## From Simply Typed *λ*-Calculus to a Bidirectional Variant

A synthesised type can be used to check against a give type

$$\frac{(x:A) \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x:^{\Rightarrow} A} \text{VAR}^{\Rightarrow} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t:^{\Leftarrow} A}{\Gamma \vdash (t \circ A):^{\Rightarrow} A} \text{ANNO}^{\Rightarrow} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t:^{\Rightarrow} B}{\Gamma \vdash t:^{\Leftarrow} A} \text{SUB}^{\Leftarrow}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash t :^{\leftarrow} B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x . t :^{\leftarrow} A \supset B} ABS^{\leftarrow} \frac{\Gamma \vdash t :^{\Rightarrow} A \supset B}{\Gamma \vdash t u :^{\Rightarrow} B} \stackrel{\Gamma \vdash u :^{\leftarrow} A}{\rightarrow} APP^{\Rightarrow}$$

## Bidirectional Typing Judgements

$$\Gamma \vdash t : = A$$

 $\Gamma$ , t, and A are all inputs

$$\Gamma \vdash t \stackrel{\Rightarrow}{:} A$$

 $\Gamma$  and t are inputs and A is the output