Chapter 1

Library TilingProgram

1.1 Preference

```
Require Import Ssreflect.ssreflect Ssreflect.ssrnat Ssreflect.ssrbool Ssreflect.ssrfun Ssreflect.eqtype.
Require Import ExtrOcamlNatInt ExtrOcamlString.
```

Change the definition of `!=` for Prop.

```
Notation "n '!=' m" := ((n == m) = false).
```

```
Lemma eq_or_neq : ∀ (n m : nat), (n == m) ∨ (n != m).
Proof.
move ⇒ n m.
induction (n == m); simpl.
by [left].
by [right].
Qed.
```

If you want a color besides $C0$, you can use `C_other2 C0`.

```
Definition C_other2 (C0 : nat) : nat :=
match C0 with
  | 0 ⇒ 1
  | _ ⇒ 0
end.
```

```
Lemma C_other2_neq : ∀ C0 : nat, C0 != C_other2 C0.
Proof.
case ⇒ [|]//.
Qed.
```

```
Lemma C_other2_neq' : ∀ C0 : nat, C_other2 C0 != C0.
Proof.
case ⇒ [|]//.
Qed.
```

If you want a color besides $C0$ and $C1$, you can use `C_other3 C0 C1`.

```
Definition C_other3 (C0 C1 : nat) : nat :=
match C0 with
  | 0 ⇒ match C1 with
          | 0 ⇒ 1
          | 1 ⇒ 2
          | _ ⇒ 1
        end
  | 1 ⇒ match C1 with
          | 0 ⇒ 2
          | _ ⇒ 0
        end
  | _ ⇒ match C1 with
          | 0 ⇒ 1
          | _ ⇒ 0
        end
end.

Lemma C_other3_neq :
 ∀ (C0 C1 : nat), C0 != C_other3 C0 C1 ∧ C1 != C_other3 C0 C1.
Proof.
move ⇒ C0 C1.
induction C0.
induction C1.
by [compute].
induction C1.
by [compute].
by [compute].
induction C0.
induction C1.
by [compute].
by [compute].
induction C1.
by [compute].
by [compute].
Qed.

Lemma C_other3_neq1 :
 ∀ (C0 C1 : nat), C0 != C_other3 C0 C1.
Proof.
apply C_other3_neq.
Qed.

Lemma C_other3_neq2 :
```

```
 ∀ (C0 C1 : nat), C1 != C_other3 C0 C1.
Proof.
apply C_other3_neq.
Qed.
Lemma C_other3_neq1' :
 ∀ (C0 C1 : nat), C_other3 C0 C1 != C0.
Proof.
move ⇒ C0 C1.
rewrite eq_sym.
apply C_other3_neq.
Qed.
Lemma C_other3_neq2' :
 ∀ (C0 C1 : nat), C_other3 C0 C1 != C1.
Proof.
move ⇒ C0 C1.
rewrite eq_sym.
apply C_other3_neq.
Qed.
```

1.2 Wang tiling

The boundary and edge functions return a color from x and y coordinates.

```
Definition boundary := nat → nat → nat.
Definition edge := nat → nat → nat.
```

The functions below show the tiling result using edge functions.

```
Definition null {A : Type} (x : A): A.
Proof.
apply x.
Qed.
Notation "'^'" := (null 0).
Notation "'#'" := (null 1).
Open Scope list_scope.
Fixpoint e_i (j : nat) : edge → nat → list nat :=
 fun (e : edge)(i : nat) ⇒
 match j with
   | 0 ⇒ ^ :: nil
   | S j' ⇒ (e_i j' e i) ++ ((e i (S j')) :: ^ :: nil)
 end.
Fixpoint e'_i (j : nat) : edge → nat → list nat :=
 fun (e' : edge)(i : nat) ⇒
 match j with
```

```
    | 0 ⇒ (e' i 0) :: nil
    | S j' ⇒ (e'_i j' e' i) ++ (# :: (e' i (S j')) :: nil)
 end.
Fixpoint e_e' (n m : nat)(e e' : edge) : list (list nat) :=
 match n with
    | 0 ⇒ (e_i m e 0) :: nil
    | S n' ⇒ (e_e' n' m e e') ++ ((e'_i m e' (S n')) :: (e_i m e (S n')) :: nil)
 end.
Definition tiling (n m : nat)(b : boundary)(e_ e'_ : boundary → edge) := e_e' n m (e_
b) (e'_ b).
```

The functions below returns edge functions e and e' from the size of rectangular region $n \times m$ and boundary function b.

`e_12` and `e'_12` are tiling functions for P_{12} (1×2 region).

The horizontal edges satisfy `e 0 j = b 0 j` and `e 1 j = b 2 j`.

```
Definition e_12 (b : boundary) : edge.
rewrite /edge.
apply (fun i j : nat ⇒
match i with
  | 0 ⇒ b 0 j
  | _ ⇒ b 2 j
end).
Defined.
```

The vertical edges satisfy `e' 1 0 = b 1 0` and `e' 1 2 = b 1 3`.

```
Definition e'_12 (b : boundary) : edge.
rewrite /edge.
apply (fun i j : nat ⇒
match j with
  | 0 ⇒ b 1 0
  | 1 ⇒ if b 1 0 == b 1 3
          then
           (if b 0 1 == b 2 1 then C_other2 (b 1 0) else b 1 0)
          else
           (if b 0 1 == b 2 1
             then
              (if b 0 2 == b 2 2 then C_other3 (b 1 0) (b 1 3) else b 1 3)
             else b 1 0)
  | _ ⇒ b 1 3
end).
Defined.
```

The followings are tiling functions for P_{22}.

```
Definition e_22 (b : boundary) : edge.
```

```
rewrite /edge.
apply (fun i j : nat ⇒
match i with
  | 0 ⇒ b 0 j
  | 1 ⇒ if b 1 0 == b 1 3
          then
           (if b 2 0 == b 2 3
             then C_other3 (b 0 j) (b 3 j)
             else
              (if b 0 1 == b 3 1
                then b 0 j
                else
                 (if b 0 2 == b 3 2
                   then (match j with
                           | 0 | 1 ⇒ b 3 1
                           | _ ⇒ C_other2 (b 0 j)
                         end)
                   else b 3 j)))
          else
           (if b 2 0 == b 2 3
             then
              (if b 0 1 == b 3 1
                then b 3 j
                else
                 (if b 0 2 == b 3 2
                   then (match j with
                           | 0 | 1 ⇒ b 0 1
                           | _ ⇒ C_other2 (b 3 j)
                         end)
                   else b 0 j))
             else (match j with
                     | 0 | 1 ⇒ b 0 1
                     | _ ⇒ b 3 2
                   end))
  | _ ⇒ b 3 j
end).
Defined.
```

Define `e'_22` using `e_22`.

```
Definition e'_22 (b : boundary) : edge.
rewrite /edge.
apply (fun i j : nat ⇒
match i with
```

```
  | 0 ⇒ 0
  | 1 ⇒ (e'_12 (fun i j : nat ⇒
                 match i with
                   | 0 ⇒ b 0 j
                   | 1 ⇒ b 1 j
                   | _ ⇒ (e_22 b 1 j)
                 end) 1 j)
  | _ ⇒ (e'_12 (fun i j : nat ⇒
                 match i with
                   | 0 ⇒ (e_22 b 1 j)
                   | _ ⇒ b (S i) j
                 end) 1 j)
end
).
Defined.
```

Divide the $(n+1)\times m$ boundary b to $n\times m$ boundary `bSnm_to_bnm` b and $1\times m$ boundary `bSnm_to_b1m` b.

```
Definition bSnm_to_bnm (m : nat) : boundary → boundary.
move ⇒ b.
rewrite /boundary.
apply (fun i j : nat ⇒
match m with
  | 0 ⇒ b i j
  | 1 ⇒ b i j
  | _ ⇒ match i with
          | 0 ⇒ match j with
                  | 0 ⇒ 0
                  | 1 ⇒ b 0 1
                  | 2 ⇒ b 0 2
                  | _ ⇒ C_other2 (b 0 j)
                end
          | _ ⇒ b (S i) j
        end
end).
Defined.
```

```
Definition bSnm_to_b1m (m : nat) : boundary → boundary.
move ⇒ b.
rewrite /boundary.
apply (fun i j : nat ⇒
match m with
  | 0 ⇒ b i j
  | 1 ⇒ b i j
```

```
  | _ ⇒ match i with
          | 0 ⇒ b 0 j
          | 1 ⇒ b 1 j
          | _ ⇒ match j with
                  | 0 ⇒ 0
                  | 1 ⇒ b 0 1
                  | 2 ⇒ b 0 2
                  | _ ⇒ C_other2 (b 0 j)
                end
        end
end).
Defined.
```

The followings are tiling functions for $1 \times m$ boundary obtained from `bSnm_to_b1m`. The horizontal edges satisfy `e 0 j = b 0 j` and `e 1 j = b 2 j`.

```
Definition e_1m (b : boundary) : edge.
rewrite /edge.
apply (fun i j : nat ⇒
match i with
  | 0 ⇒ b 0 j
  | _ ⇒ b 2 j
end).
Defined.
```

We define the colors of vertical edges as `b 1 0 = e' 1 0 <> e' 1 1 <> e' 1 2 = ... = e' 1 m`

```
Definition e'_1m (m : nat)(b : boundary) : edge.
rewrite /edge.
apply (fun i j : nat ⇒
match i with
  | 0 ⇒ 0
  | _ ⇒ match j with
          | 0 ⇒ b 1 0
          | 1 ⇒ C_other3 (b 1 0) (b 1 (S m))
          | _ ⇒ b 1 (S m)
        end
end).
Defined.
```

The definitions below are tiling functions for P_{n2}.

```
Fixpoint e_n2 (n : nat) : boundary → edge :=
 fun b : boundary ⇒
 match n with
   | 0 | 1 ⇒ e_12 b
```

```
  | 2 ⇒ e_22 b
  | S n' ⇒ fun (i j : nat) ⇒
             match i with
               | 0 ⇒ (bSnm_to_b1m 2 b) 0 j
               | S i' ⇒ e_n2 n' (bSnm_to_bnm 2 b) i' j
             end
 end.
Fixpoint e'_n2 (n : nat) : boundary → edge :=
 fun b : boundary ⇒
 match n with
  | 0 | 1 ⇒ e'_12 b
  | 2 ⇒ e'_22 b
  | S n' ⇒ fun (i j : nat) ⇒
             match i with
               | 0 ⇒ 0
               | 1 ⇒ e'_1m 2 (bSnm_to_b1m 2 b) 1 j
               | S i' ⇒ e'_n2 n' (bSnm_to_bnm 2 b) i' j
             end
 end.
```

We can change P_{nm} boundary and edge functions for P_{mn} ones.

```
Definition bnm_to_bmn (b : boundary) : boundary.
move ⇒ i j.
apply (b j i).
Defined.
Definition enm_to_emn (e : boundary → edge) : boundary → edge.
move ⇒ b i j.
apply (e (bnm_to_bmn b) j i).
Defined.
```

The followings are tiling functions for P_{nm} ($|C| \geq 3 \wedge n, m \geq 2$).

```
Fixpoint e_nm (n m : nat) : boundary → edge :=
 fun b : boundary ⇒
 match n with
  | 0 | 1 ⇒ e_1m b
  | 2 ⇒ enm_to_emn (fun b' ⇒ e'_n2 m b') b
  | S n' ⇒ fun (i j : nat) ⇒
             match i with
               | 0 ⇒ (bSnm_to_b1m m b) 0 j
               | S i' ⇒ e_nm n' m (bSnm_to_bnm m b) i' j
             end
 end.
Fixpoint e'_nm (n m : nat) : boundary → edge :=
```

```
 fun b : boundary ⇒
 match n with
   | 0 | 1 ⇒ e'_1m m b
   | 2 ⇒ enm_to_emn (fun b' ⇒ e_n2 m b') b
   | S n' ⇒ fun (i j : nat) ⇒
               match i with
                 | 0 ⇒ 0
                 | 1 ⇒ e'_1m m (bSnm_to_b1m m b) 1 j
                 | S i' ⇒ e'_nm n' m (bSnm_to_bnm m b) i' j
               end
 end.
Definition tiling_nm (n m : nat)(b : boundary) :=
 tiling n m b (e_nm n m) (e'_nm n m).
```

1.3 Tactics

These tactics help us to prove the properties of tiling.

```
Ltac e_unfold := rewrite /e_nm/e'_nm/enm_to_emn/e_n2/e'_n2/bnm_to_bmn/e'_22/e_22/e'_12.
Ltac eq_rewrite :=
 repeat match goal with
          | [H : is_true (_ == _) ⊢ _] ⇒ rewrite (elimTF eqP H)
          | [H : (_ != _) ⊢ _] ⇒ rewrite H
        end;
 try repeat rewrite eq_refl.
Ltac C_other :=
 repeat match goal with
          | [_ : _ ⊢ _] ⇒ rewrite C_other2_neq
          | [_ : _ ⊢ _] ⇒ rewrite C_other2_neq'
          | [_ : _ ⊢ _] ⇒ rewrite C_other3_neq1
          | [_ : _ ⊢ _] ⇒ rewrite C_other3_neq2
          | [_ : _ ⊢ _] ⇒ rewrite C_other3_neq1'
          | [_ : _ ⊢ _] ⇒ rewrite C_other3_neq2'
        end;
 try by [].
Ltac by_or :=
 try repeat (try by [left]; right); by [].
Ltac Brick_auto := intros; e_unfold; eq_rewrite; move ⇒ i j;
 repeat match goal with
          | [_ : _ ⊢ _] ⇒ by_or
          | [j : nat ⊢ _] ⇒ induction j
          | [i : nat ⊢ _] ⇒ induction i
```

```
  | [_ : _ ⊢ _] ⇒ progress eq_rewrite
  | [_ : _ ⊢ _] ⇒ progress C_other
end.
```

1.4 Main theorems

The definitions below are the conditions for valid brick Wang tiling.

```
Definition Boundary_i (n m : nat)(b : boundary)(e' : edge) :=
 ∀ i : nat, e' i 0 == b i 0 ∧ e' i m == b i (S m) ∨ i = 0 ∨ n < i.
Definition Boundary_j (n m : nat)(b : boundary)(e : edge) :=
 ∀ j : nat, e 0 j == b 0 j ∧ e n j == b (S n) j ∨ j = 0 ∨ m < j.
Definition Brick (n m : nat)(e e' : edge) :=
 ∀ i j : nat,
 (e i (S j) == e (S i) (S j) ∧ e' (S i) j != e' (S i) (S j)) ∨
 (e i (S j) != e (S i) (S j) ∧ e' (S i) j == e' (S i) (S j)) ∨
 n ≤ i ∨ m ≤ j.
Definition Valid (n m : nat)(b : boundary)(e e' : edge) :=
 Boundary_i n m b e' ∧ Boundary_j n m b e ∧ Brick n m e e'.
Definition Valid_nm (n m : nat)(b : boundary) :=
 Boundary_i n m b (e'_nm n m b) ∧ Boundary_j n m b (e_nm n m b) ∧
 Brick n m (e_nm n m b) (e'_nm n m b).
```

Lemmas of the validity of P_{22} tiling.

```
Lemma Boundary_i22 : ∀ b : boundary, Boundary_i 2 2 b (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
move ⇒ b.
case.
by_or.
case.
left.
by [e_unfold].
case.
left.
by [e_unfold].
by_or.
Qed.

Lemma Boundary_j22 : ∀ b : boundary, Boundary_j 2 2 b (e_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
move ⇒ b.
case.
by_or.
case.
```

```
left.
by [e_unfold].
case.
left.
by [e_unfold].
by_or.
Qed.

Lemma Brick22_eexx : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 == b 3 1 → b 0 2 == b 3 2 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.

Lemma Brick22_enee : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 == b 3 1 → b 0 2 != b 3 2 → b 1 0 == b 1 3 → b 2 0 == b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.

Lemma Brick22_enen : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 == b 3 1 → b 0 2 != b 3 2 → b 1 0 == b 1 3 → b 2 0 != b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.

Lemma Brick22_enne : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 == b 3 1 → b 0 2 != b 3 2 → b 1 0 != b 1 3 → b 2 0 == b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.

Lemma Brick22_ennn : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 == b 3 1 → b 0 2 != b 3 2 → b 1 0 != b 1 3 → b 2 0 != b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.

Lemma Brick22_neee : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 != b 3 1 → b 0 2 == b 3 2 → b 1 0 == b 1 3 → b 2 0 == b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
```

```
Brick_auto.
Qed.
Lemma Brick22_neen : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 != b 3 1 → b 0 2 == b 3 2 → b 1 0 == b 1 3 → b 2 0 != b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.
Lemma Brick22_nene : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 != b 3 1 → b 0 2 == b 3 2 → b 1 0 != b 1 3 → b 2 0 == b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.
Lemma Brick22_nenn : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 != b 3 1 → b 0 2 == b 3 2 → b 1 0 != b 1 3 → b 2 0 != b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.
Lemma Brick22_nnee : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 != b 3 1 → b 0 2 != b 3 2 → b 1 0 == b 1 3 → b 2 0 == b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.
Lemma Brick22_nnen : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 != b 3 1 → b 0 2 != b 3 2 → b 1 0 == b 1 3 → b 2 0 != b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.
Lemma Brick22_nnne : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 != b 3 1 → b 0 2 != b 3 2 → b 1 0 != b 1 3 → b 2 0 == b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.
Lemma Brick22_nnnn : ∀ b : boundary,
 b 0 1 != b 3 1 → b 0 2 != b 3 2 → b 1 0 != b 1 3 → b 2 0 != b 2 3 →
 Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
```

```
Proof.
Brick_auto.
Qed.

Lemma Brick22: ∀ b : boundary, Brick 2 2 (e_nm 2 2 b) (e'_nm 2 2 b).
Proof.
move ⇒ b.
case (eq_or_neq (b 0 1) (b 3 1)) ⇒ H;
case (eq_or_neq (b 0 2) (b 3 2)) ⇒ H0;
case (eq_or_neq (b 1 0) (b 1 3)) ⇒ H1;
case (eq_or_neq (b 2 0) (b 2 3)) ⇒ H2.
apply (Brick22_eexx b H H0).
apply (Brick22_eexx b H H0).
apply (Brick22_eexx b H H0).
apply (Brick22_eexx b H H0).
apply (Brick22_enee b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_enen b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_enne b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_ennn b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_neee b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_neen b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_nene b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_nenn b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_nnee b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_nnen b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_nnne b H H0 H1 H2).
apply (Brick22_nnnn b H H0 H1 H2).
Qed.

Lemma P22_Valid_nm : ∀ b : boundary, Valid_nm 2 2 b.
Proof.
move ⇒ b.
repeat split.
apply Boundary_i22.
apply Boundary_j22.
apply Brick22.
Qed.
```

If P_{2m} $(m \geq 2)$ tiling is valid, then $P_{2(m+1)}$ one is also valid.

```
Definition Shift_e_n2 (m : nat)(b : boundary)(i j : nat) :=
 match i with
   | 0 ⇒ (bSnm_to_b1m 2 b) 0 j
   | S i' ⇒ e_n2 m (bSnm_to_bnm 2 b) i' j
 end.
```

```
Lemma replace_e_n2 : ∀ m : nat,
 2 ≤ m → e_n2 (S m) = Shift_e_n2 m.
Proof.
move ⇒ m H.
induction m.
discriminate H.
induction m.
discriminate H.
by [rewrite /Shift_e_n2/e_n2].
Qed.

Definition Shift_e'_n2 (m : nat)(b : boundary)(i j : nat) :=
 match i with
    | 0 ⇒ 0
    | 1 ⇒ e'_1m 2 (bSnm_to_b1m 2 b) 1 j
    | S i' ⇒ e'_n2 m (bSnm_to_bnm 2 b) i' j
 end.

Lemma replace_e'_n2 : ∀ m : nat,
 2 ≤ m → e'_n2 (S m) = Shift_e'_n2 m.
Proof.
move ⇒ m H.
induction m.
discriminate H.
induction m.
discriminate H.
by [rewrite /Shift_e'_n2/e'_n2].
Qed.

Lemma Boundary_i_ind_2m :
 ∀ (b : boundary)(m : nat), 2 ≤ m →
 (∀ b' : boundary, Boundary_i 2 m b' (e'_nm 2 m b')) →
 Boundary_i 2 (S m) b (e'_nm 2 (S m) b).
Proof.
move ⇒ b m H H0.
rewrite /e'_nm/e_nm.
rewrite (replace_e_n2 m H).
induction m.
discriminate H.
induction m.
discriminate H.
clear IHm IHm0.
move : (H0 (bnm_to_bmn (bSnm_to_bnm 2 (bnm_to_bmn b)))).
rewrite /Boundary_i/Shift_e_n2/e'_nm/e_nm/enm_to_emn/bnm_to_bmn/bSnm_to_b1m/bSnm_to_
move ⇒ H1 i.
```

```
induction i.
by_or.
induction i.
left.
split.
by [].
case (H1 1) ⇒ H2.
apply H2.
case H2; discriminate.
induction i.
left.
split.
by [].
case (H1 2) ⇒ H2.
apply H2.
case H2; discriminate.
by_or.
Qed.

Lemma Boundary_j_ind_2m :
 ∀ (b : boundary)(m : nat), 2 ≤ m →
 (∀ b' : boundary, Boundary_j 2 m b' (e_nm 2 m b')) →
 Boundary_j 2 (S m) b (e_nm 2 (S m) b).
Proof.
move ⇒ b m H H0.
rewrite /e'_nm/e_nm.
rewrite (replace_e'_n2 m H).
induction m.
discriminate H.
induction m.
discriminate H.
clear IHm IHm0.
move : (H0 (bnm_to_bmn (bSnm_to_bnm 2 (bnm_to_bmn b)))).
rewrite /Boundary_j/Shift_e'_n2/e'_nm/e_nm/enm_to_emn/bnm_to_bmn/bSnm_to_b1m/bSnm_to
move ⇒ H1 j.
induction j.
by_or.
induction j.
rewrite /e'_1m.
by [left].
case (H1 (S j)) ⇒ H2.
left.
apply H2.
```

```
case H2 ⇒ H3.
discriminate H3.
repeat right.
apply H3.
Qed.

Lemma Brick_ind_2m :
 ∀ (b : boundary)(m : nat), 2 ≤ m →
 (∀ b' : boundary, Brick 2 m (e_nm 2 m b') (e'_nm 2 m b')) →
 Brick 2 (S m) (e_nm 2 (S m) b) (e'_nm 2 (S m) b).
Proof.
move ⇒ b m H H0.
rewrite /e'_nm/e_nm.
rewrite (replace_e_n2 m H).
rewrite (replace_e'_n2 m H).
induction m.
discriminate H.
induction m.
discriminate H.
clear IHm IHm0.
move : (H0 (bnm_to_bmn (bSnm_to_bnm 2 (bnm_to_bmn b)))).
rewrite /Brick/Shift_e_n2/Shift_e'_n2/e'_nm/e_nm/enm_to_emn/bnm_to_bmn/bSnm_to_b1m/bSn
move ⇒ H1 i j.
induction m.
induction j.
induction i.
rewrite /e_n2/e_22/e'_1m.
C_other.
by_or.
induction i.
rewrite /e_n2/e_22/e'_1m.
C_other.
by_or.
by_or.
apply H1.
induction j.
induction i.
rewrite /e_n2/e_22/e'_1m/bSnm_to_b1m.
C_other.
by_or.
induction i.
rewrite /e_n2/e_22/e'_1m/bSnm_to_b1m.
C_other.
```

```
by_or.
by_or.
apply H1.
Qed.

Lemma Valid_nm_ind_2m : ∀ (b : boundary)(m : nat),
 2 ≤ m → (∀ b' : boundary, Valid_nm 2 m b') → Valid_nm 2 (S m) b.
Proof.
move ⇒ b m H H0.
split.
apply (Boundary_i_ind_2m _ _ H).
apply H0.
split.
apply (Boundary_j_ind_2m _ _ H).
apply H0.
apply (Brick_ind_2m _ _ H).
apply H0.
Qed.
```

If $m \geq 2$, then P_{2m} tiling is always valid.

```
Lemma P2m_Valid_nm : ∀ (b : boundary)(m : nat), 2 ≤ m → Valid_nm 2 m b.
Proof.
induction m.
discriminate.
induction m.
discriminate.
clear IHm IHm0.
move : b.
induction m.
move ⇒ b H.
apply P22_Valid_nm.
move ⇒ b H.
apply Valid_nm_ind_2m.
apply H.
move ⇒ b'.
apply IHm.
apply H.
Qed.
```

If P_{nm} $(n, m \geq 2)$ tiling is valid, then $P_{(n+1)m}$ one is also valid.

```
Definition Shift_e_nm (n m : nat)(b : boundary)(i j : nat) :=
 match i with
   | 0 ⇒ (bSnm_to_b1m m b) 0 j
   | S i' ⇒ e_nm n m (bSnm_to_bnm m b) i' j
```

```
 end.

Lemma replace_e_nm : ∀ (n m : nat),
 e_nm n.+3 m = Shift_e_nm n.+2 m.
Proof.
move ⇒ n m.
by [rewrite /Shift_e_nm/e_nm].
Qed.

Definition Shift_e'_nm (n m : nat)(b : boundary)(i j : nat) :=
 match i with
   | 0 ⇒ 0
   | 1 ⇒ e'_1m m (bSnm_to_b1m m b) 1 j
   | S i' ⇒ e'_nm n m (bSnm_to_bnm m b) i' j
 end.

Lemma replace_e'_nm : ∀ (n m : nat),
 e'_nm n.+3 m = Shift_e'_nm n.+2 m.
Proof.
move ⇒ n m.
by [rewrite /e'_nm].
Qed.

Lemma Boundary_i_ind_nm :
 ∀ (b : boundary)(n m : nat), 2 ≤ n → 2 ≤ m →
 (∀ b' : boundary, Boundary_i n m b' (e'_nm n m b')) →
 Boundary_i (S n) m b (e'_nm (S n) m b).
Proof.
move ⇒ b n m H H0 H1.
induction n.
discriminate H.
induction n.
discriminate H.
clear IHn IHn0.
move : (H1 (bSnm_to_bnm m b)).
rewrite /Boundary_i.
move ⇒ H2.
induction i.
by_or.
move : (H2 i).
rewrite replace_e'_nm.
induction m.
discriminate H0.
induction m.
discriminate H0.
```

```
clear IHm IHm0.
case ⇒ H3.
left.
induction i.
by [rewrite /Shift_e'_nm/e'_1m/bSnm_to_b1m/bSnm_to_bnm].
move : H3.
by [rewrite /Shift_e'_nm/bSnm_to_bnm].
case H3 ⇒ H4.
rewrite H4.
rewrite /Shift_e'_nm/e'_1m/bSnm_to_b1m/bSnm_to_bnm.
by_or.
repeat right.
apply H4.
Qed.

Lemma Boundary_j_ind_nm :
 ∀ (b : boundary)(n m : nat), 2 ≤ n → 2 ≤ m →
 (∀ b' : boundary, Boundary_j n m b' (e_nm n m b')) →
 Boundary_j (S n) m b (e_nm (S n) m b).
Proof.
move ⇒ b n m H H0 H1.
induction n.
discriminate H.
induction n.
discriminate H.
clear IHn IHn0.
move : (H1 (bSnm_to_bnm m b)).
rewrite /Boundary_j.
move ⇒ H2 j.
move : (H2 j).
induction j.
by_or.
rewrite replace_e_nm.
induction m.
discriminate H0.
induction m.
discriminate H0.
clear IHm IHm0.
case ⇒ H4.
left.
split.
by [rewrite /Shift_e_nm/bSnm_to_bnm/bSnm_to_b1m].
rewrite /Shift_e_nm/bSnm_to_bnm/bSnm_to_b1m in H4.
```

```
apply H4.
right.
apply H4.
Qed.

Lemma Brick_ind_nm :
 ∀ (b : boundary)(n m : nat), 2 ≤ n → 2 ≤ m →
 (∀ b' : boundary, Valid_nm n m b') →
 Brick (S n) m (e_nm (S n) m b) (e'_nm (S n) m b).
Proof.
move ⇒ b n m H H0 H1.
induction n.
discriminate H.
induction n.
discriminate H.
clear IHn IHn0.
move : (H1 (bSnm_to_bnm m b)).
rewrite /Valid_nm/Boundary_i/Boundary_j/Brick.
elim ⇒ H2.
elim ⇒ H3 H4.
clear H2.
rewrite replace_e_nm replace_e'_nm.
rewrite /Shift_e_nm/Shift_e'_nm.
move ⇒ i j.
induction i.
case (H3 j.+1) ⇒ H5.
elim H5 ⇒ H6 H7.
rewrite (elimTF eqP H6).
induction m.
discriminate H0.
induction m.
discriminate H0.
clear IHm IHm0.
rewrite /bSnm_to_b1m/bSnm_to_bnm/enm_to_emn/bnm_to_bmn/e'_1m.
induction j.
C_other.
by_or.
induction j.
C_other.
by_or.
C_other.
by_or.
case H5 ⇒ H6.
```

```
discriminate H6.
repeat right.
apply H6.
apply H4.
Qed.
```

```
Lemma Valid_nm_ind_nm : ∀ (b : boundary)(n m : nat),
 2 ≤ n → 2 ≤ m → (∀ b' : boundary, Valid_nm n m b') →
 Valid_nm (S n) m b.
Proof.
move ⇒ b n m H H0 H1.
split.
apply (Boundary_i_ind_nm _ _ _ H H0).
apply H1.
split.
apply (Boundary_j_ind_nm _ _ _ H H0).
apply H1.
apply (Brick_ind_nm _ _ _ H H0).
apply H1.
Qed.
```

If $n, m \geq 2$, then P_{nm} tiling is always valid.

```
Theorem e_nm_Valid : ∀ (b : boundary)(n m : nat),
 2 ≤ n → 2 ≤ m → Valid_nm n m b.
Proof.
move ⇒ b n m H H0.
induction n.
discriminate H.
induction n.
discriminate H.
clear IHn IHn0.
induction m.
discriminate H0.
induction m.
discriminate H0.
clear IHm IHm0.
move : b.
induction n.
move ⇒ b.
apply (P2m_Valid_nm _ _ H0).
move ⇒ b.
apply Valid_nm_ind_nm.
apply H.
apply H0.
```

```
apply IHn.
apply H.
Qed.
```

Theorem 1. *If $|C| \geq 3$, then a rectangular region P_{nm} is tileable for any $n \geq 2$ and $m \geq 3$.*

```
Theorem P22_Tileable : ∀ (b : boundary)(n m : nat),
 2 ≤ n → 2 ≤ m → ∃ (e e' : edge), Valid n m b e e'.
Proof.
move ⇒ b n m H0 H1.
∃ (e_nm n m b).
∃ (e'_nm n m b).
apply (e_nm_Valid b n m H0 H1).
Qed.
```

1.5 Examples

```
Definition boundary22a (i j : nat) := 0.
Definition boundary22b (i j : nat) :=
 match i with 0 ⇒ 2 | _ ⇒ match j with 0 ⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 1 end end.
Definition boundary22c (i j : nat) :=
 match j with 1 ⇒ 2 | 3 ⇒ 1 | _ ⇒ match i with 1 ⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 1 end end.
Definition boundary44a (i j : nat) :=
 match i with 0 ⇒ 2 | 3 ⇒ match j with 0 ⇒ 5 | _ ⇒ 1 end | _ ⇒ match j with 1 ⇒ 3 | _
⇒ 4 end end.
Definition boundary44b (i j : nat) :=
 match j with 0 ⇒ match i with 2 | 3 ⇒ 3 | _ ⇒ 4 end | 1 ⇒ 2 | 3 ⇒ 1 | _ ⇒ match i with
0 ⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 5 end end.
Definition boundary44c (i j : nat) :=
 match j with 0 ⇒ match i with 2 | 3 ⇒ 3 | _ ⇒ 2 end | 1 ⇒ 2 | 3 ⇒ 1 | _ ⇒ match i with
0 ⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 1 end end.
Compute (C_other2 1).

     = 0
     : nat

Compute (C_other3 0 1).

     = 2
     : nat
```

```
Compute (C_other3 2 0).

     = 1
     : nat

Compute (tiling 1 2 (fun _ _ ⇒ 0) e_12 e'_12).

     = (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 0 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)
```

and ^ express the center and the corner of tiles respectively.

```
Compute (tiling 1 2 (fun _ j ⇒ match j with 1 ⇒ 2 | _ ⇒ 1 end) e_12 e'_12).

     = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (1 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)

Compute (tiling 2 2 boundary22a e_22 e'_22).

     = (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 0 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 0 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)

Compute (tiling 2 2 boundary22b e_22 e'_22).

     = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)

Compute (tiling 2 2 boundary22c e_22 e'_22).

     = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (1 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)
```

```
Compute (tiling 1 4 (bSnm_to_b1m 4 (fun i j ⇒ match i with 0 ⇒ 2 | _ ⇒ match j with 0
⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 1 end end)) e_1m (e'_1m 4)).
```

```
     = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)
```

```
Compute (tiling 1 4 (bSnm_to_b1m 4 (fun i j ⇒ match j with 1 ⇒ 2 | 3 ⇒ 1 | _ ⇒ match
i with 1 ⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 1 end end)) e_1m (e'_1m 4)).
```

```
     = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 0 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)
```

```
Compute (tiling 3 2 (fun i j ⇒ match i with 0 ⇒ 2 | _ ⇒ match j with 0 ⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 1 end
end) (e_n2 3) (e'_n2 3)).
```

```
     = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)
```

```
Compute (tiling 4 2 (fun i j ⇒ match j with 1 ⇒ 2 | 3 ⇒ 1 | _ ⇒ match i with 1 ⇒ 0 | _
⇒ 1 end end) (e_n2 4) (e'_n2 4)).
```

```
     = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (0 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (1 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (1 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (1 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)
```

```
Compute (tiling 2 4 (bnm_to_bmn (fun i j ⇒ match i with 0 ⇒ 2 | _ ⇒ match j with 0 ⇒
0 | _ ⇒ 1 end end)) (enm_to_emn (e'_n2 4)) (enm_to_emn (e_n2 4))).
```

```
 = (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (2 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (2 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
 : list (list nat)
```

Compute (*tiling* 2 4 (*bnm_to_bmn* (fun *i j* ⇒ match *j* with 1 ⇒ 2 | 3 ⇒ 1 | _ ⇒ match *i* with 1 ⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 1 end end)) (*enm_to_emn* (*e'_n2* 4)) (*enm_to_emn* (*e_n2* 4))).

```
 = (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (2 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 2 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (1 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
 : list (list nat)
```

Compute (*tiling_nm* 4 4 *boundary44a*).

```
 = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (4 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 4 :: # :: 4 :: # :: 4 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (4 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 4 :: # :: 4 :: # :: 4 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (5 :: # :: 5 :: # :: 5 :: # :: 5 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (4 :: # :: 4 :: # :: 4 :: # :: 4 :: # :: 4 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 3 :: ^ :: 4 :: ^ :: 4 :: ^ :: 4 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
 : list (list nat)
```

Compute (*tiling_nm* 4 4 *boundary44b*).

```
 = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (4 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 5 :: # :: 5 :: # :: 5 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (3 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 5 :: # :: 5 :: # :: 5 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (3 :: # :: 3 :: # :: 3 :: # :: 5 :: # :: 5 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
:: (4 :: # :: 4 :: # :: 4 :: # :: 5 :: # :: 5 :: nil)
:: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 5 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 5 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
 : list (list nat)
```

```
Compute (tiling_nm 4 4 boundary44c).

     = (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (2 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (3 :: # :: 0 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 0 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (3 :: # :: 3 :: # :: 3 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 0 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 2 :: ^ :: nil)
    :: (2 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 2 :: # :: 1 :: # :: 1 :: nil)
    :: (^ :: 2 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: 1 :: ^ :: nil) :: nil
     : list (list nat)
```

1.6 Export to Mathematica

You can export the tiling results to Mathematica (Use `/Mathematica/Tiling.nb`).
If you input like `Compute (tiling_nm2 n m b).`, then you will get the output `Tiling[...]`, and if you input this in `Tiling.nb`, you will see the figure of tiling.

```
Definition null_list {A : Type} (l m : list A) : Prop.
Proof.
apply True.
Qed.
Notation "{ x }" := (cons x nil).
Notation "{ x , .. , y }" := (cons x .. (cons y nil) ..).
Notation "Tiling[ l , m ]" := (null_list l m).
Fixpoint e_list_n (f : nat → nat)(n : nat) :=
 match n with
   | 0 ⇒ nil
   | S i ⇒ (e_list_n f i) ++ {f (S i)}
 end.
Fixpoint e_list (e : edge)(n m : nat) :=
 match n with
   | 0 ⇒ {e_list_n (e 0) m}
   | S i ⇒ (e_list e i m) ++ {e_list_n (e (S i)) m}
 end.
Fixpoint e'_list_n (f : nat → nat)(n : nat) :=
 match n with
   | 0 ⇒ {f 0}
   | S i ⇒ (e'_list_n f i) ++ {f (S i)}
 end.
Fixpoint e'_list (e : edge)(n m : nat) :=
 match n with
```

```
  | 0 ⇒ nil
  | S i ⇒ (e'_list e i m) ++ {e'_list_n (e (S i)) m}
 end.
Definition tiling_nm2 (n m : nat)(b : boundary) :=
 Tiling[e_list (e_nm n m b) n m, e'_list (e'_nm n m b) n m].

Compute (tiling_nm2 4 4 (fun i j ⇒ match j with 0 ⇒ match i with 2 | 3 ⇒ 3 | _ ⇒ 4 end
| 1 ⇒ 2 | 3 ⇒ 1 | _ ⇒ match i with 0 ⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 5 end end)).
```

You can remove = and : Prop.

```
Ltac print := compute; match goal with ⊢ ?x ⇒ idtac x end.
Goal (tiling_nm2 4 4 (fun i j ⇒ match j with 0 ⇒ match i with 2 | 3 ⇒ 3 | _ ⇒ 2 end | 1
⇒ 2 | 3 ⇒ 1 | _ ⇒ match i with 0 ⇒ 0 | _ ⇒ 1 end end)).
print.
Abort.
```

1.7 Export to OCaml

```
Extraction "TilingProgram.ml" tiling_nm boundary22a boundary22b boundary22c boundary44a boundary44b boundary44c.
```