

Turbo Button colan



Contents

- Startup Performance
 - Lazy Loading and Preloading
 - (Manual) Build Analyzing & Optimization
- Runtime Performance
 - Data Binding with ChangeDetection.OnPush



Lazy Loading

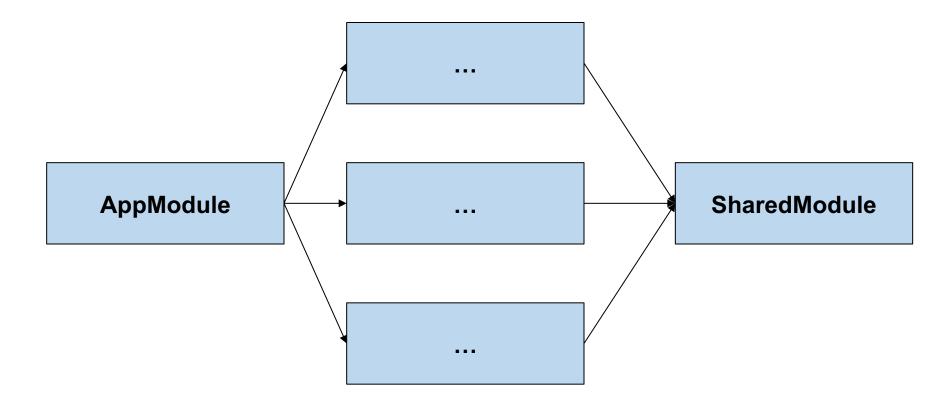


Why Lazy Loading?

• Improve initial load time (performance → very important!)



Module Structure



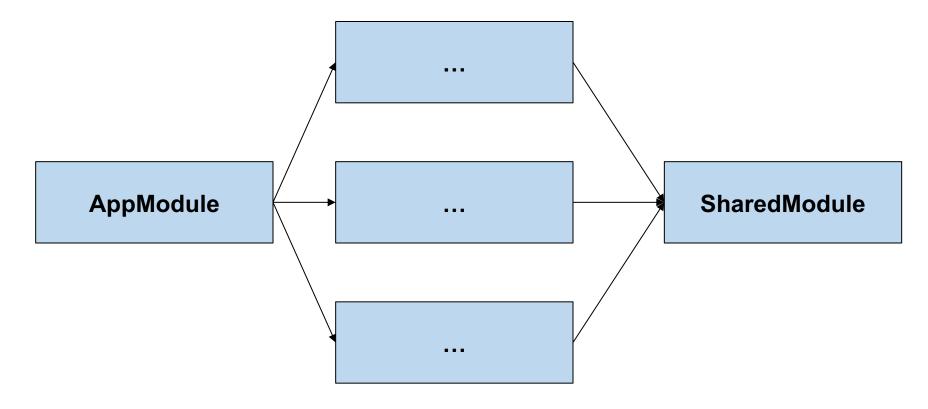
Root Module

Feature Modules

Shared Module



Lazy Loading



Root Module

Feature Modules

Shared Module



Root Module with Lazy Loading

Routes for "lazy" Feature Module



Routes for "lazy" Feature Module

flight-booking/flight-search

Triggers Lazy Loading w/ loadChildren



DEMO



Lazy Loading

• Lazy Loading means: Load it later, after startup

Better initial load performance

But: Delay during execution for loading on demand





Preloading

Idea

 Once the initial load (the important one) is complete load the lazy loaded modules (before they are even used)

• Once the module will come into use it's immediately accessable



Activate Preloading

DEMO



Intelligent Preloading with ngx-quicklink

```
imports: [
    [...]
    QuicklinkModule,
    RouterModule.forRoot(
         ROUTE_CONFIG,
         { preloadingStrategy: QuicklinkStrategy }
    );
]
...
```

https://web.dev/route-preloading-in-angular/
https://www.npmjs.com/package/ngx-quicklink



Or CustomPreloadingStrategy



LAB



Ahead of Time (AOT) Compilation



Advantages of AOT

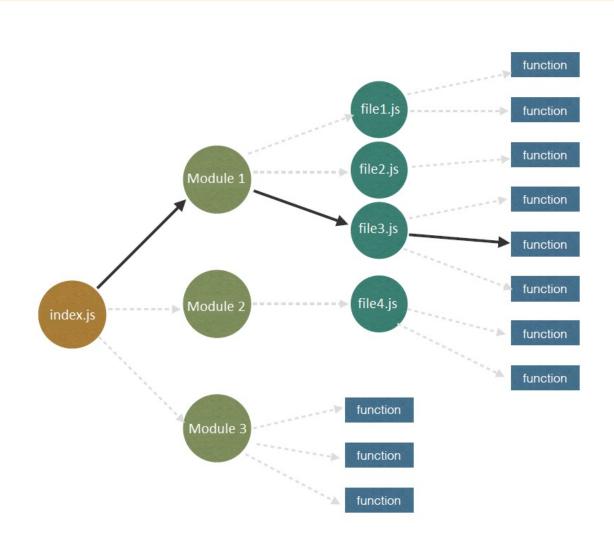
- Ivy makes AOT the default ©
 - Default for apps since NG 10
 - Default for libs default since NG 12
- Tools (e.g. Webpack) can easier analyse the code

- Smaller bundles → better Startup-Performance
 - You don't need to include the compiler!
 - Tree Shaking: Remove unused parts of framework & libs



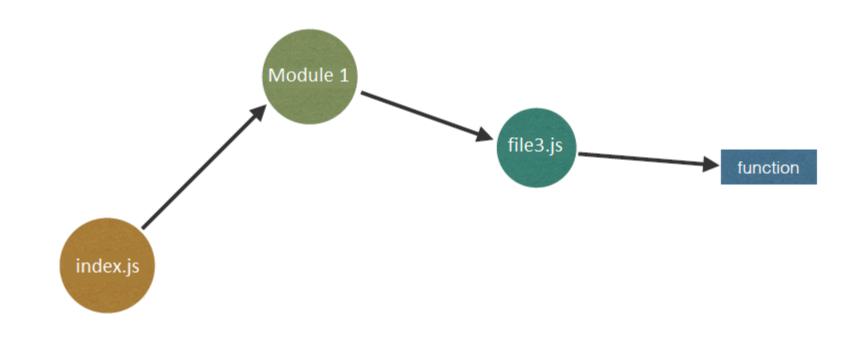
Tree Shaking

Before Tree Shaking



Tree Shaking

After Tree Shaking





Webpack Bundle Analyzer



vendor.978ac3ef762178ef4aa8.b

node_modules

JIT Compiler

@angular

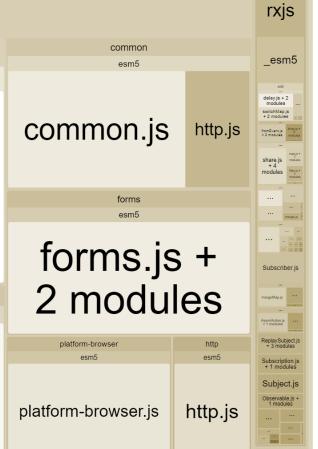
platform-browser-dynamic esm5

platform-browser-dynamic.js + 1 modules

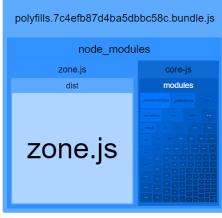


router.js + 23 modules

router







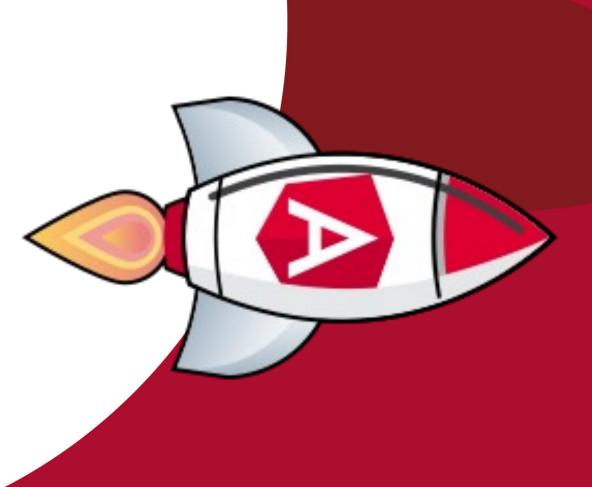




DEMO

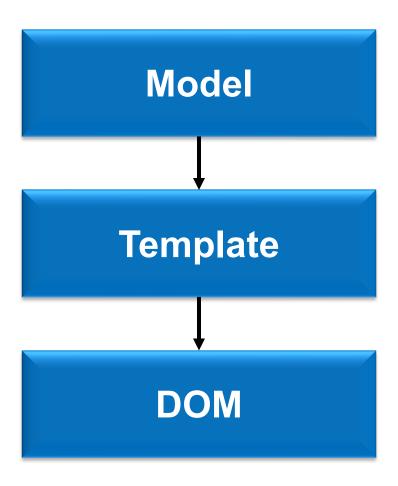


Change Detection in Angular





DOM Rendering





Change Detection

• 1.) User or App changes the model (e.g. @Input() Binding)

• 2.) NG CD checks for every component (from root to leaves) if the corresponding component model has changes and thus its view (DOM) needs to be updated

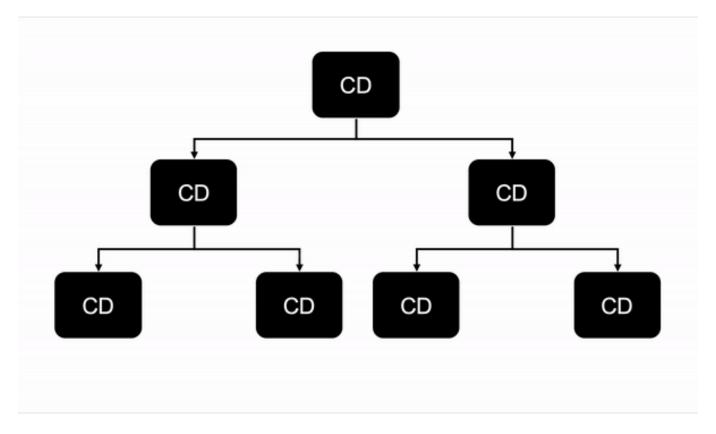
• 3.) If yes then update / rerender the component's view (DOM)



DEMO



Change Detection – From Root To Leaves



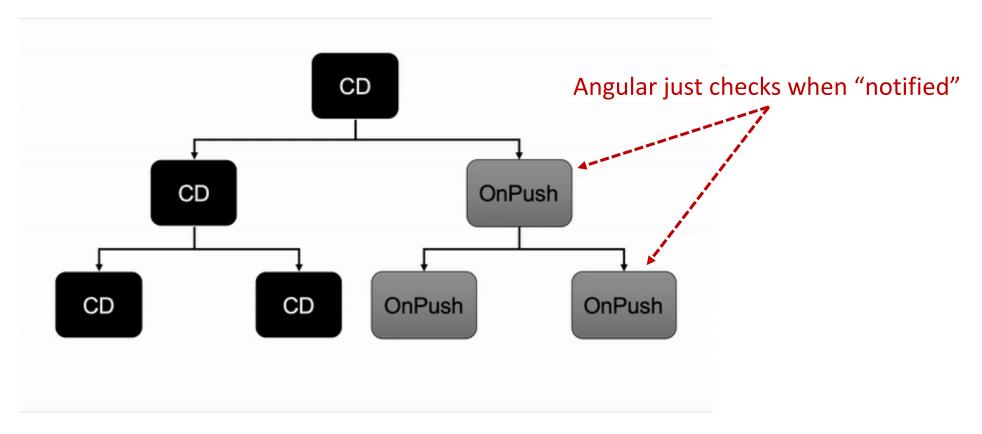
https://mokkapps.de/blog/the-last-guide-for-angular-change-detection-you-will-ever-need/





Performance-Tuning with OnPush

Change Detection – OnPush Strategy



https://mokkapps.de/blog/the-last-guide-for-angular-change-detection-you-will-ever-need/



"Notify" about change?

- Change bound data (@Input)
 - OnPush: Angular just compares the object reference!
 - e. g. oldFlight !== newFlight (BTW: like ngOnChanges)
- Raise event within the component and its children (e.g. @Output)
- Emit in a bound observable into the async pipe
 - {{ flights\$ | async }}
- Do it manually (cdr.markForCheck())
 - Don't do this at home ;-)
 - Try to avoid this but there are reasonable cases



Activate OnPush Strategy



DEMO



LAB



Conclusion

Quick Wins

Lazy Loading & Preloading

Build
Optimization &
Treeshaking

OnPush w/
Immutables and
Observables



For a performance deep dive Check out my special workshop

https://www.angulararchitects.io/schulungen/angular-performance-workshop/

