#### **Basic Operation**

#### **Setting the Time Ranges**

#### **Setting the Time Ranges**

Use the ON time range switch to set the ON time range and the OFF time range switch to set the OFF time range. Turn the switches with a flat-blade or Phillips screwdriver.



#### Setting the ON/OFF Start Switch

#### Setting an ON Start or OFF Start

The ON/OFF start switch can be used to switch between ON-start and OFF-start operation.



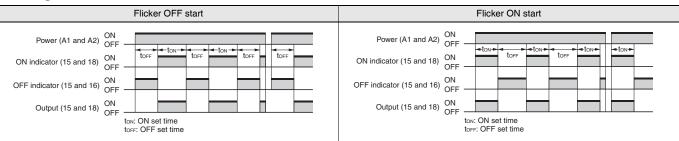
#### **Setting the Times**

#### **Setting the Times**

Use the ON time setting dial and the OFF time setting dial to set the ON time and OFF time.



#### **Timing Charts**



Note: The reset time is 0.1 s min.

# Star-delta Timer H3DT-G

• Set two time ranges between 1 and 120 s with one Timer.



\* CSA conformance evaluation by UL.



For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

# **Ordering Information**

#### **List of Models**

Operating modes	Supply voltage	Control output		H3DT-G
Star-delta Timer	24 to 240 VAC/DC	Contact outputs Delta circuit: SPDT, Star circuit: SPDT	Model	H3DT-G

#### **Model Structure**

Model	Terminal block	Operating/resetting method	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
H3DT-G	8 terminals	Time-limit operation/ self-resetting	Time-limit (relay) Star circuit: SPDT Delta circuit: SPDT	DIN Track mounting	cULus (UL 508 CSA C22.2 No. 14) CCC LR DNV GL EN 61812-1 IEC 60664-1 4 kV/2

# **Specifications**

#### **Time Ranges**

Time range setting	t1x1	t1x10
Star set time (t1) range	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s
Star-Delta transfer time (t2)	Select from 0.05, 0.1,	0.25, or 0.5 s.

#### **Ratings**

Power supply voltage *1		24 to 240 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz *2
Allowable voltage fluctuation range		85% to 110% of rated voltage
Power reset		Minimum power-OFF time: 0.1 s
Reset voltage		10% of rated voltage
Power consumption	нзрт-G	At 240 VAC: 1.9 VA max., at 240 VDC: 0.6 W max., at 24 VDC: 0.3 W max.
Rated Insulation Voltage		250 V
Control output		Contact output:  5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load (cosφ = 1), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load 0.15 A max at 125 VDC with resistive load, 0.1 A max at 125 VDC with L/R of 7 ms. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (P reference value). Contact materials: Ag-alloy (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)
Ambient operating temperature		-20 to 60°C (with no icing)
Storage temperature		-40 to 70°C (with no icing)
Surrounding air operating humidity		25% to 85%

- \*1. When using a 24-VDC power supply voltage, there will be an inrush current of approximately 0.5 A. Allow for this inrush current when turning ON and OFF the power supply to the Timer with device with a solid-state output, such as a sensor.
- \*2. DC ripple: 20% max.

#### **Characteristics**

Accuracy of operating time		±1% of FS max.		
Setting error		±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.		
Transfer tin	ne	Total error $\pm$ (25% of transfer time + 5 ms) max.		
Influence o	f voltage	$\pm 0.5\%$ of FS max.		
Influence of temperatur	-	±2% of FS max.		
Insulation	resistance	100 M $\Omega$ min. at 500 VDC		
Dielectric strength		Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.  Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.  Between contacts not located next to each other: 1.000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.		
Impulse withstand test voltage		5 kV between power terminals, 7.4 kV between conductor terminal and operating section		
Noise immunity		Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 μs, 1-ns rise): ±1.5 kV		
Static imm	unity	Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV		
Vibration	Destruction	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions		
resistance	Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions		
Shock	Destruction	1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions		
resistance	Malfunction	100 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions		
Life	Mechanical	10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)		
expectancy	Electrical	100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)		
Degree of p	rotection	IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)		
Weight		Approx. 100 g		

#### **Applicable standards**

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category II, section GB 14048.5 LR: Category ENV1.2 DNV GL (Temperature B, Humidity B, Vibration A, EMC A, Enclosure A)				
ЕМС	Radiated Emissions: Emission AC Mains: Harmonic Current: Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker:	EN 61812-1 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-4-4 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-6			

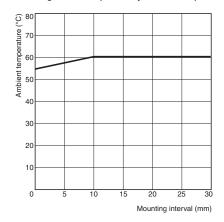
#### I/O

Input		None
Output	Control output	The star output is turned OFF when the dial set value is reached and the delta output is turned ON after the preset transfer time elapses.

#### Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

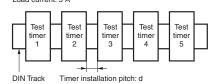
The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.

If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



#### Testing Method

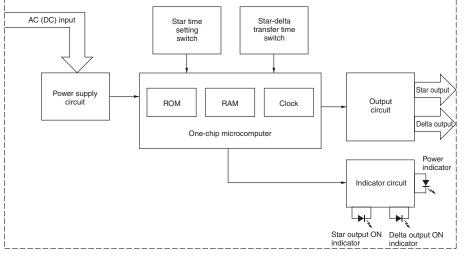
Tested Timer: H3DT-G Applied voltage: 240 VAC Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm Load current: 5 A



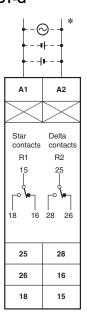
#### **Connections**

#### **Block Diagrams**

#### H3DT-G



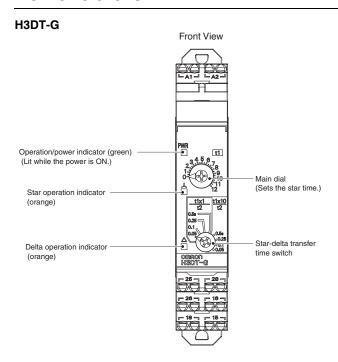
# Terminal Arrangement H3DT-G



(DIN notation)

\* The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

#### **Nomenclature**



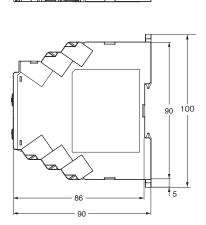
Dimensions (Unit: mm)

#### **Timers**

#### H3DT-G







#### **Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)**

Refer to page 29 for details.

#### **Options (Order Separately)**

**Front Cover** 

Refer to page 29 for details.

#### **Operating Procedures**

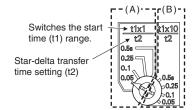
#### **Basic Operation**

#### **Setting the Time Ranges**



If the Delta Time Range (t1) is set to  $\times$  1 (1 to 12 s), set the Star-delta Transfer Time on side (A) (the side labeled t1  $\times$  1).

If the Delta Time Range (t1) is set to  $\times$  10 (10 to 120 s), set the Stardelta Transfer Time on side (B) (the side labeled t1  $\times$  10).





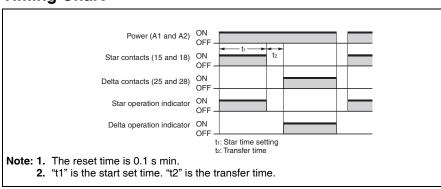
#### **Setting the Time**

#### **Setting the Time**

The start time is set with the main dial.



#### **Timing Chart**



# Power OFF-delay Timer H3DT-H

 Set two time ranges with each Timer, from 0.1 to 12 seconds for the S Series and from 1.0 to 120 seconds for the L Series.



\* CSA conformance evaluation by UL.



For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

# **Ordering Information**

#### **List of Models**

				H3D	т-н
Operating modes	Supply voltage	Control output		S Series (time range: 0.1 to 12 s)	L Series (time range: 1.0 to 120 s)
	100 to 120 VAC	Contact output: SPDT		H3DT-HCS	H3DT-HCL
Power OFF Delay	200 to 240 VAC	Contact output: SPDT	Model	H3DT-HDS	H3DT-HDL
	24 to 48 VAC/DC	Contact output: SPDT		H3DT-HBS	H3DT-HBL

#### **Model Structure**

Model	Terminal block	Operating/resetting method	Output type	Mounting method	Safety standards
НЗДТ-Н	6 terminals	Instantaneous operation/ time-limit reset	Relay, SPDT	DIN Track mounting	CULus (UL 508 CSA C22.2 No. 14) CCC LR DNV GL EN 61812-1 IEC 60664-1 4 kV/2

## **Specifications**

#### **Time Ranges**

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	S Series		L Series		
Time range setting	x0.1	x1	x1	x10	
Set time range	0.1 to 1.2 s	1 to 12 s	1 to 12 s	10 to 120 s	
Power ON time	0.1 s r	nin.	0.3 s min.		
Scale numbers	12				

#### **Ratings**

	H3DT-HCS/-HCL	100 to 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
Supply voltage	H3DT-HDS/-HDL	200 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
	H3DT-HBS/-HBL	24 to 48 VAC/DC, 50/60 Hz *1	
Allowable voltage	fluctuation range	85% to 110% of rated voltage	
H3DT-HCS		At 120 VAC: 8.7 VA max.	
	H3DT-HCL	At 120 VAC: 8.8 VA max.	
Power consumption	H3DT-HDS	At 240 VAC: 21.6 VA max.	
	H3DT-HDL	At 240 VAC: 21.7 VA max.	
	H3DT-HBS/-HBL	At 48 VAC: 1.0 VA max., at 24 VDC: 0.4 W max.	
Timer operation s	tarting voltage	30% or less of power supply voltage	
Rated Insulation \	/oltage	250 VAC	
Control output		Contact output, 5 A at 250 VAC with resistive load (cos\phi = 1), 5 A at 30 VDC with resistive load Contact materials : Ag-alloy (Recommended fuse: BLN5 (Littelfuse) or 0216005MXEP)	
Ambient operating temperature		-20 to 60°C (with no icing)	
Storage temperature		-40 to 70°C (with no icing)	
Surrounding air operating humidity		25% to 85%	
		·	

\*DC ripple: 20% max.

#### **Characteristics**

Accuracy of operating time		±1% of FS max. (±1% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)		
Setting error		±10% of FS ±0.05 s max.		
Influence of voltage		±0.5% of FS max. (±0.5% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)		
Influence of temperature		±2% of FS max. (±2% ±10 ms max. at 1.2-s range)		
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ min. at 500 VDC		
Dielectric strength		Between charged metal part and operating section: 2,900 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.		
		Between control output terminals and operating circuit: 2,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.		
		Between contacts not located next to each other: 1,000 VAC 50/60 Hz for 1 min.		
Impulse withstand test voltage		Between power supply terminals: 1 kV for 24-VAC/DC and 48-VAC/DC models, 5 kV for all other models.  Between conductor terminal and operating section: 7.4 kV		
Noise immunity		Square-wave noise generated by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 μs, 1-ns rise): ±1.5 kV (between power supply terminals)		
Static imm	unity	Malfunction: 4 kV, Destruction: 8 kV		
Vibration	Destruction	0.75-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 2 h each in 3 directions		
resistance	Malfunction	0.5-mm single amplitude at 10 to 55 Hz for 10 min each in 3 directions		
Shock	Destruction	1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions		
resistance	Malfunction	100 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in 6 directions		
Life	Mechanical	10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h)		
expectancy	Electrical	100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 360 operations/h)		
Degree of protection		IP30 (Terminal block: IP20)		
Weight		Approx. 90 g		

## **Applicable standards**

Safety standards	cULus: UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 EN 61812-1: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category III CCC: Pollution degree 2, Overvoltage category II, section GB 14048.5 LR: Category ENV1.2 DNV GL (Temperature B, Humidity B, Vibration A, EMC A, Enclosure A)			
EMC	Radiated Emissions: Emission AC Mains: Harmonic Current: Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker:	EN 61812-1 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-4-4 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-6		

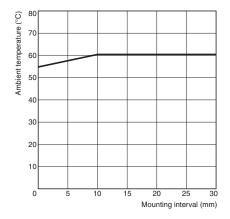
#### I/O

Input		None
Output Control output		The Timer operates as soon as the Timer is turned ON. The Timer starts timing when the power is turned OFF and the output is turned OFF when the time set on the dial elapses.

#### Relation between H3DT Ambient Temperature and Mounting Interval (Reference Values)

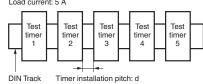
The relation between the ambient temperature and mounting interval is shown in the following graph.

If the Timer is used at 55°C or higher with a mounting interval that is smaller than that shown in the following diagram, the temperature inside the Timer will increase, reducing the life expectancy of internal parts.



#### Testing Method

Tested Timer: H3DT-H Applied voltage: 240 VAC Installation pitch: 0 and 10 mm Load current: 5 A



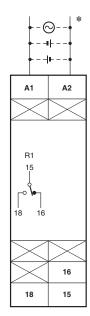
#### **Connections**

# **Block Diagrams**

# H3DT-H

# AC (DC) input Indicator circuit Power supply circuit Power interruption detection circuit

# Terminal Arrangement

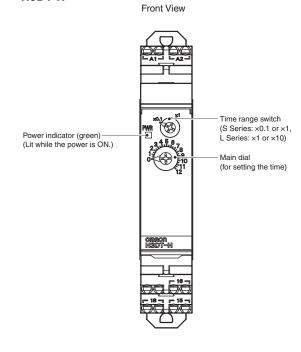


Note: The above figure shows the terminal arrangement for a 24 to 48-VAC/DC model. Models with 100 to 120-VAC or 200 to 240-VAC power input do not have a DC input.

\*The power supply terminals do not have polarity.

#### **Nomenclature**

#### H3DT-H

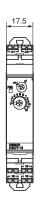


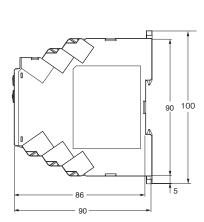
Dimensions (Unit: mm)

#### **Timers**

#### H3DT-H







#### Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)

Refer to page 29 for details.

#### **Options (Order Separately)**

**Front Cover** 

Refer to page 29 for details.

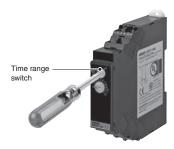
### **Operating Procedures**

#### **Basic Operation**

#### **Setting the Time Ranges**

#### **Setting the Time Ranges**

The scale multiplier can be changed with the timer range switch. It can be changed between  $\times 0.1$  s and  $\times 1$  s for an S-series Timer and between  $\times 1$  s and  $\times 10$  s for an L-series Timer.



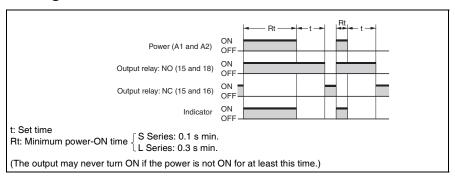
#### **Setting the Time**

#### **Setting the Time**

The operation time is set with the main dial.



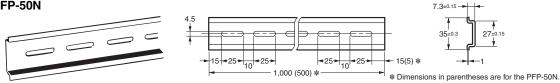
#### **Timing Charts**



# **Track Mounting Products (Sold Separately)**

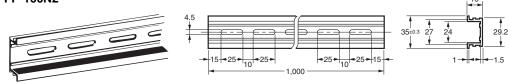
(Unit: mm)



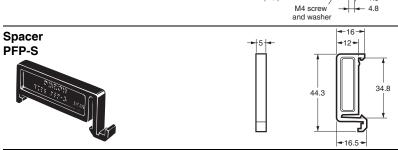


35.5 35.3

#### **DIN Track** PFP-100N2



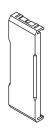
# **End Plate** PFP-M M4x8 panhead screw

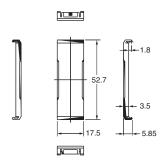


Note: 1. Order the above products in multiples of 10.
2. The Tracks conform to DIN standards.

#### **Options (Order Separately)**

**Front Cover** Y92A-D1A





#### **Safety Precautions**

Refer to Safety Precautions for All Timers.

**Format of Warning Indications** 

<b>!</b> CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or in property damage.
Precautions for Safe Use	Indicates supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to use the product safety.
Precautions for Correct Use	Includes operating precautions to ensure that the product will operate properly and that performance and functions will not be adversely affected.

#### Meaning of Graphic Symbols for Ensuring Product Safety

	Indicates the possibility of electric shock under specific conditions.
	Indicates the instructions of unspecified prohibited action.
	Indicates the possibility of injuries, such as electric shock by disassembling the device, prohibiting disassembly.
0	Indicates the instructions of unspecified general action.

#### **↑** CAUTION

Switching arcs or relay heating may cause fire or explosion. Do not use the Timer in the presence of inflammable or explosive gases.



The H3DT Series uses a transformerless power supply system. An electrical shock may occur if an input terminal is touched while power is being supplied.



The inrush current will depend on the type of load and may influence the contact switching frequency and number of operations. Check both the rated current and the inrush current, and allow leeway in the circuit design.



The life of the output relay largely depends on the switching current and other switch conditions. Consider the actual application conditions and do not exceed the rated load or electrical life. If the output relay is used beyond its service life, the contacts may fuse or burning may occur. Also, never exceed the rated load current. When using a heater, also place a thermal switch in the load circuit.

Do not remove the external case.



Minor electric shock, fire, or equipment failure may sometimes occur. Do not disassemble, modify, or repair the Timer or touch any internal parts.



#### **Precautions for Safe Use**

- Rapid changes in temperature or high humidity may cause condensation in Timer circuits, possibly resulting in malfunction or damage to components. Check the application environment.
- Use the Timer within the ambient operating temperature and ambient operating humidity ranges given for the Timer model you are using.
- Do not use or store a Timer in the following locations.
  - · Locations subject to water, oil, or chemicals
  - · Outdoor locations or under direct sunlight
  - Locations subject to dust or corrosive gases (sulfurizing gases, ammonia, chloride gas, silicon gas, etc.)
  - · Locations subject to vibration and large shocks
  - · Locations subject to wind and rain
  - · Locations subject to insects or small animals
- Each switch has a snap mechanism that secures the switch at given positions. Set each switch to one of these positions. Do not set a switch midway between two positions. Malfunction or failure could result from an improper setting.
- Separate the Timer from any sources of excessive static electricity, such as forming materials and pipes carrying power or liquid materials.
- Maintain the variations in the power supply voltage to within the specified allowable range.
- If a voltage that exceeds the rating is applied, internal components may be destroyed.
- The terminal block may be damaged if you insert a screwdriver in the release hole with excessive force.
- · Do not wire anything to the release holes.
- Do not tilt or twist a flat-blade screwdriver while it is inserted into a release hole on the terminal block. The terminal block may be damaged.
- Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into the release holes at an angle.
   The terminal block may be damaged if you insert the screwdriver straight in.
- Do not allow the flat-blade screwdriver to fall out while it is inserted into a release hole.
- Do not bend a wire past its natural bending radius or pull on it with excessive force. Doing so may cause the wire disconnection.
- Do not insert more than one wire into each terminal insertion hole.
- To prevent wiring materials from smoking or ignition, use the wiring materials given in the following table.

	Stripping length	
Recommended wire	With Ferrules	Without Ferrules
0.25 to 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> /AWG24 to 16	10 mm	8 mm

- Use only the specified wires for wiring.
- When wiring the terminals, allow some leeway in the wire length.
- Install and clearly label a switch or circuit breaker so that the operator can quickly turn OFF the power supply.
- If the Timer is left in the timed out condition for a long period of time at high temperatures, internal components (such as electrolytic capacitors) may deteriorate quickly.
- The exterior of the Timer may be damaged by organic solvents (such as thinners or benzene), strong alkali, or strong acids.
- For Timers with AC power input, use a commercial power supply for the power supply voltage. Although some inverters give 50/60 Hz as the output frequency, do not use an inverter output as the power supply for a Timer. Doing so may result in smoking or burning due to internal temperature increases in the Timer.
- When disposing of the Timer, observe all local ordinances as they apply.

- The Timer may not operate properly in locations that are subject to sulfide gas, such as in sewers or incinerators. Products that are suitable for operation in sulfide gas are not available for OMRON Timers or general control devices. Seal the Timer to isolate it from sulfide gas. If the Timer cannot be sealed, OMRON can make special products with resistance to sulfide gas for some Timers. Ask your OMRON representative for details.
- Confirm that the power and output indicators are operating normally. Depending on the operating environment, the indicators and plastic parts may deteriorate faster than expected, causing the indicators to fail. Periodically perform inspections and replacements.

#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

Be sure you understand the contents of this document and handle the Timers according to the instructions provided.

#### Changing Switch Settings

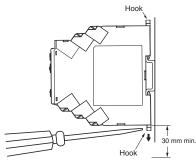
Do not change the time unit, operating mode, or INIT/ TIME switch while the power is being supplied to the Timer. Doing so may result in malfunction. Turn OFF the power supply before changing the setting of any switch.

#### Mounting and Dismounting

- Although there are no particular mounting restrictions, the Timer should be mounted as horizontally as possible.
- To mount the Timer to a DIN Track, hook the Timer onto the DIN Track and press the Timer in the direction of the arrow until you hear it lock into place.



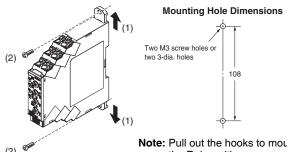
. To remove the Timer, insert a screwdriver into the hook on the top or bottom and pull out the hook to release the Timer.



• It will be easier to mount and dismount the Timer if a distance of 30 mm or more is provided between the bottom of the Timer and other equipment.

#### **Screw Mounting**

- 1. Pull out the two hooks on the back of the Timer to the outside until you hear them click in place.
- 2. Insert M3 screws into the hook holes and secure the Timer.

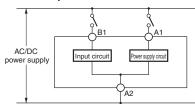


Note: Pull out the hooks to mount the Relay with screws.

#### **Power Supply**

- The power supply can be connected to the power input terminals without considering polarity.
- A DC power supply can be connected if its ripple factor is 20% or less and the average voltage is within the allowable voltage fluctuation range of the Timer.
- For the power supply of the input device, use an isolating transformer in which the primary and secondary windings are mutually isolated and the secondary winding is not grounded. (H3DT-N and H3DT-L only)
- The H3DT-H has a large inrush current. Provide sufficient power supply capacity.
- If the power supply capacity is too small, there may be delays in turning ON the output.

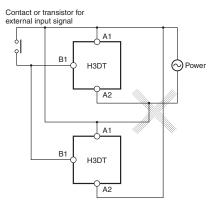
#### Relationship between Input and Power Supply Circuits (H3DT-N/L)

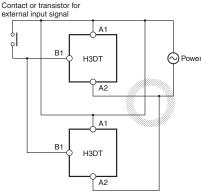


· The input circuit and the power supply circuit are configured independently. The input circuit can be turned ON and OFF without considering the ON/OFF state of the power supply.

A voltage equivalent to the power supply voltage is also applied to the input circuit.

• If a relay or transistor is connected to two or more Timers, the input terminals of those Timers must be wired properly so that they will not be different in phase or the terminals will be short-circuited to one another. Always use the same power supply phases.





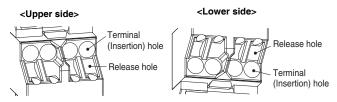
• The power supply circuits for H3DT-series Timers use switching mode. Therefore, if there is a transformer or other device with a large inductance component on the power supply line, the inductance will cause a reverse voltage. If that occurs, insert a CR filter in the power supply line to reduce the reverse voltage.

#### **Environment**

- · When using the Timer in an area with excessive electronic noise, separate the Timer and input device as far as possible from the noise sources. It is also recommended to shield the input signal wiring to prevent electronic interference.
- The external impulse voltage entering across the power supply terminals has been checked against a ±1.2×50 μs standard waveform according to JEC-210, Impulse Voltage/Current Test, of The Institute of Electrical Engineers of Japan. Surge or noise superimposed on the power supply may damage internal components or cause them to malfunction. We recommend that you check the circuit waveform and use surge absorbers. The effects on components depend on the type of surge and noise that are generated. Always perform testing with the actual equipment.
- The Timer may be be affected by incoming radio wave interference. Do not use the Timer near radio wave receivers.
- Do not use the Timer in circuits with waveform distortion. Error will be large due to waveform distortion.
- · Do not install the Timer immediately next to heat sources.

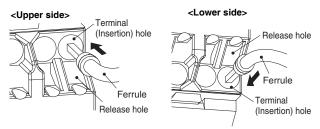
#### Wiring

#### 1. Connecting Wires to the Push-In Plus Terminal Block Part Names of the Terminal Block



#### **Connecting Wires with Ferrules and Solid Wires**

Insert the solid wire or ferrule straight into the terminal block until the end touches the terminal block.

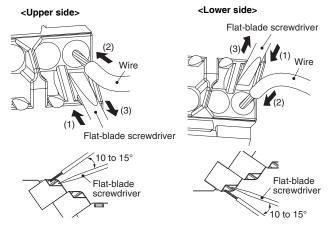


If a wire is difficult to connect because it is too thin, use a flat-blade screwdriver in the same way as when connecting stranded wire.

#### **Connecting Stranded Wires**

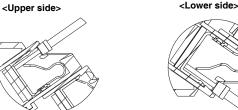
Use the following procedure to connect the wires to the terminal block.

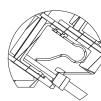
- 1. Hold a flat-blade screwdriver at an angle and insert it into the release hole. The angle should be between 10° and 15° If the flat-blade screwdriver is inserted correctly, you will feel the spring in the release hole respond.
- With the flat-blade screwdriver still inserted into the release hole, insert the wire into the terminal hole until it strikes the terminal block.
- 3. Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.



#### **Checking Connections**

- · After the insertion, pull gently on the wire to make sure that it will not come off and the wire is securely fastened to the terminal block.
- To prevent short circuits, insert the stripped part of a stranded or solid wire or the conductor part of a ferrule until it is hidden inside the terminal insertion hole. (See the following diagram.)





#### 2. Removing Wires from the Push-In Plus Terminal Block

Use the following procedure to remove wires from the terminal block. The same method is used to remove stranded wires, solid wires, and ferrules.

- Hold a flat-blade screwdriver at an angle and insert it into the release hole.
- With the flat-blade screwdriver still inserted into the release hole, remove the wire from the terminal insertion hole.
- 3. Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.

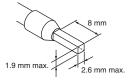
# Cupper side> Flat-blade screwdriver (2) (3) (1) Flat-blade screwdriver Flat-blade screwdriver Flat-blade screwdriver Flat-blade screwdriver 10 to 15° Flat-blade screwdriver 10 to 15°

# 3. Recommended Ferrules and Tools Recommended ferrules

Wire		Ferrule	Recommended ferrules		
(mm²)	(AWG)	length (mm)	Manufactured by Phoenix Contact	Manufactured by Weidmuller	Manufactured by Wago
0.25	24	8	AI0.25-8	H0.25/12	FE-0.25-8N-YE
0.34	22	8	AI0.34-8	H0.34/12	FE-0.34-8N-TQ
0.5	20	8	AI0.5-8	H0.5/14	FE-0.5-8N-WH
0.75	18	8	AI0.75-8	H0.75/14	FE-0.75-8N-GY
1/1.25	18/17	8	Al1-8	H1.0/14	FE-1.0-8N-RD
1.25/1.5	17/16	8	Al1.5-8	H1.5/14	FE-1.5-8N-BK
Recommended crimp tool			CRIMPFOX6 CRIMPFOX6-F CRIMPFOX10S	PZ6 roto	Variocrimp4

**Note: 1.** Make sure that the outer diameter of the wire coating is smaller than the inner diameter of the insulation sleeve of the recommended ferrule.

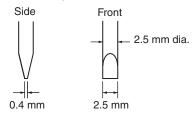
2. Make sure that the ferrule processing dimensions conform to the following figures.



#### Recommended Flat-blade Screwdriver

Use a flat-blade screwdriver to connect and remove wires.
Use the flat-blade screwdriver from below the list.

The following table shows manufacturers and models as of 2015/Dec.



Model	Manufacturer
ESD0.40×2.5	Wera
SZS 0.4×2.5 SZF 0-0.4×2.5 *	Phoenix Contact
0.4×2.5×75 302	Wiha
AEF.2.5×75	Facom
210-719	Wago
SDI 0.4×2.5×75	Weidmuller

\*OMRON's exclusive purchase model XW4Z-00B is available to order as SZF 0-0.4×2.5 (manufactured by Phoenix Contact).

If you wire crossovers and connect terminal blocks in parallel, a large current will flow. Make sure that the current does not exceed 10 A.

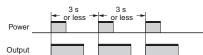
- · Do not connect anything to unused terminals.
- · Wire all terminals correctly.
- Check all wiring before you turn ON the power supply to the Timer.
- The H3DT-H acts like a high-impedance circuit. Therefore, the Timer may not reset if it is influenced by inductive voltage. To eliminate inductive voltage, the wires connected to the Timer must be as short as possible and should not be installed parallel to power lines. If the Timer is influenced by inductive voltage that is 30% or more of the rated voltage, connect a CR filter with a capacitance of approximately 0.1 μF and a resistance of approximately 120 Ω or a bleeder resistor between the power supply terminals.

If there is any residual voltage due to current leakage, connect a bleeder resistor between the power supply terminals.

#### Operating Frequency

 The H3DT-H may malfunction if it is used as shown below. Do not use the H3DT-H in these ways.

Timer Repeatedly Times Out in Cycles of 3 s or Less



In the above case, use the H3DT-N in D mode (signal OFF delay).

 If you use Flicker Mode and set the dial on the H3DT-F to the minimum setting, the contacts may be damaged. Avoid this type of application.

#### **Options**

- Use the Y92A-D1A for the Front Cover.
- If you use the Front Cover, make sure that it is attached securely.

#### Other Precautions

- If the Timer is mounted on a control panel, dismount the Timer from
  the control panel before carrying out a voltage withstand test
  between the electric circuits and non-current-carrying metal parts
  of the Timer. (Otherwise, the internal circuits of the Timer may be
  damaged.)
- The H3DK-H uses a latching relay for the output. Shock, such as dropping the H3DK-H during shipment or handling, can cause the output contacts to reverse to the neutral position. Check the output status with a tester before using the H3DK-H.
- The life expectancy of the control output contacts is greatly
  affected by switching conditions. Always confirm operation using
  the actual conditions and equipment before using the Timer and
  make sure that the number of switching operations presents no
  problems in performance. If Timer application is continued after
  performance has deteriorated, insulation failure between circuits,
  burning of the control output relay, or other problem will eventually
  occur.
- If the power supply voltage is gradually increased, a power reset may occur or the Timer may time out. Use a switch, relay, or other device with contacts to apply the power supply voltage all at once.
- Make sure that residual voltage or inductive voltage is not applied after the power turns OFF.
- Error in the operation time of the Timer is given as a percentage of the full-scale time. The absolute value of the error will not change even if the set time is changed. Therefore, always use the Timer with the set time set as close as possible to the full-scale value of the set time range.
- When switching a microload, check the specified minimum load given for the Timer model you are using.
- When setting the operating time, do not turn the dial beyond the scale range.
- Store the Timer within the rated ranges given for the Timer model you are using. If the Timer is stored below -20°C, allow it to warm up for three hours at room temperature before turning ON the power supply.
- Do not install the Timer in any way that would place a load on it.
- When cleaning the Timer, do not use thinners or solvents. Use commercial alcohol.
- If better accuracy is required in the set time, adjust the dial while measuring the operation time.
- Do not construct a circuit for the H3DT-H that would allow overcurrent and burning to occur if the NO, NC and SPDT contacts are short-circuited. Arcing may generate short-circuiting between contacts if there is short-circuiting because of conversion to the MBB contacts caused by asynchronous operation of the NO and NC contacts, the interval between the NO and NC contacts is small, or a large current is left open.
- If the Timer is reset immediately after timing out, make sure that the circuit configuration allows sufficient resetting time. Errors will occur in the sequence if there is not sufficient resetting time.
- When directly switching a DC load, the switching capacity will be lower than when switching an AC load.

#### ⚠ EN/IEC Standard Compliance

 Refer to the datasheet for the H3DK for cable selection and other conditions for compliance with EMC standards.

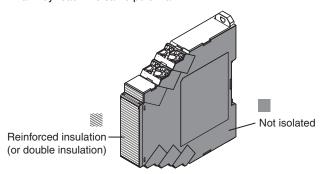
#### **Precaution on EN Standard Compliance**

The H3DT complies with EN 61812-1 when it is built into a panel, but observe the following handling methods to ensure compliance with the requirements of this standard.

#### Wiring

Overvoltage category III Pollution degree 2

- Open-frame Device
- If basic, double, or reinforced insulation is required, use the basic, double, or reinforced insulation defined in IEC 60664 that is suitable for the maximum applied voltage for the clearance, solid insulation, and other factors.
- The power supply terminals and input terminals are not isolated from each other.
- There is basic insulation between the power supply terminals and output terminals.
- There is basic insulation between the input terminals and output terminals.
- The operating section must have reinforced or double insulation.
- · The sides of the case are not isolated.
- Connect the output contacts (contacts with different polarity) so that they reach the same potential.



# Recommended Replacement Periods and Periodic Replacement as Preventive Maintenance

The recommended replacement period for preventive maintenance is greatly influenced by the application environment of the product. As a guideline for models that do not have a Maintenance Forecast Monitor, the recommended replacement period is 7 to 10 years.\* To prevent failures that can be caused by using a product beyond its service live, we recommend that you replace the product as early as possible within the recommended replacement period. However, realize that the recommended replacement period is for reference only and does not guarantee the life of the product.

Many electronic components are used in the product and the product depends on the correct operation of these components to achieve product functions and performance. However, the influence of the ambient temperature on aluminum electrolytic capacitors is large, and the service life is reduced by half for each 10°C rise in temperature (Arrhenius law). When the capacity reduction life of the electrolytic capacitor is reached, the product may fail. We therefore recommend that you replace the product periodically to minimize product failures in advance.

- \* The following conditions apply: rated input voltage, load rate of 50% max., ambient temperature of 35°C max., and the standalone mounting method.
- This product model is designed with a service life of 10 years minimum under the above conditions.

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Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. It is our practice to change part numbers when published ratings or features are changed, or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the Product may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special part numbers may be assigned to fix or establish key specifications for your application. Please consult with your Omron's representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased Product.

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Information presented by Omron Companies has been checked and is believed to be accurate; however, no responsibility is assumed for clerical, typographical or proofreading errors or omissions.

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