

Elements of Machine Learning and Data Science

Part I: Data Science — Exam Notes (Living Document)

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Exam likelihood: High (overall Data Science part)

This document is structured to match the lecture topics exactly and is designed for adding **exam-style notes, common traps, and visual summaries**.

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1 Introduction to Data Science

1.1 Introduction

1.2 Tabular Data

1.3 Data Science Process

Exam likelihood: High

Framework questions are easy to grade and strongly test “big picture” understanding.

Examiner favorite (what they love to ask)

Typical asks: **ETL vs ELT**, **CRISP-DM phases**, and mapping a scenario to the correct phase.
Also: where data leakage/bias lives (data understanding + evaluation).

1.3.1 ETL vs ELT (Definitions + Differences)

Cheat sheet / must-memorize

ETL: Extract → Transform → Load (transform before target).

ELT: Extract → Load → Transform (transform inside target platform).

Key contrast: where transformations happen; governance vs flexibility; raw history availability.

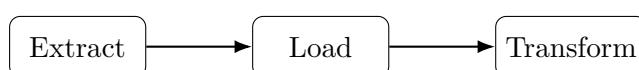
Common pitfall

People confuse “ELT = no cleaning”. Wrong. It means cleaning happens *after loading*, often in warehouse/lakehouse layers (staging → curated).

Visual (for your cortex)



ETL



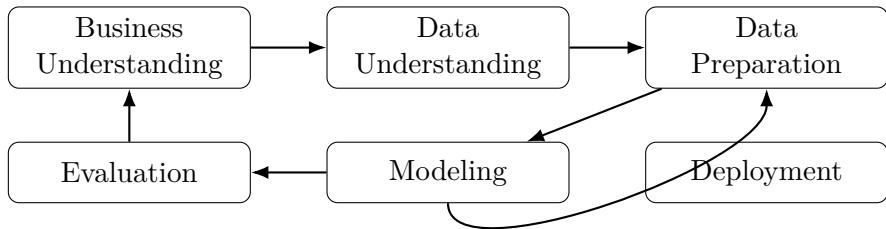
ELT

1.3.2 CRISP-DM

Cheat sheet / must-memorize

CRISP-DM: Business Understanding → Data Understanding → Data Preparation → Modeling → Evaluation → Deployment (iterative loops).

Visual (for your cortex)



1.3.3 PDCA

Cheat sheet / must-memorize

PDCA: Plan → Do → Check → Act (continuous improvement loop).

1.3.4 DMAIC

Cheat sheet / must-memorize

DMAIC: Define → Measure → Analyze → Improve → Control. Often used for process/quality improvement + monitoring and part of the Six Sigma methodology.

1.4 Data Types

1.5 Descriptive Statistics

1.6 Basic Visualizations

1.7 Feature Transformations

1.8 “How to lie with statistics”

2 Decision Trees

2.1 Introduction to Decision Trees

2.2 Entropy and Information Gain

Exam likelihood: Very High

Almost guaranteed: compute entropy / information gain on a small dataset.

2.3 ID3 Algorithm

2.4 Pruning

2.5 Continuous Data (Threshold splits)

2.6 Ensembles (Bagging/Random Forest/Boosting)

3 Clustering

- 3.1 Introduction to Unsupervised Learning**
- 3.2 Introduction to Clustering**
- 3.3 Similarity and Dissimilarity**
- 3.4 K-means and K-medoids**
- 3.5 Agglomerative Clustering**
- 3.6 DBSCAN**
- 3.7 Closing**

4 Frequent Itemsets

4.1 Introduction

4.2 Properties of Frequent Itemsets

4.3 Apriori Algorithm

4.4 FP-Growth Algorithm

5 Association Rules

- 5.1 Introduction**
- 5.2 Generating Association Rules**
- 5.3 Evaluation (support, confidence, lift, conviction)**
- 5.4 Applications**
- 5.5 Simpson's Paradox**

6 Time Series

6.1 Temporal Data

6.2 Introduction to Time Series

6.3 Analysis

6.4 Forecasting