

2el

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 3.984375 \times 10^{-1} + (3.4375 \times 10^{-1} + 1.771 \times 10^3)$$

$$\begin{cases} 3.984375 \times 10^{-1} = 0.3984375 \times 10^0 = 0.011011 = 1.1011 \times 2^{-2} \\ 3.4375 \times 10^{-1} = 0.14375 \times 10^0 = 0.01011 = 1.011 \times 2^{-2} \\ 1.771 \times 10^3 = 1771 = 11011101011 = 1.1011101011 \times 2^{10} \end{cases}$$

$$0.3984375 + 1771 = 11011101011$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.01011 \\ \hline 11011101011.01011 \end{array}$$

Round up.  
11011101011

$$3.984375 \times 10^{-1} + (3.4375 \times 10^{-1} + 1.771 \times 10^3) = 11011101011.01011$$

$$11011101011 \rightarrow 1771.$$

$$2 \rightarrow 10$$

round up

So the answer of this question  
is 1771.

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{the bit pattern of } -\frac{1}{4} \text{ is } 0.01 = 1 \times 2^{-2}.$$

$$-2 + 127 = 125$$

Exponent bias = sign + exponent + fraction

Floating Point (1 bit) (8 bit) (23 bit) = 32 bit.

converter

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ -1 & 2^{-2} & 1.0 \\ (1) & (125) & (0) \end{array}$$

Exponent bias =  
Floating Point  
prime

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \quad 0111101 \quad 000000000000000000000000 \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ 1 \quad 125 \quad 23 \rightarrow 0. \text{ all } 0. \end{array}$$

~~add  $-\frac{1}{4}$  to itself four time?  $-\frac{1}{4} + -\frac{1}{4} + -\frac{1}{4} + -\frac{1}{4}$  like that?~~

0 or  $-\frac{1}{4} + -\frac{1}{4} + -\frac{1}{4} + -\frac{1}{4} = -1$

~~$-\frac{1}{4} \times 4 = -1$~~  if it is the type of adding to itself will be same.

but if add itself is type 0 they will be same.

for 1. the Floating Point Converter = 01 0111111 00000000000000000000

~~for  $\frac{5}{4}$  the Floating Point Converter = 1 0111111 01000000000000000000~~

3. ~~Register Read + Mem + sign extend + Mux + Register Read + Mux + ALU + Mux + Register Read~~

R  
Read + Mem + File + Mux + ALU + Mux + setup  
=  $30 + 250 + 150 + 25 + 200 + 25 + 20$   
= 700 Ps

Id  
Read + Mem + File + Mux + ALU + Mem + Mux + setup  
=  $30 + 250 + 150 + 25 + 200 + 250 + 25 + 20$   
= 900 Ps

sd.  
Read + Mem + File + ALU + Mux + Mem  
=  $30 + 250 + 150 + 200 + 25 + 250$   
= ~~900~~ 905 Ps

beg  
Read + Mem + Adder + Mux + ALU + single gate + Mux + setup  
=  $30 + 250 + 150 + 25 + 200 + 1 + 25 + 20$   
= 701 Ps

Lee

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Read} + \text{Mem} + \text{File} + \text{Max} + \text{ALU} + \text{Mux} + \text{Icmp} \\ & = 30 + 250 + 150 + 25 + 200 + 25 + 20 \\ & = 700 \text{Ps} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{R-type} & 700 \text{Ps} \\ \text{ld} & 950 \text{Ps} \\ \text{sd} & 905 \text{Ps} \\ \text{beq} & 705 \text{Ps} \\ \text{I} & 700 \text{Ps} \end{cases}$$

because the longest delay determines clock period so for this CPU

950 Ps is the minimum clock period

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$$\begin{cases} \text{R-type / I-type} & 12\% \\ \text{ld} & 25\% \\ \text{sd} & 11\% \\ \text{beq} & 12\% \end{cases}$$

$$\text{R / I} = 700 \cdot 12\% = 84 \text{Ps}$$

$$\text{ld} = 950 \cdot 25\% = 237.5 \text{Ps}$$

$$\text{sd} = 905 \cdot 11\% = 99.55 \text{Ps}$$

$$\text{beq} = 705 \cdot 12\% = 84.6 \text{Ps}$$

$$\text{new CPU clock period} = 84 + 237.5 + 99.55 + 84.6 = 785.65 \text{Ps}$$

$$\text{speedup} = \frac{950}{785.65} = 1.20918984 \approx 1.21$$