

Turbulence phenomenology

The Gioia way.

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Velocity component at s scale

$$u_s^2 = \int_0^s E(\sigma) \sigma^{-2} d\sigma = \int_{1/s}^{\infty} E(k) dk.$$

with $E(\sigma) \sim \varepsilon^{2/3} \sigma^{5/3} \mathbf{c}_d(\eta/\sigma) \mathbf{c}_e(R/\sigma)$ and $E(k) \sim \varepsilon^{2/3} k^{-5/3} \mathbf{c}_d(\eta k) \mathbf{c}_e(Rk)$ ¹.

$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{c}_d(x) = \exp(-\beta_d x) \\ \mathbf{c}_e(x) = (1 + \beta_e x^{-2})^{-17/6} \end{cases}.$$

\mathbf{c}_d 形式来自 Gioia 等(2006), \mathbf{c}_e 的选取来自 von Kármán. 在惯性区 $\eta \ll s \ll R$, 两个修正项均为 1.

¹Note: Gioia 等(2006) 中使用 $\mathbf{c}_e(\sigma/R)$ 形式, 注意到 $R/\sigma = Rk$, 为了 \mathbf{c}_e 的统一形式将其定义为 $\mathbf{c}_e(R/\sigma)$.



The uniform form of velocity u_s

Let $\xi = sk = s/\sigma$, rewrite u_s in a uniform form:

$$u_s \sim (\varepsilon s)^{1/3} \left[\int_1^\infty \xi^{-5/3} \mathbf{c}_d \left(\frac{\eta}{s} \xi \right) \mathbf{c}_e \left(\frac{R}{s} \xi \right) d\xi \right]^{1/2}.$$

Takeaway msg

- $u_s \sim (\varepsilon s)^{1/3}$ in inertial range ($\eta \ll s \ll R$).
- 提取涡体 (尺度为 s) 特征速度 u_s 的问题转化为修正函数 \mathcal{I} 的讨论,
 $\mathcal{I}(\eta/s, R/s) = \int_1^\infty \xi^{-5/3} \mathbf{c}_d \left(\frac{\eta}{s} \xi \right) \mathbf{c}_e \left(\frac{R}{s} \xi \right) d\xi.$



The phenomenology big picture

- Energy cascade

$$u_s^3/s \sim u_R^3/R.$$

– With $\varepsilon \sim u_R^3/R$, $\eta = (\nu^3/\varepsilon)^{1/4} \sim R \cdot Re^{-3/4}$.

- Local wall shear stress model

$$\tau \sim \rho v_t v_n \sim \rho V u_s.$$

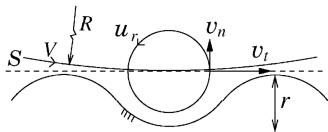




图 1: Schematic of the dominant eddies at immediate vicinity of wall (Gioia 等, 2001).



参考文献 I

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