

Site: http://localhost:8882

Generated on Sat, 30 Mar 2024 11:28:34

ZAP Version: 2.14.0

ZAP is supported by the Crash Override Open Source Fellowship

Summary of Alerts

Risk Level	Number of Alerts
High	1
Medium	1
Low	3
Informational	2
False Positives:	0

Alerts

Name	Risk Level	Number of Instances
SQL Injection	High	10
Format String Error	Medium	1
Application Error Disclosure	Low	3
Server Leaks Information via "X-Powered-By" HTTP Response Header Field(s)	Low	14
X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing	Low	9
Authentication Request Identified	Informational	2
User Agent Fuzzer	Informational	60

Alert Detail

High	SQL Injection
Description	SQL injection may be possible.
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	*/* ASC
Evidence	
Other Info	The original page results were successfully replicated using the "ORDER BY" expression [* /* ASC] as the parameter value The parameter value being modified was NOT stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET

Attack	localhost:8882 AND 1=1
Evidence	
Other Info	The page results were successfully manipulated using the boolean conditions [localhost: 8882 AND 1=1] and [localhost:8882 AND 1=2] The parameter value being modified was NOT stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison Data was returned for the original parameter. The vulnerability was detected by successfully restricting the data originally returned, by manipulating the parameter
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	http://localhost:8882/ ASC
Evidence	
Other Info	The original page results were successfully replicated using the "ORDER BY" expression [http://localhost:8882/ ASC] as the parameter value The parameter value being modified was stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	PostmanRuntime/7.37.0 AND 1=1
Evidence	
Other Info	The page results were successfully manipulated using the boolean conditions [PostmanRuntime/7.37.0 AND 1=1] and [PostmanRuntime/7.37.0 AND 1=2] The parameter value being modified was NOT stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison Data was returned for the original parameter. The vulnerability was detected by successfully restricting the data originally returned, by manipulating the parameter
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	localhost:8882 AND 1=1
Evidence	
Other Info	The page results were successfully manipulated using the boolean conditions [localhost: 8882 AND 1=1] and [localhost:8882 AND 1=2] The parameter value being modified was NOT stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison Data was returned for the original parameter. The vulnerability was detected by successfully restricting the data originally returned, by manipulating the parameter
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	http://localhost:8882/ AND 1=1
Evidence	
Other Info	The page results were successfully manipulated using the boolean conditions [http://localhost:8882/ AND 1=1] and [http://localhost:8882/ AND 1=2] The parameter value being modified was NOT stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison Data was returned for the original parameter. The vulnerability was detected by successfully restricting the data originally returned, by manipulating the parameter
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	PostmanRuntime/7.37.0 AND 1=1
Evidence	
Other Info	The page results were successfully manipulated using the boolean conditions [PostmanRuntime/7.37.0 AND 1=1] and [PostmanRuntime/7.37.0 AND 1=2] The parameter value being modified was NOT stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison Data was returned for the original parameter. The vulnerability was

	detected by successfully restricting the data originally returned, by manipulating the parameter
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	PostmanRuntime/7.37.0 ASC
Evidence	
Other Info	The original page results were successfully replicated using the "ORDER BY" expression [PostmanRuntime/7.37.0 ASC] as the parameter value The parameter value being modified was NOT stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Maurice70@yahoo.com%
Evidence	
Other Info	The page results were successfully manipulated using the boolean conditions [Maurice70@yahoo.com%] and [Maurice70@yahoo.comXYZABCDEFGHIJ] The parameter value being modified was NOT stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison Data was returned for the original parameter. The vulnerability was detected by successfully restricting the data originally returned, by manipulating the parameter
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Ollie.Stamm@gmail.com%
Evidence	
Other Info	The page results were successfully manipulated using the boolean conditions [Ollie. Stamm@gmail.com%] and [Ollie.Stamm@gmail.comXYZABCDEFGHIJ] The parameter value being modified was NOT stripped from the HTML output for the purposes of the comparison Data was returned for the original parameter. The vulnerability was detected by successfully restricting the data originally returned, by manipulating the parameter
Instances	10
Solution	Do not trust client side input, even if there is client side validation in place. In general, type check all data on the server side. If the application uses JDBC, use PreparedStatement or CallableStatement, with parameters passed by '?' If the application uses ASP, use ADO Command Objects with strong type checking and parameterized queries. If database Stored Procedures can be used, use them. Do *not* concatenate strings into queries in the stored procedure, or use 'exec', 'exec immediate', or equivalent functionality! Do not create dynamic SQL queries using simple string concatenation. Escape all data received from the client. Apply an 'allow list' of allowed characters, or a 'deny list' of disallowed characters in user input. Apply the principle of least privilege by using the least privileged database user possible. In particular, avoid using the 'sa' or 'db-owner' database users. This does not eliminate SQL injection, but minimizes its impact. Grant the minimum database access that is necessary for the application. https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/SQL_Injection_Prevention_Cheat_Sheet.

Reference	<u>html</u>
CWE Id	<u>89</u>
WASC Id	19
Plugin Id	<u>40018</u>
Medium	Format String Error
Description	A Format String error occurs when the submitted data of an input string is evaluated as a command by the application.
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	PUT
Attack	ZAP%x%x%x%x%x%x%x%x%x
Evidence	
Other Info	Potential Format String Error. The script closed the connection on a /%s and /%x
Instances	1
Solution	Rewrite the background program using proper deletion of bad character strings. This will require a recompile of the background executable.
Reference	https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Format_string_attack
CWE Id	134
WASC Id	6
Plugin Id	30002
Low	Application Error Disclosure
	••
Description	This page contains an error/warning message that may disclose sensitive information like the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page.
Description URL	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if
	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page.
URL	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico
URL Method	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico
URL Method Attack	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET
URL Method Attack Evidence Other	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error http://localhost:8882/robots.txt
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error http://localhost:8882/robots.txt
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error http://localhost:8882/robots.txt GET
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error http://localhost:8882/robots.txt GET
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error http://localhost:8882/robots.txt GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack URL URL URL URL URL URL URL	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error http://localhost:8882/robots.txt GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error http://localhost:8882/robots.txt GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error http://localhost:8882/robots.txt GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error
URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info	the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page. http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error http://localhost:8882/robots.txt GET HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error

Solution	Review the source code of this page. Implement custom error pages. Consider implementing a mechanism to provide a unique error reference/identifier to the client (browser) while logging the details on the server side and not exposing them to the user.
Reference	
CWE Id	200
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	90022
Low	Server Leaks Information via "X-Powered-By" HTTP Response Header Field(s)
Description	The web/application server is leaking information via one or more "X-Powered-By" HTTP response headers. Access to such information may facilitate attackers identifying other frameworks/components your web application is reliant upon and the vulnerabilities such components may be subject to.
URL	http://localhost:8882/17
Method	DELETE
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/18
Method	DELETE
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/17
Method	GET
Attack	

Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/18
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/favicon.ico
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/robots.txt
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/sitemap.xml
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other	

URL http://localhost:8882/21 Method PUT Attack Evidence X-Powered-By: Express Other Info Instances 14 Solution Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/v42/4- Web Application Security Testing/01-Information Gathering/08- Fingerprint Web Application Farmework https://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html CWE Id 200 WASC Id 13 Plugin Id 10037 Low X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost:8882/50 Method DELETE This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages and yrom their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages and yrom their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages and yrom their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not aler	Info	
Method PUT Attack Evidence X-Powered-By: Express Other Info Instances 14 Solution Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. Reference Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. Reference Engreprint. Web. Application Security Testing/01-Information_Gathering/08-Engerprint. Web. Application_Security_Testing/01-Information_Gathering/08-Engerprint. Web. Application_Security_Testing/01-Information_Gathering/08-Engerprint. Web. Application_Security_Testing/01-Information_Gathering/08-Engerprint. Web. Application_Termework https://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html CWE Id 200 WASC Id 13 Plugin Id 10037 Low X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type often than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhosts8862/50 Method DELETE This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At 'High' threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhosts8882 Method GET This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Evidence X-Powered-By: Express Other Info Instances 14 Solution Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/v42/4- Web Application Security Testing/Onloringmation Gathering/08- Fingerprint Web Application Framework https://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html CWE Id 200 WASC Id 13 Plugin Id 10037 Low X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type. (If one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost:8882/50 Method DELETE Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Method	·
Other Info Instances 14 Solution Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. Reference Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. Reference Engeronic Web Application Security Testing-Quide/v42/4-Web Application Security Testing-Quide/v42/4-Web Application Security Testing-Quide/v42/4-Web Application Framework Intus://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html CWE Id 200 WASC Id 13 Plugin Id 10037 Low X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost.8882/50 Method DELETE Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost.8882 Method GET This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for b	Attack	
Other Info Instances 14 Solution Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. Reference Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. Reference Engeronic Web Application Security Testing-Quide/v42/4-Web Application Security Testing-Quide/v42/4-Web Application Security Testing-Quide/v42/4-Web Application Framework Intus://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html CWE Id 200 WASC Id 13 Plugin Id 10037 Low X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost.8882/50 Method DELETE Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost.8882 Method GET This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for b	Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. https://owasp.org/www-project-veb-security-testing-guide/v42/4- Web Application Security Testing/01-Information Gathering/08- Eingerprint Web Application Framework https://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html CWE Id 200 WASC Id 13 Plugin Id 10037 Low X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing The Anti-MIME-sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost:8882/50 Method DELETE This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.		
suppress "X-Powered-By" headers. https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/v42/4- Web Application Security Testing/01-Information Gathering/08- Eingerprint Web Application Framework https://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html CWE Id 200 WASC Id 13 Plugin Id 10037 Low X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing The Anti-MIME-sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost:8882/50 Method DELETE This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages in affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers snif	Instances	14
Reference	Solution	
Plugin Id 13 Plugin Id 10037 Low X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost:8882/50 Method DELETE This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Reference	Web Application Security Testing/01-Information Gathering/08- Fingerprint Web Application Framework
Description Descr	CWE Id	200
Low X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost:8882/50 Method DELETE Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages info Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	WASC Id	13
The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost:8882/50 Method DELETE Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages info december to the pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Plugin Id	10037
Description older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://localhost:8882/50 DELETE Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Low	X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing
Method DELETE Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Description	older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-
Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Method	DELETE
Other Info Other	Attack	
Other Info away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://localhost:8882 Method GET Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Evidence	
Method Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.		affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client
Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	URL	http://localhost:8882
This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Method	GET
Other Info This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Attack	
Other affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.	Evidence	
LIDI http://localheat/9992/		affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client
UKL <u>IIII.//IOCairiost.0002/</u>	URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method GET	Method	GET
Attack	Attack	
Evidence	Evidence	
This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.		affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client
URL http://localhost:8882/17	URL	http://localhost:8882/17

Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://localhost:8882/18
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	PUT
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
Instances	9

Solution	Ensure that the application/web server sets the Content-Type header appropriately, and that it sets the X-Content-Type-Options header to 'nosniff' for all web pages. If possible, ensure that the end user uses a standards-compliant and modern web browser that does not perform MIME-sniffing at all, or that can be directed by the web application /web server to not perform MIME-sniffing.
Reference	https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/internet-explorer/ie-developer/compatibility/gg622941(v=vs.85) https://owasp.org/www-community/Security_Headers
CWE Id	<u>693</u>
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10021

Informational	Authentication Request Identified
Description	The given request has been identified as an authentication request. The 'Other Info' field contains a set of key=value lines which identify any relevant fields. If the request is in a context which has an Authentication Method set to "Auto-Detect" then this rule will change the authentication to match the request identified.
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	password
Other Info	userParam=email userValue=Maurice70@yahoo.com passwordParam=password referer=http://localhost:8882/
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	password
Other Info	userParam=email userValue=Ollie.Stamm@gmail.com passwordParam=password referer=http://localhost:8882/
Instances	2
Solution	This is an informational alert rather than a vulnerability and so there is nothing to fix.
Reference	https://www.zaproxy.org/docs/desktop/addons/authentication-helper/auth-req-id/
CWE Id	
WASC Id	
Plugin Id	10111

Informational	User Agent Fuzzer
Description	Check for differences in response based on fuzzed User Agent (eg. mobile sites, access as a Search Engine Crawler). Compares the response statuscode and the hashcode of the response body with the original response.
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE

Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 6.0)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.1)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/75.0.3739.0 Safari/537.36 Edg/75.0.109.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.124 Safari/537.36
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:93.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/91.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)

Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 8_0_2 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/600.1.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/8.0 Mobile/12A366 Safari/600.1.4
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; U; CPU iPhone OS 3_0 like Mac OS X; en-us) AppleWebKit/528.18 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/4.0 Mobile/7A341 Safari/528.16
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/50
Method	DELETE
Attack	msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 6.0)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.1)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko

Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/75.0.3739.0 Safari/537.36 Edg/75.0.109.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.124 Safari/537.36
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:93.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/91.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
LIDI	http://localhost:8882
URL	nttp://iocairiost.oooz
Method	GET
Method Attack Evidence	GET
Method Attack	GET
Method Attack Evidence Other	GET
Method Attack Evidence Other Info	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html)
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882 GET
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882 GET
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882 GET
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL URL URL URL URL URL URL	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp) http://localhost:8882
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 8_0_2 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/600.1.4 (KHTML,
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Attack	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 8_0_2 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/600.1.4 (KHTML,
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 8_0_2 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/600.1.4 (KHTML,
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Other Info	GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp) http://localhost:8882 GET Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 8_0_2 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/600.1.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/8.0 Mobile/12A366 Safari/600.1.4

Evidence	
Other	
Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882
Method	GET
Attack	msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 6.0)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.1)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/75.0.3739.0 Safari/537.36 Edg/75.0.109.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.124 Safari/537.36

Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:93.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/91.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 8_0_2 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/600.1.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/8.0 Mobile/12A366 Safari/600.1.4
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; U; CPU iPhone OS 3_0 like Mac OS X; en-us) AppleWebKit/528.18 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/4.0 Mobile/7A341 Safari/528.16
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	GET
Attack	msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1)
Evidence	

Other	
Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 6.0)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.1)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/75.0.3739.0 Safari/537.36 Edg/75.0.109.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.124 Safari/537.36
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:93.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/91.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html)
Evidence	

Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 8_0_2 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/600.1.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/8.0 Mobile/12A366 Safari/600.1.4
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; U; CPU iPhone OS 3_0 like Mac OS X; en-us) AppleWebKit/528.18 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/4.0 Mobile/7A341 Safari/528.16
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/21
Method	GET
Attack	msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 6.0)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.1)
Evidence	
Other	

Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/75.0.3739.0 Safari/537.36 Edg/75.0.109.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.124 Safari/537.36
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:93.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/91.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 8_0_2 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/600.1.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/8.0 Mobile/12A366 Safari/600.1.4
Evidence	
Other	

Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; U; CPU iPhone OS 3_0 like Mac OS X; en-us) AppleWebKit/528.18 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/4.0 Mobile/7A341 Safari/528.16
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://localhost:8882/
Method	POST
Attack	msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	60
Solution	
Reference	https://owasp.org/wstg
CWE Id	
WASC Id	
Plugin Id	10104