

UNIVERSITY OF MALAYA

EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF DATA SCIENCE

ACADEMIC SESSION 2019/2020 : SEMESTER II

WQD7005 : Data Mining

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Matric Number: 17021682

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

Answer **ALL** questions (50 marks).

(This question paper consists of 5 questions on 3 printed pages)

Mini-assignment (50 marks)

Instructions: Work individually, submission via Spectrum.

- You are required to make a user-agent that will crawl the WWW (your familiar domain) to produce dataset of a particular website.
 - the web site can be as simple as a list of webpages and what other pages they link to
 - the output does not need to be in XHTML (or HTML) form
a multi-stage approach (e.g. produce the xhtml or html in csv format)

Answer:

Scrape the following date from WWW using the library and code as below:

→ refer to video presentation <https://youtu.be/lqMMceTyH5A> for better understanding or refer to the presentation slide at github <https://github.com/L-venLewTeckWei/Final-Exam-Q1-and-Q2-Lew-Teck-Wei-17021682>

MBB		CIMB		RHB	
		date	close	date	close
0	2020-03-09	8.239999771118164	0	2020-03-09	4.199999809265137
1	2020-03-06	8.5	1	2020-03-06	4.440000057220459
2	2020-03-05	8.529999732971191	2	2020-03-05	4.5
3	2020-03-04	8.470000267028809	3	2020-03-04	4.539999961853027
4	2020-03-03	8.40999984741211	4	2020-03-03	4.5
...
1237	2015-03-16	9.09000015258789	1238	2015-03-16	5.909999847412109
1238	2015-03-13	9.100000381469727	1239	2015-03-13	5.920000076293945
1239	2015-03-12	9.119999885559082	1240	2015-03-12	5.849999904632568
1240	2015-03-11	9.09000015258789	1241	2015-03-11	5.800000190734863
1241	2015-03-10	9.229999542236328	1242	2015-03-10	5.949999809265137
[1242 rows x 2 columns]		[1243 rows x 2 columns]		[1243 rows x 2 columns]	
KLCI		DJI		SNP	
		date	close	date	close
0	2020-03-09	1424.1600341796875	0	2020-03-09	23851.01953125
1	2020-03-06	1483.0999755859375	1	2020-03-06	25864.779296875
2	2020-03-05	1491.030029296875	2	2020-03-05	26121.279296875
3	2020-03-04	1489.949951171875	3	2020-03-04	27090.859375
4	2020-03-03	1478.6400146484375	4	2020-03-03	25917.41015625
...
1221	2015-03-16	1780.5400390625	1224	2015-03-16	17977.419921875
1222	2015-03-13	1781.75	1225	2015-03-13	17749.310546875
1223	2015-03-12	1786.8699951171875	1226	2015-03-12	17895.220703125
1224	2015-03-11	1778.1600341796875	1227	2015-03-11	17635.390625
1225	2015-03-10	1789.72998046875	1228	2015-03-10	17662.939453125
[1226 rows x 2 columns]		[1259 rows x 2 columns]		[1259 rows x 2 columns]	

Step 1 : Data Scraping – crawl the trading date and closing price of the following Index and Stocks

- Maybank –MBB
- RHB
- KLCI – Kuala Lumpur Composite Index
- DJI – Dow Jone Index
- SNP - S&P 500 Index

```
import requests
import bs4
import json
import datetime
import pandas as pd
page = requests.get("https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/MBBM.KL/history?period1=1425945600&period2=1583798400&interval=1d&filter=history")

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, 'html.parser')
#print(soup.prettify())

listScript = soup.find_all("script")
for script in listScript:
    txtScript = script.string
    if type(txtScript) is bs4.element.NavigableString and txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore') != -1:
        MBB = pd.DataFrame(columns=['date','close'])
        txtInfo = txtScript[txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore'):txtScript.find('}'),"isPending":false,"firstTradeDate":'}]
        txtInfo = "{\"" + txtInfo + "}"}
        objJson = json.loads(txtInfo)
        for price in objJson['HistoricalPriceStore']['prices']:
            txtDate = ""
            txtClose = ""
            for attr,val in price.items():
                if attr == "date" and val != None:
                    txtDate = datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(val).strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
                if attr == "close" and val != None:
                    txtClose = str(val)
            if txtDate != "" and txtClose != "":
                MBB = MBB.append({"date":txtDate, "close":txtClose}, ignore_index=True)
print(MBB)
```



```
import requests
import bs4
import json
import datetime
import pandas as pd
page = requests.get("https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/COMM.KL/history?period1=1425945600&period2=1583798400&interval=1d&filter=history")

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, 'html.parser')
#print(soup.prettify())

listScript = soup.find_all("script")
for script in listScript:
    txtScript = script.string
    if type(txtScript) is bs4.element.NavigableString and txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore') != -1:
        CIMB = pd.DataFrame(columns=['date','close'])
        txtInfo = txtScript[txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore'):txtScript.find('}'),"isPending":false,"firstTradeDate":'}]
        txtInfo = "{\"" + txtInfo + "}"}
        objJson = json.loads(txtInfo)
        for price in objJson['HistoricalPriceStore']['prices']:
            txtDate = ""
            txtClose = ""
            for attr,val in price.items():
                if attr == "date" and val != None:
                    txtDate = datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(val).strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
                if attr == "close" and val != None:
                    txtClose = str(val)
            if txtDate != "" and txtClose != "":
                CIMB = CIMB.append({"date":txtDate, "close":txtClose}, ignore_index=True)
print(CIMB)

CIMB.to_csv(r"C:/Users/L-ven Lew/Desktop/UM/Semester 4 UM/WQD 7005 Data Mining/Final Exam/Final Question 1/CIMB.csv", index=False)
```

```

import requests
import bs4
import json
import datetime
import pandas as pd
page = requests.get("https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/RHBC.KL/history?period1=1425945600&period2=1583798400&interval=1d&filter=g")
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, 'html.parser')
#print(soup.prettify())

listScript = soup.find_all("script")
for script in listScript:
    txtScript = script.string
    if type(txtScript) is bs4.element.NavigableString and txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore') != -1:
        RHB = pd.DataFrame(columns=['date','close'])
        txtInfo = txtScript[txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore'):txtScript.find('}')],"isPending":false,"firstTradeDate":}]
        txtInfo = "{" + txtInfo + "}"
        objJson = json.loads(txtInfo)
        for price in objJson['HistoricalPriceStore']['prices']:
            txtDate = ""
            txtClose = ""
            for attr, val in price.items():
                if attr == "date" and val != None:
                    txtDate = datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(val).strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
                if attr == "close" and val != None:
                    txtClose = str(val)
            if txtDate != "" and txtClose != "":
                RHB = RHB.append({"date":txtDate, "close":txtClose}, ignore_index=True)
print(RHB)

RHB.to_csv(r"C:/Users/L-ven Lew/Desktop/UM/Semester 4 UM/WQD 7005 Data Mining/Final Exam/Final Exam Question 1/RHB.csv",index=False)
page = requests.get("https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/%5EKLSE%3FP%3D%5EKLSE/history?period1=1425945600&period2=1583798400&interval=1d&filter=g")
page.status_code

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, 'html.parser')
#print(soup.prettify())

listScript = soup.find_all("script")
for script in listScript:
    txtScript = script.string
    if type(txtScript) is bs4.element.NavigableString and txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore') != -1:
        KLCI = pd.DataFrame(columns=['date','close'])
        txtInfo = txtScript[txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore'):txtScript.find('}')],"isPending":false,"firstTradeDate":}]
        txtInfo = "{" + txtInfo + "}"
        objJson = json.loads(txtInfo)
        for price in objJson['HistoricalPriceStore']['prices']:
            txtDate = ""
            txtClose = ""
            for attr, val in price.items():
                if attr == "date" and val != None:
                    txtDate = datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(val).strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
                if attr == "close" and val != None:
                    txtClose = str(val)
            if txtDate != "" and txtClose != "":
                KLCI = KLCI.append({"date":txtDate, "close":txtClose}, ignore_index=True)
print(KLCI)

KLCI.to_csv(r'C:/Users/L-ven Lew/Desktop/UM/Semester 4 UM/WQD 7005 Data Mining/Final Exam/Final Exam Question 1/KLCI3.csv',index=False)

```

WQD7005

```
import requests
import bs4
import json
import datetime
import pandas as pd
page = requests.get("https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/%5EDJI/history?period1=1425945600&period2=1583798400&interval=1d&filter=historical&includeAdjustedClose=true")
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, 'html.parser')
#print(soup.prettify())

listScript = soup.find_all("script")
for script in listScript:
    txtScript = script.string
    if type(txtScript) is bs4.element.NavigableString and txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore') != -1:
        DJI = pd.DataFrame(columns=['date','close'])
        txtInfo = txtScript[txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore'):txtScript.find('}'),"isPending":false,"firstTradeDate":}]
        txtInfo = "{\"" + txtInfo + "}"}
        objJson = json.loads(txtInfo)
        for price in objJson['HistoricalPriceStore']['prices']:
            txtDate = ""
            txtClose = ""
            for attr,val in price.items():
                if attr == "date" and val != None:
                    txtDate = datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(val).strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
                if attr == "close" and val != None:
                    txtClose = str(val)
            if txtDate != "" and txtClose != "":
                DJI.append({"date":txtDate, "close":txtClose}, ignore_index=True)
print(DJI)

DJI.to_csv(r"C:/Users/L-ven Lew/Desktop/UM/Semester 4 UM/WQD 7005 Data Mining/Final Exam/Final Exam Question 1/DJI.csv",index=False)

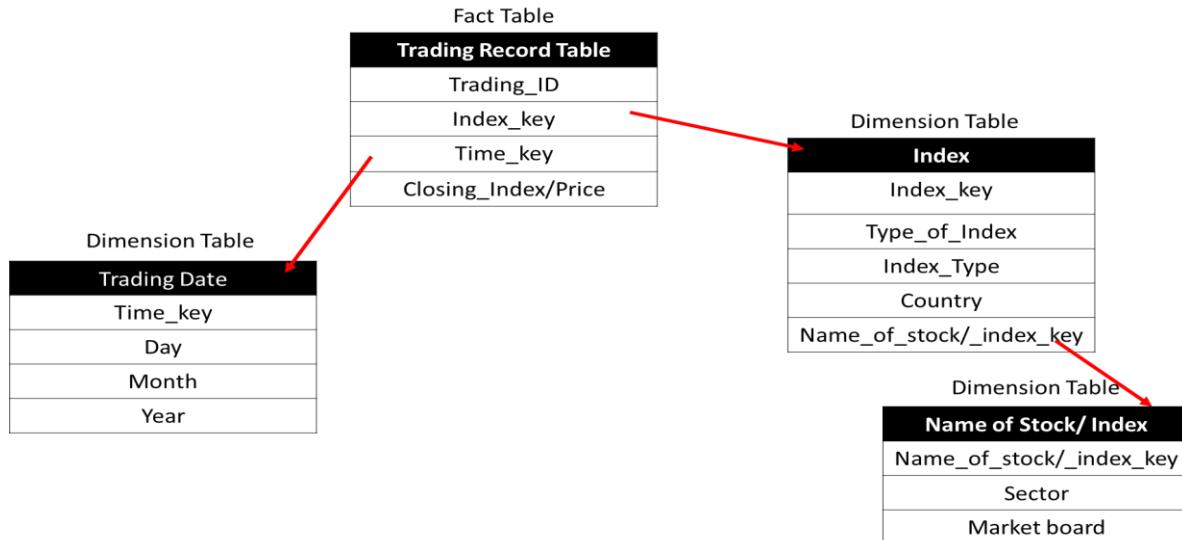
import requests
import bs4
import json
import datetime
import pandas as pd
page = requests.get("https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/%5EGSPC/history?period1=1425945600&period2=1583798400&interval=1d&filter=historical&includeAdjustedClose=true")
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, 'html.parser')
#print(soup.prettify())

listScript = soup.find_all("script")
for script in listScript:
    txtScript = script.string
    if type(txtScript) is bs4.element.NavigableString and txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore') != -1:
        SNP = pd.DataFrame(columns=['date','close'])
        txtInfo = txtScript[txtScript.find('HistoricalPriceStore'):txtScript.find('}'),"isPending":false,"firstTradeDate":}]
        txtInfo = "{\"" + txtInfo + "}"}
        objJson = json.loads(txtInfo)
        for price in objJson['HistoricalPriceStore']['prices']:
            txtDate = ""
            txtClose = ""
            for attr,val in price.items():
                if attr == "date" and val != None:
                    txtDate = datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(val).strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
                if attr == "close" and val != None:
                    txtClose = str(val)
            if txtDate != "" and txtClose != "":
                SNP.append({"date":txtDate, "close":txtClose}, ignore_index=True)
print(SNP)

SNP.to_csv(r"C:/Users/L-ven Lew/Desktop/UM/Semester 4 UM/WQD 7005 Data Mining/Final Exam/Final Exam Question 1/SNP.csv",index=False)
```

(10 marks)

2. Draw snowflake schema diagram for the above dataset. Justify your attributes to be selected in the respective dimensions.



Index and Name of Stock/ Index dimension

Index dimension table contains Type_of_Index, Index_Type, Country and Name_of_stock/_index_key, the reason that I selected the attributes is because if I read the attributes (dataset) from this schema, only these attributes will be read, I will have a glance of what type_of_index, Index_type, Country and Name_of_stock/_index being stored in this disk. Sector and Market Board attribute are not important attribute to be read so I store it in a separate dimension namely Name of Stock/ Index dimension with the given key to retrieve the data only when it needed. In addition, it requires low disk storage and it will be faster when it is queried.

Trading Date Dimension

Trading date dimension store the day, month and year data. The reason is to ensure data storage and integrity issue when the format of the date is changed, one the date format is changed in this dimension, trading date will be consistent / standardized across all the reads.

Submissions:

Sample of SQL queries

```
# SELECT Index.Trading_ID, Type_of_Index, Country, Name of stock/ index
#   from Index_key.Index
#   join Name of stock/ index
#     on Name_of_stock/_index_key.Trading_ID = Index.Trading_ID limit 3;
```

```
DF[['Trading_Date', 'Type_of_Index', 'Country', 'Name of Stock/ Index', 'Sector', 'Market board']].head(3)
```

	Trading_Date	Type_of_Index	Country	Name of Stock/ Index	Sector	Market board
0	2020-03-09	Malaysia Stock	MY	MBB	Financial	Main Board
1	2020-03-06	Malaysia Stock	MY	MBB	Financial	Main Board
2	2020-03-05	Malaysia Stock	MY	MBB	Financial	Main Board

```
# SELECT index.Trading_ID, Type_of_Index, Country
#   from Index_key.index
#   join Name of Stock/ Index where Market board = "Main Board"
#     on Name_of_stock/_index_key.Trading_ID = index.Trading_ID limit 3;
```

```
DF[DF['Market board']== 'Main Board']
```

	Trading_Date	Closing_Index/Price	Type_of_Index	Sector	Market board	Month_Year	Name of Stock/ Index	Monthly_Average	Country	Index_Type
0	2020-03-09	8.24000	Malaysia Stock	Financial	Main Board	2020-03	MBB	8.423333	MY	Stock
1	2020-03-06	8.50000	Malaysia Stock	Financial	Main Board	2020-03	MBB	8.423333	MY	Stock
2	2020-03-05	8.53000	Malaysia Stock	Financial	Main Board	2020-03	MBB	8.423333	MY	Stock

3. You are required to write code to create a decision tree (DT) model using the above dataset (Question 1). In order to achieve the task, you are going to cover the following steps:

You may refer to video presentation <https://youtu.be/VIT2MEbIMK8> (video 1) and <https://youtu.be/ar-cHPhOyow> (video 2) for better understanding or refer to the presentation slide at github

- Importing required libraries

```
# Load libraries
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier # Import Decision Tree Classifier
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split # Import train_test_split function
from sklearn import metrics
```

● Loading Data

- i. Perform the code below to create a feature for the Change of price/ index for the stocks and index as follows:

a. Maybank –MBB

b. RHB

c. KLCI – Kuala Lumpur Composite Index

d. DJI – Dow Jone Index

e. SNP - S&P 500 Index

```
MBB1 = MBB.iloc[:, 0:2]
CIMB1= CIMB.iloc[:, 0:2]
RHB1 = RHB.iloc[:, 0:2]
KLCI1 = KLCI.iloc[:, 0:2]
DJI1 = DJI.iloc[:, 0:2]
SNP1 = SNP.iloc[:, 0:2]

for i in range(1, len(MBB1)):
    MBB1.loc[i, 'Change'] = MBB1.loc[i-1, 'close'] - MBB1.loc[i, 'close']
print(MBB1)

for i in range(1, len(CIMB1)):
    CIMB1.loc[i, 'Change'] = CIMB1.loc[i-1, 'close'] - CIMB1.loc[i, 'close']
print(CIMB1)

for i in range(1, len(RHB1)):
    RHB1.loc[i, 'Change'] = RHB1.loc[i-1, 'close'] - RHB1.loc[i, 'close']
print(RHB1)

for i in range(1, len(KLCI1)):
    KLCI1.loc[i, 'Change'] = KLCI1.loc[i-1, 'close'] - KLCI1.loc[i, 'close']
print(KLCI1)

for i in range(1, len(DJI1)):
    DJI1.loc[i, 'Change'] = DJI1.loc[i-1, 'close'] - DJI1.loc[i, 'close']
print(DJI1)

for i in range(1, len(SNP1)):
    SNP1.loc[i, 'Change'] = SNP1.loc[i-1, 'close'] - SNP1.loc[i, 'close']
print(SNP1)
```

MBB	date	close	Change
0	2020-03-09	8.24	NaN
1	2020-03-06	8.50	-0.260000
2	2020-03-05	8.53	-0.030000
3	2020-03-04	8.47	0.059999
4	2020-03-03	8.41	0.060000
...
1237	2015-03-16	9.09	0.070000
1238	2015-03-13	9.10	-0.010000
1239	2015-03-12	9.12	-0.020000
1240	2015-03-11	9.09	0.030000
1241	2015-03-10	9.23	-0.139999

CIMB	date	close	Change
0	2020-03-09	4.20	NaN
1	2020-03-06	4.44	-0.24
2	2020-03-05	4.50	-0.06
3	2020-03-04	4.54	-0.04
4	2020-03-03	4.50	0.04
...
1238	2015-03-16	5.91	0.05
1239	2015-03-13	5.92	-0.01
1240	2015-03-12	5.85	0.07
1241	2015-03-11	5.80	0.05
1242	2015-03-10	5.95	-0.15

RHB	date	close	Change
0	2020-03-09	4.20	NaN
1	2020-03-06	4.44	-0.24
2	2020-03-05	4.50	-0.06
3	2020-03-04	4.54	-0.04
4	2020-03-03	4.50	0.04
...
1238	2015-03-16	5.91	0.05
1239	2015-03-13	5.92	-0.01
1240	2015-03-12	5.85	0.07
1241	2015-03-11	5.80	0.05
1242	2015-03-10	5.95	-0.15

[1243 rows x 3 columns]

KLCI	date	close	Change
0	2020-03-09	1424.160034	NaN
1	2020-03-06	1483.099976	-58.939941
2	2020-03-05	1491.030029	-7.930054
3	2020-03-04	1489.949951	1.080078
4	2020-03-03	1478.640015	11.309937
...
1221	2015-03-16	1780.540039	7.329956
1222	2015-03-13	1781.750000	-1.209961
1223	2015-03-12	1786.869995	-5.119995
1224	2015-03-11	1778.160034	8.709961
1225	2015-03-10	1789.729980	-11.569946

[1226 rows x 3 columns]

DJI	date	close	Change
0	2020-03-09	23851.019531	NaN
1	2020-03-06	25864.779297	-2013.759766
2	2020-03-05	26121.279297	-256.500000
3	2020-03-04	27090.859375	-969.580078
4	2020-03-03	25917.410156	1173.449219
...
1254	2015-03-16	17977.419922	-128.339844
1255	2015-03-13	17749.310547	228.109375
1256	2015-03-12	17895.220703	-145.910156
1257	2015-03-11	17635.390625	259.830078
1258	2015-03-10	17662.939453	-27.548828

[1259 rows x 3 columns]

SNP	date	close	Change
0	2020-03-09	2746.560059	NaN
1	2020-03-06	2972.370117	-225.810059
2	2020-03-05	3023.939941	-51.569824
3	2020-03-04	3130.120117	-106.180176
4	2020-03-03	3003.370117	126.750000
...
1254	2015-03-16	2081.189941	-6.909912
1255	2015-03-13	2053.399902	27.790039
1256	2015-03-12	2065.949951	-12.550049
1257	2015-03-11	2040.239990	25.709961
1258	2015-03-10	2044.160034	-3.920044

[1259 rows x 3 columns]



Step 2 : Loading the dataset (Continued from previous slide)

- ii. Perform the following code to create a “ movement” column. The value of the features as follows:

- a. No Change
- b. Rise
- c. Drop

```
def f(row):
    if row['Change'] > 0:
        val = 'Rise'
    elif row['Change'] < 0:
        val = 'Drop'
    else:
        val = 'No Change'
    return val

MBB1['MBB_Movement'] = MBB1.apply(f, axis=1)
CIMB1['CIMB1_Movement'] = CIMB1.apply(f, axis=1)
RHB1['RHB1_Movement'] = RHB1.apply(f, axis=1)
KLCI1['KLCI1_Movement'] = KLCI1.apply(f, axis=1)
DJII1['DJII1_Movement'] = DJII1.apply(f, axis=1)
SNP1['SNP1_Movement'] = SNP1.apply(f, axis=1)
```

MBB	date	close	Change	MBB_Movement	KLCI	date	close	Change	KLCI1_Movement
0	2020-03-09	8.24	NaN	No Change	0	2020-03-09	1424.160034	NaN	No Change
1	2020-03-06	8.50	-0.260000	Drop	1	2020-03-06	1483.099976	-58.939941	Drop
2	2020-03-05	8.53	-0.030000	Drop	2	2020-03-05	1491.030029	-7.930054	Drop
3	2020-03-04	8.47	0.059999	Rise	3	2020-03-04	1489.949951	1.080078	Rise
4	2020-03-03	8.41	0.060000	Rise	4	2020-03-03	1478.640015	11.309937	Rise
...
1237	2015-03-16	9.09	0.070000	Rise	1221	2015-03-16	1780.540039	7.329956	Rise
1238	2015-03-13	9.10	-0.010000	Drop	1222	2015-03-13	1781.750000	-1.209961	Drop
1239	2015-03-12	9.12	-0.020000	Drop	1223	2015-03-12	1786.869995	-5.119995	Drop
1240	2015-03-11	9.09	0.030000	Rise	1224	2015-03-11	1778.160034	8.709961	Rise
1241	2015-03-10	9.23	-0.139999	Drop	1225	2015-03-10	1789.729980	-11.569946	Drop
...
[1242 rows x 4 columns]									
CIMB	date	close	Change	CIMB1_Movement	DJII	date	close	Change	DJII1_Movement
0	2020-03-09	4.20	NaN	No Change	0	2020-03-09	23851.019531	NaN	No Change
1	2020-03-06	4.44	-0.24	Drop	1	2020-03-06	25864.779297	-2013.759766	Drop
2	2020-03-05	4.50	-0.06	Drop	2	2020-03-05	26121.279297	-256.500000	Drop
3	2020-03-04	4.54	-0.04	Drop	3	2020-03-04	27090.859375	-969.580078	Drop
4	2020-03-03	4.50	0.04	Rise	4	2020-03-03	25917.410156	1173.449219	Rise
...
1238	2015-03-16	5.91	0.05	Rise	1254	2015-03-16	17977.419922	-128.339844	Drop
1239	2015-03-13	5.92	-0.01	Drop	1255	2015-03-13	17749.310547	228.109375	Rise
1240	2015-03-12	5.85	0.07	Rise	1256	2015-03-12	17895.220703	-145.910156	Drop
1241	2015-03-11	5.80	0.05	Rise	1257	2015-03-11	17635.390625	259.830078	Rise
1242	2015-03-10	5.95	-0.15	Drop	1258	2015-03-10	17662.939453	-27.548828	Drop
...
[1243 rows x 4 columns]									
RHB	date	close	Change	RHB1_Movement	SNP	date	close	Change	SNP1_Movement
0	2020-03-09	5.47000	NaN	No Change	0	2020-03-09	2746.560059	NaN	No Change
1	2020-03-06	5.70000	-0.23000	Drop	1	2020-03-06	2972.370117	-225.810059	Drop
2	2020-03-05	5.71000	-0.01000	Drop	2	2020-03-05	3023.939941	-51.569824	Drop
3	2020-03-04	5.71000	0.00000	No Change	3	2020-03-04	3130.120117	-106.180176	Drop
4	2020-03-03	5.64000	0.07000	Rise	4	2020-03-03	3003.370117	126.750000	Rise
...
1238	2015-03-16	7.26511	0.03740	Rise	1254	2015-03-16	2081.189941	-6.909912	Drop
1239	2015-03-13	7.19966	0.06545	Rise	1255	2015-03-13	2053.399902	27.790039	Rise
1240	2015-03-12	7.23706	-0.03740	Drop	1256	2015-03-12	2065.949951	-12.550049	Drop
1241	2015-03-11	7.34926	-0.11220	Drop	1257	2015-03-11	2040.239990	25.769961	Rise
1242	2015-03-10	7.38666	-0.03740	Drop	1258	2015-03-10	2044.160034	-3.920044	Drop
...
[1243 rows x 4 columns]									
KLCI2	date	close	Change	KLCI1_Movement	SNP2	date	close	Change	SNP1_Movement
0	2020-03-09	1424.160034	NaN	No Change	0	2020-03-09	2746.560059	NaN	No Change
1	2020-03-06	1483.099976	-58.939941	Drop	1	2020-03-06	2972.370117	-225.810059	Drop
2	2020-03-05	1491.030029	-7.930054	Drop	2	2020-03-05	3023.939941	-51.569824	Drop
3	2020-03-04	1489.949951	1.080078	Rise	3	2020-03-04	3130.120117	-106.180176	Drop
4	2020-03-03	1478.640015	11.309937	Rise	4	2020-03-03	3003.370117	126.750000	Rise
...
[1243 rows x 2 columns]									
CIMB2	date	CIMB1_Movement	DJII2	DJII1_Movement	SNP2	date	close	Change	SNP1_Movement
0	2020-03-09	No Change	0	No Change	0	2020-03-09	2746.560059	NaN	No Change
1	2020-03-06	Drop	1	Drop	1	2020-03-06	2972.370117	-225.810059	Drop
2	2020-03-05	Drop	2	Drop	2	2020-03-05	3023.939941	-51.569824	Drop
3	2020-03-04	Drop	3	Rise	3	2020-03-04	3130.120117	-106.180176	Drop
4	2020-03-03	Rise	4	Rise	4	2020-03-03	3003.370117	126.750000	Rise
...
1238	2015-03-16	Rise	1254	Rise	1254	2015-03-16	2081.189941	-6.909912	Drop
1239	2015-03-13	Drop	1255	Drop	1255	2015-03-13	2053.399902	27.790039	Rise
1240	2015-03-12	Rise	1256	Drop	1256	2015-03-12	2065.949951	-12.550049	Drop
1241	2015-03-11	Rise	1257	Rise	1257	2015-03-11	2040.239990	25.769961	Rise
1242	2015-03-10	Drop	1258	Drop	1258	2015-03-10	2044.160034	-3.920044	Drop
...
[1243 rows x 2 columns]									
RHB2	date	RHB1_Movement	DJII2	DJII1_Movement	SNP2	date	close	Change	SNP1_Movement
0	2020-03-09	No Change	0	No Change	0	2020-03-09	2746.560059	NaN	No Change
1	2020-03-06	Drop	1	Drop	1	2020-03-06	2972.370117	-225.810059	Drop
2	2020-03-05	Drop	2	Drop	2	2020-03-05	3023.939941	-51.569824	Drop
3	2020-03-04	No Change	3	Rise	3	2020-03-04	3130.120117	-106.180176	Drop
4	2020-03-03	Rise	4	Rise	4	2020-03-03	3003.370117	126.750000	Rise
...
1238	2015-03-16	Rise	1254	Rise	1254	2015-03-16	2081.189941	-6.909912	Drop
1239	2015-03-13	Rise	1255	Drop	1255	2015-03-13	2053.399902	27.790039	Rise
1240	2015-03-12	Drop	1256	Drop	1256	2015-03-12	2065.949951	-12.550049	Drop
1241	2015-03-11	Drop	1257	Rise	1257	2015-03-11	2040.239990	25.769961	Rise
1242	2015-03-10	Drop	1258	Drop	1258	2015-03-10	2044.160034	-3.920044	Drop
...
[1243 rows x 2 columns]									



Step 2 : Loading the dataset (Continued from previous slide)

- iv. Perform the following code to drop the unnecessary features:

```
MBB2 = MBB1.drop(['close', 'Change'], axis=1)
CIMB2 = CIMB1.drop(['close', 'Change'], axis=1)
RHB2 = RHB1.drop(['close', 'Change'], axis=1)
KLCI2 = KLCI1.drop(['close', 'Change'], axis=1)
DJII2 = DJII1.drop(['close', 'Change'], axis=1)
SNP2 = SNP1.drop(['close', 'Change'], axis=1)

MBB2 = MBB2.drop(['date'], axis=1)
CIMB2 = CIMB2.drop(['date'], axis=1)
RHB2 = RHB2.drop(['date'], axis=1)
KLCI2 = KLCI2.drop(['date'], axis=1)
DJII2 = DJII2.drop(['date'], axis=1)
SNP2 = SNP2.drop(['date'], axis=1)

MBB2 = MBB2.drop(['MBB_Movement'], axis=1)
CIMB2 = CIMB2.drop(['CIMB1_Movement'], axis=1)
RHB2 = RHB2.drop(['RHB1_Movement'], axis=1)
KLCI2 = KLCI2.drop(['KLCI1_Movement'], axis=1)
DJII2 = DJII2.drop(['DJII1_Movement'], axis=1)
SNP2 = SNP2.drop(['SNP1_Movement'], axis=1)
```



Step 2 : Loading the dataset (Continued from previous slide)

v. Perform the following code to combine the required data then clean them



```

MergeD = pd.merge(KLCI1, DJI1,
                  how="left", on=["date"])
MergeD1 = pd.merge(MergeD,SNP1,
                  how="left", on=["date"])
MergeD2 = pd.merge(MergeD1,MBB2,
                  how="left", on=["date"])
MergeD3 = pd.merge(MergeD2, RHB2,
                  how="left", on=["date"])
Tree_Decision_Dataset = pd.merge(MergeD3, CIMB2,
                  how="left", on=["date"])

Tree_Decision_Dataset1 = Tree_Decision_Dataset.dropna(how='any',axis=0)
print(Tree_Decision_Dataset1.isnull().sum())
print(Tree_Decision_Dataset1)

date          0
close_x        0
Change_x       0
KLCI1_Movement 0
close_y        0
Change_y       0
DJI1_Movement  0
close           0
Change          0
SNP1_Movement  0
MBB_Movement    0
RHB1_Movement   0
CIMB1_Movement 0
dtype: int64

```

	date	close_x	Change_x	KLCI1_Movement	close_y
1	2020-03-06	1483.099976	-58.939941	Drop	25864.779297
2	2020-03-05	1491.030029	-7.930054	Drop	26121.279297
3	2020-03-04	1489.949951	1.080078	Rise	27090.859375
4	2020-03-03	1478.640015	11.309937	Rise	25917.410156
5	2020-03-02	1466.939941	11.700073	Rise	26703.320312
...
1221	2015-03-16	1780.540039	7.329956	Rise	17977.419922
1222	2015-03-13	1781.750000	-1.209961	Drop	17749.310547
1223	2015-03-12	1786.869995	-5.119995	Drop	17895.220703
1224	2015-03-11	1778.160034	8.709961	Rise	17635.390625
1225	2015-03-10	1789.729980	-11.569946	Drop	17662.939453
...
1	-2013.759766	Drop	2972.370117	-225.810059	Drop
2	-256.500000	Drop	3023.939941	-51.569824	Drop
3	-969.580078	Drop	3130.120117	-106.180176	Drop
4	1173.449219	Rise	3003.370117	126.750000	Rise
5	-785.910156	Drop	3090.229980	-86.859863	Drop
...
1221	-128.339844	Drop	2081.189941	-6.909912	Drop
1222	228.109375	Rise	2053.399902	27.790039	Rise
1223	-145.910156	Drop	2065.949951	-12.550049	Drop
1224	259.830078	Rise	2040.239990	25.709961	Rise
1225	-27.548828	Drop	2044.160034	-3.920044	Drop
...
1	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop
2	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop
3	Rise	No Change	Drop	Drop	Drop
4	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise
5	Rise	Rise	Rise	Drop	Drop
...
1221	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise
1222	Drop	Rise	Drop	Drop	Drop
1223	Drop	Drop	Drop	Rise	Rise
1224	Rise	Drop	Drop	Rise	Rise
1225	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop

[1192 rows x 13 columns]

- Feature Selection
- Splitting Data
- Building Decision Tree Model
- Evaluating Model

Step 3 to step 6 of Question 3

MayBank Stock price movement vs daily change of KLCI, DJI & SNP



Step 3. Feature

KLCI1_Movement

```
feature_cols = ['Change_x']
X = Tree_Decision_Dataset1[feature_cols] # Features
y = Tree_Decision_Dataset1.MBB_Movement # Target variable
```

DJI1_Movement

```
feature_cols = ['Change_y']
X = Tree_Decision_Dataset1[feature_cols] # Features
y = Tree_Decision_Dataset1.MBB_Movement # Target variable
```

SNP1_Movement

```
feature_cols = ['Change']
X = Tree_Decision_Dataset1[feature_cols] # Features
y = Tree_Decision_Dataset1.MBB_Movement # Target variable
```

Step 4. Split the data

```
# Split dataset into training set and test set
# 70% training and 30% test
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=1)
```

Step 5. Building the decision tree model

```
# Create Decision Tree classifier object
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()

# Train Decision Tree Classifier
clf = clf.fit(X_train,y_train)

#Predict the response for test dataset
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
```

Step 6. Evaluating Model

```
accuracy = metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
accuracy|
```

0.5446927374301676	KLCI1_Movement
0.4329608938547486	DJI1_Movement
0.3659217877094972	SNP1_Movement

Step 3 to step 6 of Question 3

CIMB Stock price movement vs daily change of KLCI, DJI & SNP



Step 3. Feature

KLCI1_Movement

```
feature_cols = ['Change_x']
X = Tree_Decision_Dataset1[feature_cols] # Features
y = Tree_Decision_Dataset1.CIMB1_Movement # Target variable
```

DJI1_Movement

```
feature_cols = ['Change_y']
X = Tree_Decision_Dataset1[feature_cols] # Features
y = Tree_Decision_Dataset1.CIMB1_Movement # Target variable
```

SNP1_Movement

```
feature_cols = ['Change']
X = Tree_Decision_Dataset1[feature_cols] # Features
y = Tree_Decision_Dataset1.CIMB1_Movement # Target variable
```

Step 4. Split the data

```
# Split dataset into training set and test set
# 70% training and 30% test
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=1)
```

Step 5. Building the decision tree model

```
# Create Decision Tree classifier object
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()

# Train Decision Tree Classifier
clf = clf.fit(X_train,y_train)

#Predict the response for test dataset
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
```

Step 6. Evaluating Model

```
accuracy = metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
accuracy|
```

0.5195530726256983	KLCI1_Movement
0.4329608938547486	DJI1_Movement
0.40502793296089384	SNP1_Movement

Step 3 to step 6 of Question 3**RHB Stock price movement vs daily change of KLCI, DJI & SNP****Step 3. Feature****KLCI1_Movement**

```
feature_cols = ['Change_x']
X = Tree_Decision_Dataset1[feature_cols] # Features
y = Tree_Decision_Dataset1.RHB1_Movement # Target variable
```

DJI1_Movement

```
feature_cols = ['Change_y']
X = Tree_Decision_Dataset1[feature_cols] # Features
y = Tree_Decision_Dataset1.RHB1_Movement # Target variable
```

SNP1_Movement

```
feature_cols = ['Change']
X = Tree_Decision_Dataset1[feature_cols] # Features
y = Tree_Decision_Dataset1.RHB1_Movement # Target variable
```

Step 4. Split the data

```
# Split dataset into training set and test set
# 70% training and 30% test
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=1)
```

Step 5. Building the decision tree model

```
# Create Decision Tree classifier object
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()

# Train Decision Tree Classifier
clf = clf.fit(X_train,y_train)

#Predict the response for test dataset
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
```

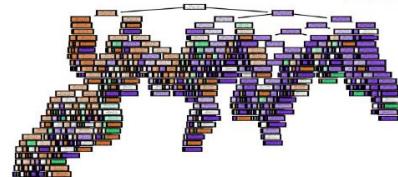
Step 6. Evaluating Model

```
accuracy = metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
accuracy
0.4581005586592179  KLCI1_Movement
0.3575418994413408  DJI1_Movement
0.4022346368715084  SNP1_Movement
```

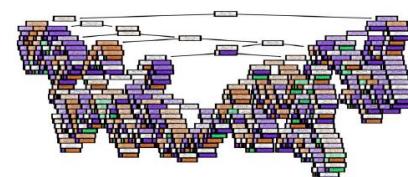
- Visualizing Decision Trees

Step 7 : Visualizing Decision Trees by performing the code below:**MayBank Stock price movement vs daily change of KLCI, DJI & SNP**

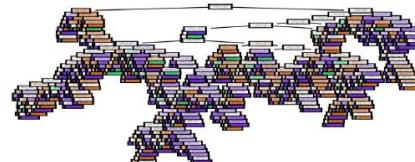
```
KLCI1_Movement
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
fn=['Change_x']
cn=['Rise', 'Drop', 'No Change']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1,ncols = 1,figsize = (4,4), dpi=300)
tree.plot_tree(clf,
               feature_names = fn,
               class_names=cn,
               filled = True);
fig.savefig('imagename.png')
```



```
DJI1_Movement
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
fn=['Change_y']
cn=['Rise', 'Drop', 'No Change']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1,ncols = 1,figsize = (4,4), dpi=300)
tree.plot_tree(clf,
               feature_names = fn,
               class_names=cn,
               filled = True);
fig.savefig('imagename.png')
```



```
SNP1_Movement
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
fn=['Change']
cn=['Rise', 'Drop', 'No Change']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1,ncols = 1,figsize = (4,4), dpi=300)
tree.plot_tree(clf,
               feature_names = fn,
               class_names=cn,
               filled = True);
fig.savefig('imagename.png')
```



Step 7 : Visualizing Decision Trees by performing the code below:

CIMB Stock price movement vs daily change of KLCI, DJI & SNP



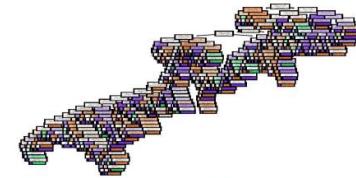
```
KLCI1_Movement
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
fn=['Change_x']
cn=['Rise', 'Drop', 'No Change']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1,ncols = 1,figsize = (4,4), dpi=300)
tree.plot_tree(clf,
               feature_names = fn,
               class_names=cn,
               filled = True);
fig.savefig('imagename4.png')

tree.plot_tree(clf) # alternative
```

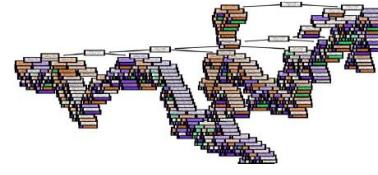


```
DJ1_Movement
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
fn=['Change_y']
cn=['Rise', 'Drop', 'No Change']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1,ncols = 1,figsize = (4,4), dpi=300)
tree.plot_tree(clf,
               feature_names = fn,
               class_names=cn,
               filled = True);
fig.savefig('imagename5.png')

tree.plot_tree(clf) # alternative
```



```
SNP1_Movement
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
fn=['Change']
cn=['Rise', 'Drop', 'No Change']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1,ncols = 1,figsize = (4,4), dpi=300)
tree.plot_tree(clf,
               feature_names = fn,
               class_names=cn,
               filled = True);
fig.savefig('imagename6.png')
```



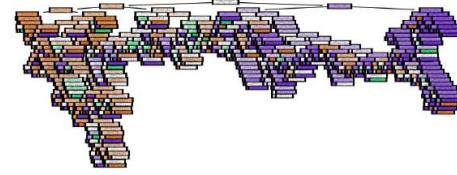
Step 7 : Visualizing Decision Trees by performing the code below:

RHB Stock price movement vs daily change of KLCI, DJI & SNP



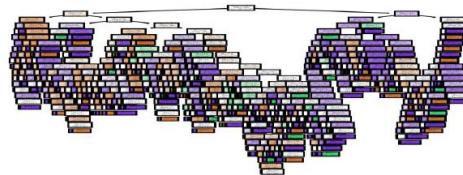
```
KLCI1_Movement
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
fn=['Change_x']
cn=['Rise', 'Drop', 'No Change']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1,ncols = 1,figsize = (4,4), dpi=300)
tree.plot_tree(clf,
               feature_names = fn,
               class_names=cn,
               filled = True);
fig.savefig('imagename7.png')

tree.plot_tree(clf) # alternative
```



```
DJ1_Movement
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
fn=['Change_y']
cn=['Rise', 'Drop', 'No Change']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1,ncols = 1,figsize = (4,4), dpi=300)
tree.plot_tree(clf,
               feature_names = fn,
               class_names=cn,
               filled = True);
fig.savefig('imagename8.png')

tree.plot_tree(clf) # alternative
```



```
SNP1_Movement
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
fn=['Change']
cn=['Rise', 'Drop', 'No Change']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1,ncols = 1,figsize = (4,4), dpi=300)
tree.plot_tree(clf,
               feature_names = fn,
               class_names=cn,
               filled = True);
fig.savefig('imagename9.png')

tree.plot_tree(clf) # alternative
```



Conclusion for final exam question 3

- The accuracy of tree decision for all Maybank, CIMB and RHB share in term of their respective movement against KLCI, DJI and SNP are not more than 50%
- Thus, the level of purity is very low, presenting a messy tree decision chart

(10 marks)

4. You are required to write code to find frequent itemsets using the above dataset (Question 1). In order to achieve the task, you are going to cover the following steps:
- Importing required libraries

Step 1 : Importing required libraries

```
import pyfgrowth
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import networkx as nx
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```



```
# Training the Model
## Generating Frequent Itemsets
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import association_rules
```

- Creating a list from dataset (Question 1)

Step 2 : Creating a list from dataset (Question 1)

- Perform the code below to transform the data (on the left) into the required dataset as follows:

MBB2		KLCI2			
	date	MBB_Movement	date	KLCI1_Movement	
0	2020-03-09	No Change	0	2020-03-09	No Change
1	2020-03-06	Drop	1	2020-03-06	Drop
2	2020-03-05	Drop	2	2020-03-05	Drop
3	2020-03-04	Rise	3	2020-03-04	Rise
4	2020-03-03	Rise	4	2020-03-03	Rise
...
1237	2015-03-16	Rise	1221	2015-03-16	Rise
1238	2015-03-13	Drop	1222	2015-03-13	Drop
1239	2015-03-12	Drop	1223	2015-03-12	Drop
1240	2015-03-11	Rise	1224	2015-03-11	Rise
1241	2015-03-10	Drop	1225	2015-03-10	Drop

CIMB2		DJII2			
	date	CIMB1_Movement	date	DJII1_Movement	
0	2020-03-09	No Change	0	2020-03-09	No Change
1	2020-03-06	Drop	1	2020-03-06	Drop
2	2020-03-05	Drop	2	2020-03-05	Drop
3	2020-03-04	Drop	3	2020-03-04	Drop
4	2020-03-03	Rise	4	2020-03-03	Rise
...
1238	2015-03-16	Rise	1254	2015-03-16	Drop
1239	2015-03-13	Drop	1255	2015-03-13	Rise
1240	2015-03-12	Rise	1256	2015-03-12	Drop
1241	2015-03-11	Drop	1257	2015-03-11	Rise
1242	2015-03-10	Drop	1258	2015-03-10	Drop

RHB2		SNP2			
	date	RHB1_Movement	date	SNP1_Movement	
0	2020-03-09	No Change	0	2020-03-09	No Change
1	2020-03-06	Drop	1	2020-03-09	Drop
2	2020-03-05	Drop	2	2020-03-05	Drop
3	2020-03-04	No Change	3	2020-03-04	Drop
4	2020-03-03	Rise	4	2020-03-03	Rise
...
1238	2015-03-16	Rise	1254	2015-03-16	Drop
1239	2015-03-13	Rise	1255	2015-03-13	Rise
1240	2015-03-12	Drop	1256	2015-03-12	Drop
1241	2015-03-11	Drop	1257	2015-03-11	Rise
1242	2015-03-10	Drop	1258	2015-03-10	Drop



	date	KLCI1_Movement	MBB_Movement	CIMB1_Movement	RHB1_Movement	DJII1_Movement	SNP1_Movement
0	2020-03-09	No Change	No Change	No Change	No Change	No Change	No Change
1	2020-03-06	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop
2	2020-03-05	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop
3	2020-03-04	Rise	Rise	Drop	No Change	Drop	Drop
4	2020-03-03	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise
...
1221	2015-03-16	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise	Drop	Drop
1222	2015-03-13	Drop	Drop	Drop	Rise	Rise	Rise
1223	2015-03-12	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop
1224	2015-03-11	Rise	Rise	Rise	Drop	Rise	Rise
1225	2015-03-10	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop

1226 rows x 7 columns



Step 2 : Creating a list from dataset (Question 1) (continued from previous slide)

ii. Perform the code below to change the value of every index/price movement into the required dataset as follows:

```
TD_Dataset = pd.merge(MBB2, CIMB2,
                      how="left", on=["date"])
TD_Dataset1 = pd.merge(KLCI2, TD_Dataset,
                      how="left", on=["date"])
TD_Dataset2 = pd.merge(TD_Dataset1, RHB2,
                      how="left", on=["date"])
TD_Dataset3 = pd.merge(TD_Dataset2, DJI2,
                      how="left", on=["date"])
TD_Dataset4 = pd.merge(TD_Dataset3, SNP2,
                      how="left", on=["date"])
TD_Dataset4
```

	date	KLCI_Movement	MBB_Movement	CIMB1_Movement	RHB1_Movement	DJI1_Movement	SNP1_Movement
0	2020-03-09	No Change	No Change	No Change	No Change	No Change	No Change
1	2020-03-08	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop
2	2020-03-05	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop
3	2020-03-04	Rise	Rise	Drop	No Change	Drop	Drop
4	2020-03-03	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise
...
1221	2015-03-18	Rise	Rise	Rise	Rise	Drop	Drop
1222	2015-03-13	Drop	Drop	Drop	Rise	Rise	Rise
1223	2015-03-12	Drop	Drop	Rise	Drop	Drop	Drop
1224	2015-03-11	Rise	Rise	Rise	Drop	Rise	Rise
1225	2015-03-10	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop	Drop

1226 rows x 7 columns

```
TD_Dataset5 = TD_Dataset4.replace(to_replace={"KLCI1_Movement": {"No Change": "KLCI1_No_Change", "Drop": "KLCI1_Drop", "Rise": "KLCI1_Rise"}, "MBB_Movement": {"No Change": "MBB_No_Change", "Drop": "MBB_Drop", "Rise": "MBB_Rise"}, "CIMB1_Movement": {"No Change": "CIMB1_No_Change", "Drop": "CIMB1_Drop", "Rise": "CIMB1_Rise"}, "RHB1_Movement": {"No Change": "RHB_No_Change", "Drop": "RHB_Drop", "Rise": "RHB_Rise"}, "DJI1_Movement": {"No Change": "DJI_No_Change", "Drop": "DJI_Drop", "Rise": "DJI_Rise"}, "SNP1_Movement": {"No Change": "SNP_No_Change", "Drop": "SNP_Drop", "Rise": "SNP_Rise"}})

print(TD_Dataset5)
```

date	KLCI1_Movement	MBB_Movement	CIMB1_Movement	RHB1_Movement	DJI1_Movement	SNP1_Movement
0	KLCI1_No_Change	MBB_No_Change	CIMB1_No_Change	RHB_No_Change		
1	KLCI1_Drop	MBB_Drop	CIMB1_Drop	RHB_Drop		
2	KLCI1_Drop	MBB_Drop	CIMB1_Drop	RHB_Drop		
3	KLCI1_Rise	MBB_Rise	CIMB1_Drop	RHB_No_Change		
4	KLCI1_Rise	MBB_Rise	CIMB1_Rise	RHB_Rise		
...
1221	2015-03-16	KLCI1_Rise	MBB_Rise	CIMB1_Rise	RHB_Rise	
1222	2015-03-13	KLCI1_Drop	MBB_Drop	CIMB1_Drop	RHB_Rise	
1223	2015-03-12	KLCI1_Drop	MBB_Drop	CIMB1_Rise	RHB_Rise	
1224	2015-03-11	KLCI1_Rise	MBB_Rise	CIMB1_Rise	RHB_Drop	
1225	2015-03-10	KLCI1_Drop	MBB_Drop	CIMB1_Drop	RHB_Drop	

```
DJI1_Movement SNP1_Movement
DJI1_No_Change SNP1_No_Change
0 0
1 0
2 0
3 0
4 0
...
1221 0
1222 0
1223 0
1224 0
1225 0
date 0
KLCI1_Movement 0
MBB_Movement 0
CIMB1_Movement 0
RHB1_Movement 0
DJI1_Movement 0
SNP1_Movement 0
dtype: int64
```



Ensure no empty value

Step 2 : Creating a list from dataset (Question 1) (continued from previous slide)

iii. Perform the code to preprocess the dataset as follows:

a. Change the trading date to “string” type of data

```
TD_Dataset6['date'] = TD_Dataset6['date'].astype('str')
TD_Dataset6
```

b. Feature selection

```
KLCI = TD_Dataset6.loc[:,['date','KLCI1_Movement']]
MBB = TD_Dataset6.loc[:,['date','MBB_Movement']]
CIMB = TD_Dataset6.loc[:,['date','CIMB1_Movement']]
RHB = TD_Dataset6.loc[:,['date','RHB1_Movement']]
DJI = TD_Dataset6.loc[:,['date','DJI1_Movement']]
SNP = TD_Dataset6.loc[:,['date','SNP1_Movement']]
```

c. Rename the column name

```
KLCI.rename(columns={'date':'Trading_Date',
                     'KLCI1_Movement':'Movement'},inplace=True)
MBB.rename(columns={'date':'Trading_Date',
                     'MBB_Movement':'Movement'},inplace=True)
CIMB.rename(columns={'date':'Trading_Date',
                     'CIMB1_Movement':'Movement'},inplace=True)
RHB.rename(columns={'date':'Trading_Date',
                     'RHB1_Movement':'Movement'},inplace=True)
DJI.rename(columns={'date':'Trading_Date',
                     'DJI1_Movement':'Movement'},inplace=True)
SNP.rename(columns={'date':'Trading_Date',
                     'SNP1_Movement':'Movement'},inplace=True)
```



d. Combine the dataset and create a frequency column

```
DATASET_AM = pd.concat([MBB, CIMB, RHB, KLCI, DJI, SNP], ignore_index=True)
DATASET_AM.sort_values(by=['Trading_Date'], inplace=True)
DATASET_AM["Frequency"] = 1
DATASET_AM
```

Trading_Date	Movement	Frequency
3578	2015-03-10	RHB:Drop
5964	2015-03-10	DJI:Drop
4771	2015-03-10	KLCI:Drop
2385	2015-03-10	CIMB:Drop
1192	2015-03-10	MBB:Drop
...
3579	2020-03-09	KLCI>No_Change
4772	2020-03-09	DJI>No_Change
5965	2020-03-09	SNP>No_Change
2386	2020-03-09	RHB>No_Change
0	2020-03-09	MBB>No_Change

7158 rows x 3 columns

- Convert list to dataframe with boolean values

Step 3 :Convert list to data frame with boolean values

- Perform code below to create the “Basket” of dataset with Boolean values :

```
MyBasket = (DATASET_AM.groupby(['Trading_Date','Movement'])['Frequency'].sum()
            .unstack().reset_index().fillna(0).set_index('Trading_Date'))

def my_encode_units(x):
    if x <=0:
        return 0
    if x >=1:
        return 1

my_basket_sets = MyBasket.applymap(my_encode_units)
my_basket_sets
```

	Movement	CIMB:Drop	CIMB>No_Change	CIMB:Rise	DJI:Drop	DJI>No_Change	DJI:Rise	KLCI:Drop	KLCI>No_Change	KLCI:Rise	MBB:Drop	MBB>No_Change
Trading_Date												
2015-03-10		1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
2015-03-11		0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
2015-03-12		0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
2015-03-13		1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
2015-03-16		0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
...
2020-03-03		0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
2020-03-04		1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2020-03-05		1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
2020-03-06		1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
2020-03-09		0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0

1193 rows x 13 columns



- Find frequently occurring itemsets using Apriori Algorithm

Step 4 : Find frequently occurring itemsets using Apriori Algorithm

- Perform code below to create the “Basket” of dataset :

```
my_frequent_itemsets = apriori(my_basket_sets, min_support = 0.07, use_colnames = True)
my_frequent_itemsets
```

	support	itemsets
0	0.433361	(CIMB:Drop)
1	0.131601	(CIMB>No_Change)
2	0.435038	(CIMB:Rise)
3	0.455993	(DJI:Drop)
4	0.541492	(DJI:Rise)
...
240	0.087175	(DJI:Drop, KLCI:Drop, RHB:Drop, MBB:Drop, SNP:...)
241	0.072087	(DJI:Drop, MBB:Rise, RHB:Rise, SNP:Drop, KLCI:...)
242	0.087175	(DJI:Rise, KLCI:Drop, RHB:Drop, MBB:Drop, SNP:...)
243	0.116513	(DJI:Rise, MBB:Rise, RHB:Rise, SNP:Rise, KLCI:...)
244	0.090528	(DJI:Rise, MBB:Rise, RHB:Rise, CIMB:Rise, SNP:...)

245 rows x 2 columns



- Find frequently occurring itemsets using F-P Growth

Step 5 : Find frequently occurring itemsets using F-P Growth

- i. Perform code below to create the listing of “Basket” for the dataset and the patterns frequency :

```
grouped_df = DATASET_ALL.groupby(by = ['Trading_Date'])

transactions = []
for group, pdf in grouped_df:
    transactions.append(pdf['Movement'].values.tolist())

transactions

[["RHB:Drop", "DJI:Drop", "KLCI:Drop", "CIMB:Drop", "MBB:Drop", "SNP:Drop"],
 ["SNP:Rise", "CIMB:Rise", "RHB:Drop", "MBB:Rise", "DJI:Rise", "KLCI:Rise"],
 ["DJI:Drop", "RHB:Drop", "CIMB:Rise", "SNP:Drop", "KLCI:Drop", "MBB:Drop"],
 ["KLCI:Drop", "RHB:Rise", "CIMB:Drop", "DJI:Rise", "MBB:Drop", "SNP:Rise"],
 ["RHB:Rise", "MBB:Rise", "SNP:Drop", "KLCI:Rise", "CIMB:Rise", "DJI:Drop"],
 ["KLCI:Rise",
  "RHB:Drop",
  "CIMB:Drop",
  "SNP:Rise",
  "DJI:Rise",
  "MBB:No_Change"],
 ["SNP:Drop", "CIMB:Rise", "DJI:Drop", "KLCI:Rise", "MBB:Rise", "RHB:Rise"],
 ["CIMB:No_Change",
  "MBB:Drop",
  "SNP:Rise",
  "RHB:Drop",
  "DJI:Rise",
  "KLCI:Drop"],
 [DJI:Drop, "SNP:Drop", "CIMB:Drop", "MBB:Drop", "KLCI:Drop", "RHB:Rise"],
 [DJI:Drop, "SNP:Drop", "CIMB:Drop", "MBB:Drop", "KLCI:Drop", "RHB:Rise"]]

patterns = pyfpgrowth.find_frequent_patterns(transactions, 300)
patterns
```



- Mine the Association Rules

Step 6 : Mine the Association Rules using Apriori Algorithm & F-P Growth

- i. Perform code below to calculate support, confidence and lift value for the respective combination of items (mining the association rule) :

```
my_rules = association_rules(my_frequent_itemsets, metric = 'lift', min_threshold=1)

my_rules.head()

   antecedents consequents antecedent support consequent support support confidence lift leverage conviction
0   (DJI:Drop) (CIMB:Drop)      0.455993     0.433361  0.199497  0.437500  1.009550  0.001987  1.007358
1   (CIMB:Drop) (DJI:Drop)      0.433361     0.455993  0.199497  0.460348  1.009550  0.001887  1.008070
2   (KLCI:Drop) (CIMB:Drop)      0.504610     0.433361  0.326069  0.646179  1.491087  0.107390  1.601486
3   (CIMB:Drop) (KLCI:Drop)      0.433361     0.504610  0.326069  0.752418  1.491087  0.107390  2.000910
4   (MBB:Drop) (CIMB:Drop)      0.431685     0.433361  0.251467  0.582524  1.344200  0.064391  1.357297

my_rules[(my_rules['lift']>=3.5)&
          (my_rules['confidence']>=0.7)]
```

	antecedents	consequents	antecedent support	consequent support	support	confidence	lift	leverage	conviction
0	(DJI:Drop)	(CIMB:Drop)	0.455993	0.433361	0.199497	0.437500	1.009550	0.001987	1.007358
1	(CIMB:Drop)	(DJI:Drop)	0.433361	0.455993	0.199497	0.460348	1.009550	0.001887	1.008070
2	(KLCI:Drop)	(CIMB:Drop)	0.504610	0.433361	0.326069	0.646179	1.491087	0.107390	1.601486
3	(CIMB:Drop)	(KLCI:Drop)	0.433361	0.504610	0.326069	0.752418	1.491087	0.107390	2.000910
4	(MBB:Drop)	(CIMB:Drop)	0.431685	0.433361	0.251467	0.582524	1.344200	0.064391	1.357297

	antecedents	consequents	antecedent support	consequent support	support	confidence	lift	leverage	conviction
1403	(MBB:Rise, CIMB:Rise, SNP:Drop)	(DJI:Drop, KLCI:Rise)	0.108131	0.207041	0.080469	0.744186	3.594388	0.058082	3.099749
1605	(DJI:Drop, MBB:Rise, RHB:Rise)	(KLCI:Rise, SNP:Drop)	0.096396	0.210394	0.072087	0.747826	3.554408	0.051806	3.131196
1611	(MBB:Rise, RHB:Rise, SNP:Drop)	(DJI:Drop, KLCI:Rise)	0.094719	0.207041	0.072087	0.761062	3.675898	0.052476	3.319680



- ii. Perform code below to mine the combination of items that have 0.8 threshold set for confidence (mining the association rule) :

```
rules = pyfpgrowth.generate_association_rules(patterns, 0.80)
rules

{('DJI:Drop'): ((SNP:Drop,), 0.8713235294117647),
 ('SNP:Drop'): ((DJI:Drop,), 0.8697247706422019),
 ('DJI:Rise', 'KLCI:Rise'): ((SNP:Rise,), 0.9002932551319648),
 ('KLCI:Rise', 'SNP:Rise'): ((DJI:Rise,), 0.9109792284866469)}
```

Conclusion for final exam question 4

- Using Apriori required multiple scans of the database to check the support count of each item and itemsets. When the database is huge, this will cost a significant amount of disk I/O and computing power. Therefore the FP-Growth algorithm is created

(10 marks)

The student is expected to submit answers to each question individually, and submit the document in PDF format. The student can include online materials, screenshots, videos and/or codes (ipynb format) to support your answer